## Crystal structure of ( $E$ )-hex-2-enoic acid

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The crystal structure of the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}_{2}$, an $\alpha, \beta$ unsaturated carboxylic acid, displays carboxylic acid inversion dimers linked by pairs of $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds. The packing is characterized by layers of acid dimers. All the nonH atoms of the ( $E$ )-hex-2-enoic acid molecule lie almost in the same plane (r.m.s. deviation for the non-H atoms $=0.018 \AA$ ).

Keywords: crystal structure; hydrogen bond; dimer; unsaturated carboxylic acid.

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## 1. Related literature

For the synthesis of unsaturated $\alpha, \beta$-carboxylic acids including the title compound, see: Shabtai et al. (1981); Lee et al. (1990); Zhang et al. (2010). For crystal structure determinations of related unsaturated carboxylic acids, see, for acrylic acid: Higgs et al. (1963); Chatani et al. (1963); Boese et al. (1999); Oswald et al. (2011); see, for crotonic acid: Shimizu et al. (1974). For the structures of co-crystals containing the title compound, see: Aakeröy et al. (2003); Stanton \& Bak (2008).


## 2. Experimental

### 2.1. Crystal data

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}_{2} & c=7.4967(3) \AA \\
M_{r}=114.14 & \alpha=79.477(1)^{\circ} \\
\text { Triclinic, } P \overline{1} & \beta=80.620(1)^{\circ} \\
a=6.8556(3) \AA & \gamma=63.654(1)^{\circ} \\
b=6.9894(3) \AA & V=315.12(2) \AA^{\circ}
\end{array}
$$

$Z=2$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& T=150 \mathrm{~K} \\
& 0.45 \times 0.41 \times 0.31 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

### 2.2. Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2014)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.91, T_{\text {max }}=0.97$

### 2.3. Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.034$
H atoms treated by a mixture of
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.092$
$S=1.09$
1518 reflections
78 parameters

5046 measured reflections 1518 independent reflections 1399 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.013$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \cdots \mathrm{O} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.918(19)$ | $1.721(19)$ | $2.6343(9)$ | $173.3(17)$ |
| Symmetry code: (i) $-x,-y+1,-z+1$ |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2014); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2013); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: SHELXL2014; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL2014.

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7405).

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## supporting information

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## Crystal structure of ( $E$ )-hex-2-enoic acid

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## S1. Synthesis and crystallization

Malonic acid ( $24.8 \mathrm{~g}, 237.8 \mathrm{mmol}, 1 \mathrm{eq}$ ) was dissolved in dry pyridine ( $37.6 \mathrm{~g}, 475.7 \mathrm{mmol}, 2 \mathrm{eq}$ ) at room temperature in a three-necked flask equipped with a magnetic stir bar and a reflux condenser under a mild flow of argon. Butyraldehyde $(17.2 \mathrm{~g}, 237.8 \mathrm{mmol}, 1 \mathrm{eq})$ was then added in one portion and the resulting clear solution was further stirred for 72 h at room temperature under argon. Afterwards, the resulting light yellow to orange solution was brought to an acidic pH value by adding phosphoric acid at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(42.5 \mathrm{wt} .-\%, 582.7 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.45 \mathrm{eq})$. The resulting two layers were extracted three times with 150 ml portions of ethyl acetate and reduced to a volume of ca. 150 ml . To remove impurities from the aldol condensation the raw acid was converted into the corresponding sodium salt by addition of an aqueous solution of sodium carbonate ( $18.9 \mathrm{~g}, 178.4 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.75 \mathrm{eq}$ in 200 ml ). After stirring for 30 minutes the water phase was separated und extracted three times with 150 ml portions of ethyl acetate. The water phase was then acidified with concentrated hydrochloric acid ( $35.2 \mathrm{~g}, 356.7 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$ ), the organic phase was separated and the water phase was again extracted three times with 150 ml portions of ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and evaporated to dryness under diminished pressure. The resulting raw product was further purified by distillation in vacuo yielding the product in purity $>99 \%(\mathrm{GC}) . \mathrm{mp} .32^{\circ} \mathrm{C} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right): \delta=12.13$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}$ ); $7.08\left(\mathrm{dt},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=15.6 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}\right.$ $=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}-) ; 5.82\left(\mathrm{dt},{ }^{3} J=15.6 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{4} J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}\right.$ ); 2.23-2.17(m,2H, $-\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ) ; 1.49 (ps-sext, $J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-$ ); $0.93\left(\mathrm{t},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz} ; 3 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\right.$ ). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (100MHz, $\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta=172.59(\mathrm{CO}) ; 152.33(\mathrm{CH}) ; 120.95(\mathrm{CH})$; $34.40\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 21.25\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 13.72\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) . \mathrm{MS}(\mathrm{EI}, 70 \mathrm{eV}): m / z=114\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 10\right), 99(27), 81(11), 73(70), 71(12), 69(16), 68$ (52), 67 (14), 57 (11), 55 (43), 53 (28), 51 (13), 50 (11), 45 (53), 43 (24), 42 (47), 41 ( 64 ), 40 (24), 39 (100), 38 (20), 29 (44). HRMS (ESI-TOF/MS): calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right)$114.06753, found 114.06768. Elemental analysis for $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}_{2} \%$ (calc.): C 63.13 (63.14); H 8.84 (8.83). Colourless prisms were grown by slow evaporation of an ethanolic solution at -30 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ over one week.

## S2. Refinement

H 1 could be found from the difference Fourier map and was refined freely. All other H atoms were placed in idealized positions with $\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H})=0.95 \AA(\mathrm{CH}), 0.99 \AA\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.98 \AA\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and refined using a riding model with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})$ fixed at $1.2 U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$ for CH and $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ and $1.5 U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$.


Figure 1
Molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at $50 \%$ probability level.


Figure 2
Packing diagram showing $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonding.

## (E)-Hex-2-enoic acid

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
$M_{r}=114.14$
Triclinic, $P \overline{1}$
$a=6.8556$ (3) A
$b=6.9894$ (3) $\AA$
$c=7.4967$ (3) $\AA$
$\alpha=79.477(1)^{\circ}$
$\beta=80.620(1)^{\circ}$
$\gamma=63.654(1)^{\circ}$
$V=315.12(2) \AA^{3}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& Z=2 \\
& F(000)=124 \\
& D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.203 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3} \\
& \text { Mo } K \alpha \text { radiation, } \lambda=0.71073 \AA \\
& \text { Cell parameters from } 3906 \text { reflections } \\
& \theta=2.8-28.9^{\circ} \\
& \mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1} \\
& T=150 \mathrm{~K} \\
& \text { Prism, colourless } \\
& 0.45 \times 0.41 \times 0.31 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Data collection

## Bruker APEXII CCD

diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Detector resolution: 8.3333 pixels $\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2014)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.91, T_{\text {max }}=0.97$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.034$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.092$
$S=1.09$
1518 reflections
78 parameters
0 restraints

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5046 \text { measured reflections } \\
& 1518 \text { independent reflections } \\
& 1399 \text { reflections with } I>2 \sigma(I) \\
& R_{\text {int }}=0.013 \\
& \theta_{\max }=28.0^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=2.8^{\circ} \\
& h=-9 \rightarrow 8 \\
& k=-9 \rightarrow 9 \\
& l=-9 \rightarrow 9
\end{aligned}
$$

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\mathrm{iso}} * / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.25416(11)$ | $0.27334(11)$ | $0.55896(10)$ | $0.03153(19)$ |
| H1 | $0.105(3)$ | $0.340(3)$ | $0.585(2)$ | $0.065(5)^{*}$ |
| O2 | $0.16993(10)$ | $0.55854(11)$ | $0.34602(9)$ | $0.02998(19)$ |
| C1 | $0.30580(14)$ | $0.39036(14)$ | $0.41827(12)$ | $0.0232(2)$ |
| C2 | $0.54014(14)$ | $0.29972(14)$ | $0.35596(12)$ | $0.0245(2)$ |
| H2 | 0.6366 | 0.1656 | 0.4144 | $0.029^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.61808(14)$ | $0.40324(14)$ | $0.21920(12)$ | $0.0246(2)$ |
| H3 | 0.5155 | 0.5375 | 0.1661 | $0.030^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.84965(14)$ | $0.33135(15)$ | $0.13986(12)$ | $0.0261(2)$ |
| H4A | 0.8960 | 0.4454 | 0.1455 | $0.031^{*}$ |
| H4B | 0.8554 | 0.3186 | 0.0095 | $0.031^{*}$ |
| C5 | $1.01424(15)$ | $0.12084(15)$ | $0.22844(13)$ | $0.0286(2)$ |
| H5A | 0.9700 | 0.0049 | 0.2245 | $0.034^{*}$ |
| H5B | 1.0148 | 0.1327 | 0.3579 | $0.034^{*}$ |
| C6 | $1.24357(16)$ | $0.06180(18)$ | $0.13358(15)$ | $0.0354(2)$ |
| H6A | 1.2465 | 0.0372 | 0.0084 | $0.053^{*}$ |
| H6B | 1.3469 | -0.0695 | 0.1996 | $0.053^{*}$ |
| H6C | 1.2850 | 0.1796 | 0.1316 | $0.053^{*}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| O1 | $0.0231(3)$ | $0.0305(4)$ | $0.0339(4)$ | $-0.0104(3)$ | $0.0043(3)$ | $0.0036(3)$ |
| O2 | $0.0214(3)$ | $0.0309(4)$ | $0.0305(4)$ | $-0.0086(3)$ | $0.0022(3)$ | $0.0022(3)$ |
| C1 | $0.0228(4)$ | $0.0254(4)$ | $0.0228(4)$ | $-0.0121(3)$ | $0.0011(3)$ | $-0.0045(3)$ |
| C2 | $0.0201(4)$ | $0.0247(4)$ | $0.0266(4)$ | $-0.0086(3)$ | $0.0007(3)$ | $-0.0033(3)$ |
| C3 | $0.0215(4)$ | $0.0254(4)$ | $0.0252(4)$ | $-0.0091(3)$ | $-0.0004(3)$ | $-0.0032(3)$ |
| C4 | $0.0229(4)$ | $0.0295(4)$ | $0.0253(4)$ | $-0.0128(4)$ | $0.0030(3)$ | $-0.0021(3)$ |
| C5 | $0.0229(4)$ | $0.0294(5)$ | $0.0310(5)$ | $-0.0106(4)$ | $0.0015(3)$ | $-0.0029(4)$ |
| C6 | $0.0222(4)$ | $0.0390(5)$ | $0.0417(6)$ | $-0.0102(4)$ | $0.0029(4)$ | $-0.0102(4)$ |

Geometric parameters $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| O1-C1 | 1.3141 (11) | C4—H4A | 0.9900 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 0.918 (19) | C4—H4B | 0.9900 |
| O2-C1 | 1.2259 (11) | C5-C6 | 1.5214 (13) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 1.4699 (12) | C5-H5A | 0.9900 |
| C2-C3 | 1.3243 (13) | C5—H5B | 0.9900 |
| C2-H2 | 0.9500 | C6-H6A | 0.9800 |
| C3-C4 | 1.4900 (12) | C6-H6B | 0.9800 |
| C3-H3 | 0.9500 | C6-H6C | 0.9800 |
| C4-C5 | 1.5142 (13) |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 107.1 (11) | C5-C4-H4B | 108.2 |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 1$ | 122.73 (8) | H4A-C4-H4B | 107.3 |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 123.58 (8) | C4-C5-C6 | 111.81 (8) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 113.69 (8) | C4-C5-H5A | 109.3 |
| C3-C2-C1 | 120.65 (8) | C6-C5-H5A | 109.3 |
| C3-C2-H2 | 119.7 | C4-C5-H5B | 109.3 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 119.7 | C6-C5-H5B | 109.3 |
| C2-C3-C4 | 126.86 (8) | H5A-C5-H5B | 107.9 |
| C2-C3-H3 | 116.6 | C5-C6-H6A | 109.5 |
| C4-C3-H3 | 116.6 | C5-C6-H6B | 109.5 |
| C3-C4-C5 | 116.56 (7) | H6A-C6-H6B | 109.5 |
| C3-C4-H4A | 108.2 | C5-C6-H6C | 109.5 |
| C5-C4-H4A | 108.2 | H6A-C6-H6C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~B}$ | 108.2 | H6B-C6-H6C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 2.65 (14) | C2-C3-C4-C5 | -1.89 (14) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | -177.75 (8) | C3-C4-C5-C6 | 178.77 (8) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | -179.32 (8) |  |  |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \cdots \mathrm{O} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.918(19)$ | $1.721(19)$ | $2.6343(9)$ | $173.3(17)$ |

## supporting information

Symmetry code: (i) $-x,-y+1,-z+1$.

