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Crystal structures of $Sr(ClO_4)_2 \cdot 3H_2O_7$ $Sr(CIO_4)_2 \cdot 4H_2O$ and $Sr(CIO_4)_2 \cdot 9H_2O$

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The title compounds, strontium perchlorate trihydrate {di- μ -aqua-aquadi- μ perchlorato-strontium, $[Sr(ClO_4)_2(H_2O)_3]_n$, strontium perchlorate tetrahydrate $\{di-\mu-aqua-bis(triaquadiperchloratostrontium), [Sr_2(ClO_4)_4(H_2O)_8]\}$ and strontium perchlorate nonahydrate {heptaaquadiperchloratostrontium dihydrate, $[Sr(ClO_4)_2(H_2O)_7] \cdot 2H_2O\}$, were crystallized at low temperatures according to the solid-liquid phase diagram. The structures of the tri- and tetrahydrate consist of Sr²⁺ cations coordinated by five water molecules and four O atoms of four perchlorate tetrahedra in a distorted tricapped trigonal-prismatic coordination mode. The asymmetric unit of the trihydrate contains two formula units. Two $[SrO_9]$ polyhedra in the trihydrate are connected by sharing water molecules and thus forming chains parallel to [100]. In the tetrahydrate, dimers of two [SrO₉] polyhedra connected by two sharing water molecules are formed. The structure of the nonahydrate contains one Sr^{2+} cation coordinated by seven water molecules and by two O atoms of two perchlorate tetrahedra (point group symmetry ...m), forming a tricapped trigonal prism (point group symmetry m2m). The structure contains additional non-coordinating water molecules, which are located on twofold rotation axes. $O-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds between the water molecules as donor and ClO₄ tetrahedra and water molecules as acceptor groups lead to the formation of a three-dimensional network in each of the three structures.

The amount of research into perchlorates has increased considerably in the last few years, beginning with the Phoenix Mars mission (Kim et al., 2013; Kerr, 2013; Chevrier et al., 2009; Quinn et al., 2013; Davila et al., 2013; Gough et al., 2011; Navarro-González & McKay, 2011; Robertson & Bish, 2011; Schuttlefield et al., 2011; Navarro-González et al., 2010; Marion et al., 2010; Hecht et al., 2009). Important perchlorate salts in the martian regolith are Mg and Ca perchlorates. It

1. Chemical context

Sr Cl O H

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seemed worthwhile to complete the chemical systematics in this series of alkaline-earth perchlorates. The solubility diagram of strontium perchlorate has been investigated by several authors (Pestova et al., 2005; Lilich & Djurinskii, 1956; Nicholson & Felsing, 1950; Willard & Smith, 1923) in different temperature and concentration regions. They reported the tetrahydrate and the hexahydrate to be stable phases. While re-investigating the phase diagram, we found at higher temperatures the trihydrate, the tetrahydrate at room temperature and the nonahydrate near the eutectic temperature. The existence of the hexahydrate could not be

confirmed.



Figure 1

Coordination around the Sr1²⁺ cation in Sr(ClO₄)₂·3H₂O. Atoms O3 and O4 as well as O6 and O1 are shared between two different Sr²⁺ cations. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. [Symmetry codes: (i) $\frac{1}{2} - x$, $-\frac{1}{2} + y$, $\frac{1}{2} - z$; (ii) $-\frac{1}{2} + x$, $\frac{3}{2} - y$, $\frac{1}{2} + z$.]

2. Structural commentary

The crystal structure of strontium perchlorate trihydrate contains two crystallographically distinct Sr^{2+} cations. Both are coordinated by five water molecules and four monodentately bonding perchlorate tetrahedra (Fig. 1). Four of the five water molecules (O1, O6 and O3, O4) share edges between two Sr^{2+} cations, resulting in chains with alternating Sr1 and Sr2 cations. The chains extend parallel to [100] (Fig. 2). The crystal



Formation of chains parallel [100] by sharing water molecules in the structure of $Sr(ClO_4)_2$ ·3H₂O.



Figure 3

(a) Coordination around the Sr²⁺ cation and (b) the resulting coordination polyhedron in the structure of Sr(ClO₄)₂·9H₂O. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. [Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, \frac{3}{2} - z$; (ii) 2 - x, y, z; (iii) $2 - x, y, \frac{3}{2} - z$.]

structure of strontium perchlorate tetrahydrate is similar to the trihydrate, but different to the magnesium analogue (Robertson & Bish, 2010; Solovyov, 2012) or mercury perchlorate tetrahydrate (Johansson *et al.*, 1966). Two symmetry-related Sr^{2+} cations, both coordinated by five water molecules and four monodentate perchlorate tetrahedra, form dimers by sharing two water molecules. In strontium perchlorate nonahydrate, the Sr^{2+} cation occupies a single crystallographic site with site symmetry *m*2*m*. It is coordinated by seven water molecules and two monodentate perchlorate tetrahedra (point group symmetry *..m*; Fig. 3*a*) within a tricapped trigonal-prismatic oxygen coordination environment (Fig. 3*b*). Thereby, the trigonal base planes are chosen



Figure 4 Perchlorate tetrahedra in the structure of $Sr(ClO_4)_2 \cdot 3H_2O$ linking the chains (oriented parallel to [100]) into (100) layers.



Figure 5 Zigzag chains parallel to [100] in the structure of $Sr(ClO_4)_2$ ·3H₂O, linked by perchlorate tetrahedra into (100) layers, as viewed along [001].

such that each oxygen atom of the perchlorate anions represents a capping atom. The third cap is provided by a water oxygen atom.

3. Supramolecular features

In strontium perchlorate trihydrate, chains are formed with alternating Sr^{2+} cations (Fig. 2). These zigzag chains are oriented parallel to [100] and are linked by edge-sharing with the perchlorate tetrahedra (Fig. 4) into a layered arrangement parallel to (001), as shown in Fig. 5. Within the structure of the tetrahydrate, each perchlorate anion coordinates to the dimeric unit of two Sr^{2+} cations (Fig. 6). At the same time, it also coordinates to another dimeric unit. Thus, each dimeric unit is connected pairwise by perchlorate anions with four others. This yields in (001) layers stacked along [001], as visualized in Fig. 7. The nonahydrate structure contains additional lattice water molecules, which are both donor and acceptor groups, resulting in a tetrahedral arrangement of O—

Table 1	
Hydrogen-bond geometry	(Å, °) for $Sr(ClO_4)_2 \cdot 9H_2O$.

$D - H \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$O1 - H1B \cdots O7^{i}$	0.84(1)	2.02 (2)	2.844 (4)	169 (5)
$O1-H1A\cdots O4$	0.84(1)	1.98 (1)	2.811 (4)	170 (5)
$O2-H2A\cdots O1^{ii}$	0.84(1)	1.99 (2)	2.780 (4)	156 (5)
$O3-H3A\cdots O2^{i}$	0.84(1)	2.05 (3)	2.851 (5)	158 (7)
$O4-H4A\cdots O6^{iii}$	0.84(1)	2.62 (3)	3.337 (2)	144 (4)
$O4-H4A\cdots O7^{iv}$	0.84 (1)	2.39 (3)	3.041 (4)	135 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) x, y + 1, z; (ii) -x + 1, -y, -z + 1; (iii) x, -y, -z + 1; (iv) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, -y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$.



Figure 6

Formation of dimers in the structure of $Sr(ClO_4)_2 \cdot 4H_2O$ by sharing two water molecules. [Symmetry code: (i) 1 - x, 2 - y, 1 - z.]

 $H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds. Two hydrogen bonds are formed towards the $[SrO_2(OH_2)_7]$ coordination polyhedra and two towards perchlorate tetrahedra (Fig. 8*a*, Table 1). The $[SrO_2(OH_2)_7]$ polyhedra additionally are linked *via* other O—



Figure 7

Formation of layers in the structure of $Sr(ClO_4)_2$ ·4H₂O, viewed along [100].



Figure 8

(a) Coordination of the lattice water molecules in the structure of $Sr(ClO_4)_2 \cdot 9H_2O$ by hydrogen bonds. (b) A larger section of the structure in the viewing direction [010]. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds.

 $H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds. The resulting arrangement can be seen in a larger section of the structure (Fig. 8b). $O-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds also dominate the crystal packing in the two other structures, in each case leading to the formation of a three-dimensional network (Tables 2 and 3).

Table 2 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for $Sr(ClO_4)_2$ ·3H₂O.

, , ,	5	· · · ·	2 2	
$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
01 H14 05 ⁱ	0.84(1)	213(4)	2683(4)	123 (4)
$O1 = H1R = O10^{i}$	0.64(1)	2.13(4)	2.065(4)	125(4)
$O1 - \Pi ID \cdots O16$	0.64(1)	2.07(2)	2.030(4)	130(4)
$O_2 - \Pi_2 D \cdots O_{10}$	0.84(1)	2.10(1)	2.925 (4)	109 (4)
$02 - H2A \cdots 016$	0.84(1)	2.17(2)	2.992 (4)	167 (7)
$O3-H3A\cdots O18^{m}$	0.84(1)	1.96 (1)	2.793 (4)	172 (4)
$O3-H3B\cdots O17^{W}$	0.84 (1)	2.06 (2)	2.857 (4)	159 (4)
$O4-H4B\cdots O21^{v}$	0.84(1)	2.15 (2)	2.953 (4)	161 (5)
$O4-H4A\cdots O22^{v_1}$	0.84(1)	2.42 (2)	3.173 (4)	150 (4)
$O6-H6A\cdots O14^{iii}$	0.84(7)	2.56 (7)	3.069 (4)	121 (5)
$O6-H6A\cdots O19^{vii}$	0.84 (7)	2.19 (7)	2.964 (4)	155 (6)
$O6-H6B\cdots O17^{viii}$	0.92 (6)	2.09 (6)	2.920 (4)	150 (5)
$O7-H7A\cdots O20^{ix}$	0.84(1)	2.31 (4)	3.044 (4)	146 (7)
$O7-H7A\cdots O22^{vi}$	0.84(1)	2.44 (7)	2.902 (4)	116 (6)
$O7 - H7B \cdots O17^{viii}$	0.84(1)	2.48 (5)	2.916 (4)	114 (4)
$O7-H7B\cdots O20^{v}$	0.84 (1)	2.25 (2)	3.071 (4)	167 (5)

Symmetry codes: (i) x + 1, y, z; (ii) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z; (iii) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$; (v) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (vi) -x + 1, -y + 2, -z; (vii) -x, -y + 1, -z; (viii) x - 1, y, z; (ix) $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Table 3 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °) for $Sr(ClO_4)_2$ ·4H₂O.

	•	. ,		
$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$O9-H9A\cdotsO8^{i}$	0.84 (1)	2.15 (2)	2.966 (3)	164 (4)
$O9-H9B\cdots O8^{ii}$	0.84(1)	2.18 (2)	2.986 (3)	161 (5)
$O10-H10B\cdots O4^{iii}$	0.84(1)	2.04 (2)	2.858 (3)	165 (6)
$O10-H10A\cdots O4^{iv}$	0.84 (1)	2.17 (2)	2.967 (3)	157 (5)
$O11 - H11B \cdot \cdot \cdot O9^{v}$	0.84(1)	1.99 (2)	2.809 (3)	164 (4)
$O11 - H11A \cdots O8$	0.84(1)	2.38 (3)	3.093 (3)	143 (5)
$O12-H12A\cdots O7^{vi}$	0.84(1)	2.23 (2)	2.986 (3)	150 (4)
$O12-H12A\cdots O10^{vii}$	0.84(1)	2.31 (4)	2.820 (3)	120 (3)
$O12-H12B\cdots O4$	0.84 (1)	2.06 (2)	2.875 (3)	164 (5)

Symmetry codes: (i) x + 1, y, z; (ii) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 2; (iii) x, y - 1, z; (iv) -x + 2, -y + 2, -z + 1; (v) -x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 2; (vi) x, y + 1, z; (vii) -x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1.

4. Database survey

For crystal structures of other $M(\text{ClO}_4)_2 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ phases, see: Gallucci & Gerkin (1988; M = Ba); Hennings *et al.* (2014*a*; Sn). For crystal structures of other $M(\text{ClO}_4)_2 \cdot 4\text{H}_2\text{O}$ phases, see: Robertson & Bish (2010; Mg); Hennings *et al.* (2014*b*; Ca); Solovyov (2012; Mg); Johansson *et al.* (1966; Hg).

5. Synthesis and crystallization

Crystals of Sr(ClO₄)₂·3H₂O were used as purchased (ABCR, 98%). The isolated crystals were stored in a freezer separated and embedded in perfluorinated ether to avoid contact with humidity. Sr(ClO₄)₂·4H₂O crystallized from an aqueous solution of 75.08 wt% Sr(ClO₄)₂ at 273 K after two days and Sr(ClO₄)₂·9H₂O from an aqueous solution of 60.12 wt% Sr(ClO₄)₂ at 238 K after one week. For preparing these aqueous solutions, strontium perchlorate trihydrate was used. The Sr²⁺ content was analyzed per complexometric titration with EDTA. The crystals are stable in the saturated aqueous solutions over a range of at least four weeks. The samples were stored in a freezer or a cryostat at low temperatures and were separated and embedded in perfluorinated ether for X-ray analysis.

6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 4. The H atoms of each structure were placed in the positions indicated by difference Fourier maps. For Sr(ClO₄)₂·3H₂O and Sr(ClO₄)₂·4H₂O distance restraints were applied for all water molecules, with O–H and H–H distance restraints of 0.84 (1) and 1.4 (1) Å, respectively. For Sr(ClO₄)₂·9H₂O U_{iso} values were set at 1.2 U_{eq} (O) using a riding model approximation. Distance restraints were applied for that structure for all water molecules, with O–H and H–H distance restraints of 0.84 (1) and 1.4 (1) Å, respectively.

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 Table 4

 Experimental details.

	Sr(ClO ₄) ₂ ·3H ₂ O	Sr(ClO ₄) ₂ ·4H ₂ O	Sr(ClO ₄) ₂ ·9H ₂ O
Crystal data			
M _r	340.57	358.58	448.66
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	Orthorhombic, Cmcm
Temperature (K)	100	150	100
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	8.9787 (6), 13.4870 (12), 14.7875 (10)	7.1571 (6), 7.3942 (6), 10.0231 (9)	18.7808 (15), 6.860 (3), 11.1884 (16)
α, β, γ (°)	90, 95.448 (5), 90	86.674 (7), 86.291 (7), 72.027 (6)	90, 90, 90
$V(\dot{A}^3)$	1782.6 (2)	503.09 (8)	1441.5 (7)
Ζ	8	2	4
Radiation type	Μο Κα	Μο Κα	Μο Κα
$\mu \text{ (mm}^{-1})$	6.70	5.94	4.20
Crystal size (mm)	$0.45 \times 0.34 \times 0.23$	$0.33 \times 0.25 \times 0.16$	$0.20 \times 0.11 \times 0.05$
Data collection			
Diffractometer	Stoe IPDS 2T	Stoe IPDS 2T	Stoe IPDS 2T
Absorption correction	Integration (Coppens, 1970)	Integration (Coppens, 1970)	Integration (Coppens, 1970)
T_{\min}, \bar{T}_{\max}	0.081, 0.212	0.187, 0.383	0.015, 0.085
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	50555, 4941, 3337	10691, 2818, 2650	6877, 1087, 993
R _{int}	0.125	0.065	0.020
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\rm max} ({\rm \AA}^{-1})$	0.650	0.695	0.693
Refinement			
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.024, 0.046, 1.09	0.028, 0.076, 1.10	0.048, 0.134, 1.16
No. of reflections	4087	2795	1087
No. of parameters	297	169	70
No. of restraints	15	12	6
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement	All H-atom parameters refined	Only H-atom coordinates refined
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ ({\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.56, -0.63	0.83, -1.15	1.27, -2.26

Computer programs: X-AREA and X-RED (Stoe & Cie, 2009), SHELXS97 and SHELXL2012 (Sheldrick, 2008), DIAMOND (Brandenburg, 2006) and publcIF (Westrip, 2010).

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supporting information

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Crystal structures of Sr(ClO₄)₂·3H₂O, Sr(ClO₄)₂·4H₂O and Sr(ClO₄)₂·9H₂O

Erik Hennings, Horst Schmidt and Wolfgang Voigt

Computing details

For all compounds, data collection: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2009); cell refinement: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2009); data reduction: *X-RED* (Stoe & Cie, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2012* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

(SrClO4_3H2O_100K) Di-µ-aqua-aquadi-µ-perchlorato-strontium

Crystal data	
$[Sr(ClO_4)_2(H_2O)_3]$	F(000) = 1328
$M_r = 340.5 /$	$D_{\rm x} = 2.538 \text{ Mg m}^3$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ A
a = 8.9787 (6) A	Cell parameters from 32895 reflections
b = 13.4870 (12) Å	$\theta = 2.3 - 29.7^{\circ}$
c = 14.7875 (10) Å	$\mu = 6.70 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 95.448 \ (5)^{\circ}$	T = 100 K
$V = 1782.6(2) \text{ Å}^3$	Plate, colourless
Z = 8	$0.45 \times 0.34 \times 0.23 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Stoe IPDS 2T	50555 measured reflections
diffractometer	4941 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3337 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Detector resolution: 6 67 nixels mm ⁻¹	$R_{\rm res} = 0.125$
rotation method scans	$\theta_{-} = 27.5^{\circ} \theta_{-} = 2.7^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: integration	$b_{\text{max}} = 27.3$, $b_{\text{min}} = 2.7$
(Company, 1070)	$h = 12 \rightarrow 12$ $h = -19 \rightarrow 19$
(Coppens, 1970) T = 0.081 $T = 0.212$	$k = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $l = -20 \rightarrow 20$
$I_{\min} = 0.081, \ I_{\max} = 0.212$	$l = -20 \rightarrow 20$
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: difference Four

Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.015P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.56$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.63$ e Å⁻³

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$

 $wR(F^2) = 0.046$

4087 reflections

297 parameters 15 restraints

S = 1.09

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Sr1	0.17700 (4)	0.73963 (3)	0.16063 (2)	0.00938 (8)
Sr2	0.67377 (4)	0.76115 (3)	0.16252 (2)	0.00958 (8)
C13	0.76166 (10)	0.55363 (6)	0.34594 (6)	0.01186 (17)
Cl4	0.20327 (9)	0.63169 (6)	-0.08358 (6)	0.01123 (17)
O2	0.5554 (3)	0.6148 (2)	0.07663 (19)	0.0157 (6)
H2B	0.584 (5)	0.5569 (14)	0.089 (3)	0.022 (12)*
H2A	0.503 (7)	0.618 (5)	0.027 (3)	0.09 (3)*
05	0.1514 (3)	0.6834 (2)	0.33230 (18)	0.0173 (6)
07	0.0494 (3)	0.8819 (2)	0.07657 (19)	0.0169 (6)
H7A	0.040 (8)	0.939 (2)	0.098 (4)	0.09 (3)*
H7B	0.054 (6)	0.891 (4)	0.0208 (11)	0.049 (17)*
O11	0.1497 (3)	0.6863 (2)	-0.16432 (18)	0.0159 (6)
O8	0.2947 (3)	0.8877 (2)	0.26593 (18)	0.0142 (6)
O3	0.4421 (3)	0.6926 (2)	0.23812 (18)	0.0122 (5)
H3A	0.427 (5)	0.6316 (10)	0.232 (3)	0.015*
H3B	0.446 (5)	0.704 (3)	0.2940 (9)	0.015*
O6	-0.0905 (3)	0.6659 (2)	0.0871 (2)	0.0126 (5)
H6A	-0.074 (8)	0.606 (5)	0.096 (4)	0.07 (2)*
H6B	-0.102 (7)	0.682 (4)	0.026 (4)	0.057 (18)*
01	0.9396 (3)	0.7980 (2)	0.24536 (19)	0.0155 (6)
H1A	0.954 (5)	0.767 (3)	0.2947 (15)	0.019*
H1B	0.958 (5)	0.8588 (10)	0.248 (3)	0.019*
O4	0.4076 (3)	0.8486 (2)	0.09960 (19)	0.0142 (6)
H4B	0.401 (7)	0.852 (4)	0.0427 (8)	0.055 (19)*
H4A	0.385 (5)	0.9070 (13)	0.112 (3)	0.017 (11)*
O9	0.2141 (3)	0.7003 (2)	-0.00724 (17)	0.0166 (6)
012	0.7632 (4)	0.6041 (2)	0.25968 (19)	0.0223 (7)
O10	0.6522 (3)	0.8049 (2)	-0.00904 (17)	0.0165 (5)
013	0.7794 (4)	0.4491 (2)	0.3295 (2)	0.0282 (7)
Cl1	0.22615 (10)	0.95938 (6)	0.32252 (5)	0.01093 (16)
Cl2	0.73566 (10)	0.83941 (6)	-0.08210 (6)	0.01110 (17)
O17	0.8781 (3)	0.78723 (18)	-0.07714 (16)	0.0148 (5)
015	0.2081 (3)	0.91715 (19)	0.40937 (17)	0.0193 (6)
O16	0.3517 (3)	0.59257 (18)	-0.09445 (17)	0.0163 (5)
O14	0.3185 (3)	1.0469 (2)	0.33193 (18)	0.0164 (6)
O18	0.0800 (3)	0.98662 (17)	0.27720 (17)	0.0160 (5)
O20	0.6198 (3)	0.56974 (19)	0.38222 (17)	0.0171 (5)
O19	0.1020 (3)	0.55287 (19)	-0.06828 (18)	0.0209 (6)
O22	0.7597 (3)	0.94455 (18)	-0.07510 (19)	0.0230 (6)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

021	0.9910 (2)	0.500	P(1)	0 4072 (2)	0.0271 (0)		
021	0.8810 (3)	0.380	59 (5)	0.4075 (2)	0.0371 (9)		
Atomic d	Atomic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)						
	U^{11}	<i>U</i> ²²	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	<i>U</i> ²³	
Sr1	0.00941 (16)	0.01189 (17)	0.00731 (16)	0.00047 (14)	0.00327 (12)	0.00006 (14)	
Sr2	0.00977 (16)	0.01221 (17)	0.00729 (16)	-0.00071 (14)	0.00355 (12)	0.00017 (14)	
C13	0.0138 (4)	0.0126 (4)	0.0097 (4)	-0.0003 (3)	0.0036 (3)	0.0002 (3)	
Cl4	0.0124 (4)	0.0140 (4)	0.0079 (3)	0.0004 (3)	0.0043 (3)	-0.0001 (3)	
O2	0.0220 (15)	0.0140 (14)	0.0112 (15)	-0.0028 (12)	0.0031 (12)	-0.0009 (12)	
O5	0.0159 (14)	0.0286 (17)	0.0078 (14)	-0.0028 (12)	0.0024 (11)	0.0044 (12)	
O7	0.0231 (15)	0.0150 (14)	0.0125 (15)	0.0029 (12)	0.0016 (12)	-0.0007 (12)	
011	0.0184 (15)	0.0220 (16)	0.0077 (13)	0.0056 (12)	0.0040 (11)	0.0054 (11)	
08	0.0170 (13)	0.0140 (13)	0.0125 (13)	0.0020 (10)	0.0056 (10)	-0.0052 (10)	
03	0.0140 (13)	0.0154 (13)	0.0077 (13)	0.0002 (11)	0.0032 (10)	-0.0005 (11)	
O6	0.0143 (13)	0.0126 (12)	0.0112 (14)	-0.0004 (10)	0.0030 (10)	0.0003 (11)	
O1	0.0141 (14)	0.0190 (13)	0.0135 (14)	0.0015 (11)	0.0012 (11)	-0.0027 (11)	
O4	0.0180 (14)	0.0163 (14)	0.0094 (13)	0.0024 (11)	0.0069 (10)	0.0014 (10)	
09	0.0213 (14)	0.0182 (12)	0.0110 (12)	-0.0017 (11)	0.0057 (11)	-0.0055 (10)	
O12	0.0307 (16)	0.0240 (16)	0.0140 (14)	0.0088 (13)	0.0119 (12)	0.0093 (12)	
O10	0.0161 (13)	0.0255 (13)	0.0094 (12)	0.0004 (11)	0.0094 (10)	0.0040 (10)	
013	0.0450 (19)	0.0104 (14)	0.0319 (17)	0.0083 (12)	0.0183 (14)	0.0030 (12)	
Cl1	0.0134 (4)	0.0117 (4)	0.0082 (3)	-0.0002 (3)	0.0036 (3)	-0.0006 (3)	
C12	0.0129 (4)	0.0142 (4)	0.0068 (4)	-0.0004 (3)	0.0042 (3)	0.0000 (3)	
O17	0.0122 (11)	0.0201 (13)	0.0128 (12)	0.0017 (9)	0.0045 (9)	0.0016 (9)	
015	0.0282 (16)	0.0224 (13)	0.0090 (12)	0.0012 (11)	0.0101 (11)	0.0059 (10)	
016	0.0133 (13)	0.0214 (13)	0.0150 (13)	0.0061 (10)	0.0055 (10)	0.0007 (10)	
O14	0.0192 (13)	0.0108 (12)	0.0195 (13)	-0.0051 (11)	0.0021 (10)	-0.0023 (11)	
O18	0.0139 (12)	0.0146 (12)	0.0191 (13)	0.0032 (9)	0.0003 (10)	-0.0003 (10)	
O20	0.0124 (12)	0.0249 (13)	0.0156 (13)	0.0010 (11)	0.0085 (10)	0.0009 (10)	
019	0.0212 (14)	0.0172 (13)	0.0255 (14)	-0.0074 (11)	0.0089 (11)	0.0013 (11)	
O22	0.0280 (15)	0.0118 (12)	0.0294 (15)	-0.0044 (11)	0.0041 (12)	0.0002 (11)	
O21	0.0178 (15)	0.077 (2)	0.0173 (15)	-0.0198 (15)	0.0059 (12)	-0.0202 (15)	

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Sr1—07	2.504 (3)	Sr2—O6 ^v	2.797 (3)	
Sr109	2.591 (3)	Cl3—O21	1.419 (3)	
Sr1-O14 ⁱ	2.602 (3)	Cl3—O13	1.442 (3)	
Sr1—O3	2.619 (3)	C13—O20	1.445 (2)	
Sr1—O5	2.680(3)	Cl3—O12	1.447 (3)	
Sr1-08	2.686 (3)	Cl4—O19	1.430 (3)	
Sr1—O1 ⁱⁱ	2.691 (3)	Cl4—O11	1.446 (3)	
Sr1—O6	2.729 (3)	Cl4—O9	1.456 (3)	
Sr1—O4	2.760 (3)	Cl4—O16	1.456 (3)	
Sr2—O2	2.527 (3)	Cl1—O15	1.428 (2)	
Sr2—O13 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.571 (3)	Cl1—O14	1.441 (3)	
Sr2—O10	2.594 (2)	Cl1—O18	1.463 (3)	

supporting information

Sr2-03	2 622 (3)	08—C11	1 453 (3)
Sr2 01	2.022(3)	C_{12} C_{22}	1.435(3) 1.437(3)
Sr2 012	2.023(3)	$C_{12} = O_{22}$	1.437(3)
$Sr_2 = O12$	2.041(3)	$C_{12} = 0.0000000000000000000000000000000000$	1.445(3)
Sr2 04	2.003(3)	$C_{12} = 017$	1.430(3)
512-04	2.747 (3)	010	1.449 (2)
O7—Sr1—O9	77.04 (9)	O3—Sr2—O11 ^{iv}	63.08 (8)
O7-Sr1-014 ⁱ	142.31 (9)	O1—Sr2—O11 ^{iv}	69.95 (9)
O9-Sr1-014 ⁱ	80.39 (9)	O12—Sr2—O11 ^{iv}	74.97 (9)
O7—Sr1—O3	139.15 (9)	O2—Sr2—O4	81.63 (9)
O9—Sr1—O3	100.11 (9)	O13 ⁱⁱⁱ —Sr2—O4	74.05 (9)
O14 ⁱ —Sr1—O3	74.33 (9)	O10—Sr2—O4	65.74 (8)
07—Sr1—O5	127.65 (10)	O3—Sr2—O4	66.16 (8)
O9—Sr1—O5	151.64 (9)	01—Sr2—O4	143.12 (9)
$O14^{i}$ —Sr1—O5	71.31 (9)	012—Sr2—04	137.59 (9)
03 - 8r1 - 05	70.93 (8)	011^{iv} Sr2-04	93.63 (9)
07—Sr1—08	81 62 (9)	$02-sr^2-06^{v}$	74 85 (9)
09 - 8r1 - 08	128 93 (8)	013^{iii} Sr2-06 ^v	110 16 (10)
014^{i} Sr1 08	135 59 (9)	$010 - 8r^2 - 06^{v}$	72 76 (9)
03 - 5r1 - 08	68 60 (8)	$03-5r^2-06^{v}$	132 01 (9)
05 - Sr1 - 08	74 09 (9)	$01 - Sr^2 - 06^{v}$	65 43 (8)
0.5 Sr1 0.00 II	70.21 (9)	$012 - 8r^2 - 06^{v}$	69 26 (9)
O_{1}^{0} Sr1 O_{1}^{11}	133 20 (0)	012 - 512 - 00	120 34 (0)
$0^{1/4}$ Sr1 0^{11}	105.29(9) 106.42(0)	04 Sr ² 06 ^v	129.34(9) 136.82(8)
$O_{14} = S_{11} = O_{1}$	100.42(9) 126.45(8)	04 - 512 - 00	130.82(8)
05 - 511 - 01	120.43(8)	021 - 013 - 013	110.3(2)
O_{3}	79.95 (9)	021 - 013 - 020	110.34(17)
$08 - 511 - 01^{-1}$	76.54 (6)	013 - 013 - 020	108.93(17)
0/-Sr1-06	/4.80 (10)	021 - 012 - 012	109.65 (19)
09—SrI—06	74.45 (8)	013 - 012	107.51 (18)
014-Sr1-06	/0.26 (9)	020 - 013 - 012	109.82 (17)
03—Sr1—06	144.59 (9)	019-014-011	110.03 (17)
05—Sr1—06	97.05 (9)	019-014-09	110.27 (16)
08—Srl—06	141.72 (8)	011—Cl4—O9	107.98 (16)
Ol ⁿ —Srl—O6	65.54 (9)	019—Cl4—Ol6	110.49 (16)
07—Sr1—O4	75.61 (9)	011—Cl4—Ol6	109.26 (16)
O9—Sr1—O4	68.10 (8)	O9—Cl4—O16	108.76 (16)
O14 ⁱ —Sr1—O4	122.46 (9)	Cl2 ^{vii} —O5—Sr1	143.63 (17)
O3—Sr1—O4	66.00 (8)	$Cl4$ — $O11$ — $Sr2^{viii}$	150.58 (17)
O5—Sr1—O4	126.51 (9)	Cl1—O8—Sr1	131.56 (15)
08—Sr1—O4	61.80 (8)	Sr1—O3—Sr2	116.94 (10)
O1 ⁱⁱ —Sr1—O4	130.41 (9)	Sr1—O6—Sr2 ⁱⁱ	110.15 (10)
O6—Sr1—O4	136.33 (8)	Sr2—O1—Sr1 ^v	116.91 (10)
O2—Sr2—O13 ⁱⁱⁱ	148.51 (10)	Sr2—O4—Sr1	108.42 (9)
O2—Sr2—O10	72.37 (9)	Cl4—O9—Sr1	150.23 (16)
O13 ⁱⁱⁱ —Sr2—O10	79.47 (9)	Cl3—O12—Sr2	145.98 (17)
O2—Sr2—O3	68.04 (9)	Cl2—O10—Sr2	143.74 (16)
O13 ⁱⁱⁱ —Sr2—O3	117.46 (9)	Cl3—O13—Sr2 ^{ix}	167.61 (19)
O10—Sr2—O3	120.57 (8)	O15-Cl1-O14	110.68 (16)

O2—Sr2—O1	134.68 (9)	O15—Cl1—O8	110.06 (16)
O13 ⁱⁱⁱ —Sr2—O1	69.76 (10)	O14—Cl1—O8	109.22 (16)
O10—Sr2—O1	113.18 (9)	O15-Cl1-O18	109.78 (16)
O3—Sr2—O1	126.23 (8)	O14—Cl1—O18	108.74 (16)
O2—Sr2—O12	74.83 (10)	O8—C11—O18	108.31 (15)
O13 ⁱⁱⁱ —Sr2—O12	136.56 (10)	O22—Cl2—O5 ^{vi}	109.62 (18)
O10—Sr2—O12	134.83 (9)	O22—Cl2—O10	110.39 (17)
O3—Sr2—O12	72.42 (9)	O5 ^{vi} —Cl2—O10	108.66 (16)
O1—Sr2—O12	71.48 (10)	O22—Cl2—O17	110.36 (16)
$O2$ — $Sr2$ — $O11^{iv}$	128.12 (9)	O5 ^{vi} —Cl2—O17	109.02 (16)
$O13^{iii}$ — $Sr2$ — $O11^{iv}$	73.98 (9)	O10-Cl2-O17	108.75 (15)
O10—Sr2—O11 ^{iv}	150.15 (9)	Cl1—O14—Sr1 ^x	145.97 (17)

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+1/2, *y*-1/2, -*z*+1/2; (ii) *x*-1, *y*, *z*; (iii) -*x*+3/2, *y*+1/2, -*z*+1/2; (iv) *x*+1/2, -*y*+3/2, *z*+1/2; (v) *x*+1, *y*, *z*; (vi) *x*+1/2, -*y*+3/2, *z*-1/2; (vii) *x*-1/2, -*y*+3/2, *z*-1/2; (ix) -*x*+3/2, *y*-1/2, -*z*+1/2; (ix) -*x*+1/2, *y*+1/2, -*z*+1/2.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
01—H1A····O5 ^v	0.84 (1)	2.13 (4)	2.683 (4)	123 (4)
O1—H1 <i>B</i> ···O18 ^v	0.84 (1)	2.07 (2)	2.858 (4)	158 (4)
O2—H2 <i>B</i> ···O16 ^{xi}	0.84 (1)	2.10(1)	2.923 (4)	169 (4)
O2—H2A···O16	0.84(1)	2.17 (2)	2.992 (4)	167 (7)
O3—H3 <i>A</i> ···O18 ⁱ	0.84 (1)	1.96(1)	2.793 (4)	172 (4)
O3—H3 <i>B</i> ···O17 ^{vii}	0.84 (1)	2.06 (2)	2.857 (4)	159 (4)
O4—H4 <i>B</i> ···O21 ^{viii}	0.84 (1)	2.15 (2)	2.953 (4)	161 (5)
O4—H4A···O22 ^{xii}	0.84 (1)	2.42 (2)	3.173 (4)	150 (4)
O6—H6A···O14 ⁱ	0.84 (7)	2.56 (7)	3.069 (4)	121 (5)
O6—H6A···O19 ^{xiii}	0.84 (7)	2.19 (7)	2.964 (4)	155 (6)
O6—H6 <i>B</i> ···O17 ⁱⁱ	0.92 (6)	2.09 (6)	2.920 (4)	150 (5)
O7—H7 <i>A</i> ···O20 ^x	0.84(1)	2.31 (4)	3.044 (4)	146 (7)
O7—H7A····O22 ^{xii}	0.84 (1)	2.44 (7)	2.902 (4)	116 (6)
O7—H7 <i>B</i> ···O17 ⁱⁱ	0.84 (1)	2.48 (5)	2.916 (4)	114 (4)
O7—H7 <i>B</i> ···O20 ^{viii}	0.84 (1)	2.25 (2)	3.071 (4)	167 (5)

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+1/2, *y*-1/2, -*z*+1/2; (ii) *x*-1, *y*, *z*; (v) *x*+1, *y*, *z*; (vii) *x*-1/2, -*y*+3/2, *z*+1/2; (viii) *x*-1/2, -*y*+3/2, *z*-1/2; (x) -*x*+1/2, *y*+1/2, -*z*+1/2; (xi) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*; (xii) -*x*+1, -*y*+2, -*z*; (xiii) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*.

(SrClO4_4H2O_150K) Di-µ-aqua-bis(triaquadiperchloratostrontium)

Crystal data Z = 2 $[Sr(ClO_4)_2(H_2O)_4]$ $M_r = 358.58$ F(000) = 352 $D_{\rm x} = 2.367 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$ Triclinic, P1 Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å a = 7.1571 (6) Å *b* = 7.3942 (6) Å Cell parameters from 16929 reflections $\theta = 2.1 - 29.6^{\circ}$ c = 10.0231 (9) Å $\alpha = 86.674 (7)^{\circ}$ $\mu = 5.94 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ $\beta = 86.291 (7)^{\circ}$ T = 150 K $\gamma = 72.027 \ (6)^{\circ}$ Prism, colourless V = 503.09 (8) Å³ $0.33 \times 0.25 \times 0.16 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

10691 measured reflections 2818 independent reflections 2650 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.065$ $\theta_{max} = 29.6^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.9^{\circ}$ $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $l = -13 \rightarrow 13$
All H-atom parameters refined $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0332P)^2 + 1.7614P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.83$ e Å ⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -1.15$ e Å ⁻³ Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL</i> , Fc*=kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4} Extinction coefficient: 0.034 (2)

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Sr1	0.53930 (4)	0.92911 (3)	0.72424 (2)	0.01180 (9)
C11	0.97143 (9)	1.15488 (9)	0.70369 (6)	0.01360 (14)
C12	0.35731 (9)	0.48563 (9)	0.78026 (6)	0.01327 (14)
011	0.3252 (4)	0.9281 (3)	0.9363 (2)	0.0214 (4)
O9	0.7828 (3)	0.7469 (3)	0.9095 (2)	0.0179 (4)
O12	0.5409 (3)	1.1774 (3)	0.5157 (2)	0.0153 (4)
O10	0.8215 (3)	0.6788 (3)	0.6077 (2)	0.0184 (4)
O4	0.8716 (3)	1.2814 (3)	0.5953 (2)	0.0196 (4)
O8	0.2149 (3)	0.5654 (3)	0.8872 (2)	0.0225 (5)
O6	0.4501 (3)	0.2861 (3)	0.8128 (2)	0.0194 (4)
O5	0.5058 (3)	0.5815 (3)	0.7694 (2)	0.0218 (5)
O2	1.1720 (3)	1.0650 (3)	0.6579 (2)	0.0223 (5)
O3	0.8764 (4)	1.0108 (3)	0.7327 (3)	0.0264 (5)
01	0.9628 (4)	1.2609 (4)	0.8192 (3)	0.0306 (6)
O7	0.2630 (4)	0.5075 (4)	0.6555 (2)	0.0254 (5)
H11A	0.287 (7)	0.835 (5)	0.962 (5)	0.044 (15)*
H11B	0.271 (6)	1.025 (4)	0.981 (4)	0.029 (11)*
H12B	0.637 (4)	1.218 (6)	0.524 (5)	0.031 (12)*
H12A	0.437 (4)	1.267 (4)	0.531 (4)	0.025 (11)*
H10A	0.926 (4)	0.690 (8)	0.570 (5)	0.044 (14)*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

supporting information

H10B	0.841 (9)	0.561 (2)	0.619 (6)	0.065 (19)*
H9B	0.757 (8)	0.662 (6)	0.960 (4)	0.048 (15)*
H9A	0.903 (2)	0.707 (6)	0.888 (5)	0.031 (12)*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Sr1	0.01137 (13)	0.00999 (13)	0.01328 (13)	-0.00231 (8)	-0.00157 (8)	0.00154 (8)
Cl1	0.0113 (3)	0.0126 (3)	0.0167 (3)	-0.0036 (2)	-0.0019 (2)	0.0024 (2)
Cl2	0.0148 (3)	0.0106 (3)	0.0139 (3)	-0.0037 (2)	0.0001 (2)	0.0009 (2)
011	0.0271 (11)	0.0163 (10)	0.0184 (10)	-0.0045 (9)	0.0045 (9)	-0.0003 (8)
09	0.0161 (10)	0.0197 (10)	0.0172 (10)	-0.0057 (8)	0.0004 (8)	0.0057 (8)
O12	0.0142 (9)	0.0156 (9)	0.0162 (9)	-0.0041 (8)	-0.0031 (7)	-0.0010 (7)
O10	0.0151 (10)	0.0141 (9)	0.0240 (11)	-0.0030 (8)	0.0037 (8)	0.0009 (8)
O4	0.0157 (10)	0.0183 (10)	0.0239 (11)	-0.0050 (8)	-0.0053 (8)	0.0099 (8)
08	0.0222 (11)	0.0207 (10)	0.0226 (11)	-0.0050 (9)	0.0071 (9)	-0.0028 (8)
O6	0.0271 (11)	0.0103 (9)	0.0198 (10)	-0.0045 (8)	-0.0020 (8)	0.0015 (7)
O5	0.0196 (10)	0.0149 (10)	0.0326 (12)	-0.0088 (8)	0.0040 (9)	-0.0002 (9)
O2	0.0113 (9)	0.0278 (11)	0.0233 (11)	-0.0001 (8)	-0.0012 (8)	0.0032 (9)
O3	0.0218 (11)	0.0207 (11)	0.0400 (14)	-0.0130 (9)	-0.0091 (10)	0.0148 (10)
01	0.0314 (13)	0.0299 (13)	0.0271 (13)	-0.0009 (10)	-0.0077 (10)	-0.0120 (10)
07	0.0273 (12)	0.0262 (12)	0.0197 (11)	-0.0024 (9)	-0.0098 (9)	0.0013 (9)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Sr1-011	2.540 (2)	Cl1—O3	1.438 (2)
Sr1-010	2.551 (2)	Cl1—O2	1.441 (2)
$Sr1-O2^{i}$	2.623 (2)	Cl1—O4	1.461 (2)
Sr1-09	2.642 (2)	Cl2—O7	1.437 (2)
Sr1-05	2.665 (2)	Cl2—O5	1.444 (2)
Sr1-03	2.669 (2)	Cl2—O6	1.446 (2)
Sr1-012	2.703 (2)	Cl2—O8	1.448 (2)
Sr1—O6 ⁱⁱ	2.706 (2)	O12—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.723 (2)
Sr1—O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.723 (2)	O6—Sr1 ^{iv}	2.706 (2)
Sr1—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	4.5867 (6)	O2—Sr1 ^v	2.623 (2)
Cl1-01	1.423 (2)		
O11—Sr1—O10	134.33 (7)	O9—Sr1—O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	132.16 (7)
$O11$ — $Sr1$ — $O2^i$	72.84 (8)	O5—Sr1—O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	74.43 (7)
$O10$ — $Sr1$ — $O2^{i}$	128.32 (8)	O3—Sr1—O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	116.35 (8)
011—Sr1—O9	74.35 (7)	O12—Sr1—O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	64.57 (7)
O10—Sr1—O9	72.64 (7)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Sr1—O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	127.67 (7)
O2 ⁱ —Sr1—O9	146.33 (7)	O11—Sr1—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	138.29 (6)
011—Sr1—O5	71.31 (7)	O10—Sr1—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	75.06 (5)
O10—Sr1—O5	68.57 (7)	O2 ⁱ —Sr1—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	65.53 (5)
O2 ⁱ —Sr1—O5	91.52 (8)	O9—Sr1—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	146.06 (5)
09—Sr1—05	70.82 (7)	O5—Sr1—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	106.51 (5)
O11—Sr1—O3	120.25 (8)	O3—Sr1—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	96.03 (6)

O10—Sr1—O3	69.06 (8)	O12—Sr1—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	32.42 (4)
O2 ⁱ —Sr1—O3	144.07 (7)	O6 ⁱⁱ —Sr1—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	99.31 (5)
O9—Sr1—O3	62.77 (7)	O12 ⁱⁱⁱ —Sr1—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	32.15 (4)
O5—Sr1—O3	124.01 (7)	O1—C11—O3	110.34 (17)
O11—Sr1—O12	135.63 (7)	O1—C11—O2	111.09 (16)
O10—Sr1—O12	89.75 (7)	O3—Cl1—O2	108.88 (15)
O2 ⁱ —Sr1—O12	74.61 (7)	O1—C11—O4	109.88 (15)
O9—Sr1—O12	137.04 (7)	O3—C11—O4	108.60 (14)
O5—Sr1—O12	138.82 (7)	O2—C11—O4	107.99 (13)
O3—Sr1—O12	74.40 (7)	O7—Cl2—O5	109.56 (15)
O11—Sr1—O6 ⁱⁱ	75.27 (7)	O7—Cl2—O6	110.02 (14)
O10—Sr1—O6 ⁱⁱ	140.31 (7)	O5—Cl2—O6	108.81 (14)
O2 ⁱ —Sr1—O6 ⁱⁱ	80.03 (8)	O7—Cl2—O8	110.49 (15)
O9—Sr1—O6 ⁱⁱ	98.83 (7)	O5—C12—O8	109.30 (14)
O5—Sr1—O6 ⁱⁱ	146.54 (7)	O6—C12—O8	108.63 (14)
O3—Sr1—O6 ⁱⁱ	72.64 (8)	Sr1—O12—Sr1 ⁱⁱⁱ	115.43 (7)
O12—Sr1—O6 ⁱⁱ	70.06 (6)	Cl2—O6—Sr1 ^{iv}	144.85 (13)
O11—Sr1—O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	123.23 (7)	Cl2—O5—Sr1	140.13 (14)
O10-Sr1-O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	64.54 (7)	Cl1—O2—Sr1 ^v	146.10 (14)
$O2^{i}$ —Sr1—O12 ⁱⁱⁱ	64.25 (7)	Cl1—O3—Sr1	144.73 (14)

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*-1, *y*, *z*; (ii) *x*, *y*+1, *z*; (iii) -*x*+1, -*y*+2, -*z*+1; (iv) *x*, *y*-1, *z*; (v) *x*+1, *y*, *z*.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A
) 164 (4)
) 161 (5)
) 165 (6)
) 157 (5)
) 164 (4)
) 143 (5)
) 150 (4)
) 120 (3)
) 164 (5)

Symmetry codes: (ii) *x*, *y*+1, *z*; (iii) -*x*+1, -*y*+2, -*z*+1; (iv) *x*, *y*-1, *z*; (v) *x*+1, *y*, *z*; (vi) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*+2; (vii) -*x*+2, -*y*+2, -*z*+1; (viii) -*x*+1, -*y*+2, -*z*+2.

(SrClO4_9H2O_100K) Heptaaquadiperchloratostrontium dihydrate

Crystal data	
$[Sr(ClO_4)_2(H_2O)_7] \cdot 2H_2O$	$D_x = 2.067 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 448.66$	Mo <i>Ka</i> radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$
Orthorhombic, Cmcm	Cell parameters from 5894 reflections
a = 18.7808 (15) Å	$\theta = 8.3-29.6^{\circ}$
b = 6.860 (3) Å	$\mu = 4.20 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
c = 11.1884 (16) Å	T = 100 K
V = 1441.5 (7) Å ³ Z = 4 F(000) = 904	Prism, colourless $0.2 \times 0.11 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Stoe IPDS 2T diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Detector resolution: 6.67 pixels mm ⁻¹ rotation method scans Absorption correction: integration (Coppens, 1970) $T_{min} = 0.015, T_{max} = 0.085$	6877 measured reflections 1087 independent reflections 993 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.020$ $\theta_{max} = 29.5^{\circ}, \ \theta_{min} = 3.2^{\circ}$ $h = -26 \rightarrow 26$ $k = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$
Refinement	
Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$ $wR(F^2) = 0.134$ S = 1.16 1087 reflections 70 parameters 6 restraints	Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map Only H-atom coordinates refined $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.1P)^2]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 1.27$ e Å ⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -2.25$ e Å ⁻³
Special details	

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Sr1	0.5000	0.05870 (8)	0.2500	0.0096 (2)
Cl1	0.32953 (5)	-0.30996 (15)	0.2500	0.0113 (3)
07	0.34391 (14)	-0.4247 (4)	0.3560 (2)	0.0177 (5)
O4	0.29063 (18)	0.0000	0.5000	0.0203 (7)
H4A	0.263 (2)	0.041 (7)	0.553 (3)	0.024*
O2	0.5000	-0.2257 (5)	0.4061 (3)	0.0156 (7)
H2A	0.5369 (16)	-0.215 (6)	0.448 (4)	0.019*
O1	0.40632 (13)	0.2050 (4)	0.4020 (2)	0.0147 (5)
H1A	0.3693 (15)	0.146 (6)	0.424 (4)	0.018*
H1B	0.392 (2)	0.315 (3)	0.380 (5)	0.018*
O5	0.3748 (2)	-0.1397 (5)	0.2500	0.0211 (8)
O6	0.2561 (2)	-0.2480 (6)	0.2500	0.0209 (8)
O3	0.5000	0.4459 (6)	0.2500	0.0141 (9)
H3A	0.5000	0.519 (9)	0.310 (4)	0.017*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Sr1	0.0111 (3)	0.0142 (3)	0.0035 (3)	0.000	0.000	0.000
Cl1	0.0105 (5)	0.0152 (5)	0.0083 (5)	-0.0003 (3)	0.000	0.000
O7	0.0221 (11)	0.0230 (11)	0.0079 (11)	0.0032 (10)	0.0004 (9)	0.0033 (8)
O4	0.0117 (15)	0.0346 (18)	0.0147 (17)	0.000	0.000	0.0023 (16)

supporting information

O2 O1 O5	0.0144 (14) 0.0143 (10) 0.0208 (17)	0.0219 (15) 0.0202 (10) 0.0181 (16)	0.0106 (16) 0.0095 (10) 0.0243 (19)	0.000 -0.0006 (9) -0.0067 (14)	0.000 0.0009 (8) 0.000	0.0009 (13) -0.0001 (9) 0.000
03	0.0090 (13)	0.0243 (17) 0.0122 (19)	0.029 (2)	0.0032 (12)	0.000	0.000
Geome	etric parameters (Å	,)				
Sr1—0	02	2.619 (4	4) 5	Sr1—05	2.	716 (4)
Sr1—0	D2 ⁱ	2.619 (4	4) 5	Sr1—O5 ⁱⁱ	2.	716 (4)
Sr1—0	D1 ⁱⁱ	2.645 (2	2) (Cl1—O6	1.	443 (4)
Sr1—0	D1 ⁱ	2.645 (2	2) (Cl1—O5	1.	445 (4)
Sr1—0	D1 ⁱⁱⁱ	2.645 (2	2) (Cl1—07	1.	449 (3)
Sr1—0	D1	2.645 (2	2) (Cl1—07 ⁱ	1.	449 (3)
Sr1—0	03	2.656 (5	5)			
02—S	r1—O2 ⁱ	83.68 (1	6) (O2 ⁱ —Sr1—O5	68	3.08 (7)
02—S	r1—O1 ⁱⁱ	81.60 (8	3) (D1 ⁱⁱ —Sr1—O5 139		39.99 (5)
O2 ⁱ —5	Sr1—O1 ⁱⁱ	135.37	(6) ($O1^{i}$ —Sr1—O5	67	7.32 (8)
O2—S	r1—O1 ⁱ	135.37	(6) (O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Sr1—O5	13	39.99 (5)
O2 ⁱ —5	Sr1—O1 ⁱ	81.60 (8	3) (01—Sr1—O5	67	7.33 (8)
O1 ⁱⁱ —	Sr1—O1 ⁱ	135.38	(11) 0	O3—Sr1—O5	12	20.07 (8)
O2—S	r1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	135.37	(6) (O2—Sr1—O5 ⁱⁱ	68	3.08 (7)
O2 ⁱ —5	Sr1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	81.60 (8	3) ($O2^{i}$ —Sr1—O5 ⁱⁱ	68	3.08 (7)
O1 ⁱⁱ —	Sr1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	80.01 (1	1) ($O1^{ii}$ —Sr1—O5 ⁱⁱ		7.32 (8)
01 ⁱ —5	Sr1—O1 ⁱⁱⁱ	83.41 (1	l1) (O1 ⁱ —Sr1—O5 ⁱⁱ	13	39.99 (5)
O2—S	r1—01	81.60 (8	3) (O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —Sr1—O5 ⁱⁱ	67.32 (8)	
O2 ⁱ —5	Sr1—O1	135.37	(6) (O1—Sr1—O5 ⁱⁱ	139.99 (5)	
01 ⁱⁱ —	Sr1—O1	83.41 (1	l1) (O3—Sr1—O5 ⁱⁱ	12	20.07 (8)
01 ⁱ —5	Sr1—O1	80.01 (1	l1) (O5—Sr1—O5 ⁱⁱ	11	9.85 (17)
O1 ⁱⁱⁱ —	Sr1—01	135.38	(11) 0	06—Cl1—O5	10	08.9 (2)
O2—S	r1—O3	138.16	(8) (06—Cl1—O7	10	09.77 (14)
O2 ⁱ —5	Sr1—O3	138.16	(8) (O5—C11—O7 109.23 (14)		09.23 (14)
01 ⁱⁱ —9	Sr1—O3	67.69 (6	5) (06—Cl1—O7 ⁱ	10	09.77 (14)
01 ⁱ —5	Sr1—O3	67.69 (6	5) (05—Cl1—07 ⁱ	10	09.24 (14)
01 ⁱⁱⁱ —	Sr1—O3	67.69 (6	5) (07—Cl1—07 ⁱ	10	09.9 (2)
01—S	r1—O3	67.69 (6	5) (Cl1—O5—Sr1	15	56.2 (2)
O2—S	r1—05	68.08 (7	7)			

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, *y*, *-z*+1/2; (ii) *-x*+1, *y*, *z*; (iii) *-x*+1, *y*, *-z*+1/2.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	D—H···A	
O1—H1 <i>B</i> …O7 ^{iv}	0.84 (1)	2.02 (2)	2.844 (4)	169 (5)	
O1—H1A····O4	0.84(1)	1.98 (1)	2.811 (4)	170 (5)	
O2— $H2A$ ···O1 ^v	0.84 (1)	1.99 (2)	2.780 (4)	156 (5)	
O3—H3 <i>A</i> ···O2 ^{iv}	0.84 (1)	2.05 (3)	2.851 (5)	158 (7)	

			supporting information		
O4— $H4A$ ···O6 ^{vi}	0.84(1)	2.62(3)	3.337 (2)	144 (4)	
	0.84(1)	2.39(3)	3.041 (4)	135 (4)	

Symmetry codes: (iv) x, y+1, z; (v) -x+1, -y, -z+1; (vi) x, -y, -z+1; (vii) -x+1/2, -y-1/2, -z+1.