

Crystal structure of (*E*)-1-{[(3,5-di-methylphenyl)imino]methyl}naphthalen-2-ol

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The title compound, $C_{19}H_{17}NO$, has an *E* conformation about the N=C bond. The molecule is relatively planar, with the benzene ring and naphthalene ring plane being inclined to one another by $4.28(10)^\circ$. There is an intramolecular O–H···N hydrogen bond generating an *S*(6) ring motif. In the crystal, molecules are linked via C–H···O hydrogen bonds, forming chains propagating along [100]. Within the chains there are π – π interactions involving the benzene ring and the naphthalene ring system of an adjacent molecule [inter-centroid distance = $3.6405(14)$ Å].

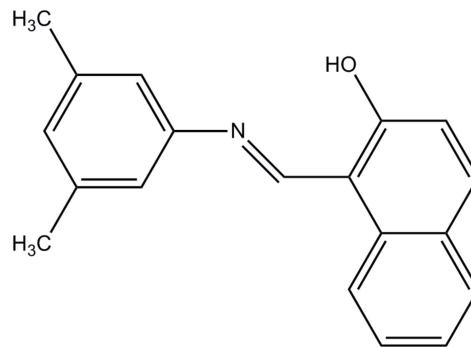
Keywords: crystal structure; Schiff base; naphthalen-2-ol; imino; hydrogen bonding.

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1. Related literature

For the diverse applications and biological activities of Schiff bases, see: Schiff (1864); Dutta & Das (1988); Chandra & Sangeetika (2004); Cozzi (2004). For the biological activity and optical properties of Schiff bases derived from 2-hydroxynaphthaldehyde, see: Abdel-Rahman *et al.* (2013a,b, 2014); Abu-Dief *et al.* (2013).

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2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

$C_{19}H_{17}NO$	$V = 1475.08(8)$ Å ³
$M_r = 275.33$	$Z = 4$
Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$	Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 6.2463(2)$ Å	$\mu = 0.60$ mm ⁻¹
$b = 10.2438(3)$ Å	$T = 293$ K
$c = 23.0533(8)$ Å	$0.73 \times 0.12 \times 0.09$ mm

2.2. Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur (Ruby, Gemini) diffractometer
Absorption correction: analytical (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)
 $T_{\min} = 0.915$, $T_{\max} = 0.94$

8103 measured reflections
2834 independent reflections
1422 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$

2.3. Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.121$
 $S = 1.09$
1649 reflections

193 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.14$ e Å⁻³

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D–H···A	D–H	H···A	D···A	D–H···A
O1–H1···N1	0.82	1.78	2.523 (3)	149
C13–H13···O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.62	3.492 (3)	156

Symmetry code: (i) $x + \frac{1}{2}$, $-y + \frac{3}{2}$, $-z$.

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); cell refinement: *CrysAlis CCD*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2010); program(s) used to solve structure: *SIR2011* (Burla *et al.*, 2015); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL2014* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

Acknowledgements

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU5133).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2015). E71, o496–o497 [doi:10.1107/S2056989015011548]

Crystal structure of (*E*)-1-{[(3,5-dimethylphenyl)imino]methyl}naphthalen-2-ol

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S1. Structural commentary

Schiff bases, known as anils, imines or azomethines, have recently received considerable attention due to their good performance in coordination chemistry, unique anti-bacterial, anti-cancer, and herbicidal applications (Schiff, 1864; Abdel-Rahman *et al.*, 2013a,b,2014; Dutta & Das,1988). Studies showed that the presence of a lone pair of electrons in an sp^2 hybridized orbital of the nitrogen atom of the azomethine group is of considerable chemical and biological importance (Chandra & Sangeetika, 2004; Cozzi, 2004). In continuation of our interest in the chemical, herbicidal and biological properties of Schiff bases we synthesized the title compound as a potential anti-bacterial agent.

The title compound, has an *E* conformation about the N1=C11 bond, as illustrated in Fig. 1. The molecule is relatively planar with the benzene ring (C12—C17) and the naphthalene plane (C1—C10) being inclined to one another by 4.31 (10) °. There is an intramolecular O—H···N hydrogen bond generating an S(6) ring motif (Table 1 and Fig. 1).

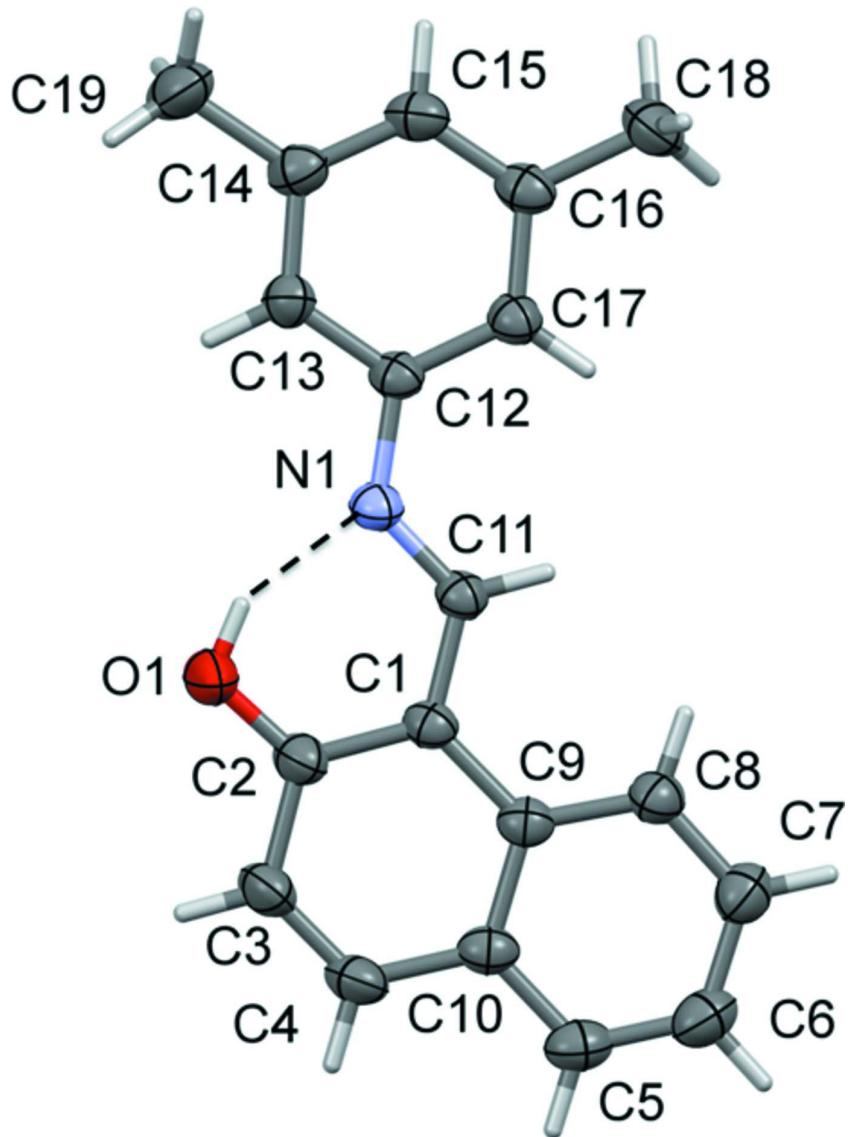
In the crystal, molecules are linked via C—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) forming chains propagating along [100], as shown in Fig. 2. Within the chains there are π – π interactions involving the naphthalene ring system and the benzene ring of an adjacent molecule [$Cg_1 \cdots Cg_3^i = 3.6405 (14)$ Å; Cg_1 and Cg_3 are the centroids of rings C1—C4/C9/C10 and C12—C17; symmetry code: (i) $x - 1, y, z$].

S2. Synthesis and crystallization

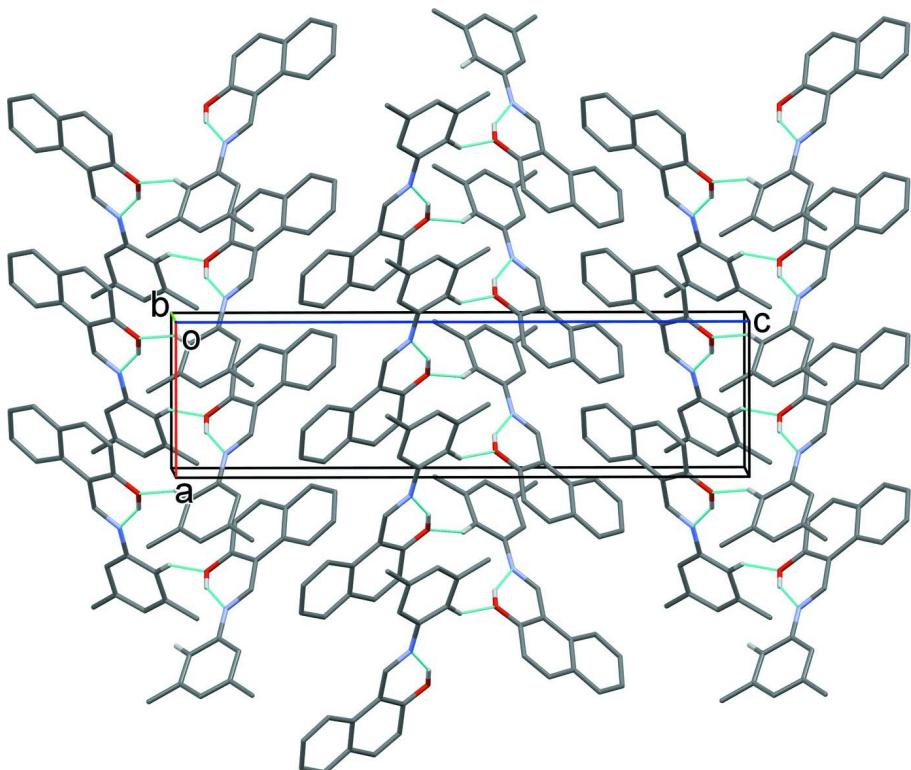
The title compound was prepared by treating 3,5-dimethylaniline (0.38 ml, 3 mmol) in 30 ml of dry ethanol with 2-hydroxynaphthaldehyde (0.52 g, 3 mmol) with vigorous stirring at 343 K for 2 h. The reaction mixture was then left to stand at room temperature for 30 min. The yellow crystals were collected and washed several times in ethanol.

S3. Refinement details

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. All the H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model: O—H = 0.82 Å, C—H = 0.93 – 9.96 Å with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(O,C)$ for hydroxyl and methyl H atoms and $1.2U_{eq}(C)$ for other H atoms. In the final cycles of refinement, in the absence of significant anomalous scattering effects, 1185 Friedel pairs were merged and $\Delta f'$ set to zero.

**Figure 1**

A view of the molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. The intramolecular O—H···N hydrogen bond is shown as a dashed line (see Table 1 for details).

**Figure 2**

A view along the *b* axis of the crystal packing of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details). H atoms not involved in these interactions have been omitted for clarity.

(E)-1-{[(3,5-Dimethylphenyl)imino]methyl}naphthalen-2-ol

Crystal data

C₁₉H₁₇NO
*M*_r = 275.33
 Orthorhombic, *P*2₁2₁2₁
a = 6.2463 (2) Å
b = 10.2438 (3) Å
c = 23.0533 (8) Å
 V = 1475.08 (8) Å³
Z = 4
 $F(000)$ = 584

D_x = 1.240 Mg m⁻³
 Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, λ = 1.54184 Å
 Cell parameters from 2417 reflections
 θ = 3.8–69.9°
 μ = 0.60 mm⁻¹
 T = 293 K
 Prism, colourless
 0.73 × 0.12 × 0.09 mm

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur (Ruby, Gemini) diffractometer
 Radiation source: Enhance (Cu) X-ray Source
 Graphite monochromator
 Detector resolution: 10.2673 pixels mm⁻¹
 ω scans
 Absorption correction: analytical
 (*CrysAlis PRO*; Oxford Diffraction, 2010)
 T_{\min} = 0.915, T_{\max} = 0.94

8103 measured reflections
 2834 independent reflections
 1422 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 R_{int} = 0.032
 θ_{\max} = 70.4°, θ_{\min} = 3.8°
 h = -7→6
 k = -12→12
 l = -27→28

*Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.121$$

$$S = 1.09$$

1649 reflections

193 parameters

0 restraints

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0778P)^2 + 0.0057P]$$

$$\text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.17 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.14 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
O1	0.6500 (4)	0.7247 (2)	0.05918 (10)	0.0874 (7)
H1	0.7473	0.6710	0.0584	0.131*
N1	0.8802 (3)	0.53539 (18)	0.09101 (9)	0.0551 (5)
C1	0.5709 (3)	0.6003 (2)	0.14386 (10)	0.0511 (5)
C2	0.5267 (4)	0.7006 (2)	0.10264 (13)	0.0641 (7)
C3	0.3348 (5)	0.7757 (2)	0.10869 (14)	0.0740 (8)
H3	0.3038	0.8404	0.0817	0.089*
C4	0.1983 (4)	0.7542 (3)	0.15291 (13)	0.0703 (7)
H4	0.0740	0.8040	0.1554	0.084*
C5	0.0928 (5)	0.6360 (3)	0.24126 (13)	0.0712 (7)
H5	-0.0293	0.6877	0.2437	0.085*
C6	0.1263 (5)	0.5409 (3)	0.28162 (13)	0.0794 (8)
H6	0.0271	0.5275	0.3111	0.095*
C7	0.3088 (5)	0.4643 (3)	0.27857 (12)	0.0728 (7)
H7	0.3322	0.3997	0.3062	0.087*
C8	0.4552 (4)	0.4833 (3)	0.23502 (11)	0.0614 (6)
H8	0.5772	0.4314	0.2338	0.074*
C9	0.4256 (4)	0.5796 (2)	0.19192 (10)	0.0524 (5)
C10	0.2386 (4)	0.6573 (2)	0.19625 (11)	0.0577 (6)
C11	0.7513 (4)	0.5198 (2)	0.13492 (10)	0.0508 (5)
H11	0.7791	0.4533	0.1613	0.061*
C12	1.0636 (4)	0.4608 (2)	0.07758 (10)	0.0516 (5)
C13	1.1710 (4)	0.4957 (2)	0.02723 (11)	0.0590 (6)
H13	1.1194	0.5640	0.0046	0.071*
C14	1.3542 (4)	0.4297 (2)	0.01026 (12)	0.0639 (6)
C15	1.4288 (4)	0.3287 (2)	0.04512 (12)	0.0644 (7)
H15	1.5511	0.2834	0.0340	0.077*
C16	1.3257 (4)	0.2940 (2)	0.09578 (12)	0.0599 (6)
C17	1.1405 (4)	0.3596 (2)	0.11176 (11)	0.0562 (6)
H17	1.0680	0.3359	0.1454	0.067*

C18	1.4130 (5)	0.1868 (3)	0.13355 (14)	0.0790 (8)
H18A	1.5003	0.1295	0.1106	0.119*
H18B	1.2965	0.1383	0.1501	0.119*
H18C	1.4979	0.2241	0.1640	0.119*
C19	1.4706 (6)	0.4694 (3)	-0.04430 (15)	0.0950 (11)
H19A	1.4351	0.5581	-0.0538	0.142*
H19B	1.4286	0.4132	-0.0756	0.142*
H19C	1.6222	0.4622	-0.0382	0.142*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
O1	0.0695 (12)	0.0857 (13)	0.1071 (15)	0.0178 (11)	0.0232 (13)	0.0409 (12)
N1	0.0420 (9)	0.0567 (9)	0.0667 (11)	0.0027 (9)	0.0022 (10)	0.0052 (8)
C1	0.0410 (10)	0.0505 (10)	0.0618 (13)	-0.0015 (9)	-0.0034 (11)	-0.0022 (9)
C2	0.0518 (13)	0.0585 (12)	0.0819 (17)	0.0050 (12)	0.0038 (14)	0.0120 (12)
C3	0.0656 (15)	0.0588 (13)	0.098 (2)	0.0161 (14)	0.0032 (18)	0.0149 (13)
C4	0.0542 (13)	0.0616 (13)	0.095 (2)	0.0151 (12)	0.0018 (15)	-0.0004 (13)
C5	0.0516 (13)	0.0851 (17)	0.0770 (17)	0.0037 (13)	0.0034 (14)	-0.0138 (14)
C6	0.0640 (16)	0.106 (2)	0.0685 (17)	-0.0055 (18)	0.0119 (15)	-0.0069 (16)
C7	0.0659 (16)	0.0889 (18)	0.0638 (15)	-0.0074 (16)	0.0016 (14)	0.0051 (13)
C8	0.0529 (13)	0.0698 (13)	0.0616 (14)	0.0036 (12)	-0.0019 (12)	0.0015 (11)
C9	0.0438 (11)	0.0546 (11)	0.0587 (13)	-0.0040 (10)	-0.0046 (11)	-0.0066 (10)
C10	0.0457 (11)	0.0606 (12)	0.0668 (15)	0.0009 (11)	-0.0022 (12)	-0.0110 (11)
C11	0.0428 (10)	0.0513 (10)	0.0583 (13)	-0.0011 (9)	-0.0034 (10)	0.0025 (10)
C12	0.0405 (10)	0.0494 (10)	0.0648 (14)	-0.0027 (10)	-0.0009 (10)	-0.0009 (9)
C13	0.0590 (14)	0.0536 (10)	0.0645 (13)	0.0000 (11)	0.0065 (13)	0.0035 (10)
C14	0.0592 (14)	0.0570 (12)	0.0757 (16)	-0.0041 (12)	0.0136 (14)	-0.0058 (11)
C15	0.0512 (13)	0.0542 (11)	0.0877 (18)	0.0019 (11)	0.0070 (14)	-0.0090 (12)
C16	0.0475 (12)	0.0523 (11)	0.0801 (16)	-0.0003 (11)	-0.0040 (14)	-0.0031 (11)
C17	0.0474 (11)	0.0554 (11)	0.0658 (14)	-0.0006 (11)	-0.0007 (12)	0.0042 (10)
C18	0.0670 (16)	0.0714 (15)	0.099 (2)	0.0149 (14)	-0.0076 (17)	0.0115 (14)
C19	0.096 (2)	0.0869 (18)	0.102 (2)	0.0041 (19)	0.046 (2)	0.0044 (17)

Geometric parameters (\AA , ^\circ)

O1—C2	1.287 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
O1—H1	0.8200	C9—C10	1.417 (3)
N1—C11	1.304 (3)	C11—H11	0.9300
N1—C12	1.411 (3)	C12—C13	1.387 (3)
C1—C11	1.411 (3)	C12—C17	1.388 (3)
C1—C2	1.427 (3)	C13—C14	1.385 (3)
C1—C9	1.448 (3)	C13—H13	0.9300
C2—C3	1.431 (4)	C14—C15	1.391 (4)
C3—C4	1.347 (4)	C14—C19	1.509 (4)
C3—H3	0.9300	C15—C16	1.380 (4)
C4—C10	1.431 (4)	C15—H15	0.9300
C4—H4	0.9300	C16—C17	1.388 (3)

C5—C6	1.363 (4)	C16—C18	1.504 (3)
C5—C10	1.398 (4)	C17—H17	0.9300
C5—H5	0.9300	C18—H18A	0.9600
C6—C7	1.386 (4)	C18—H18B	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300	C18—H18C	0.9600
C7—C8	1.372 (4)	C19—H19A	0.9600
C7—H7	0.9300	C19—H19B	0.9600
C8—C9	1.412 (3)	C19—H19C	0.9600
C2—O1—H1	109.5	N1—C11—H11	118.8
C11—N1—C12	127.3 (2)	C1—C11—H11	118.8
C11—C1—C2	118.6 (2)	C13—C12—C17	120.0 (2)
C11—C1—C9	121.8 (2)	C13—C12—N1	115.9 (2)
C2—C1—C9	119.6 (2)	C17—C12—N1	124.1 (2)
O1—C2—C1	122.7 (2)	C14—C13—C12	120.7 (2)
O1—C2—C3	118.3 (2)	C14—C13—H13	119.7
C1—C2—C3	119.0 (2)	C12—C13—H13	119.7
C4—C3—C2	121.1 (2)	C13—C14—C15	118.5 (2)
C4—C3—H3	119.5	C13—C14—C19	120.1 (3)
C2—C3—H3	119.5	C15—C14—C19	121.4 (2)
C3—C4—C10	122.0 (2)	C16—C15—C14	121.6 (2)
C3—C4—H4	119.0	C16—C15—H15	119.2
C10—C4—H4	119.0	C14—C15—H15	119.2
C6—C5—C10	121.2 (3)	C15—C16—C17	119.2 (2)
C6—C5—H5	119.4	C15—C16—C18	120.6 (2)
C10—C5—H5	119.4	C17—C16—C18	120.2 (3)
C5—C6—C7	119.8 (3)	C16—C17—C12	120.0 (2)
C5—C6—H6	120.1	C16—C17—H17	120.0
C7—C6—H6	120.1	C12—C17—H17	120.0
C8—C7—C6	120.3 (3)	C16—C18—H18A	109.5
C8—C7—H7	119.8	C16—C18—H18B	109.5
C6—C7—H7	119.8	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5
C7—C8—C9	121.8 (2)	C16—C18—H18C	109.5
C7—C8—H8	119.1	H18A—C18—H18C	109.5
C9—C8—H8	119.1	H18B—C18—H18C	109.5
C8—C9—C10	116.8 (2)	C14—C19—H19A	109.5
C8—C9—C1	124.0 (2)	C14—C19—H19B	109.5
C10—C9—C1	119.2 (2)	H19A—C19—H19B	109.5
C5—C10—C9	120.1 (2)	C14—C19—H19C	109.5
C5—C10—C4	120.8 (2)	H19A—C19—H19C	109.5
C9—C10—C4	119.1 (2)	H19B—C19—H19C	109.5
N1—C11—C1	122.4 (2)	 	
C11—C1—C2—O1	-3.3 (4)	C1—C9—C10—C4	0.0 (3)
C9—C1—C2—O1	179.5 (2)	C3—C4—C10—C5	-179.2 (3)
C11—C1—C2—C3	174.9 (2)	C3—C4—C10—C9	-1.3 (4)
C9—C1—C2—C3	-2.2 (4)	C12—N1—C11—C1	-179.6 (2)
O1—C2—C3—C4	179.3 (3)	C2—C1—C11—N1	1.2 (3)

C1—C2—C3—C4	1.0 (4)	C9—C1—C11—N1	178.2 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C10	0.8 (4)	C11—N1—C12—C13	178.5 (2)
C10—C5—C6—C7	0.6 (4)	C11—N1—C12—C17	-2.8 (4)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.3 (4)	C17—C12—C13—C14	0.6 (4)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-0.5 (4)	N1—C12—C13—C14	179.4 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.9 (4)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-0.6 (4)
C7—C8—C9—C1	-177.6 (2)	C12—C13—C14—C19	-179.4 (3)
C11—C1—C9—C8	3.1 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C16	-0.4 (4)
C2—C1—C9—C8	-179.8 (2)	C19—C14—C15—C16	178.4 (3)
C11—C1—C9—C10	-175.3 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C17	1.4 (4)
C2—C1—C9—C10	1.7 (3)	C14—C15—C16—C18	-178.3 (3)
C6—C5—C10—C9	-0.1 (4)	C15—C16—C17—C12	-1.4 (3)
C6—C5—C10—C4	177.8 (3)	C18—C16—C17—C12	178.3 (2)
C8—C9—C10—C5	-0.6 (3)	C13—C12—C17—C16	0.4 (3)
C1—C9—C10—C5	177.9 (2)	N1—C12—C17—C16	-178.3 (2)
C8—C9—C10—C4	-178.5 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
O1—H1···N1	0.82	1.78	2.523 (3)	149
C13—H13···O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.62	3.492 (3)	156

Symmetry code: (i) $x+1/2, -y+3/2, -z$.