## Crystal structure of (E)-pent-2-enoic acid

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The molecule of the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{2}$, a low-melting $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated carboxylic acid, is essentially planar [maximum displacement $=0.0239(13) \AA$ ]. In the crystal, molecules are linked into centrosymmetric dimers via pairs of $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

Keywords: crystal structure; hydrogen bond; dimer; unsaturated carboxylic acid.

CCDC reference: 1058870

## 1. Related literature

For the synthesis of unsaturated carboxylic acids including the title compound, see: Shabtai et al. (1981); Gastaminza et al. (1984); Outurquin \& Paulmier (1989). For crystal structure determinations of acrylic acid, see: Higgs \& Sass (1963); Chatani et al. (1963); Boese et al. (1999); Oswald \& Urquhart (2011). For the structure of crotonic acid, see: Shimizu et al. (1974). For the structure of related hexenoic acid cocrystals, see: Aakeröy et al. (2003); Stanton \& Bak (2008).


## 2. Experimental

### 2.1. Crystal data

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{2} & \alpha=67.743(2)^{\circ} \\
M_{r}=100.11 & \beta=75.518(2)^{\circ} \\
\text { Triclinic, } P \overline{1} & \gamma=64.401(2)^{\circ} \\
a=6.7336(13) \AA & V=274.29(9) \AA \AA^{3} \\
b=6.7821(13) \AA & Z=2 \\
c=7.2349(14) \AA & \text { Mo } K \alpha \text { radiation }
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mu & =0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1} \\
T & =150 \mathrm{~K}
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
0.51 \times 0.35 \times 0.27 \mathrm{~mm}
$$

### 2.2. Data collection

| Bruker APEXII CCD | 7544 measured reflections |
| :--- | :--- |
| diffractometer | 1323 independent reflections |
| Absorption correction: multi-scan | 1122 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ |
| $(S A D A B S ;$ Bruker, 2014) | $R_{\text {int }}=0.026$ |

### 2.3. Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.037$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.113$
$S=1.10$
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
1323 reflections
69 parameters
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.36 \mathrm{e}^{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\min }=-0.19$ e $^{\AA^{-3}}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$.

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :--- | :---: |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \cdots \mathrm{O}^{2}{ }^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.95(2)$ | $1.69(2)$ | $2.6322(13)$ | $173.3(19)$ |
| Symmetry code: $(\mathrm{i})-x+1,-y+2,-z+1$. |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2014); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2013); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: SHELXL2014; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL2014.

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: RZ5155).

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## supporting information

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## S1. Synthesis and crystallization

Malonic acid ( $24.8 \mathrm{~g}, 237.8 \mathrm{mmol}$, 1 eq ) was dissolved in dry pyridine ( $37.6 \mathrm{~g}, 475.7 \mathrm{mmol}, 2 \mathrm{eq}$ ) at room temperature in a three-necked flask equipped with a magnetic stir bar and a reflux condenser under a mild flow of argon. Propanal (13.8 $\mathrm{g}, 240.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 1 \mathrm{eq}$ ) was then added in one portion and the resulting clear solution further stirred for 72 h at room temperature under argon. Afterwards, the resulting light yellow to orange solution was brought to an acidic pH value by adding phosphoric acid at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(42.5 \mathrm{wt}-\%, 582.7 \mathrm{mmol}, 2.45 \mathrm{eq})$. The resulting two layers were extracted three times with 150 mL portions of ethyl acetate and reduced to a volume of ca. 150 mL . To remove impurities from aldol condensation the raw acid was converted into the corresponding sodium salt by addition of an aqueous solution of sodium carbonate ( $18.9 \mathrm{~g}, 178.4 \mathrm{mmol}, 0.75 \mathrm{eq}$ in 200 mL ). After stirring for 30 minutes the water phase was separated und extracted three times with 150 mL portions of ethyl acetate. The water phase was then acidified with concentrated hydrochloric acid ( $35.2 \mathrm{~g}, 356.7 \mathrm{mmol}, 1.5 \mathrm{eq}$ ), the organic phase was separated and the water phase was again extracted three times with 150 mL portions of ethyl acetate. The combined organic phases were dried over $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and evaporated to dryness under diminished pressure. The resulting raw product was further purified by distillation in vacuo yielding the product in purity $>99 \%$ (GC). M. p. $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C} .{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta=12.35$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}$ ); 7.14 (dt, ${ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}=15.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}-\right) ; 5.82\left(\mathrm{dt},{ }^{3} J=15.6 \mathrm{~Hz},{ }^{4} J=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}-\right) ; 2.30-2.21\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\right) ; 1.08\left(\mathrm{t},{ }^{3} J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}\right.$, $\left.-\mathrm{CH}_{3}-\right) .{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $100 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ): $\delta=172.69(\mathrm{CO}) ; 153.77(\mathrm{CH}) ; 119.76(\mathrm{CH}) ; 25.54\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ; 21.10\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. MS (EI, 70 $\mathrm{eV}): m / z=100\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}, 50\right), 83(13), 82(23), 81(10), 58(11), 57(17), 56(23), 55(100), 54(43), 53(35), 52(12), 51(25)$, 50 (28), 45 (77), 41 (36), 40 (13), 39 (99), 38 (25), 37 (11), 29 (61). HRMS (ESI-TOF/MS): calculated for $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{2}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right)$ 99.04515, found 99.04529. Elemental analysis for $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{2} \%$ (calc.): C 59.99 (59.98); H 8.05 (8.05). Suitable single crystals were grown by slow evaporation of an ethanolic solution at $-30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ over one week.

## S2. Refinement

The carboxylic H atom could be found in a difference Fourier map and was refined freely. All other H atoms were placed in idealized positions with $\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H})=0.95 \AA(\mathrm{CH}), 0.99 \AA\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.98 \AA\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$ and refined using a riding model with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})$ fixed at $1.2 U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$ for CH and $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ and $1.5 U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{C})$ for $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$. A rotating model was used for the methyl group.


Figure 1
The molecular structure of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids drawn at $50 \%$ probability level.


Figure 2
ORTEP representation of a dimer formed by intermolecular $\mathrm{O}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

## (E)-Pent-2-enoic acid

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{2}$
$M_{r}=100.11$
Triclinic, $P \overline{1}$
$a=6.7336(13) \AA$
$b=6.7821$ (13) $\AA$
$c=7.2349(14) \AA$
$\alpha=67.743(2)^{\circ}$
$\beta=75.518(2)^{\circ}$
$\gamma=64.401(2)^{\circ}$
$V=274.29(9) \AA^{3}$

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Detector resolution: 8.3333 pixels $\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$ $\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2014)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.81, T_{\text {max }}=0.97$
$Z=2$
$F(000)=108$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.212 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 4399 reflections
$\theta=3.1-28.7^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=150 \mathrm{~K}$
Prism, colourless
$0.51 \times 0.35 \times 0.27 \mathrm{~mm}$

7544 measured reflections
1323 independent reflections
1122 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.026$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=28.0^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=3.1^{\circ}$
$h=-8 \rightarrow 8$
$k=-8 \rightarrow 8$
$l=-9 \rightarrow 9$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.037$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.113$
$S=1.10$
1323 reflections
69 parameters
0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: mixed
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}\right)+(0.0562 P)^{2}+0.0602 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.36$ e $\AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.19 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C1 | $0.36613(18)$ | $0.77456(19)$ | $0.59878(16)$ | $0.0284(3)$ |
| C2 | $0.25933(18)$ | $0.6065(2)$ | $0.66526(16)$ | $0.0295(3)$ |
| H2 | 0.1507 | 0.6289 | 0.5893 | $0.035^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.31028(18)$ | $0.4243(2)$ | $0.82842(16)$ | $0.0290(3)$ |
| H3 | 0.4190 | 0.4066 | 0.9018 | $0.035^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.2111(2)$ | $0.2446(2)$ | $0.90640(17)$ | $0.0323(3)$ |
| H4A | 0.1414 | 0.2401 | 1.0450 | $0.039^{*}$ |
| H4B | 0.3320 | 0.0930 | 0.9135 | $0.039^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.0389(2)$ | $0.2791(2)$ | $0.78294(19)$ | $0.0372(3)$ |
| H5A | -0.0864 | 0.4244 | 0.7812 | $0.056^{*}$ |
| H5B | -0.0133 | 0.1517 | 0.8430 | $0.056^{*}$ |
| H5C | 0.1055 | 0.2834 | 0.6452 | $0.056^{*}$ |
| O1 | $0.30172(15)$ | $0.93766(15)$ | $0.42861(12)$ | $0.0357(3)$ |
| O2 | $0.50223(14)$ | $0.76619(15)$ | $0.69113(12)$ | $0.0361(3)$ |
| H1 | $0.376(3)$ | $1.039(4)$ | $0.395(3)$ | $0.071(6)^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C1 | $0.0277(5)$ | $0.0275(6)$ | $0.0251(5)$ | $-0.0060(4)$ | $-0.0070(4)$ | $-0.0056(4)$ |
| C2 | $0.0270(5)$ | $0.0326(6)$ | $0.0272(5)$ | $-0.0093(5)$ | $-0.0077(4)$ | $-0.0066(4)$ |
| C3 | $0.0265(5)$ | $0.0325(6)$ | $0.0257(5)$ | $-0.0086(4)$ | $-0.0067(4)$ | $-0.0071(4)$ |
| C4 | $0.0321(6)$ | $0.0332(6)$ | $0.0267(5)$ | $-0.0121(5)$ | $-0.0087(4)$ | $-0.0010(4)$ |
| C5 | $0.0378(6)$ | $0.0382(7)$ | $0.0355(6)$ | $-0.0177(5)$ | $-0.0135(5)$ | $-0.0013(5)$ |
| O1 | $0.0406(5)$ | $0.0339(5)$ | $0.0295(4)$ | $-0.0147(4)$ | $-0.0153(3)$ | $0.0015(3)$ |
| O2 | $0.0402(5)$ | $0.0345(5)$ | $0.0332(5)$ | $-0.0155(4)$ | $-0.0166(4)$ | $-0.0005(3)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | $1.2337(14)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $1.5239(16)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 1$ | $1.3223(13)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9900 |


| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.4723(16)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~B}$ | 0.9900 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.3301(16)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 0.9500 | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{~B}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $1.4981(16)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{C}$ | 0.9800 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 0.9500 | $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | $0.95(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{O} 1$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $122.75(11)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 108.4 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $123.99(10)$ | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~B}$ | 108.4 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $113.26(10)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~B}$ | 108.4 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | $122.03(10)$ | $\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~B}$ | 107.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 119.0 | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $125.63(10)$ | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 117.2 | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 55 \mathrm{~B}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 117.2 | $\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $115.33(10)$ | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{H} 5 \mathrm{C}$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A} 1$ | 109.5 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 108.4 | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $108.7(12)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ |  | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-179.72(10)$ |
|  |  |  | $0.45(18)$ |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 \cdots \mathrm{O} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.95(2)$ | $1.69(2)$ | $2.6322(13)$ | $173.3(19)$ |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1,-y+2,-z+1$.

