# data reports





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Crystal structure of 2-methyl-N-[(4methylpyridin-2-yl)carbamothioyl]benzamide

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In the title compound,  $C_{15}H_{15}N_3OS$ , there is an intramolecular N-H···O hydrogen bond and an intramolecular C-H···S hydrogen bond involving the C=O and C=S bonds which lie on opposite sides of the molecule. The molecule is non-planar with the benzene and pyridine rings being inclined to one another by 26.86  $(9)^{\circ}$ . In the crystal, molecules are linked by pairs of  $N-H \cdot \cdot \cdot S$  hydrogen bonds, forming inversion dimers with an  $R_2^2(8)$  ring motif. The dimers are linked via C-H···S hydrogen bonds, forming slabs parallel to the bc plane.

Keywords: crystal structure; carbonyl thiourea; benzamide group; ortho position.

CCDC reference: 974439

### 1. Related literature

For the crystal structures of related compounds, see: Adam et al. (2014, 2015).



## 2. Experimental

#### 2.1. Crystal data

C <sub>15</sub> H <sub>15</sub> N <sub>3</sub> OS	V = 1422.39 (7) Å <sup>3</sup>
$M_r = 285.36$	Z = 4
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
a = 11.7131 (3) Å	$\mu = 0.23 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
b = 6.2423 (2) Å	$T = 100 { m K}$
c = 19.5376 (5) Å	$0.54 \times 0.28 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$
$\beta = 95.312 \ (2)^{\circ}$	

#### 2.2. Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)  $T_{\min} = 0.865, \ T_{\max} = 0.960$ 

2.3. Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$  $wR(F^2) = 0.093$ S = 1.053780 reflections 191 parameters

15037 measured reflections 3780 independent reflections 3112 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\rm int} = 0.031$ 

H atoms treated by a mixture of
independent and constrained
refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.23 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Table 1			
Hydrogen-bond	geometry	(Å,	°).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$\begin{array}{l} N2 - H1N2 \cdots O1 \\ C10 - H10A \cdots S1 \\ N1 - H1N1 \cdots S1^{i} \\ C15 - H15B \cdots S1^{ii} \end{array}$	0.905 (17) 0.95 0.891 (18) 0.98	1.863 (18) 2.54 2.536 (18) 2.85	2.6370 (16) 3.2084 (14) 3.4046 (11) 3.8248 (16)	142.2 (15) 127 165.1 (16) 175

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z; (ii) -x + 1,  $y - \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $-z - \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS2013 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL2014 and PLATON (Spek, 2009).

### Acknowledgements

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU5119).

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# Crystal structure of 2-methyl-*N*-[(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)carbamothioyl]benzamide

# Nadiah Ameram, Farook Adam, Nur Nadia Fatihah and Salih Al-Juaid

## S1. Structural commentary

The title compound shows the bond lengths and angles which are generally normal in *N*-alkyl-*N*'-benzoylthiourea compounds. The bond length of the carbonyl [C8—O1 = 1.229 (15) Å] group of the compound have typical double-bond character, as shown in two closely related compounds, *viz*. 4-methyl-*N*-[(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)carbamothioyl]benzamide (Adam *et al.*, 2015) and 4-methyl-*N*-[2-(pyridin-2-yl)ethylcarbamothioyl]benzamide (Adam *et al.*, 2014). However, the thiocarbonylgroup [C9—S1 = 1.6755 (13) Å] is longer than the typical C=S of 1.660 (2) Å. The C—N bond lengths are all shorter than the average single C—N bond length of 1.472 (5) Å, being C8—N1 = 1.3930 (16) Å, C9—N1 = 1.3915 (16) Å, C10—N3 = 1.3411 (16) Å and C10—N2 = 1.4157 (16) Å, thus showing varying degrees of single-bond character. There are two intramolecular hydrogen bonds, *viz*. C11—H11–S1 and N2—H2–O1, which have lengths of 3.2051 (13) and 2.6372 (14) Å, respectively (Table 1). The bond character of the structure is presumed to be the result of the intramolecular hydrogen bonding that `locks' the molecule into a pseudo-planar six-membered ring structure, similar to structure of the 4-methyl derivative mentioned above (Adam *et al.*, 2015). These results are in agreement with the expected delocalisation in the compound and confirmed by bond angles C9—N2—C10 = 132.02 (11)° and C9—N1—C8 = 128.54 (10)°, indicating *sp*<sup>2</sup> hybridization of atoms N1 and N2.

In the crystal, molecules are linked by a pair of N—H···S hydrogen bonds forming inversion dimers with an  $R_2^2(8)$  ring motif (Table 1 and Fig. 2). This situation is similar to that in the 4-methyl derivative mentioned above (Adam *et al.*, 2015). The dimers are linked *via* C—H···S hydrogen bonds forming slabs parallel to the *bc* plane.

## S2. Synthesis and crystallization

*o*-Benzoyl chloride (13 mmol) was added dropwise to a stirred acetone solution (30 ml) of ammonium thiocyanate (13 mmol). The mixture was stirred for 10 min. A solution of 2-amino-4-picoline in acetone was added and the reaction mixture was refluxed for 3 h, after which the solution was poured into a beaker containing some ice cubes. The resulting precipitate was collected by titration, washed several times with a cold ethanol/water mixture and purified by recrystallization from an ethanol solution (m.p. 437.9–438.8 K). FT–IR (KBr, cm<sup>-1</sup>) analysis shows the following vibrational frequencies for N—H, C=O, C—N and C=S at 3237, 1683, 1329 and 1157, respectively. <sup>1</sup>H NMR results show chemical shifts at 9.545 and 13.501 p.p.m. for the two N—H protons.

## S3. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. The N—H H atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and freely refined. The C-bound H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å and with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$  for methyl H atoms and  $1.2U_{eq}(C)$  for other H atoms.



Figure 1

A view of the molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom labellling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.



Figure 2

A view along the *b* axis of the crystal packing of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details).

2-Methyl-N-[(4-methylpyridin-2-yl)carbamothioyl]benzamide

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{15}N_3OS$	F(000) = 600
$M_r = 285.36$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.333 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo <i>K</i> $\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 11.7131 (3) Å	Cell parameters from 5643 reflections
b = 6.2423 (2) Å	$\theta = 2.9 - 30.0^{\circ}$
c = 19.5376 (5) Å	$\mu = 0.23 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 95.312(2)^{\circ}$	T = 100  K
V = 1422.39 (7) Å <sup>3</sup>	Block, colourless
Z = 4	$0.54 \times 0.28 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Bruker SMART APEXII CCD area-detector	15037 measured reflections
diffractometer	3780 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	3112 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.031$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\rm max} = 29.0^\circ,  \theta_{\rm min} = 1.8^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -15 \rightarrow 15$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)	$k = -8 \longrightarrow 8$
$T_{\min} = 0.865, T_{\max} = 0.960$	$l = -26 \rightarrow 26$

### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Hydrogen site location: mixed
Least-squares matrix: full	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.093$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0369P)^2 + 0.6623P]$
<i>S</i> = 1.05	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3780 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
191 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.32 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.23 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
S1	0.47895 (3)	0.33500 (6)	-0.09032 (2)	0.01997 (10)	
O1	0.13144 (8)	0.65482 (17)	-0.07451 (5)	0.0234 (2)	
N1	0.32328 (9)	0.59313 (19)	-0.04676 (5)	0.0176 (2)	
N2	0.25172 (9)	0.3533 (2)	-0.12933 (6)	0.0193 (2)	
N3	0.12736 (10)	0.1758 (2)	-0.20438 (6)	0.0239 (3)	
C1	0.13792 (11)	0.8962 (2)	0.05748 (6)	0.0195 (3)	
C2	0.14708 (12)	1.0676 (2)	0.10348 (7)	0.0233 (3)	
H2A	0.0875	1.0906	0.1325	0.028*	
C3	0.24044 (13)	1.2056 (2)	0.10816 (7)	0.0260 (3)	
H3A	0.2440	1.3210	0.1400	0.031*	
C4	0.32857 (13)	1.1749 (2)	0.06622 (7)	0.0248 (3)	
H4A	0.3930	1.2679	0.0695	0.030*	
C5	0.32134 (11)	1.0070 (2)	0.01962 (7)	0.0216 (3)	
H5A	0.3811	0.9859	-0.0094	0.026*	
C6	0.22749 (11)	0.8685 (2)	0.01472 (6)	0.0179 (3)	
C7	0.22010 (11)	0.6972 (2)	-0.03910 (6)	0.0179 (3)	
C8	0.34405 (10)	0.4251 (2)	-0.09059 (6)	0.0171 (3)	
C9	0.23574 (11)	0.1778 (2)	-0.17521 (6)	0.0190 (3)	
C10	0.31741 (11)	0.0251 (2)	-0.18797 (7)	0.0205 (3)	
H10A	0.3934	0.0348	-0.1665	0.025*	
C11	0.28585 (12)	-0.1427 (2)	-0.23287 (7)	0.0218 (3)	
C12	0.17278 (13)	-0.1482 (3)	-0.26237 (7)	0.0266 (3)	
H12A	0.1474	-0.2611	-0.2926	0.032*	
C13	0.09824 (12)	0.0126 (3)	-0.24707 (7)	0.0290 (3)	
H13A	0.0218	0.0073	-0.2680	0.035*	
C14	0.03709 (12)	0.7467 (3)	0.05661 (7)	0.0247 (3)	
H14A	-0.0059	0.7766	0.0962	0.037*	
H14B	0.0644	0.5983	0.0589	0.037*	
H14C	-0.0129	0.7678	0.0141	0.037*	
C15	0.37213 (13)	-0.3085 (3)	-0.24966 (8)	0.0282 (3)	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

0.4294	-0.3266	-0.2103	0.042*
0.4101	-0.2618	-0.2897	0.042*
0.3331	-0.4452	-0.2599	0.042*
0.3827 (15)	0.625 (3)	-0.0167 (9)	0.035 (5)*
0.1874 (14)	0.430 (3)	-0.1245 (8)	0.029 (4)*
	0.4294 0.4101 0.3331 0.3827 (15) 0.1874 (14)	0.4294-0.32660.4101-0.26180.3331-0.44520.3827 (15)0.625 (3)0.1874 (14)0.430 (3)	0.4294-0.3266-0.21030.4101-0.2618-0.28970.3331-0.4452-0.25990.3827 (15)0.625 (3)-0.0167 (9)0.1874 (14)0.430 (3)-0.1245 (8)

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
<b>S</b> 1	0.01482 (15)	0.0247 (2)	0.02041 (15)	-0.00071 (13)	0.00180 (11)	-0.00555 (13)
01	0.0187 (4)	0.0267 (6)	0.0242 (5)	0.0014 (4)	-0.0009(4)	-0.0061 (4)
N1	0.0162 (5)	0.0173 (6)	0.0190 (5)	-0.0010 (4)	0.0000 (4)	-0.0034 (4)
N2	0.0157 (5)	0.0211 (6)	0.0209 (5)	0.0004 (5)	0.0007 (4)	-0.0050 (5)
N3	0.0199 (5)	0.0290 (7)	0.0225 (5)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0001 (4)	-0.0070 (5)
C1	0.0210 (6)	0.0193 (7)	0.0178 (6)	0.0018 (5)	-0.0001(5)	0.0028 (5)
C2	0.0296 (7)	0.0214 (7)	0.0190 (6)	0.0051 (6)	0.0034 (5)	0.0002 (6)
C3	0.0394 (8)	0.0160 (7)	0.0220 (6)	0.0017 (6)	-0.0008 (6)	-0.0020 (5)
C4	0.0304 (7)	0.0160 (7)	0.0275 (7)	-0.0041 (6)	0.0002 (5)	0.0007 (6)
C5	0.0246 (6)	0.0163 (7)	0.0243 (6)	-0.0007 (5)	0.0034 (5)	0.0012 (5)
C6	0.0204 (6)	0.0148 (6)	0.0184 (5)	0.0014 (5)	0.0004 (4)	0.0015 (5)
C7	0.0189 (6)	0.0161 (7)	0.0189 (5)	-0.0004 (5)	0.0035 (4)	0.0016 (5)
C8	0.0179 (6)	0.0173 (7)	0.0165 (5)	-0.0017 (5)	0.0026 (4)	-0.0001 (5)
C9	0.0199 (6)	0.0200 (7)	0.0173 (5)	-0.0045 (5)	0.0026 (4)	-0.0027 (5)
C10	0.0205 (6)	0.0203 (7)	0.0209 (6)	-0.0010 (5)	0.0027 (5)	-0.0024 (5)
C11	0.0292 (7)	0.0200 (7)	0.0172 (6)	-0.0037 (6)	0.0072 (5)	0.0002 (5)
C12	0.0325 (7)	0.0265 (8)	0.0211 (6)	-0.0078 (6)	0.0036 (5)	-0.0077 (6)
C13	0.0242 (7)	0.0363 (9)	0.0259 (7)	-0.0075 (7)	-0.0008(5)	-0.0098 (7)
C14	0.0231 (6)	0.0287 (8)	0.0229 (6)	-0.0014 (6)	0.0051 (5)	-0.0014 (6)
C15	0.0384 (8)	0.0214 (8)	0.0261 (7)	0.0016 (6)	0.0090 (6)	-0.0033 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

S1—C8	1.6768 (13)	C4—H4A	0.9500
O1—C7	1.2223 (15)	C5—C6	1.3949 (19)
N1-C8	1.3898 (17)	С5—Н5А	0.9500
N1—C7	1.3924 (16)	C6—C7	1.4964 (18)
N1—H1N1	0.891 (18)	C9—C10	1.3895 (19)
N2—C8	1.3386 (16)	C10-C11	1.3940 (19)
N2—C9	1.4166 (17)	C10—H10A	0.9500
N2—H1N2	0.903 (17)	C11—C12	1.3949 (19)
N3—C13	1.3406 (19)	C11—C15	1.504 (2)
N3—C9	1.3426 (16)	C12—C13	1.381 (2)
C1—C2	1.395 (2)	C12—H12A	0.9500
C1—C6	1.4110 (18)	C13—H13A	0.9500
C1—C14	1.5041 (19)	C14—H14A	0.9800
C2—C3	1.389 (2)	C14—H14B	0.9800
C2—H2A	0.9500	C14—H14C	0.9800
C3—C4	1.389 (2)	C15—H15A	0.9800

C3 H3A	0.9500	C15 H15B	0.9800
$C_{4}$	1 386 (2)	C15 H15C	0.9800
C4—C3	1.380 (2)		0.9800
C9 N1 C7	120 42 (11)	NO C9 S1	126.06 (11)
$C_{0}$ NI UINI	126.43(11) 112.8(12)	N2 - C0 - S1	120.90(11)
C8—NI—HINI	115.8 (12)	$NI = C\delta = SI$	118.02 (9)
C/—NI—HINI	117.3 (12)	N3-C9-C10	123.84 (12)
C8—N2—C9	132.00 (12)	N3—C9—N2	109.89 (12)
C8—N2—H1N2	113.7 (11)	C10—C9—N2	126.25 (12)
C9—N2—H1N2	114.3 (11)	C9—C10—C11	118.80 (12)
C13—N3—C9	116.57 (13)	C9—C10—H10A	120.6
C2—C1—C6	117.29 (13)	C11—C10—H10A	120.6
C2-C1-C14	119.77 (12)	C10-C11-C12	117.68 (13)
C6—C1—C14	122.91 (12)	C10-C11-C15	120.66 (13)
C3—C2—C1	122.11 (13)	C12—C11—C15	121.65 (13)
C3—C2—H2A	118.9	C13—C12—C11	119.21 (13)
C1—C2—H2A	118.9	C13—C12—H12A	120.4
C2—C3—C4	119.94 (13)	C11—C12—H12A	120.4
$C_2 = C_3 = H_3 A$	120.0	$N_{3}$ $C_{13}$ $C_{12}$	123.87(13)
$C_4 - C_3 - H_3 \Delta$	120.0	N3C13H13A	118.1
$C_{5} = C_{4} = C_{3}$	110.22 (13)	$C_{12}$ $C_{13}$ $H_{13A}$	118.1
$C_{5} = C_{4} = C_{5}$	119.22 (15)	C1 = C14 = H144	100.5
$C_{3}$ $C_{4}$ $H_{4A}$	120.4	CI = CI4 = HI4A	109.5
$C_3 - C_4 - H_4 A$	120.4		109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.92 (13)	HI4A—CI4—HI4B	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	119.5	C1—C14—H14C	109.5
С6—С5—Н5А	119.5	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C6—C1	120.51 (12)	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	119.01 (12)	C11—C15—H15A	109.5
C1—C6—C7	120.39 (12)	C11—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C7—N1	122.59 (12)	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C7—C6	122.90 (12)	C11—C15—H15C	109.5
N1—C7—C6	114.49 (11)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
N2—C8—N1	115.02 (11)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C6-C1-C2-C3	-0.6(2)	C9—N2—C8—N1	-174.26(13)
$C_{14} - C_{1} - C_{2} - C_{3}$	177.60(13)	C9-N2-C8-S1	62(2)
C1 - C2 - C3 - C4	-0.1(2)	$C_{7}$ N1 $C_{8}$ N2	-12(2)
$C_1 = C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	0.1(2)	C7 N1 C8 S1	1.2(2) 178 38(11)
$C_2 - C_3 - C_4 - C_5$	0.0(2)	$C_{12} = N_{12} = C_{0} = C_{10}$	170.30(11)
$C_{3} - C_{4} - C_{5} - C_{6}$	-0.4(2)	C13 - N3 - C9 - C10	1.3(2)
C4 - C5 - C6 - C1	-0.3(2)	C13 - N3 - C9 - N2	-1/7.29(12)
C4—C5—C6—C7	1/6.50 (12)	C8—N2—C9—N3	-177.61 (14)
C2-C1-C6-C5	0.77 (19)	C8—N2—C9—C10	3.9 (2)
C14—C1—C6—C5	-177.37 (12)	N3—C9—C10—C11	-0.9(2)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-175.96 (12)	N2-C9-C10-C11	177.46 (13)
C14—C1—C6—C7	5.90 (19)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.4 (2)
C8—N1—C7—O1	-3.2 (2)	C9—C10—C11—C15	178.39 (13)
C8—N1—C7—C6	178.21 (12)	C10-C11-C12-C13	1.1 (2)
C5—C6—C7—O1	-136.49 (14)	C15—C11—C12—C13	-177.63 (14)
C1—C6—C7—O1	40.29 (19)	C9—N3—C13—C12	-0.5 (2)

C5—C6—C7—N1 C1—C6—C7—N1	42.05 (17) -141.17 (12)	C11—C12—C13—N3	-0.7 (2)

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N2—H1N2…O1	0.905 (17)	1.863 (18)	2.6370 (16)	142.2 (15)
C10—H10A···S1	0.95	2.54	3.2084 (14)	127
$N1$ — $H1N1$ ···· $S1^{i}$	0.891 (18)	2.536 (18)	3.4046 (11)	165.1 (16)
C15—H15 <i>B</i> ····S1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.98	2.85	3.8248 (16)	175

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*; (ii) -*x*+1, *y*-1/2, -*z*-1/2.