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Crystal structure of 2-benzylamino-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5*H*-cyclohepta[*b*]pyridine-3-carbonitrile

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The title compound, $C_{25}H_{25}N_3O$, comprises a 2-aminopyridine ring fused with a cycloheptane ring, which adopts a chair conformation. The central pyridine ring (r.m.s. deviation = 0.013 Å) carries three substituents, *viz.* a benzylamino group, a methoxyphenyl ring and a carbonitrile group. The N atom of the carbonitrile group is significantly displaced [by 0.2247 (1) Å] from the plane of the pyridine ring, probably due to steric crowding involving the adjacent substituents. The phenyl and benzene rings are inclined to one another by 58.91 (7)° and to the pyridine ring by 76.68 (7) and 49.80 (6)°, respectively. In the crystal, inversion dimers linked by pairs of $N-H\cdots N_{nitrile}$ hydrogen bonds generate $R_2^2(14)$ loops. The dimers are linked by $C-H\cdots\pi$ and slipped parallel $\pi-\pi$ interactions [centroid–centroid distance = 3.6532 (3) Å] into a three-dimensional structure.

1. Chemical context

The pyridine nucleus is prevalent in numerous natural products and extremely important in the chemistry of biological systems (Bringmann et al., 2004). 3-Cyanopyridine or pyridine-3-carbonitrile derivatives attract particular attention for their wide-spectrum biological activity along with their importance and utility as intermediates in the preparation of a variety of heterocyclic compounds (Shishoo et al., 1983; Doe et al., 1990). 3-Cyanopyridines with different alkyl and aryl/ heteroaryl groups have been found to have a number of biological properties including antitubercular, antimicrobial, anticancer, A2A adenosine receptor antagonists (Mantri et al., 2008), antihypertensive (Krauze et al., 1985), antihistaminic (Quintela et al., 1997), anti-inflammatory, analgesic and antipyretic (Manna et al., 1999) properties. Our interest in the preparation of pharmacologically active 3-cyanopyridines led us to synthesise the title compound and the X-ray crystal structure determination was undertaken in order to establish its conformation.



research communications



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

2. Structural commentary

The molecular structure of the title compound is shown in Fig. 1. The pyridine ring is connected to a benzene ring by a -CH₂-NH₂- chain. The cycloheptane ring adopts a chair conformation with puckering parameters $Q^2 = 0.4634$ (15) Å, $\varphi 2 = 304.24 (18)^{\circ}$ and Q 3 = 0.6481 (16) Å and $\varphi 3 =$ 284.37 (12)°. The phenyl (C22–C27) and benzene (C31–C36) rings are inclined to one another by 58.91 $(7)^{\circ}$ and to the pyridine (N3/C2-C6) ring by 76.68 (7) and 49.80 (6)°, respectively. The N atom of the carbonitrile group, N1, is significantly displaced by 0.2247 (1) Å from the plane of the pyridine ring, perhaps due to steric crowding. The shortening of the C-N distance [C5-N3 = 1.3390 (14) Å] and the opening of the N3-C5-C4 angle to 124.47 $(10)^{\circ}$ may be attributed to the size of the substituent at C1, and correlates well with the values observed in a similar structure (Celik et al., 2013). There is conjugation between the donor (NH) and



Figure 2

Partial packing diagram for the title compound, viewed along the *c* axis. Dashed lines represent intermolecular hydrogen bonds and $C-H\cdots\pi$ contacts (see Table 1 for details; H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity).

Fable 1	
Hydrogen-bond geometry (A	Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of pyridine ring N3/C2-C6.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N2 - H2 \cdots N1^{i}$ $C35 - H35 \cdots Cg1^{ii}$	0.86	2.28	3.0168 (15)	145
	0.93	2.99	3.5559 (14)	121

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y + 1, -z + 1; (ii) -x + 1, -y, -z + 1.

the acceptor (CN) groups via the C2-C6 bond. Thus the C6-N2 distance of 1.3502 (14) Å is shorter than the average conjugated C-N single bond, 1.370 (1) Å, found in the Cambridge Structural Database (Version 5.35; Groom & Allen, 2014). Steric hindrances rotate the benzene ring out of the plane of the central pyridine ring by $49.80 (6)^{\circ}$. This twist may be due to the non-bonded interactions between one of the ortho H atoms of the benzene ring and atom H7B of the cvcloheptane ring. As a result of the π - π conjugation of atom O1, the O1-C34 bond length of 1.3618 (15) Å is significantly shorter than the O1-C37 distance of 1.410(2) Å. An enlargement of bond angle $[C33-C34-O1 = 124.34 (13)^{\circ}]$ on one side and a narrowing of bond angle [C35-C34-O1 = $116.29 (12)^{\circ}$ on the other side of the benzene ring may be due to the steric repulsion between the aromatic rings and the methyl group, as found in a similar structure (Tokuno et al., 1986).

3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal, molecules are linked *via* pairs of $N-H \cdots N_{nitrile}$ interactions, forming inversion dimers which enclose $R_2^2(14)$ ring motifs. The dimers are connected through weak C– $H \cdots \pi$ interactions involving the CN group as acceptor (Table 1). They are further connected by slipped parallel $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions involving the pyridine rings of inversionrelated molecules $[Cg1 \cdots Cg1^i = 3.6532 \ (7)$, normal distance = $3.5920 \ (5)$, slippage = $0.667 \ \text{Å}$; Cg1 is the centroid of the N3/C2–C6 ring; symmetry code: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1], as shown in Fig. 2.

4. Database survey

In the title compound, the chair conformation of the cyclooctane ring and the planar conformation of the pyridine are similar to those found in the related structure 2-(4-bromo phenyl)-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5*H*-cyclohepta[*b*]pyridine (Çelik *et al.*, 2013). However, the C6–N2H and C1=N1 groups whose presence in the title compound allows the formation of N–H···N hydrogen bonds, are not present in the above-cited compound. In the title compound, C–C bonds involving atom C2, which is substituted by the C1=N1 group [C2–C3 = 1.4024 (15) and C2–C6 = 1.4076 (16) Å] are systematically longer than those found in the related structure [1.392 (4) and 1.378 (4) Å, respectively]. In the title compound, steric hindrance rotates the 4-methoxyphenyl ring (C31–C36) and the phenyl ring (C22–C27), Table 2Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	C ₂₅ H ₂₅ N ₃ O
$M_{\rm r}$	383.48
Crystal system, space group	Triclinic, P1
Temperature (K)	293
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	8.8509 (2), 9.6364 (3), 12.9090 (4)
α, β, γ (°)	72.779 (2), 81.033 (1), 76.457 (1)
$V(Å^3)$	1017.97 (5)
Z	2
Radiation type	Μο Κα
$\mu (\mathrm{mm}^{-1})$	0.08
Crystal size (mm)	$0.21\times0.19\times0.18$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker Kappa APEXII
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker,
I.	2004)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.967, 0.974
No. of measured, independent and	22986, 3798, 3177
observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	
R _{int}	0.023
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\rm max} ({\rm \AA}^{-1})$	0.606
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.035, 0.096, 1.05
No. of reflections	3798
No. of parameters	263
No. of restraints	1
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ ({\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.14, -0.13
/	

Computer programs: APEX2 and SAINT (Bruker, 2004), SHELXS97 and SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2008) and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

which are inclined to the plane of the central pyridine ring by 49.80 (6) and 76.68 (7)°, respectively. In the related structure (Çelik *et al.*, 2013), the 4-bromophenyl ring is almost coplanar with the pyridine ring, making a dihedral angle of 8.27 (16)° while the 4-methoxyphenyl ring is inclined to the pyridine ring by 58.63 (15)°, compared with 49.80 (6)° in the title compound.

5. Synthesis and crystallization

A mixture of cycloheptanone (1 mmol), 4-methoxy aldehyde (1 mmol) and malononitrile (1 mmol) and benzylamine (1 mmol) was taken in ethanol (10 ml) to which p-TSA (1.0 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was heated under reflux for 2–3 h. On completion of the reaction, checked by thin-layer chromatography (TLC), the mixture was poured into crushed ice and extracted with ethyl acetate. The excess solvent was removed under vacuum and the residue was subjected to column chromatography using petroleum ether/

ethyl acetate mixture (97:3 v/v) as eluent to afford pure product. The product was recrystallized from ethyl acetate, affording colourless crystals of the title compound. (m.p. 415 K; yield 75%).

6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. The NH and C-bound H atoms were placed in calculated positions and allowed to ride on their carrier atoms: N-H = 0.86 and C-H = 0.93-0.97 Å, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$ for methyl H atoms and $1.2U_{eq}(N,C)$ for other H atoms. The DELU restraint was applied.

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Crystal structure of 2-benzylamino-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5*H*-cyclohepta[*b*]pyridine-3-carbonitrile

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Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2004); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2008).

2-Benzylamino-4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-6,7,8,9-tetrahydro-5H-cyclohepta[b]pyridine-3-carbonitrile

Crystal data

C₂₅H₂₅N₃O $M_r = 383.48$ Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$ a = 8.8509 (2) Å b = 9.6364 (3) Å c = 12.9090 (4) Å a = 72.779 (2)° $\beta = 81.033$ (1)° $\gamma = 76.457$ (1)° V = 1017.97 (5) Å³

Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube $\varphi \& \omega$ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2004) $T_{\min} = 0.967, T_{\max} = 0.974$ 22986 measured reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Hydrogen site loo
neighbouring siteLeast-squares matrix: fullneighbouring site $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$ H-atom parameter $wR(F^2) = 0.096$ $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (r_o^2) + (r_o^2)]$ S = 1.05where $P = (F_o^2)$ 3798 reflections $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ 263 parameters $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.14$ e År1 restraint $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.13$ e Å

Z = 2 F(000) = 408 $D_x = 1.251 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo Ka radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 2000 reflections $\theta = 2-31^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 K Block, colourless $0.21 \times 0.19 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

3798 independent reflections 3177 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.023$ $\theta_{max} = 25.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 2.3^{\circ}$ $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0427P)^2 + 0.190P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.14$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.13$ e Å⁻³

Extinction correction: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2008), Fc^{*}=kFc[1+0.001xFc² λ^{3} /sin(2 θ)]^{-1/4}

Extinction coefficient: 0.028 (3)

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
C1	0.22942 (13)	0.36297 (13)	0.46578 (10)	0.0409 (3)	
C2	0.36435 (12)	0.33965 (12)	0.52093 (9)	0.0347 (3)	
C3	0.51117 (12)	0.26601 (11)	0.48631 (9)	0.0339 (3)	
C4	0.63263 (12)	0.23924 (12)	0.55100 (9)	0.0365 (3)	
C5	0.60042 (13)	0.28670 (12)	0.64557 (10)	0.0375 (3)	
C6	0.34347 (13)	0.38756 (12)	0.61609 (9)	0.0356 (3)	
C7	0.79452 (13)	0.15737 (14)	0.52501 (11)	0.0445 (3)	
H7A	0.8695	0.2157	0.5264	0.053*	
H7B	0.8032	0.1463	0.4519	0.053*	
C8	0.83483 (15)	0.00402 (15)	0.60507 (12)	0.0528 (3)	
H8A	0.7422	-0.0390	0.6253	0.063*	
H8B	0.9128	-0.0595	0.5689	0.063*	
C9	0.89589 (17)	0.00700 (17)	0.70713 (13)	0.0653 (4)	
H9A	0.9892	0.0490	0.6864	0.078*	
H9B	0.9259	-0.0942	0.7509	0.078*	
C10	0.78190 (17)	0.09421 (16)	0.77684 (12)	0.0589 (4)	
H10A	0.8313	0.0874	0.8406	0.071*	
H10B	0.6919	0.0477	0.8018	0.071*	
C11	0.72484 (15)	0.25800 (14)	0.72061 (11)	0.0495 (3)	
H11A	0.6845	0.3103	0.7759	0.059*	
H11B	0.8132	0.2987	0.6791	0.059*	
C21	0.16754 (15)	0.51651 (14)	0.74336 (11)	0.0471 (3)	
H21A	0.1077	0.6172	0.7243	0.057*	
H21B	0.2642	0.5190	0.7687	0.057*	
C22	0.07695 (14)	0.42293 (14)	0.83428 (10)	0.0438 (3)	
C23	-0.06616 (17)	0.48310 (19)	0.87858 (13)	0.0618 (4)	
H23	-0.1098	0.5826	0.8503	0.074*	
C24	-0.1451 (2)	0.3967 (3)	0.96458 (15)	0.0812 (5)	
H24	-0.2414	0.4385	0.9943	0.097*	
C25	-0.0834 (2)	0.2504 (3)	1.00645 (14)	0.0873 (6)	
H25	-0.1366	0.1929	1.0650	0.105*	
C26	0.0576 (2)	0.1889 (2)	0.96175 (15)	0.0814 (5)	
H26	0.0996	0.0888	0.9893	0.098*	
C27	0.13711 (18)	0.27461 (17)	0.87634 (12)	0.0608 (4)	
H27	0.2329	0.2319	0.8465	0.073*	
C31	0.52942 (12)	0.22205 (12)	0.38341 (9)	0.0358 (3)	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

C32	0.47550 (14)	0.32373 (13)	0.29000 (10)	0.0411 (3)
H32	0.4308	0.4205	0.2920	0.049*
C33	0.48591 (15)	0.28606 (14)	0.19354 (10)	0.0464 (3)
H33	0.4488	0.3569	0.1317	0.056*
C34	0.55151 (14)	0.14306 (15)	0.18936 (11)	0.0457 (3)
C35	0.60779 (15)	0.03992 (14)	0.28153 (11)	0.0494 (3)
H35	0.6533	-0.0565	0.2790	0.059*
C36	0.59703 (14)	0.07863 (13)	0.37677 (10)	0.0432 (3)
H36	0.6356	0.0078	0.4382	0.052*
C37	0.4929 (2)	0.1922 (2)	0.00758 (13)	0.0789 (5)
H37A	0.5107	0.1452	-0.0505	0.118*
H37B	0.3827	0.2179	0.0267	0.118*
H37C	0.5360	0.2803	-0.0158	0.118*
N1	0.11429 (13)	0.38506 (15)	0.42880 (11)	0.0609 (3)
N2	0.20363 (12)	0.46344 (12)	0.64721 (8)	0.0466 (3)
H2	0.1297	0.4817	0.6061	0.056*
N3	0.46071 (11)	0.35839 (10)	0.67815 (8)	0.0389 (2)
01	0.56525 (13)	0.09400 (12)	0.09900 (8)	0.0639 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	<i>U</i> ¹³	<i>U</i> ²³
C1	0.0330 (6)	0.0428 (7)	0.0465 (7)	-0.0009 (5)	-0.0026 (5)	-0.0170 (5)
C2	0.0319 (5)	0.0311 (5)	0.0385 (6)	-0.0031 (4)	-0.0034 (4)	-0.0082 (5)
C3	0.0323 (6)	0.0271 (5)	0.0391 (6)	-0.0052 (4)	-0.0001(5)	-0.0062(4)
C4	0.0305 (6)	0.0319 (6)	0.0435 (7)	-0.0044 (4)	-0.0015 (5)	-0.0070 (5)
C5	0.0348 (6)	0.0307 (6)	0.0449 (7)	-0.0055 (5)	-0.0063 (5)	-0.0068(5)
C6	0.0329 (6)	0.0307 (6)	0.0392 (6)	-0.0025 (4)	-0.0018 (5)	-0.0072 (5)
C7	0.0293 (6)	0.0477 (7)	0.0522 (7)	-0.0033 (5)	-0.0003 (5)	-0.0122 (6)
C8	0.0375 (7)	0.0459 (7)	0.0657 (9)	0.0053 (5)	-0.0003 (6)	-0.0139 (6)
C9	0.0504 (8)	0.0565 (9)	0.0750 (10)	0.0083 (7)	-0.0177 (7)	-0.0054 (8)
C10	0.0580 (8)	0.0564 (8)	0.0558 (9)	0.0014 (7)	-0.0214 (7)	-0.0070 (7)
C11	0.0437 (7)	0.0491 (7)	0.0576 (8)	-0.0049 (6)	-0.0165 (6)	-0.0147 (6)
C21	0.0447 (7)	0.0457 (7)	0.0514 (8)	-0.0041 (5)	0.0035 (6)	-0.0218 (6)
C22	0.0416 (6)	0.0521 (7)	0.0424 (7)	-0.0079 (5)	-0.0061 (5)	-0.0198 (6)
C23	0.0473 (8)	0.0730 (10)	0.0633 (9)	-0.0085 (7)	0.0044 (7)	-0.0234 (8)
C24	0.0555 (9)	0.1198 (17)	0.0688 (11)	-0.0296 (10)	0.0128 (8)	-0.0266 (11)
C25	0.0843 (13)	0.1211 (17)	0.0583 (10)	-0.0573 (13)	-0.0036 (9)	0.0001 (11)
C26	0.0897 (13)	0.0735 (11)	0.0731 (11)	-0.0277 (10)	-0.0196 (10)	0.0070 (9)
C27	0.0603 (9)	0.0583 (9)	0.0593 (9)	-0.0069 (7)	-0.0090 (7)	-0.0114 (7)
C31	0.0298 (5)	0.0352 (6)	0.0416 (6)	-0.0066 (4)	0.0021 (5)	-0.0121 (5)
C32	0.0416 (6)	0.0363 (6)	0.0458 (7)	-0.0043 (5)	-0.0034 (5)	-0.0146 (5)
C33	0.0480 (7)	0.0489 (7)	0.0423 (7)	-0.0089 (6)	-0.0038 (5)	-0.0133 (6)
C34	0.0421 (7)	0.0531 (7)	0.0489 (7)	-0.0151 (6)	0.0079 (5)	-0.0262 (6)
C35	0.0503 (7)	0.0394 (7)	0.0584 (8)	-0.0057 (5)	0.0074 (6)	-0.0219 (6)
C36	0.0415 (6)	0.0364 (6)	0.0475 (7)	-0.0043 (5)	0.0033 (5)	-0.0117 (5)
C37	0.0974 (13)	0.0970 (13)	0.0560 (10)	-0.0224 (11)	-0.0081 (9)	-0.0384 (10)
N1	0.0385 (6)	0.0780 (9)	0.0695 (8)	0.0018 (6)	-0.0126 (6)	-0.0316 (7)

supporting information

N2	0.0364 (5)	0.0562 (6)	0.0435 (6)	0.0055 (5)	-0.0036(4)	-0.0196 (5)
N3	0.0380 (5)	0.0348 (5)	0.0433 (6)	-0.0025(4)	-0.0050(4)	-0.0119(4)
O1	0.0726 (7)	0.0731 (7)	0.0567 (6)	-0.0153 (5)	0.0037 (5)	-0.0381 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—N1	1.1407 (16)	C21—H21B	0.9700
C1—C2	1.4242 (16)	C22—C23	1.3763 (19)
C2—C3	1.4024 (15)	C22—C27	1.377 (2)
C2—C6	1.4076 (16)	C23—C24	1.377 (2)
C3—C4	1.3935 (16)	С23—Н23	0.9300
C3—C31	1.4848 (16)	C24—C25	1.363 (3)
C4—C5	1.3935 (17)	C24—H24	0.9300
C4—C7	1.5052 (15)	C25—C26	1.368 (3)
C5—N3	1.3390 (14)	С25—Н25	0.9300
C5—C11	1.5029 (16)	C26—C27	1.373 (2)
C6—N3	1.3367 (15)	C26—H26	0.9300
C6—N2	1.3502 (14)	С27—Н27	0.9300
C7—C8	1.5307 (17)	C31—C32	1.3794 (17)
C7—H7A	0.9700	C31—C36	1.3936 (16)
С7—Н7В	0.9700	C32—C33	1.3809 (17)
С8—С9	1.510 (2)	С32—Н32	0.9300
C8—H8A	0.9700	C33—C34	1.3778 (18)
C8—H8B	0.9700	С33—Н33	0.9300
C9—C10	1.517 (2)	C34—O1	1.3618 (15)
С9—Н9А	0.9700	C34—C35	1.3800 (19)
С9—Н9В	0.9700	C35—C36	1.3704 (18)
C10-C11	1.5283 (18)	С35—Н35	0.9300
C10—H10A	0.9700	С36—Н36	0.9300
C10—H10B	0.9700	C37—O1	1.410 (2)
C11—H11A	0.9700	С37—Н37А	0.9600
C11—H11B	0.9700	С37—Н37В	0.9600
C21—N2	1.4422 (16)	С37—Н37С	0.9600
C21—C22	1.5007 (18)	N2—H2	0.8600
C21—H21A	0.9700		
N1—C1—C2	174.35 (13)	C22—C21—H21B	108.9
C3—C2—C6	120.54 (10)	H21A—C21—H21B	107.7
C3—C2—C1	122.31 (10)	C23—C22—C27	118.53 (13)
C6-C2-C1	117.08 (10)	C23—C22—C21	121.14 (12)
C4—C3—C2	117.51 (10)	C27—C22—C21	120.32 (12)
C4—C3—C31	123.69 (10)	C22—C23—C24	120.32 (16)
C2—C3—C31	118.80 (10)	С22—С23—Н23	119.8
C3—C4—C5	118.10 (10)	С24—С23—Н23	119.8
C3—C4—C7	122.90 (11)	C25—C24—C23	120.59 (17)
C5—C4—C7	118.97 (10)	C25—C24—H24	119.7
N3—C5—C4	124.47 (10)	C23—C24—H24	119.7
N3—C5—C11	114.61 (11)	C24—C25—C26	119.55 (16)

C4 C5 C11	120.02 (10)	C24 C25 1125	120.2
C4-C5-C11	120.92 (10)	C24—C25—H25	120.2
$N_3 - C_0 - N_2$	118.40 (10)	C26—C25—H25	120.2
N3-C6-C2	121.02 (10)	$C_{25} = C_{26} = C_{27}$	120.14 (17)
N2—C6—C2	120.58 (10)	С25—С26—Н26	119.9
C4—C7—C8	112.62 (10)	C27—C26—H26	119.9
С4—С7—Н7А	109.1	C26—C27—C22	120.86 (15)
С8—С7—Н7А	109.1	С26—С27—Н27	119.6
С4—С7—Н7В	109.1	С22—С27—Н27	119.6
С8—С7—Н7В	109.1	C32—C31—C36	117.32 (11)
H7A—C7—H7B	107.8	C32—C31—C3	120.14 (10)
C9—C8—C7	113.46 (12)	C36—C31—C3	122.52 (11)
С9—С8—Н8А	108.9	C31—C32—C33	121.92 (11)
С7—С8—Н8А	108.9	С31—С32—Н32	119.0
С9—С8—Н8В	108.9	С33—С32—Н32	119.0
С7—С8—Н8В	108.9	C34—C33—C32	119.68 (12)
H8A—C8—H8B	107.7	С34—С33—Н33	120.2
C8—C9—C10	115.00 (11)	С32—С33—Н33	120.2
С8—С9—Н9А	108.5	O1—C34—C33	124.34 (13)
С10—С9—Н9А	108.5	01-C34-C35	116.29 (12)
C8—C9—H9B	108.5	C_{33} — C_{34} — C_{35}	119.38 (12)
C10—C9—H9B	108.5	$C_{36} = C_{35} = C_{34}$	12043(11)
H9A_C9_H9B	107.5	C36—C35—H35	119.8
C9-C10-C11	115 37 (13)	C_{34} C_{35} H_{35}	119.8
C9-C10-H10A	108.4	C_{35} C_{36} C_{31}	121.27(12)
C_{11} C_{10} H_{10A}	108.4	$C_{35} = C_{30} = C_{31}$	110 /
C_{10} C_{10} H_{10} H_{10}	108.4	$C_{33} = C_{30} = H_{30}$	119.4
C_{11} C_{10} H_{10P}	108.4	$C_{31} = C_{30} = 1150$	119.4
	108.4	O1 - C37 - H37A	109.5
	107.5	01 - 03 - 037 = 0.07	109.5
C_{2}	114.29 (11)	$H_3/A = C_3/=H_3/B$	109.5
CS-CII-HIIA	108.7	01 - 03 - H3/C	109.5
CIO—CII—HIIA	108.7	H3/A—C3/—H3/C	109.5
С5—С11—Н11В	108.7	Н37В—С37—Н37С	109.5
C10—C11—H11B	108.7	C6—N2—C21	125.66 (11)
H11A—C11—H11B	107.6	C6—N2—H2	117.2
N2—C21—C22	113.29 (10)	C21—N2—H2	117.2
N2—C21—H21A	108.9	C6—N3—C5	118.31 (10)
C22—C21—H21A	108.9	C34—O1—C37	117.32 (12)
N2-C21-H21B	108.9		
C6—C2—C3—C4	1.68 (15)	C23—C24—C25—C26	-0.7 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-175.20 (10)	C24—C25—C26—C27	0.9 (3)
C6-C2-C3-C31	-177.87 (10)	C25—C26—C27—C22	-0.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C31	5.26 (16)	C23—C22—C27—C26	-1.1 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.20 (15)	C21—C22—C27—C26	177.95 (14)
C31—C3—C4—C5	179.73 (10)	C4—C3—C31—C32	-130.14 (12)
C2—C3—C4—C7	178.13 (10)	C2—C3—C31—C32	49.38 (14)
C31—C3—C4—C7	-2.35 (17)	C4—C3—C31—C36	51.31 (16)
C3—C4—C5—N3	-0.95 (17)	C2-C3-C31-C36	-129.17 (12)

C7—C4—C5—N3	-178.96 (10)	C36—C31—C32—C33	0.64 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C11	178.41 (10)	C3—C31—C32—C33	-177.98 (10)
C7—C4—C5—C11	0.40 (16)	C31—C32—C33—C34	0.14 (19)
C3—C2—C6—N3	-3.01 (16)	C32—C33—C34—O1	178.99 (11)
C1-C2-C6-N3	174.02 (10)	C32—C33—C34—C35	-0.84 (18)
C3—C2—C6—N2	177.46 (10)	O1—C34—C35—C36	-179.08 (11)
C1—C2—C6—N2	-5.51 (16)	C33—C34—C35—C36	0.76 (19)
C3—C4—C7—C8	-109.94 (13)	C34—C35—C36—C31	0.04 (19)
C5—C4—C7—C8	67.96 (14)	C32—C31—C36—C35	-0.73 (17)
C4—C7—C8—C9	-84.84 (14)	C3—C31—C36—C35	177.86 (11)
C7—C8—C9—C10	62.48 (17)	N3-C6-N2-C21	-0.36 (18)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-59.44 (18)	C2-C6-N2-C21	179.18 (11)
N3-C5-C11-C10	113.46 (13)	C22—C21—N2—C6	-102.67 (14)
C4—C5—C11—C10	-65.96 (16)	N2-C6-N3-C5	-178.20 (10)
C9—C10—C11—C5	78.27 (16)	C2—C6—N3—C5	2.26 (16)
N2-C21-C22-C23	-122.40 (13)	C4—C5—N3—C6	-0.30 (16)
N2-C21-C22-C27	58.62 (16)	C11—C5—N3—C6	-179.69 (10)
C27—C22—C23—C24	1.3 (2)	C33—C34—O1—C37	-6.89 (19)
C21—C22—C23—C24	-177.67 (14)	C35—C34—O1—C37	172.95 (13)
C22—C23—C24—C25	-0.5 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg1 is the centroid of pyridine ring N3/C2–C6.

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N2—H2…N1 ⁱ	0.86	2.28	3.0168 (15)	145
C35—H35…Cg1 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.99	3.5559 (14)	121

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*+1; (ii) -*x*+1, -*y*, -*z*+1.