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***N,N,N'*-Trimethyl-*N''*-(4-nitrophenyl)-*N'*-phenylguanidine**Ioannis Tiritiris,^a Wolfgang Frey^b and Willi Kantlehner^{a*}^aFakultät Chemie/Organische Chemie, Hochschule Aalen, Beethovenstrasse 1, D-73430 Aalen, Germany, and ^bInstitut für Organische Chemie, Universität Stuttgart, Pfaffenwaldring 55, 70569 Stuttgart, Germany

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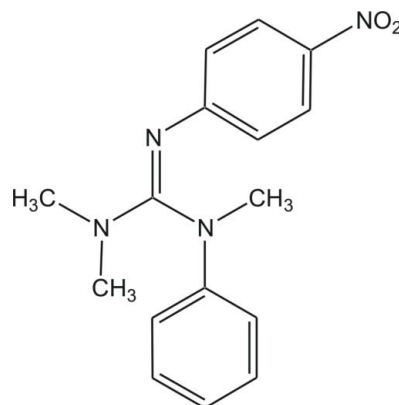
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.053; wR factor = 0.124; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.7.

The C–N bond lengths in the guanidine unit of the title compound, $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$, are 1.298 (2), 1.353 (2) and 1.401 (3) Å, indicating double- and single-bond character. The N–C–N angles are 115.81 (16), 118.90 (18) and 125.16 (18)°, showing a deviation of the CN_3 plane from an ideal trigonal-planar geometry. In the crystal, C–H...O hydrogen bonds are observed between the methyl- and aromatic-H atoms and nitro-O atoms. One H atom of the phenyl ring and of the NMe_2 group associate with the O atoms of the nitro group, giving chains along the a - and b -axis directions. Cross-linking of these two chains results in a two-dimensional network along bc .

Related literature

For the synthesis and characterization of compounds for blue OLEDs, see: Agarwal *et al.* (2011). For the crystal structures of N -methylated diphenylguanidines, see: Tanatani *et al.* (1998). For non-classical hydrogen bonds, see: Desiraju & Steiner (1999). For the crystal structure of N'' -(4-carbazol-9-yl-phenyl)- N,N' -diethyl- N,N' -diphenylguanidine, see: Tiritiris & Kantlehner (2013), and of N'' -(4-methoxyphenyl)- N,N,N' -trimethyl- N' -phenylguanidine, see: Tiritiris *et al.* (2014).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_4\text{O}_2$	$V = 3010.9$ (6) Å ³
$M_r = 298.34$	$Z = 8$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 18.409$ (2) Å	$\mu = 0.09$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 7.7140$ (8) Å	$T = 293$ K
$c = 22.493$ (3) Å	$0.35 \times 0.25 \times 0.20$ mm
$\beta = 109.503$ (7)°	

Data collection

Nicolet P3/F diffractometer	3 standard reflections every 50 reflections
2974 measured reflections	intensity decay: 3%
2974 independent reflections	
2237 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$	203 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.124$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.06$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.18$ e Å ⁻³
2974 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22$ e Å ⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C12}-\text{H12}\cdots\text{O2}^i$	0.93	2.49	3.416 (3)	173
$\text{C2}-\text{H2A}\cdots\text{O1}^{ii}$	0.96	2.72	3.064 (3)	102

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y - 1, z$; (ii) $x, -y + 1, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: XSCANS (Siemens, 1996); cell refinement: XSCANS; data reduction: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: DIAMOND (Brandenburg & Putz, 2005); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

The authors thank Dr B. Iliev (IoLiTec GmbH) for the synthesis of the title compound.

Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NR2049).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2014). E70, o516–o517 [doi:10.1107/S160053681400693X]

N,N,N'*-Trimethyl-*N''*-(4-nitrophenyl)-*N'*-phenylguanidine*Ioannis Tiritiris, Wolfgang Frey and Willi Kantlehner****S1. Comment**

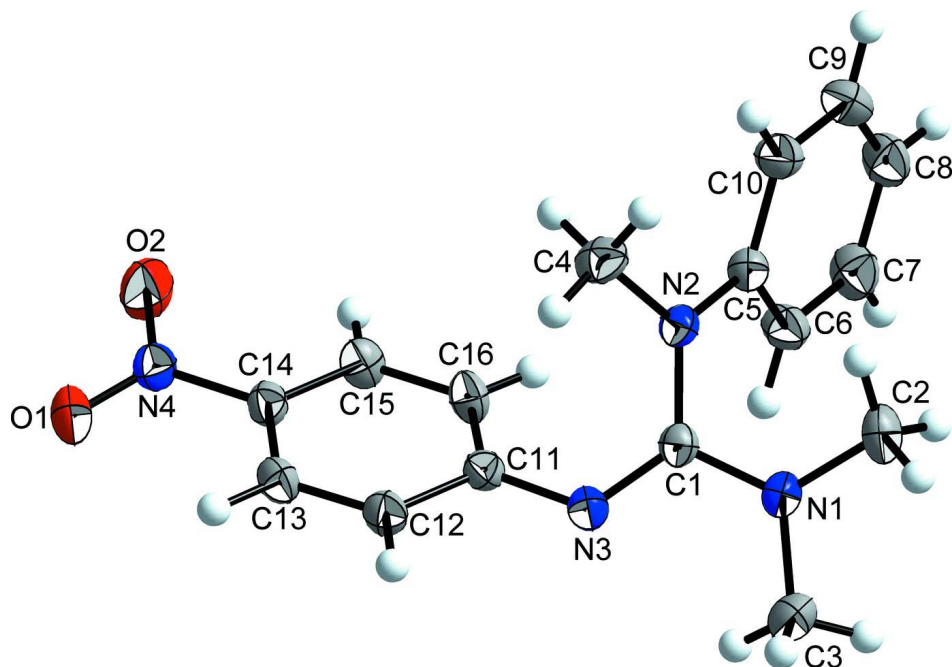
We were interested in the synthesis and characterization of aromatic guanidines to examine their suitability in OLEDs (Agarwal *et al.*, 2011). Because the crystal structure of the title compound was not known so far, it was decided to carry out an appropriate investigation. According to the structure analysis, the C1–N3 bond in the guanidine unit is 1.298 (2) Å, indicating double bond character. The bond lengths C1–N2 = 1.401 (3) Å and C1–N1 = 1.353 (2) Å are elongated and characteristic for C–N imine single bonds. The N–C1–N angles are 115.81 (16)° (N1–C1–N2), 125.16 (18)° (N2–C1–N3) and 118.90 (18)° (N1–C1–N3), showing a deviation of the CN₃ plane from an ideal trigonal planar geometry (Fig. 1). Similar bond lengths and angles of the guanidine CN₃ part have been found by structure analysis for *N''*-(4-Carbazol-9-yl-phenyl)-*N,N'*-diethyl-*N,N'*-diphenyl-guanidine (Tiritiris & Kantlehner, 2013), several *N*-methylated diphenylguanidines (Tanatani *et al.*, 1998) and *N''*-(4-methoxyphenyl)-*N,N,N'*-trimethyl-*N'*-phenylguanidine (Tiritiris *et al.*, 2014). Non-classical C–H···O hydrogen bonds (Desiraju & Steiner, 1999) between methyl hydrogen atoms, aromatic hydrogen atoms and oxygen atoms of the nitro groups are present [$d(\text{H}\cdots\text{O}) = 2.49$ and 2.72 Å] (Tab. 1). One hydrogen atom of the phenyl ring (H12) is associated with the oxygen atom (O2) of the nitro group, resulting in chains along the *b* axis. A second hydrogen atom of the NMe₂ group (H2A) is connected with O1, giving chains along the *a* axis. By crosslinking of both chains, a two-dimensional network along *bc* results (Fig. 2).

S2. Experimental

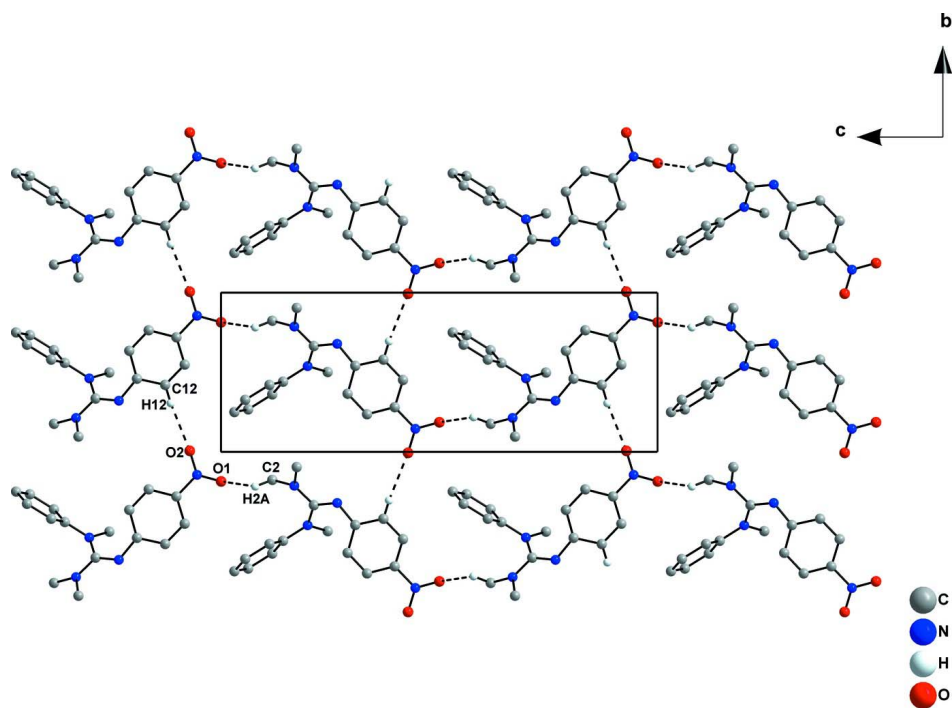
One equivalent of *N,N*-dimethyl-*N',N'*-methylphenyl- chloroformamidinium-chloride (synthesized from *N,N*-dimethyl-*N',N'*-methylphenylthiourea and phosgene) was reacted with one equivalent of 4-nitroaniline (Sigma-Aldrich) in acetonitrile, in the presence of one equivalent triethylamine, at 273 K. The obtained mixture consisting of the guanidinium chloride and triethylammonium chloride was reacted in the next step with an excess of an aqueous sodium hydroxide solution at 273 K. After extraction of the guanidine with diethyl ether from the water phase, the solvent was evaporated and the title compound was isolated in form of a colourless solid. Single crystals have been obtained by recrystallization from a saturated acetonitrile solution at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

The hydrogen atoms of the methyl groups were allowed to rotate with a fixed angle around the C–N bond to best fit the experimental electron density, with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H})$ set to $1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ and $d(\text{C}—\text{H}) = 0.96$ Å. H atoms for C_{aromatic} were positioned geometrically and refined using riding model, with C–H = 0.93 Å and $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$.

**Figure 1**

The structure of the title compound with atom labels and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

**Figure 2**

Packing diagram of the title compound. The C–H \cdots O hydrogen bonds (indicated by dashed lines) are arranged in a two-dimensional network (*bc*-view). Only hydrogen atoms involved in the hydrogen bonding system are shown.

N,N,N'*-Trimethyl-*N''*-(4-nitrophenyl)-*N'*-phenylguanidineCrystal data*C₁₆H₁₈N₄O₂ $M_r = 298.34$ Monoclinic, *C2/c*

Hall symbol: -C 2yc

 $a = 18.409 (2) \text{ \AA}$ $b = 7.7140 (8) \text{ \AA}$ $c = 22.493 (3) \text{ \AA}$ $\beta = 109.503 (7)^\circ$ $V = 3010.9 (6) \text{ \AA}^3$ $Z = 8$ $F(000) = 1264$ $D_x = 1.316 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 35 reflections

 $\theta = 14\text{--}17^\circ$ $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $T = 293 \text{ K}$

Plate, colorless

 $0.35 \times 0.25 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$ *Data collection*

Nicolet P3/F

diffractometer

Radiation source: sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Wyckoff scan

2974 measured reflections

2974 independent reflections

2237 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.000$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 26.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 1.9^\circ$ $h = -22 \rightarrow 21$ $k = 0 \rightarrow 9$ $l = 0 \rightarrow 27$

3 standard reflections every 50 reflections

intensity decay: 3%

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.053$ $wR(F^2) = 0.124$ $S = 1.06$

2974 reflections

203 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier

map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from

neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0442P)^2 + 2.9581P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.18 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ Extinction correction: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick,2008), $F_c^* = kF_c[1 + 0.001x F_c^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$

Extinction coefficient: 0.0044 (4)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.11956 (11)	0.3349 (3)	0.21285 (9)	0.0330 (4)
N1	0.09025 (10)	0.2129 (2)	0.16803 (8)	0.0384 (4)
N2	0.16570 (9)	0.4615 (2)	0.19854 (7)	0.0356 (4)

N3	0.10725 (10)	0.3212 (2)	0.26620 (7)	0.0384 (4)
C2	0.12086 (14)	0.1763 (3)	0.11771 (10)	0.0493 (6)
H2A	0.0856	0.2179	0.0784	0.074*
H2B	0.1276	0.0534	0.1150	0.074*
H2C	0.1697	0.2333	0.1264	0.074*
C3	0.03122 (15)	0.0957 (3)	0.17362 (11)	0.0544 (6)
H3A	0.0551	-0.0061	0.1964	0.082*
H3B	-0.0021	0.0632	0.1323	0.082*
H3C	0.0016	0.1525	0.1958	0.082*
C4	0.24120 (12)	0.4984 (3)	0.24453 (11)	0.0467 (5)
H4A	0.2483	0.4306	0.2818	0.070*
H4B	0.2445	0.6194	0.2552	0.070*
H4C	0.2805	0.4697	0.2269	0.070*
C5	0.13871 (12)	0.5590 (3)	0.14236 (9)	0.0351 (4)
C6	0.05972 (12)	0.5794 (3)	0.11112 (10)	0.0426 (5)
H6	0.0246	0.5297	0.1277	0.051*
C7	0.03365 (14)	0.6734 (3)	0.05569 (10)	0.0506 (6)
H7	-0.0191	0.6847	0.0349	0.061*
C8	0.08444 (15)	0.7502 (3)	0.03083 (10)	0.0529 (6)
H8	0.0665	0.8125	-0.0067	0.063*
C9	0.16233 (15)	0.7334 (3)	0.06238 (11)	0.0529 (6)
H9	0.1971	0.7867	0.0462	0.064*
C10	0.18983 (13)	0.6391 (3)	0.11746 (10)	0.0451 (5)
H10	0.2426	0.6291	0.1380	0.054*
C11	0.11811 (11)	0.4595 (3)	0.30767 (9)	0.0343 (4)
C12	0.14071 (12)	0.4207 (3)	0.37217 (9)	0.0381 (5)
H12	0.1473	0.3054	0.3849	0.046*
C13	0.15342 (12)	0.5484 (3)	0.41700 (9)	0.0389 (5)
H13	0.1689	0.5200	0.4596	0.047*
C14	0.14288 (11)	0.7195 (3)	0.39797 (9)	0.0359 (5)
C15	0.11713 (12)	0.7640 (3)	0.33462 (9)	0.0400 (5)
H15	0.1088	0.8795	0.3224	0.048*
C16	0.10416 (12)	0.6349 (3)	0.29011 (9)	0.0403 (5)
H16	0.0858	0.6639	0.2476	0.048*
N4	0.15796 (10)	0.8552 (2)	0.44528 (8)	0.0420 (4)
O1	0.17013 (11)	0.8141 (2)	0.50039 (7)	0.0594 (5)
O2	0.15764 (12)	1.0061 (2)	0.42853 (9)	0.0682 (6)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0320 (10)	0.0350 (10)	0.0298 (9)	0.0008 (8)	0.0075 (8)	0.0000 (8)
N1	0.0432 (10)	0.0390 (9)	0.0322 (8)	-0.0066 (8)	0.0116 (7)	-0.0069 (7)
N2	0.0323 (8)	0.0417 (10)	0.0296 (8)	-0.0062 (7)	0.0062 (7)	-0.0008 (7)
N3	0.0466 (10)	0.0382 (10)	0.0318 (8)	-0.0040 (8)	0.0148 (7)	-0.0027 (7)
C2	0.0575 (14)	0.0557 (14)	0.0345 (11)	0.0041 (12)	0.0152 (10)	-0.0095 (10)
C3	0.0602 (15)	0.0503 (14)	0.0496 (13)	-0.0181 (12)	0.0141 (11)	-0.0088 (11)
C4	0.0341 (11)	0.0515 (14)	0.0465 (12)	-0.0057 (10)	0.0027 (9)	0.0047 (10)

C5	0.0376 (10)	0.0360 (11)	0.0314 (9)	-0.0010 (9)	0.0113 (8)	-0.0025 (8)
C6	0.0363 (11)	0.0529 (13)	0.0386 (11)	-0.0004 (10)	0.0124 (9)	0.0043 (10)
C7	0.0445 (13)	0.0609 (15)	0.0408 (12)	0.0045 (11)	0.0068 (10)	0.0038 (11)
C8	0.0671 (16)	0.0527 (14)	0.0349 (11)	-0.0012 (12)	0.0118 (11)	0.0083 (11)
C9	0.0603 (15)	0.0551 (15)	0.0477 (13)	-0.0103 (12)	0.0237 (12)	0.0064 (11)
C10	0.0412 (12)	0.0511 (13)	0.0430 (12)	-0.0064 (10)	0.0142 (9)	0.0027 (10)
C11	0.0327 (10)	0.0400 (11)	0.0318 (10)	-0.0023 (8)	0.0127 (8)	-0.0015 (9)
C12	0.0458 (12)	0.0339 (11)	0.0343 (10)	0.0012 (9)	0.0128 (9)	0.0033 (9)
C13	0.0430 (11)	0.0448 (12)	0.0290 (10)	0.0014 (10)	0.0118 (8)	0.0033 (9)
C14	0.0364 (11)	0.0397 (11)	0.0335 (10)	0.0008 (9)	0.0141 (8)	-0.0054 (9)
C15	0.0475 (12)	0.0356 (11)	0.0388 (11)	0.0094 (9)	0.0167 (9)	0.0031 (9)
C16	0.0471 (12)	0.0445 (12)	0.0279 (10)	0.0078 (10)	0.0108 (9)	0.0036 (9)
N4	0.0435 (10)	0.0426 (11)	0.0429 (10)	-0.0015 (8)	0.0184 (8)	-0.0078 (8)
O1	0.0782 (12)	0.0658 (12)	0.0362 (8)	-0.0074 (9)	0.0215 (8)	-0.0125 (8)
O2	0.1042 (16)	0.0391 (10)	0.0635 (11)	-0.0023 (10)	0.0309 (11)	-0.0080 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—N3	1.298 (2)	C7—C8	1.374 (3)
C1—N1	1.353 (2)	C7—H7	0.9300
C1—N2	1.401 (3)	C8—C9	1.377 (3)
N1—C2	1.451 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
N1—C3	1.451 (3)	C9—C10	1.379 (3)
N2—C5	1.411 (2)	C9—H9	0.9300
N2—C4	1.457 (2)	C10—H10	0.9300
N3—C11	1.387 (2)	C11—C12	1.402 (3)
C2—H2A	0.9600	C11—C16	1.408 (3)
C2—H2B	0.9600	C12—C13	1.372 (3)
C2—H2C	0.9600	C12—H12	0.9300
C3—H3A	0.9600	C13—C14	1.381 (3)
C3—H3B	0.9600	C13—H13	0.9300
C3—H3C	0.9600	C14—C15	1.386 (3)
C4—H4A	0.9600	C14—N4	1.452 (3)
C4—H4B	0.9600	C15—C16	1.375 (3)
C4—H4C	0.9600	C15—H15	0.9300
C5—C10	1.390 (3)	C16—H16	0.9300
C5—C6	1.397 (3)	N4—O2	1.223 (2)
C6—C7	1.382 (3)	N4—O1	1.226 (2)
C6—H6	0.9300		
N3—C1—N1	118.90 (18)	C8—C7—C6	121.0 (2)
N3—C1—N2	125.16 (18)	C8—C7—H7	119.5
N1—C1—N2	115.81 (16)	C6—C7—H7	119.5
C1—N1—C2	123.70 (18)	C7—C8—C9	118.8 (2)
C1—N1—C3	119.52 (17)	C7—C8—H8	120.6
C2—N1—C3	116.34 (18)	C9—C8—H8	120.6
C1—N2—C5	121.22 (16)	C8—C9—C10	121.3 (2)
C1—N2—C4	118.76 (16)	C8—C9—H9	119.4

C5—N2—C4	119.93 (17)	C10—C9—H9	119.4
C1—N3—C11	121.92 (18)	C9—C10—C5	120.1 (2)
N1—C2—H2A	109.5	C9—C10—H10	119.9
N1—C2—H2B	109.5	C5—C10—H10	119.9
H2A—C2—H2B	109.5	N3—C11—C12	117.26 (18)
N1—C2—H2C	109.5	N3—C11—C16	125.34 (17)
H2A—C2—H2C	109.5	C12—C11—C16	117.30 (18)
H2B—C2—H2C	109.5	C13—C12—C11	121.7 (2)
N1—C3—H3A	109.5	C13—C12—H12	119.1
N1—C3—H3B	109.5	C11—C12—H12	119.1
H3A—C3—H3B	109.5	C12—C13—C14	119.09 (18)
N1—C3—H3C	109.5	C12—C13—H13	120.5
H3A—C3—H3C	109.5	C14—C13—H13	120.5
H3B—C3—H3C	109.5	C13—C14—C15	121.30 (19)
N2—C4—H4A	109.5	C13—C14—N4	119.30 (18)
N2—C4—H4B	109.5	C15—C14—N4	119.39 (19)
H4A—C4—H4B	109.5	C16—C15—C14	119.0 (2)
N2—C4—H4C	109.5	C16—C15—H15	120.5
H4A—C4—H4C	109.5	C14—C15—H15	120.5
H4B—C4—H4C	109.5	C15—C16—C11	121.35 (18)
C10—C5—C6	118.56 (19)	C15—C16—H16	119.3
C10—C5—N2	120.95 (19)	C11—C16—H16	119.3
C6—C5—N2	120.48 (18)	O2—N4—O1	122.59 (19)
C7—C6—C5	120.2 (2)	O2—N4—C14	118.72 (18)
C7—C6—H6	119.9	O1—N4—C14	118.70 (19)
C5—C6—H6	119.9		
N3—C1—N1—C2	-157.1 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C5	-0.2 (4)
N2—C1—N1—C2	18.9 (3)	C6—C5—C10—C9	-1.3 (3)
N3—C1—N1—C3	15.0 (3)	N2—C5—C10—C9	179.8 (2)
N2—C1—N1—C3	-169.05 (19)	C1—N3—C11—C12	-149.4 (2)
N3—C1—N2—C5	-130.6 (2)	C1—N3—C11—C16	34.4 (3)
N1—C1—N2—C5	53.7 (3)	N3—C11—C12—C13	179.57 (19)
N3—C1—N2—C4	46.0 (3)	C16—C11—C12—C13	-3.9 (3)
N1—C1—N2—C4	-129.7 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.7 (3)
N1—C1—N3—C11	-163.60 (18)	C12—C13—C14—C15	2.3 (3)
N2—C1—N3—C11	20.8 (3)	C12—C13—C14—N4	-178.60 (18)
C1—N2—C5—C10	-158.0 (2)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-2.0 (3)
C4—N2—C5—C10	25.4 (3)	N4—C14—C15—C16	178.97 (19)
C1—N2—C5—C6	23.1 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C11	-1.4 (3)
C4—N2—C5—C6	-153.4 (2)	N3—C11—C16—C15	-179.51 (19)
C10—C5—C6—C7	1.9 (3)	C12—C11—C16—C15	4.2 (3)
N2—C5—C6—C7	-179.2 (2)	C13—C14—N4—O2	171.2 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-1.0 (4)	C15—C14—N4—O2	-9.8 (3)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-0.5 (4)	C13—C14—N4—O1	-9.2 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	1.1 (4)	C15—C14—N4—O1	169.88 (19)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
C12—H12 \cdots O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.49	3.416 (3)	173
C2—H2A \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.72	3.064 (3)	102

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y-1, z$; (ii) $x, -y+1, z-1/2$.