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Crystal structure of 1'-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-1,4-dihydrospiro[benzo[d][1,3]oxazine-2,3'-indolin]-2'-one

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In the title compound, $C_{18}H_{14}N_2O_2$, the six-membered oxazine ring adopts a half-chair conformation and its mean plane makes a dihedral angle of 83.23 (7)° with the pyrrolidine ring of the indoline ring system. In the crystal, molecules are linked *via* N-H···O hydrogen bonds, forming chains along [100]. The chains are linked by C-H··· π interactions, forming slabs parallel to (001).

Keywords: crystal structure; spiro compounds; spirooxazines; oxazine; indoline; N—H···O hydrogen bonding.

CCDC reference: 1408024

1. Related literature

For the biological activity of spiro compounds, see: James *et al.* (1991); Kobayashi *et al.* (1991). For the use of 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reactions in the construction of spiro compounds, see: Caramella & Grunanger (1984). For applications of spirooxazine derivatives, see: Chibisov & Görner (1999). For the synthetic method, see: Kamalraja *et al.* (2014).



 $\gamma = 74.125 \ (3)^{\circ}$

Z = 2

V = 703.17 (6) Å³

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

 $0.21 \times 0.19 \times 0.18 \ \mathrm{mm}$

16184 measured reflections

3231 independent reflections

2350 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-3}$

T = 293 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.031$

2. Experimental

2.1. Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{18}H_{14}N_2O_2\\ M_r = 290.31\\ \text{Triclinic, }P\overline{1}\\ a = 5.5571 \ (3) \ \mathring{A}\\ b = 8.5404 \ (4) \ \mathring{A}\\ c = 15.4542 \ (9) \ \mathring{A}\\ \alpha = 85.884 \ (3)^\circ\\ \beta = 86.814 \ (3)^\circ\end{array}$

2.2. Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD

diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2008) $T_{\min} = 0.981, T_{\max} = 0.984$

2.3. Refinement

$$\begin{split} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] &= 0.041 & 199 \text{ parameters} \\ wR(F^2) &= 0.106 & H\text{-atom parameters constrained} \\ S &= 1.06 & \Delta\rho_{max} &= 0.15 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \\ 3231 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{min} &= -0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \end{split}$$

 Table 1

 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg3 and Cg4 are the centroids of rings C1-C6 and C9-C14, respectively.

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D{\cdots}A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N1 - H1 \cdots O2^{i}$	0.86	2.13	2.9641 (16)	164
$C4 - H4 \cdots Cg4^{ii}$	0.93	2.90	3.6572 (19)	140
$C8-H8A\cdots Cg4^{iii}$	0.97	2.86	3.6636 (17)	141
$C16-H16B\cdots Cg3^{iv}$	0.97	2.79	3.5341 (18)	134

Symmetry codes: (i) x + 1, y, z; (ii) x + 1, y - 1, z; (iii) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1; (iv) x - 1, y, z.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2008); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2008); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve

structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *PLATON*.

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Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU5155).

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Crystal structure of 1'-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-1,4-dihydrospiro[benzo[d] [1,3]oxazine-2,3'-indolin]-2'-one

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S1. Synthesis and crystallization

A mixture of N-propargylisatin (1.0 mmol), and 2-aminobenzylalcohol (1.0 mmol) was refluxed in ethanol, in the presence of $InCl_3$ (10 mol%), for 2 h. After the reaction was complete as indicated by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature. The solid that formed was filtered, dried and recrystallized in ethanol or dichloromethane to obtain in good yield (89%) of the pure title product as block-like colourless crystals.

S2. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. The N- and C-bound H atoms were positioned geometrically (N—H = 0.86 Å, C–H = 0.93–0.97 Å) and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(N,C)$.

S3. Structural commentary

Spiro compounds represent an important class of naturally occurring substances, which in many cases exhibit useful biological properties (Kobayashi *et al.*, 1991; James *et al.*, 1991). 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition reactions are widely used for construction of spiro-compounds (Caramella & Grunanger, 1984). It has also been reported that spiro-oxazine derivatives have real or potential applications in many fields such as protection, decoration, display, memory, switches, photography, photometry and photomechanics (Chibisov & Görner, 1999). Efforts have been made to design this industrially and biologically active hetrocyclic compounds by making or breaking carbon-carbon (C—C) and carbon-hetero atom (C—X) (Kamalraja *et al.*, 2014). This InCl₃-mediated compound have been synthesized as a part of the effort carried to develop eco-friendly potential compound by new synthetic method.

The molecular structure of the title compound is illustrated in Fig 1. The oxazine ring (O1/N1/C7/C8/C9/C14) adopts a half chair confirmation, and its mean plane makes a dihedral angle of 83.23 (7) ° with the pyrrolidine ring (O1/N1/C8/C9/C14) of the indolinone ring system. The indole ring system is essentially planar, with atoms C16 and O2 deviating from its mean plane by -0.0130 and 0.0273 Å, respectively. The dihedral angle between the benzene ring (C1—C6) of the indoline ring system and the benzene ring (C9—C14) of the mean plane of the 2,4-dihydro-1*H*-benzo[*d*][1,3] oxazine ring system is 76.94 (8) °.

In the crystal, molecules are linked *via* N—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) forming chains along [100], as shown in Fig 2. The chains are linked by C—H··· π interactions forming slabs parallel to (001); see Table 1.



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, with atom labelling. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.



Figure 2

The crystal packing of the title compound, viewed along the c axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines (see Table 1 for details).

1'-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-1,4-dihydrospiro[benzo[d][1,3]oxazine-2,3'-indolin]-2'-one

Crystal data

C₁₈H₁₄N₂O₂ $M_r = 290.31$ Triclinic, *P*1 Hall symbol: -P 1 a = 5.5571 (3) Å b = 8.5404 (4) Å c = 15.4542 (9) Å a = 85.884 (3)° $\beta = 86.814$ (3)° $\gamma = 74.125$ (3)° V = 703.17 (6) Å³

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator ω and φ scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 2008) $T_{\min} = 0.981, T_{\max} = 0.984$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.041$ $wR(F^2) = 0.106$ S = 1.063231 reflections 199 parameters 0 restraints Z = 2 F(000) = 304 $D_x = 1.371 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 2350 reflections $\theta = 2.5-27.6^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.09 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 293 KBlock, colourless $0.21 \times 0.19 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$

16184 measured reflections 3231 independent reflections 2350 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.031$ $\theta_{max} = 27.6^\circ, \theta_{min} = 2.5^\circ$ $h = -7 \rightarrow 7$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -20 \rightarrow 20$

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0405P)^{2} + 0.1883P] \qquad \Delta \rho_{max} = 0.15 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3 \qquad \Delta \rho_{min} = -0.21 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $(\Delta / \sigma)_{max} < 0.001$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
01	0.44655 (19)	0.31187 (12)	0.35868 (6)	0.0365 (3)	
N1	0.6584 (2)	0.48707 (15)	0.28492 (8)	0.0383 (3)	
H1	0.7953	0.4869	0.2560	0.046*	
O2	0.14706 (18)	0.52580 (13)	0.21423 (7)	0.0413 (3)	
N2	0.3795 (2)	0.29626 (15)	0.15105 (8)	0.0352 (3)	
C6	0.7141 (3)	0.21178 (17)	0.23854 (9)	0.0322 (3)	
C9	0.3552 (3)	0.59601 (17)	0.39673 (9)	0.0321 (3)	
C14	0.5492 (2)	0.61191 (17)	0.33911 (9)	0.0299 (3)	
C7	0.5434 (2)	0.35940 (17)	0.27729 (9)	0.0296 (3)	
C13	0.6337 (3)	0.75102 (18)	0.33677 (10)	0.0379 (3)	
H13	0.7673	0.7600	0.2996	0.045*	
C15	0.3291 (2)	0.40839 (17)	0.21203 (9)	0.0306 (3)	
C8	0.2756 (3)	0.44185 (18)	0.40275 (10)	0.0369 (3)	
H8A	0.2598	0.4071	0.4635	0.044*	
H8B	0.1120	0.4635	0.3782	0.044*	
C10	0.2424 (3)	0.7231 (2)	0.44848 (10)	0.0428 (4)	
H10	0.1106	0.7142	0.4865	0.051*	
C1	0.6078 (3)	0.17761 (17)	0.16557 (9)	0.0329 (3)	
C12	0.5198 (3)	0.87512 (19)	0.38939 (11)	0.0453 (4)	
H12	0.5767	0.9681	0.3877	0.054*	
C17	0.3297 (3)	0.31873 (19)	-0.00454 (11)	0.0432 (4)	
C16	0.2147 (3)	0.2998 (2)	0.08103 (10)	0.0442 (4)	
H16A	0.0651	0.3894	0.0879	0.053*	
H16B	0.1641	0.1994	0.0851	0.053*	
C5	0.9381 (3)	0.11227 (19)	0.26579 (10)	0.0420 (4)	
H5	1.0113	0.1349	0.3144	0.050*	
C11	0.3219 (3)	0.8629 (2)	0.44470 (11)	0.0481 (4)	
H11	0.2425	0.9483	0.4792	0.058*	
C3	0.9441 (3)	-0.05574 (19)	0.14768 (12)	0.0501 (4)	
H3	1.0233	-0.1477	0.1177	0.060*	
C2	0.7189 (3)	0.04466 (19)	0.11901 (11)	0.0438 (4)	
H2	0.6462	0.0227	0.0701	0.053*	

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C4	1.0533 (3)	-0.0227 (2)	0.21942 (12)	0.0496 (4)
H4	1.2056	-0.0915	0.2369	0.060*
C18	0.4183 (4)	0.3288 (2)	-0.07400 (13)	0.0641 (5)
H18	0.4891	0.3368	-0.1295	0.077*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0434 (6)	0.0375 (5)	0.0296 (5)	-0.0140 (5)	0.0021 (4)	0.0025 (4)
N1	0.0319 (6)	0.0435 (7)	0.0449 (7)	-0.0192 (6)	0.0108 (5)	-0.0129 (6)
O2	0.0295 (5)	0.0451 (6)	0.0435 (6)	0.0000 (5)	-0.0013 (4)	-0.0031 (5)
N2	0.0304 (6)	0.0400 (7)	0.0345 (7)	-0.0064 (5)	-0.0075 (5)	-0.0056 (5)
C6	0.0310 (7)	0.0313 (7)	0.0336 (7)	-0.0080 (6)	-0.0025 (6)	0.0011 (6)
C9	0.0294 (7)	0.0403 (8)	0.0267 (7)	-0.0093 (6)	-0.0037 (6)	-0.0011 (6)
C14	0.0263 (7)	0.0343 (7)	0.0294 (7)	-0.0078 (6)	-0.0055 (5)	-0.0013 (6)
C7	0.0286 (7)	0.0343 (7)	0.0270 (7)	-0.0106 (6)	-0.0007 (5)	-0.0003 (6)
C13	0.0370 (8)	0.0390 (8)	0.0406 (8)	-0.0154 (7)	-0.0039 (6)	-0.0001 (7)
C15	0.0260 (7)	0.0342 (7)	0.0321 (7)	-0.0102 (6)	0.0018 (6)	0.0012 (6)
C8	0.0350 (8)	0.0468 (9)	0.0310 (7)	-0.0155 (7)	0.0041 (6)	-0.0023 (6)
C10	0.0388 (9)	0.0531 (9)	0.0352 (8)	-0.0096 (7)	0.0022 (7)	-0.0084 (7)
C1	0.0317 (7)	0.0305 (7)	0.0365 (8)	-0.0085 (6)	-0.0032 (6)	0.0002 (6)
C12	0.0525 (10)	0.0362 (8)	0.0502 (10)	-0.0149 (7)	-0.0113 (8)	-0.0037 (7)
C17	0.0513 (10)	0.0395 (8)	0.0392 (9)	-0.0107 (7)	-0.0122 (7)	-0.0028 (7)
C16	0.0373 (8)	0.0585 (10)	0.0390 (9)	-0.0140 (7)	-0.0111 (7)	-0.0057 (7)
C5	0.0376 (8)	0.0429 (9)	0.0426 (9)	-0.0054 (7)	-0.0098 (7)	0.0008 (7)
C11	0.0531 (10)	0.0440 (9)	0.0449 (9)	-0.0060 (8)	-0.0048 (8)	-0.0142 (7)
C3	0.0519 (10)	0.0332 (8)	0.0597 (11)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0001 (8)	-0.0083 (8)
C2	0.0480 (9)	0.0363 (8)	0.0469 (9)	-0.0084 (7)	-0.0061 (7)	-0.0087 (7)
C4	0.0412 (9)	0.0395 (9)	0.0596 (11)	0.0032 (7)	-0.0066 (8)	0.0013 (8)
C18	0.0887 (15)	0.0581 (12)	0.0450 (11)	-0.0205 (11)	-0.0025 (10)	0.0033 (9)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C7	1.4168 (16)	С9—С8	1.495 (2)
O1—C8	1.4347 (17)	C14—C13	1.390 (2)
N1-C14	1.3872 (17)	C7—C15	1.5525 (19)
N1—C7	1.4212 (17)	C13—C12	1.373 (2)
O2—C15	1.2150 (16)	C10—C11	1.378 (2)
N2-C15	1.3554 (18)	C1—C2	1.368 (2)
N2C1	1.4078 (18)	C12—C11	1.377 (2)
N2-C16	1.4497 (18)	C17—C18	1.163 (2)
C6—C5	1.370 (2)	C17—C16	1.454 (2)
C6—C1	1.3861 (19)	C5—C4	1.384 (2)
С6—С7	1.4964 (19)	C3—C4	1.375 (2)
C9—C10	1.381 (2)	C3—C2	1.385 (2)
C9—C14	1.3888 (19)		
C7—O1—C8	114.81 (10)	C6—C7—C15	101.78 (11)

C14—N1—C7	119.77 (11)	C12—C13—C14	119.93 (15)
C15—N2—C1	111.34 (11)	O2—C15—N2	125.26 (13)
C15—N2—C16	123.33 (12)	O2—C15—C7	126.81 (13)
C1—N2—C16	125.32 (12)	N2—C15—C7	107.93 (11)
C5—C6—C1	120.23 (13)	O1—C8—C9	113.31 (11)
C5—C6—C7	130.43 (13)	C11—C10—C9	121.15 (15)
C1—C6—C7	109.30 (12)	C2—C1—C6	121.96 (14)
C10—C9—C14	118.87 (14)	C2—C1—N2	128.46 (13)
С10—С9—С8	121.35 (13)	C6-C1-N2	109.58 (12)
C14—C9—C8	119.77 (12)	C13—C12—C11	120.49 (15)
N1-C14-C9	119.32 (12)	C18—C17—C16	177.26 (18)
N1—C14—C13	120.65 (13)	N2—C16—C17	113.13 (13)
C9-C14-C13	120.03 (13)	C6—C5—C4	118.59 (15)
01—C7—N1	111.37 (11)	C12-C11-C10	119.46 (15)
01	108.82 (11)	C4—C3—C2	121.54 (15)
N1-C7-C6	113.52 (11)	C1-C2-C3	117.24 (15)
01-C7-C15	108.92 (10)	C_{3} C_{4} C_{5}	120.44(15)
N1 - C7 - C15	111.96 (11)		120.11 (15)
	111.90 (11)		
C7—N1—C14—C9	11.5(2)	N1—C7—C15—N2	124.05 (12)
C7-N1-C14-C13	-16920(13)	C6-C7-C15-N2	2 48 (14)
C10-C9-C14-N1	-177.99(13)	C7 - 01 - C8 - C9	-41.18(16)
C_{8} C_{9} C_{14} N_{1}	30(2)	C_{10} C_{9} C_{8} C_{10}	-16724(13)
C10-C9-C14-C13	2,7(2)	$C_{14} - C_{9} - C_{8} - O_{1}$	11 71 (19)
$C_{10} = C_{10} = C_{14} = C_{13}$	-176.28(13)	$C_{14} = C_{9} = C_{10} = C_{11}$	-1.1(2)
$C_{8} = C_{9} = C_{14} = C_{15}$	55.09.(15)	$C_{1} = C_{2} = C_{10} = C_{11}$	1.1(2) 177.88(14)
$C_{8} = 01 = C_{7} = C_{6}$	-170.03(11)	$C_{5} = C_{5} = C_{10} = C_{11}$	177.00(14)
$C_8 = 01 = C_7 = C_0$	-68.86(14)	C_{3} C_{6} C_{1} C_{2}	-177.30(13)
$C_{14} = 01 - 07 - 01$	-30.07(17)	$C_{1} = C_{0} = C_{1} = C_{2}$	177.30(13)
C14 = N1 = C7 = C6	-39.97(17) -162.21(12)	C_{3} C_{6} C_{1} N_{2}	1/9.83(13)
C14 = N1 = C7 = C15	-103.21(12)	$C_{1} = C_{1} = C_{1}$	1.91(10)
$C_{14} = N_{1} = C_{14} = C_{15}$	62.24(13)	C15 - N2 - C1 - C2	1/8.94 (13)
$C_{3} = C_{0} = C_{1} = 0_{1}$	-05.35(19)	C16 - N2 - C1 - C2	-0.4(2)
$C_1 = C_0 = C_1 = O_1$	112.28 (15)	C15 - N2 - C1 - C6	-0.21 (16)
C_{3} C_{6} C_{7} N_{1}	59.3 (2) 122.10 (12)	C16 - N2 - C1 - C6	-1/9.52(14)
CI = Cb = C/ = NI	-123.10(13)	C14 - C13 - C12 - C11	0.0 (2)
$C_{5} - C_{6} - C_{7} - C_{15}$	1/9./5 (15)	C15 - N2 - C16 - C17	118.22 (16)
C1C6C7C15	-2.62 (14)	CI = N2 = CI6 = CI7	-62.5 (2)
NI-C14-C13-C12	178.50 (13)	C18—C17—C16—N2	133 (4)
C9—C14—C13—C12	-2.2 (2)	C1—C6—C5—C4	-0.5 (2)
C1—N2—C15—O2	178.55 (13)	C7—C6—C5—C4	176.88 (15)
C16—N2—C15—O2	-2.1 (2)	C13—C12—C11—C10	1.6 (2)
C1—N2—C15—C7	-1.51 (15)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-1.1(2)
C16—N2—C15—C7	177.82 (13)	C6C1C2C3	0.0 (2)
O1—C7—C15—O2	67.59 (17)	N2—C1—C2—C3	-179.08 (15)
N1—C7—C15—O2	-56.01 (18)	C4—C3—C2—C1	-0.6 (3)
C6—C7—C15—O2	-177.58 (13)	C2—C3—C4—C5	0.7 (3)
O1—C7—C15—N2	-112.35 (12)	C6—C5—C4—C3	-0.1 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
0.86	2.13	2.9641 (16)	164
0.93	2.90	3.6572 (19)	140
0.97	2.86	3.6636 (17)	141
0.97	2.79	3.5341 (18)	134
	<i>D</i> —H 0.86 0.93 0.97 0.97	D—H H···A 0.86 2.13 0.93 2.90 0.97 2.86 0.97 2.79	D—HH···AD···A0.862.132.9641 (16)0.932.903.6572 (19)0.972.863.6636 (17)0.972.793.5341 (18)

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*+1, *y*, *z*; (ii) *x*+1, *y*-1, *z*; (iii) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*+1; (iv) *x*-1, *y*, *z*.