data reports



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Crystal structure of ethyl 2-chloro-5,8dimethoxyquinoline-3-carboxylate

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In the title compound, $C_{14}H_{14}CINO_4$, the dihedral angle between the quinoline ring system (r.m.s. deviation = 0.0142 Å) and ester planes is 18.99 (3)°. The $C-O-C-C_m$ (m = methyl) torsion angle is $-172.08 (10)^\circ$, indicating a *trans* conformation. In the crystal, the molecules are linked by C- $H \cdots O$ and $C - H \cdots N$ interactions, generating layers lying parallel to (101). Aromatic π - π stacking [centroid–centroid distances = 3.557(2) and 3.703(2)Å] links the layers into a three-dimensional network.

Keywords: crystal structure; quinoline derivatives; ester; hydrogen bonding; $\pi - \pi$ stacking.

CCDC reference: 1016211

1. Related literature

For the synthesis and applications of quinoline derivatives, see: Wang et al. (2011); Benzerka et al. (2012); Valdez et al. (2009). For our previous work, see: Bouraiou et al. (2012); Hayour et al. (2014); Benzerka et al. (2012).



2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

C ₁₄ H ₁₄ ClNO ₄	$\gamma = 86.037 \ (10)^{\circ}$
$M_r = 295.71$	V = 664.0 (6) Å ³
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	Z = 2
a = 7.512 (4) Å	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
b = 9.759 (5) Å	$\mu = 0.30 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 9.811 (5) Å	T = 150 K
$\alpha = 76.071 \ (10)^{\circ}$	$0.25 \times 0.14 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 72.021 \ (10)^{\circ}$	

2.2. Data collection

Bruker APEXII diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2002)
$T_{\min} = 0.690, \ T_{\max} = 0.747$

2.3. Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$ $wR(F^2) = 0.103$ S = 1.045204 reflections

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.5 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.24 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

H-atom parameters constrained

10769 measured reflections 5204 independent reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.024$

184 parameters

4090 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
C10-H10···O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.56	3.482 (2)	173
$C14-H14C\cdots N1^{ii}$	0.96	2.61	3.476 (2)	150
6	1 1.(2)	1.2 1.1	1.0	

Symmetry codes: (i) x - 1, y, z + 1; (ii) -x + 2, -y + 1, -z + 2.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SIR2002 (Burla et al., 2005); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 2012) and DIAMOND (Brandenburg & Berndt, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 2012).

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HG5402).

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supporting information

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Crystal structure of ethyl 2-chloro-5,8-dimethoxyquinoline-3-carboxylate

Hasna Hayour, Abdelmalek Bouraiou, Sofiane Bouacida, Saida Benzerka and Ali Belfaitah

S1. Comment

Quinolines have attracted considerable interest for many years due to their presence in the skeleton of a large number of bioactive compounds and natural products (Wang, *et al.* 2011), such as antibacterial (Benzerka, *et al.*2012). in going with our investigation, recently, we have reported the synthesis and structure determination of some new quinoline compounds (Hayour, *et al.*, 2014; Bouraiou, *et al.* 2012). In this paper, we describe the synthesis and the structure determination of ethyl 2-chloro-5,8-dimethoxyquinoline-3-carboxylate (I) which obtained in one step, by addition of NaCN in presence of manganese dioxide in absolute ethanol to 2-chloro-5,8-dimethoxyquinoline-3-carbaldehyde. The molecular geometry and the atom-numbering scheme of (I) are shown in Fig. 1. In the asymmetric unit of title compound the quinoline ring is four time substituted by two methoxy, one chlore and one ethyl carboxylate. The two rings of quinolyl moiety are fused in an axial fashion and form dihedral angle of 1.75 (3) Å. The crystal packing can be described as double layers parallel to (101) plane, along the *b* axis (Fig. 2). It is stabilized by intermolecular hydrogen bond (N—H…O and C—H…O) and strong π - π stacking, resulting in the formation of infinite a three-dimensional network linking these layers together and reinforces cohesion of the structure (Fig. 2). Hydrogen-bonding parameters are listed in Table 1.

S2. Experimental

To a cold solution of NaCN (3 mmol) in absolute ethanol (15 mL), a mixture of 2-chloro-5,8-dimethoxy quinolin-3carbaldehyde (1 mmol) and manganese dioxide (6.7 mmol) was added at 0°C, then the reaction mixture was stirred at 25°C during 3 h. After complexion, the title compound was obtained by simple filtration through a small column packed with 4 cm of celite and 3 cm of silica gel using CH₂Cl₂ as eluant (Valdez, *et al.* 2009).

S3. Refinement

All non-H atoms were refined with anisotropic atomic displacement parameters. All H atoms were localized on Fourier maps but introduced in calculated positions and treated as riding on their parent C atom. (with C—H = 0.93 (aromatic), 0.96 (methyl) and 0.97 Å (methylene) and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5$ or 1.2 (carrier atom).



Figure 1

(Farrugia, 2012) the structure of the title compound with the atomic labelling scheme. Displacement are drawn at the 50% probability level.



Figure 2

(Brandenburg & Berndt, 2001) A diagram of the layered crystal packing of (I) viewed down the *b* axis and showing hydrogen bond [C—H…O in red and C—H…N in black] as dashed line.

Ethyl 2-chloro-5,8-dimethoxyquinoline-3-carboxylate

Crystal data

C₁₄H₁₄CINO₄ $M_r = 295.71$ Triclinic, *P*1 Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 7.512 (4) Å b = 9.759 (5) Å c = 9.811 (5) Å a = 76.071 (10)° $\beta = 72.021$ (10)° $\gamma = 86.037$ (10)° V = 664.0 (6) Å³

Data collection

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.103$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.04	H-atom parameters constrained
5204 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0528P)^2 + 0.079P]$
184 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.5 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.24 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
	•

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Z = 2

F(000) = 308

 $\theta = 2.7 - 34.1^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 0.30 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Prism, colorless

 $0.25 \times 0.14 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

 $\theta_{\rm max} = 34.7^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 2.7^{\circ}$

5204 independent reflections 4090 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

T = 150 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.024$

 $h = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $k = -15 \rightarrow 15$ $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.479 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 4109 reflections

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and	isotropic or equivalent	t isotropic displacement	parameters (Å ²)
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	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
C1	1.27548 (18)	1.02335 (11)	0.38370 (13)	0.0317 (2)	
H1B	1.3474	1.0184	0.4504	0.048*	
H1A	1.1478	1.0451	0.4304	0.048*	
H1C	1.3262	1.0958	0.2965	0.048*	

C2	1.28321 (17)	0.88354 (11)	0.34275 (11)	0.0266 (2)
H2A	1.2118	0.8873	0.2747	0.032*
H2B	1.4116	0.8599	0.2961	0.032*
C3	1.21881 (13)	0.64349 (10)	0.46758 (10)	0.01689 (16)
C4	1.11813 (13)	0.54830 (9)	0.61114 (10)	0.01547 (15)
C5	1.14674 (13)	0.39997 (10)	0.64961 (10)	0.01641 (16)
C6	0.92888 (13)	0.37156 (9)	0.87752 (10)	0.01595 (16)
C7	0.83649 (14)	0.28087 (10)	1.01633 (10)	0.01932 (17)
C8	0.82466 (19)	0.05352 (12)	1.17645 (13)	0.0316 (2)
H8A	0.8799	-0.0381	1.176	0.047*
H8B	0.6908	0.0448	1.2073	0.047*
H8C	0.8618	0.0943	1.2434	0.047*
C9	0.70785 (14)	0.33822 (11)	1.12113 (10)	0.02025 (18)
Н9	0.6474	0.2795	1.2116	0.024*
C10	0.66446 (13)	0.48421 (11)	1.09552 (10)	0.01941 (17)
H10	0.5761	0.5196	1.1683	0.023*
C11	0.75286 (13)	0.57316 (10)	0.96332 (10)	0.01729 (16)
C12	0.88663 (12)	0.51757 (9)	0.85187 (10)	0.01559 (16)
C13	0.98519 (13)	0.60393 (9)	0.71557 (10)	0.01569 (16)
H13	0.9603	0.7001	0.6955	0.019*
C14	0.61166 (16)	0.78024 (12)	1.03759 (11)	0.0250 (2)
H14A	0.4863	0.7439	1.0691	0.038*
H14B	0.6108	0.8806	0.9999	0.038*
H14C	0.661	0.7598	1.1196	0.038*
N1	1.05905 (11)	0.31542 (8)	0.77389 (9)	0.01767 (15)
01	1.20348 (11)	0.77897 (8)	0.47853 (8)	0.02506 (16)
O2	0.88630 (12)	0.14209 (8)	1.03191 (8)	0.02716 (17)
O3	1.30129 (11)	0.60788 (8)	0.35513 (8)	0.02479 (16)
O4	0.72630 (11)	0.71537 (8)	0.92457 (8)	0.02404 (16)
C11	1.31414 (4)	0.31664 (3)	0.52818 (3)	0.02578 (7)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0359 (6)	0.0187 (5)	0.0298 (5)	-0.0004 (4)	0.0026 (5)	-0.0019 (4)
C2	0.0336 (6)	0.0190 (4)	0.0186 (4)	-0.0029 (4)	0.0014 (4)	0.0003 (3)
C3	0.0171 (4)	0.0168 (4)	0.0160 (4)	-0.0001 (3)	-0.0032(3)	-0.0043 (3)
C4	0.0161 (4)	0.0154 (4)	0.0144 (4)	0.0003 (3)	-0.0030 (3)	-0.0044 (3)
C5	0.0173 (4)	0.0158 (4)	0.0164 (4)	0.0020 (3)	-0.0038 (3)	-0.0064 (3)
C6	0.0172 (4)	0.0150 (4)	0.0156 (4)	-0.0006(3)	-0.0043 (3)	-0.0040 (3)
C7	0.0221 (4)	0.0163 (4)	0.0184 (4)	-0.0029(3)	-0.0048 (3)	-0.0028 (3)
C8	0.0421 (7)	0.0189 (5)	0.0245 (5)	-0.0025 (4)	-0.0018 (5)	0.0024 (4)
C9	0.0207 (4)	0.0213 (4)	0.0160 (4)	-0.0050(3)	-0.0021 (3)	-0.0024 (3)
C10	0.0176 (4)	0.0231 (4)	0.0160 (4)	-0.0005 (3)	-0.0017 (3)	-0.0060(3)
C11	0.0174 (4)	0.0179 (4)	0.0157 (4)	0.0019 (3)	-0.0033 (3)	-0.0051 (3)
C12	0.0153 (4)	0.0163 (4)	0.0144 (4)	-0.0002(3)	-0.0030 (3)	-0.0041 (3)
C13	0.0170 (4)	0.0140 (4)	0.0149 (4)	0.0006 (3)	-0.0030 (3)	-0.0036 (3)
C14	0.0278 (5)	0.0267 (5)	0.0207 (4)	0.0105 (4)	-0.0046 (4)	-0.0120 (4)

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N1	0.0199 (4)	0.0154 (3)	0.0174 (3)	0.0006 (3)	-0.0046 (3)	-0.0047 (3)
01	0.0331 (4)	0.0153 (3)	0.0183 (3)	-0.0012 (3)	0.0037 (3)	-0.0026 (2)
O2	0.0384 (4)	0.0146 (3)	0.0212 (3)	-0.0004 (3)	-0.0009 (3)	-0.0010 (3)
03	0.0300 (4)	0.0243 (4)	0.0163 (3)	-0.0032 (3)	0.0012 (3)	-0.0075 (3)
O4	0.0294 (4)	0.0186 (3)	0.0183 (3)	0.0073 (3)	0.0005 (3)	-0.0054 (3)
Cl1	0.02904 (13)	0.02190 (12)	0.02243 (12)	0.00813 (9)	-0.00059 (9)	-0.00934 (9)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C2	1.5050 (17)	С7—С9	1.3760 (14)
C1—H1B	0.96	C8—O2	1.4257 (14)
C1—H1A	0.96	C8—H8A	0.96
C1—H1C	0.96	C8—H8B	0.96
C2—O1	1.4534 (13)	C8—H8C	0.96
C2—H2A	0.97	C9—C10	1.4189 (15)
C2—H2B	0.97	С9—Н9	0.93
C3—O3	1.2062 (12)	C10—C11	1.3722 (14)
C3—O1	1.3463 (13)	C10—H10	0.93
C3—C4	1.4928 (13)	C11—O4	1.3656 (13)
C4—C13	1.3796 (13)	C11—C12	1.4254 (13)
C4—C5	1.4241 (14)	C12—C13	1.4068 (13)
C5—N1	1.3025 (13)	С13—Н13	0.93
C5—Cl1	1.7500 (10)	C14—O4	1.4301 (12)
C6—N1	1.3677 (12)	C14—H14A	0.96
C6—C12	1.4173 (14)	C14—H14B	0.96
C6—C7	1.4286 (14)	C14—H14C	0.96
C7—O2	1.3650 (14)		
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C2C1H1A	109.5	O2—C8—H8C	109.5
H1B—C1—H1A	109.5	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C7—C9—C10	122.07 (9)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	С7—С9—Н9	119
O1—C2—C1	106.85 (9)	С10—С9—Н9	119
O1—C2—H2A	110.4	C11—C10—C9	120.01 (9)
C1—C2—H2A	110.4	C11—C10—H10	120
O1—C2—H2B	110.4	C9—C10—H10	120
C1—C2—H2B	110.4	O4—C11—C10	126.18 (8)
H2A—C2—H2B	108.6	O4—C11—C12	114.27 (8)
O3—C3—O1	123.25 (9)	C10-C11-C12	119.55 (9)
O3—C3—C4	126.28 (9)	C13—C12—C6	117.50 (8)
O1—C3—C4	110.46 (8)	C13—C12—C11	122.18 (9)
C13—C4—C5	116.02 (8)	C6-C12-C11	120.29 (8)
C13—C4—C3	119.42 (9)	C4—C13—C12	121.12 (9)
C5—C4—C3	124.56 (8)	С4—С13—Н13	119.4
N1-C5-C4	125.27 (8)	C12—C13—H13	119.4
N1—C5—C11	114.12 (7)	O4—C14—H14A	109.5

C4—C5—Cl1	120.60 (7)	O4—C14—H14B	109.5
N1—C6—C12	121.71 (8)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
N1—C6—C7	118.96 (9)	O4—C14—H14C	109.5
C12—C6—C7	119.31 (8)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
O2—C7—C9	125.81 (9)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
O2—C7—C6	115.43 (9)	C5—N1—C6	118.38 (8)
C9—C7—C6	118.76 (9)	C3—O1—C2	115.86 (8)
O2—C8—H8A	109.5	C7—O2—C8	116.99 (8)
O2—C8—H8B	109.5	C11—O4—C14	116.88 (8)
O3—C3—C4—C13	-160.43(10)	C7—C6—C12—C11	-0.20(13)
01 - C3 - C4 - C13	18.58 (12)	04—C11—C12—C13	1.56 (13)
03-C3-C4-C5	18.55 (16)	C10-C11-C12-C13	-178.38(9)
01-C3-C4-C5	-162.43 (9)	O4—C11—C12—C6	179.62 (8)
C13—C4—C5—N1	-0.45 (14)	C10-C11-C12-C6	-0.32 (14)
C3—C4—C5—N1	-179.46 (9)	C5—C4—C13—C12	0.60 (13)
C13—C4—C5—Cl1	-178.93 (7)	C3—C4—C13—C12	179.67 (8)
C3—C4—C5—Cl1	2.06 (13)	C6—C12—C13—C4	-0.11 (13)
N1—C6—C7—O2	-1.04 (13)	C11—C12—C13—C4	178.00 (9)
C12—C6—C7—O2	-179.64 (8)	C4—C5—N1—C6	-0.23 (14)
N1—C6—C7—C9	178.96 (9)	Cl1—C5—N1—C6	178.33 (7)
C12—C6—C7—C9	0.36 (14)	C12—C6—N1—C5	0.77 (13)
O2—C7—C9—C10	179.98 (9)	C7—C6—N1—C5	-177.79 (9)
C6—C7—C9—C10	-0.02 (15)	O3—C3—O1—C2	3.72 (15)
C7—C9—C10—C11	-0.50 (15)	C4—C3—O1—C2	-175.33 (8)
C9—C10—C11—O4	-179.27 (9)	C1—C2—O1—C3	-172.08 (10)
C9—C10—C11—C12	0.66 (14)	C9—C7—O2—C8	-11.40 (15)
N1-C6-C12-C13	-0.60 (13)	C6—C7—O2—C8	168.60 (9)
C7—C6—C12—C13	177.95 (9)	C10-C11-O4-C14	7.48 (15)
N1-C6-C12-C11	-178.76 (9)	C12-C11-O4-C14	-172.46 (9)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H…A	$D \cdots A$	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C10—H10…O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.56	3.482 (2)	173
C14—H14 <i>C</i> ···N1 ⁱⁱ	0.96	2.61	3.476 (2)	150
C13—H13…O1	0.93	2.34	2.6713 (19)	101
С13—Н13…О4	0.93	2.42	2.7366 (19)	100

Symmetry codes: (i) x-1, y, z+1; (ii) -x+2, -y+1, -z+2.