

Received 20 October 2016 Accepted 1 November 2016

Edited by H. Ishida, Okayama University, Japan

Keywords: crystal structure; bromoarenes; *Z*'; hydrogen bond; molecular symmetry.

CCDC references: 1513710; 1513709; 1513708; 1513707

Supporting information: this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e



Angélica Navarrete Guitérrez,^a Gerardo Aguirre Hernández^a* and Sylvain Bernès^b

^aCentro de Graduados e Investigación en Química, Instituto Tecnológico de Tijuana, Apartado Postal 1166, 222000 Tijuana, B.C., Mexico, and ^bInstituto de Física, Benemérita Universidad Autónoma de Puebla, Av. San Claudio y 18 Sur, 72570 Puebla, Pue., Mexico. *Correspondence e-mail: gaguirre@tectijuana.mx

The crystal structures of four bromoarenes based on 2,6-dimethylbromobenzene are reported, which are differentiated according the functional group X placed *para* to the Br atom: X = CN (4-bromo-3,5-dimethylbenzonitrile, C₉H₈BrN), (1), $X = NO_2$ (2-bromo-1,3-dimethyl-5-nitrobenzene, C₈H₈BrNO₂), (2), $X = NH_2$ (4-bromo-3,5-dimethylaniline, C₈H₁₀BrN), (3) and X = OH (4-bromo-3,5-dimethylphenol, C₈H₉BrO), (4). The content of the asymmetric unit is different in each crystal, $Z' = \frac{1}{2} (X = CN)$, $Z' = 1 (X = NO_2)$, $Z' = 2 (X = NH_2)$, and Z' = 4 (X = OH), and is related to the molecular symmetry and the propensity of X to be involved in hydrogen bonding. In none of the studied compounds does the crystal structure feature other non-covalent interactions, such as $\pi - \pi$, $C - H \cdots \pi$ or $C - Br \cdots Br$ contacts.

1. Chemical context

Our group is interested in the design of chemical model systems for studying polar– π interactions (Cozzi *et al.*, 2008). In order to achieve this objective, it is necessary to prepare a variety of arylboronic esters as suitable substrates for Suzuki–Miyaura cross-coupling reactions (Ishiyama *et al.*, 1995; Kotha *et al.*, 2002). We obtained these boronic derivatives starting from functionalized bromoarenes. The present communication is about the synthesis and crystallography of a series of such bromoarenes, namely, *para*-substituted derivatives of 2,6-dimethylbromobenzene, for which the *p*-substituent is X = CN (1), $X = NO_2$ (2), $X = NH_2$ (3), or X = OH (4).



The crystallized molecules are closely related to one another from the chemical and structural points of view. However, very different crystal structures were obtained, with different compositions for the asymmetric units. Once again, this evidences that small chemical modifications for a given compound may induce dramatic changes in its crystal structure, even in the case of hydrogen/deuterium exchange, which is the smallest possible modification of a molecule (Vasylyeva







Figure 1

The molecular structure of (1), with displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms at the 50% probability level. Unlabelled atoms are generated by the symmetry operation $(x, \frac{3}{2} - y, z)$.

et al., 2010). As a consequence, the blind tests of organic crystal-structure prediction hosted by the CCDC (Reilly *et al.*, 2016) certainly have a bright future ahead of them.

2. Structural commentary

No unusual bond lengths or angles are observed in the four molecules (Figs. 1–4). For example, the C–Br bond lengths span a narrow range, from 1.900 (4) to 1.910 (2) Å. The substituent X in the position *para* to the C–Br bond thus has no influence on the geometry of the bromobenzene core, even if very different X groups are used, namely, strongly electronwithdrawing groups (X = CN, NO₂) and strongly electrondonating groups ($X = NH_2$, OH). Another structural invariant over the studied series is the minimization of steric crowding effects between the Br atom and the methyl groups in *ortho* positions. The methyl groups are systematically rotated in such a way that the C–Br bond is staggered with a CH₂ fragment of



Figure 2

The molecular structure of (2), with displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms at the 50% probability level.





the methyl group. As a consequence, the endocyclic angle at the Br-bearing C atom is always the largest one in the benzene ring, varying from $121.8 (3)^{\circ}$ in (3) to $123.9 (4)^{\circ}$ in (1).

The point of interest regarding the molecular structures is that four different values of Z' are obtained for the four compounds. Molecule (1) (X = CN) has the highest potential molecular symmetry, $C_{2\nu}$, assuming a linear C-C=N group. Omitting H atoms, this symmetry is actually reached, with the C-Br and C-C=N fragments lying on the mirror plane in space group $P2_1/m$ (Fig. 1). The asymmetric unit then contains a half-molecule, and $Z' = \frac{1}{2}$. In (2), with $X = NO_2$, the latent symmetry $C_{2\nu}$ is broken because the nitro group is tilted



Figure 4

The asymmetric unit of compound (4), with displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms at the 50% probability level.

research communications

slightly with respect to the benzene ring by an angle of 13.0 (4)°. For this crystal, Z' = 1 in space group $P\overline{1}$ (Fig. 2). Finally, for (3) and (4), which are isoelectronic molecules [$X = NH_2$, (3) and X = OH, (4)], despite the molecular symmetry being close to $C_{2\nu}$, the asymmetric units contain more than one molecule: Z' = 2 for (3) (Fig. 3) and Z' = 4 for (4) (Fig. 4), in space groups $P2_1/n$ and Pbca, respectively.

The increasing size of the asymmetric unit, reflected in the increasing value of Z', may be rationalized on the basis of two key parameters. First, a higher molecular symmetry obviously favours the crystallization of low Z' crystals, as in (1). This has been observed in many symmetrically substituted benzene derivatives, for example, in 4-bromo-benzonitrile in space group Cm (Britton et al., 1977; see also Desiraju & Harlow, 1989), or 2,6-dibromo-4-chlorobenzonitrile in space group $P2_1/m$ (Britton, 2005). The standard asymmetric unit with Z' =1 is obtained for (2), for which the molecular symmetry is lowered to C_1 . Secondly, the introduction of efficient donor groups for hydrogen bonding, such as NH₂ and OH groups, is an enabling factor for crystal structures having Z' > 1, as observed for (3) and (4). A search in the organic subset of the CSD (Groom et al., 2016) reflects such a trend: for example, comparing nitrobenzene and aniline derivatives, the former class is characterized by 12.5% of crystals with Z' > 1, and this fraction is increased to 15.6% in the latter. In the same way, phenol derivatives with Z' = 4 are not uncommon (Dey *et al.*, 2005; Mukherjee & Desiraju, 2011).

3. Supramolecular features

As expected, compound (1) is featureless regarding the packing of the molecules. No short contacts such as halogen bonds are formed, and π - π interactions are insignificant, the shortest separation between benzene ring being defined by cell translations along the short cell axis, a = 4.0382 (1) Å.

For (2), two pairs of weak $C-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules to form two centrosymmetric first-level ring motifs of $R_2^2(10)$, with the participation of the nitro group as acceptor (Table 1). The nitro group participates with two contacts to two rings, generating a chain of R motifs along



Figure 5

Part of the crystal structure of (2), showing $C-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds (dashed lines) forming *R* motifs in the crystals. Hydrogen bonds *a* (green) and *b* (red) correspond to entries 1 and 2 in Table 1. Atoms belonging to the asymmetric unit are labelled.

Table 1			
Hydrogen-bond geometry	(Å,	°) for (2).	

	•			
$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C4-H4A\cdotsO1^{i}$ $C6-H6A\cdotsO2^{ii}$	0.93 0.93	2.51 2.55	3.377 (5) 3.351 (5)	156 144

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z; (ii) -x, -y + 2, -z.

[110] (Fig. 5). As for (1), slipped π -stacking interactions are insignificant, the benzene-to-benzene distance being, again, determined by the cell axis a = 4.0502 (5) Å.

Although compounds (3) and (4) are isoelectronic, they present different crystal structures. This is because their donor groups for hydrogen bonding are of a different nature: the N– H bond is a poorer donor compared to the O–H bond, on the basis of the polarity of these bonds, estimated with the differences of electronegativity $\chi_N - \chi_H = 0.84$ and $\chi_O - \chi_H = 1.24$ (Pauling's scale is used for χ). Moreover, the NH₂ group is potentially involved in two hydrogen bonds, while the OH group is expected to form a single, stronger contact, at least as long as bifurcated hydrogen bonds are not considered.

Both compounds (3) and (4) have a supramolecular structure based on chains oriented along a screw 2_1 axis (Fig. 6). For (3), two discrete contacts D(2) are formed between the two independent molecules (Table 2). These contacts involve only one N-H bond for a given NH₂ group, and the acceptor atom is the N site of the connected molecule, with the N-H···N



Figure 6

Part of the crystal structures of (3) (top) and (4) (bottom), showing N- $H \cdots N$ and $O-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds (red and blue dashed lines, respectively). In each case, the asymmetric unit comprises the molecules with labelled atoms.

Table	2			
Hydro	gen-bond g	eometry (Å, °)	for (3).	
D 11		D II	TT (D

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots $
$N1-H1A\cdots N11^{i}$ $N11-H11A\cdots N1^{ii}$	0.88 (2) 0.90 (2)	2.41 (3) 2.52 (3)	3.212 (6) 3.365 (6)	152 (5) 157 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}$, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) x + 1, y, z.

Table 3Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^{\circ}$) for (4).

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
O11−H11···O1	0.78 (3)	1.90 (3)	2.681 (3)	173 (4)
O21-H21···O11	0.76 (3)	1.92 (3)	2.682 (3)	176 (3)
O31-H31···O21	0.77 (3)	1.95 (3)	2.714 (2)	175 (3)
$O1-H1\cdots O31^i$	0.78 (3)	1.95 (3)	2.729 (3)	172 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, -z + 1$.

contact oriented toward the lone pair of the acceptor N atom. A second level motif $C_2^2(4)$ is formed using the discrete contacts, and the chain of connected molecules runs along [010] (Fig. 6, top).

A similar framework of D and C motifs appears in (4), this time starting from a Z' = 4 asymmetric unit: three discrete motifs D(2) are formed within the asymmetric unit, and a fourth D(2) motif connects the first independent molecule with a symmetry-related molecule in the crystal (Table 3). As a consequence, $C_4^4(8)$ chains are formed, propagating parallel to [100] (Fig. 6, bottom). As mentioned above, the hydrogen bonds in (4) are much more efficient than those observed in (3): all $O-H\cdots O$ bonds have short $H\cdots O$ distances of *ca* 1.9 Å and $O-H\cdots O$ angles are close to 180° (Table 3).

It is worth noting that none of the observed 1D supramolecular structures in (2)-(4) include $\pi-\pi$ or C-H··· π contacts, nor C-Br···Br halogen bonds. The arrangement of the molecules in the crystal over the studied series of compounds is thus mainly determined by the absence of, the presence of weak, or strong hydrogen bonds, respectively, in (1), (2) and (3), or (4).

4. Database survey

Polysubstituted benzene systems are ubiquitous in the crystallographic literature. Limiting a survey to 2,6-dimethylbromobenzene, only two derivatives closely related to the series we have studied may be found, with X = 'Bu (Field *et al.*, 2003) and X = I (Liu *et al.*, 2008), which do not present obvious supramolecular features. Both form $Z' = \frac{1}{2}$ crystals, as for (1).

5. Synthesis and crystallization

Compound (3) was purchased from Oakwood Chemical Co. and was the starting material for the synthesis of (2) by oxidation with *m*-CPBA, and (1) and (4) *via* a Sandmeyer reaction. Single crystals of (3) were obtained by slow evaporation of a CH_2Cl_2 solution.

Compound (1) was prepared by modification of the reported procedure (Xu *et al.*, 2000). A solution of NaNO₂

(0.36 g, 5.2 mmol) in water (5 ml) was added dropwise to a suspension of 4-bromo-3,5-dimethylaniline (1 g, 5 mmol) in aqueous HCl (2 ml, 12 M), and water (2 ml) at 273 K. The mixture was stirred at 273 K for 30 min and then neutralized with NaHCO₃. Separately, a solution of CuCN (0.54 g, 6 mmol), and KCN (0.81 g, 12 mmol) in water (10 ml) was heated at 343 K. This solution was added dropwise to the diazotization solution previously prepared. The mixture was kept at 343 K for 30 min with stirring and then cooled at room temperature. The product was extracted with toluene (3 \times 30 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over anh. Na_2SO_4 and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 95:5) to obtain compound (1) as orange needles (0.77 g, 73%); m.p. 408-410 K; IR: 3022 (C-H Ar), 2354 (C=N), 1498 (C=C) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): § 7.34 (s, 2H), 2.44 (s, 6H) p.p.m.; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ: 140.0, 133.2, 131.1, 118.4, 110.7, 23.8 p.p.m.; GC–MS (EI): $m/z = 209 (100\%) [M^+], 211 (97\%) [M^+ +$ 2] amu. Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of a CH₂Cl₂ solution.

Compound (2) was prepared by modification of the reported procedure (Gilbert & Borden, 1979). A solution of 4-bromo-3,5-dimethylaniline and 3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid (4 g, 23 mmol) in CH_2Cl_2 (35 ml) was heated at 323 K for 2 h. After cooling at room temperature, the precipitate was filtered off and the liquid phase was washed with NaOH (1 M, 3 \times 50 ml). The organic layer was dried over anh. Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The residue was dissolved in glacial acetic acid (10 ml), and a solution of H_2O_2 (5 ml, 33% aq. solution) and glacial acetic acid (5 ml) was added at room temperature. Then, conc. HNO₃ (0.5 ml) was slowly added and the mixture was heated to 363 K for 4 h. After cooling, the crude was treated with water (50 ml), and was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (3 × 50 ml). The combined organic layers were dried over anh. Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was purified on a silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether) to give compound (2) as bright-yellow crystals (0.51 g, 44%); m.p. 478–483 K; IR: 2988 (C-H Aliph), 1558, 1340 (N-O) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 7.92 (s, 2H), 2.51 (s, 6H) p.p.m.; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 146.3, 140.1, 134.8, 122.5, 24.1 p.p.m.; GC-MS (EI): m/z = 229 (100%) $[M^+]$, 231 (97%) $[M^++2]$ amu. Crystals suitable for single crystal X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of an ether solution.

Preparation of (4): A solution of 4-bromo-3,5-dimethylaniline (1 g, 5 mmol) in conc. H_2SO_4 (25 ml) and water (5 ml) was cooled to 273 K. Then a solution of NaNO₂ (0.35 g, 5 mmol) in water (10 ml) was added dropwise under stirring. After additional 30 min the solution was refluxed for 30 min. The mixture was cooled and extracted with EtOAc (3 × 50 ml). The combined organic phases were dried over anh. Na₂SO₄ and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude was purified by silica gel column chromatography (petroleum ether/EtOAc, 9:1) to provide the product (4) as pale-orange crystals (0.56 g, 55%); m.p. 386–388 K; IR: 3620 (O–H), 2987

research communications

 Table 4

 Experimental details.

	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Crystal data				
Chemical formula	C ₉ H ₈ BrN	$C_8H_8BrNO_2$	$C_8H_{10}BrN$	C ₈ H ₉ BrO
M _r	210.07	230.06	200.08	201.06
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/m$	Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Orthorhombic, Pbca
Temperature (K)	296	296	296	100
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	4.0382 (1), 8.9362 (4), 12.1015 (4)	4.0502 (5), 9.3817 (6), 12.1823 (5)	10.48314 (15), 6.10173 (10), 26.6195 (5)	14.65213 (17), 17.9520 (2), 24.0079 (3)
$lpha,eta,\gamma(^\circ)$	90, 93.763 (3), 90	93.498 (4), 99.284 (4), 101.722 (5)	90, 100.0731 (16), 90	90, 90, 90
$V(\text{\AA}^3)$	435.76 (3)	445.20 (7)	1676.48 (5)	6314.94 (12)
Z	2	2	8	32
Radiation type	Cu Ka	Cu Ka	Cu Ka	Cu Kα
$\mu (\text{mm}^{-1})$	5.87	5.98	6.06	6.50
Crystal size (mm)	$0.21 \times 0.15 \times 0.12$	$0.80 \times 0.60 \times 0.10$	$0.30\times0.12\times0.10$	$0.23 \times 0.20 \times 0.18$
Data collection				
Diffractometer	Rigaku OD SuperNova AtlasS2	Rigaku OD SuperNova AtlasS2	Rigaku OD SuperNova AtlasS2	Rigaku OD SuperNova AtlasS2
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2015)	Multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2015)	Multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2015)	Multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2015)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.615, 1.000	0.304, 1.000	0.593, 1.000	0.601, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	2457, 883, 771	5640, 1697, 1503	39830, 3276, 2716	22136, 6110, 5342
R _{int}	0.027	0.038	0.093	0.033
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\rm max} ({\rm \AA}^{-1})$	0.615	0.616	0.620	0.615
Refinement				
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.044, 0.147, 1.08	0.045, 0.128, 1.07	0.054, 0.165, 1.11	0.026, 0.065, 1.02
No. of reflections	883	1697	3276	6110
No. of parameters	59	111	197	381
No. of restraints	0	0	6	0
H-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained	H-atom parameters constrained	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} ({\rm e} {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.51, -0.46	0.63, -0.59	0.44, -1.11	0.56, -0.43

Computer programs: CrysAlis PRO (Rigaku OD, 2015), SHELXT (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015b), XP in SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008), Mercury (Macrae et al., 2008) and CifTab (Sheldrick, 2008).

(C-H aliph), 1590 (C=C Ar), 1120 (C-O) cm⁻¹; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 6.57 (*s*, 2H), 4.99 (*s*, 1H), 2.34 (*s*, 6H) p.p.m.; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 153.9, 139.5, 118.3, 115.2, 23.8 p.p.m.; GC-MS (EI): m/z = 200 (100%) [M^+], 202 (97%) [M^+ + 2] amu. Crystals suitable for diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of an EtOAc solution.

6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 4. At room temperature, compound (3) decomposes after a few minutes under Mo $K\alpha$ irradiation, but is stable for hours under Cu $K\alpha$ irradiation. For compound (3), H atoms of NH₂ groups were located in a difference Fourier map and were refined with restraints of N-H = 0.89 (2) Å and H···H = 1.52 (2) Å. For (4), H atoms of OH groups were found in a difference map and refined freely. All other H atoms in (1)-(4) were refined as riding.

Acknowledgements

We gratefully acknowledge support for this project by the Dirección General de Educación Superior Tecnológica

(DGEST grants 5637.15-P) and CONACyT: Proyecto Infra-2014-224405.

References

- Britton, D. (2005). Acta Cryst. E61, o1726-o1727.
- Britton, D., Konnert, J. & Lam, S. (1977). Cryst. Struct. Commun. 6, 45–48.
- Cozzi, F., Annunziata, R., Benaglia, M., Baldridge, K. K., Aguirre, G., Estrada, J., Sritana-Anant, Y. & Siegel, J. S. (2008). *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.* 10, 2686–2694.
- Desiraju, G. R. & Harlow, R. L. (1989). J. Am. Chem. Soc. 111, 6757–6764.
- Dey, A., Kirchner, M. T., Vangala, V. R., Desiraju, G. R., Mondal, R. & Howard, J. A. K. (2005). J. Am. Chem. Soc. 127, 10545–10559.
- Field, J. E., Hill, T. J. & Venkataraman, D. (2003). J. Org. Chem. 68, 6071–6078.
- Gilbert, K. E. & Borden, W. T. (1979). J. Org. Chem. 44, 659-661.
- Groom, C. R., Bruno, I. J., Lightfoot, M. P. & Ward, S. C. (2016). Acta Cryst. B72, 171–179.
- Ishiyama, T., Murata, M. & Miyaura, N. (1995). J. Org. Chem. 60, 7508–7510.
- Kotha, S., Lahiri, K. & Kashinath, D. (2002). *Tetrahedron*, **58**, 9633–9695.
- Liu, R., Wu, W.-Y., Li, Y.-H., Deng, S.-P. & Zhu, H.-J. (2008). Acta Cryst. E64, o280.

- Macrae, C. F., Bruno, I. J., Chisholm, J. A., Edgington, P. R., McCabe, P., Pidcock, E., Rodriguez-Monge, L., Taylor, R., van de Streek, J. & Wood, P. A. (2008). J. Appl. Cryst. 41, 466–470.
- Mukherjee, A. & Desiraju, G. R. (2011). Cryst. Growth Des. 11, 3735–3739.
- Reilly, A. M., Cooper, R. I., Adjiman, C. S., Bhattacharya, S., Boese, A. D., Brandenburg, J. G., Bygrave, P. J., Bylsma, R., Campbell, J. E., Car, R., Case, D. H., Chadha, R., Cole, J. C., Cosburn, K., Cuppen, H. M., Curtis, F., Day, G. M., DiStasio, R. A. Jr, Dzyabchenko, A., van Eijck, B. P., Elking, D. M., van den Ende, J. A., Facelli, J. C., Ferraro, M. B., Fusti-Molnar, L., Gatsiou, C.-A., Gee, T. S., de Gelder, R., Ghiringhelli, L. M., Goto, H., Grimme, S., Guo, R., Hofmann, D. W. M., Hoja, J., Hylton, R. K., Iuzzolino, L., Jankiewicz, W., de Jong, D. T., Kendrick, J., de Klerk, N. J. J., Ko, H.-Y., Kuleshova, L. N., Li, X., Lohani, S., Leusen, F. J. J., Lund, A. M., Lv, J., Ma, Y., Marom, N., Masunov, A. E., McCabe, P., McMahon, D. P., Meekes, H., Metz, M. P., Misquitta, A. J., Mohamed, S., Monserrat, B., Needs, R. J., Neumann, M. A., Nyman,
- J., Obata, S., Oberhofer, H., Oganov, A. R., Orendt, A. M., Pagola, G. I., Pantelides, C. C., Pickard, C. J., Podeszwa, R., Price, L. S., Price, S. L., Pulido, A., Read, M. G., Reuter, K., Schneider, E., Schober, C., Shields, G. P., Singh, P., Sugden, I. J., Szalewicz, K., Taylor, C. R., Tkatchenko, A., Tuckerman, M. E., Vacarro, F., Vasileiadis, M., Vazquez-Mayagoitia, A., Vogt, L., Wang, Y., Watson, R. E., de Wijs, G. A., Yang, J., Zhu, Q. & Groom, C. R. (2016). *Acta Cryst.* B**72**, 439–459.
- Rigaku OD (2015). CrysAlis PRO. Rigaku Americas Corporation, The Woodlands, TX, USA.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015a). Acta Cryst. A71, 3-8.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015b). Acta Cryst. C71, 3-8.
- Vasylyeva, V., Kedziorski, T., Metzler-Nolte, N., Schauerte, C. & Merz, K. (2010). Cryst. Growth Des. 10, 4224–4226.
- Xu, Z., Kiang, Y.-H., Lee, S., Lobkovsky, E. B. & Emmott, N. (2000). J. Am. Chem. Soc. **122**, 8376–8391.

Acta Cryst. (2016). E72, 1762-1767 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989016017485]

Crystal structures of *p*-substituted derivatives of 2,6-dimethylbromobenzene with ½ $\leq Z' \leq 4$

Angélica Navarrete Guitérrez, Gerardo Aguirre Hernández and Sylvain Bernès

Computing details

For all compounds, data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Rigaku OD, 2015); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO* (Rigaku OD, 2015); data reduction: *CrysAlis PRO* (Rigaku OD, 2015); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015a); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL2014* (Sheldrick, 2015b); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *CifTab* (Sheldrick, 2008).

(1)

Crystal data

C₉H₈BrN $M_r = 210.07$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/m$ a = 4.0382 (1) Å b = 8.9362 (4) Å c = 12.1015 (4) Å $\beta = 93.763$ (3)° V = 435.76 (3) Å³ Z = 2F(000) = 208

Data collection

Rigaku OD SuperNova AtlasS2 diffractometer Radiation source: micro-focus sealed X-ray tube, SuperNova (Cu) X-ray Source Mirror monochromator Detector resolution: 5.1980 pixels mm⁻¹ φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Rigaku OD, 2015)

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.044$ $wR(F^2) = 0.147$ S = 1.08883 reflections 59 parameters $D_x = 1.601 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 408 K Cu *Ka* radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 1415 reflections $\theta = 3.7-71.2^{\circ}$ $\mu = 5.87 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 KNeedle, orange $0.21 \times 0.15 \times 0.12 \text{ mm}$

 $T_{\min} = 0.615, T_{\max} = 1.000$ 2457 measured reflections 883 independent reflections 771 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.027$ $\theta_{max} = 71.4^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 3.7^{\circ}$ $h = -3 \rightarrow 4$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $l = -14 \rightarrow 13$

0 restraints 0 constraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained
$$\begin{split} & w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0947P)^2 + 0.0077P] \\ & \text{where } P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3 \\ & (\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001 \\ & \Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.51 \text{ e } \text{ Å}^{-3} \\ & \Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.46 \text{ e } \text{ Å}^{-3} \end{split}$$

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Br1	0.11810 (14)	0.7500	0.05285 (4)	0.0896 (4)	
C2	0.3504 (11)	0.7500	0.1947 (4)	0.0588 (10)	
C3	0.4270 (8)	0.6133 (4)	0.2438 (3)	0.0616 (8)	
C4	0.6007 (9)	0.6158 (3)	0.3467 (3)	0.0615 (7)	
H4A	0.6616	0.5261	0.3814	0.074*	
C5	0.6843 (12)	0.7500	0.3980 (4)	0.0592 (10)	
C6	0.8701 (14)	0.7500	0.5047 (4)	0.0697 (12)	
N7	1.0181 (16)	0.7500	0.5880 (5)	0.0920 (15)	
C8	0.3447 (12)	0.4662 (5)	0.1894 (4)	0.0890 (12)	
H8A	0.4147	0.4671	0.1151	0.133*	
H8B	0.1095	0.4499	0.1878	0.133*	
H8C	0.4573	0.3873	0.2305	0.133*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

```
Atomic displacement parameters (Å^2)
```

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.0749 (5)	0.1338 (7)	0.0588 (5)	0.000	-0.0053 (3)	0.000
C2	0.053 (2)	0.072 (3)	0.052 (2)	0.000	0.0056 (17)	0.000
C3	0.0654 (18)	0.0579 (17)	0.0622 (18)	-0.0049 (13)	0.0085 (14)	-0.0070 (13)
C4	0.0739 (19)	0.0499 (15)	0.0613 (17)	0.0023 (13)	0.0087 (14)	0.0037 (12)
C5	0.067 (3)	0.058 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.000	0.006 (2)	0.000
C6	0.077 (3)	0.075 (3)	0.056 (3)	0.000	-0.001(2)	0.000
N7	0.104 (4)	0.104 (4)	0.066 (3)	0.000	-0.012 (3)	0.000
C8	0.107 (3)	0.068 (2)	0.092 (3)	-0.015 (2)	0.007 (2)	-0.026 (2)

Br1—C2	1.902 (5)	C5—C6	1.450 (7)	
С2—С3	1.384 (4)	C6—N7	1.138 (7)	
C3—C4	1.389 (5)	C8—H8A	0.9600	
С3—С8	1.498 (5)	C8—H8B	0.9600	
C4—C5	1.383 (4)	C8—H8C	0.9600	
C4—H4A	0.9300			
C3 ⁱ —C2—C3	123.9 (4)	C4—C5—C6	119.8 (2)	
C3—C2—Br1	118.1 (2)	N7—C6—C5	179.5 (6)	
C2—C3—C4	117.2 (3)	C3—C8—H8A	109.5	
С2—С3—С8	123.3 (3)	C3—C8—H8B	109.5	
C4—C3—C8	119.5 (3)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5	
C5—C4—C3	120.7 (3)	C3—C8—H8C	109.5	

C5—C4—H4A C3—C4—H4A C4 ⁱ —C5—C4	119.6 119.6 120 3 (4)	H8A—C8—H8C H8B—C8—H8C	109.5 109.5
$C3^{i}$ — $C2$ — $C3$ — $C4$	-2.2 (7)	C2—C3—C4—C5	1.6 (5)
Br1— $C2$ — $C3$ — $C4$	179.1 (3)	C8—C3—C4—C5	179.1 (4)
$C3^{i}$ — $C2$ — $C3$ — $C8$	-179.6 (4)	C3—C4—C5—C4 ⁱ	-1.1 (7)
Br1— $C2$ — $C3$ — $C8$	1.8 (5)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-179.1 (4)

Symmetry code: (i) x, -y+3/2, z.

(2) 2-Bromo-1,3-dimethyl-5-nitrobenzene

Crystal data

 $C_{8}H_{8}BrNO_{2}$ $M_{r} = 230.06$ Triclinic, *P*1 a = 4.0502 (5) Å b = 9.3817 (6) Å c = 12.1823 (5) Å $a = 93.498 (4)^{\circ}$ $\beta = 99.284 (4)^{\circ}$ $\gamma = 101.722 (5)^{\circ}$ $V = 445.20 (7) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 2

Data collection

Rigaku OD SuperNova AtlasS2 diffractometer Radiation source: micro-focus sealed X-ray tube, SuperNova (Cu) X-ray Source Mirror monochromator Detector resolution: 5.1980 pixels mm⁻¹ φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Rigaku OD, 2015)

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$ $wR(F^2) = 0.128$ S = 1.071697 reflections 111 parameters 0 restraints 0 constraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods F(000) = 228 $D_x = 1.716 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 478 K Cu *Ka* radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 2941 reflections $\theta = 3.7-71.5^{\circ}$ $\mu = 5.98 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 296 KBlock, pale yellow $0.80 \times 0.60 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

 $T_{\min} = 0.304, T_{\max} = 1.000$ 5640 measured reflections
1697 independent reflections
1503 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 71.7^{\circ}, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.7^{\circ}$ $h = -4 \rightarrow 4$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -14 \rightarrow 14$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0686P)^2 + 0.2116P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.63$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.59$ e Å⁻³

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Br1	0.11600 (12)	0.72052 (5)	0.45994 (3)	0.0787 (2)

N1	0.2977 (9)	0.7622 (4)	-0.0226 (3)	0.0628 (8)
01	0.4131 (11)	0.6691 (4)	-0.0677 (3)	0.0899 (10)
O2	0.2182 (11)	0.8634 (4)	-0.0707 (3)	0.0947 (11)
C1	0.1468 (9)	0.8635 (4)	0.2627 (3)	0.0565 (8)
C2	0.1714 (9)	0.7332 (4)	0.3086 (3)	0.0534 (8)
C3	0.2324 (9)	0.6117 (4)	0.2500 (3)	0.0548 (8)
C4	0.2752 (9)	0.6237 (4)	0.1406 (3)	0.0530 (8)
H4A	0.3211	0.5459	0.0991	0.064*
C5	0.2495 (9)	0.7520 (4)	0.0932 (3)	0.0533 (8)
C6	0.1846 (10)	0.8718 (4)	0.1517 (3)	0.0571 (8)
H6A	0.1667	0.9564	0.1173	0.069*
C7	0.0874 (12)	0.9962 (5)	0.3270 (4)	0.0779 (12)
H7A	-0.1068	0.9678	0.3630	0.117*
H7B	0.0445	1.0676	0.2765	0.117*
H7C	0.2867	1.0373	0.3824	0.117*
C8	0.2502 (13)	0.4705 (5)	0.3008 (4)	0.0724 (11)
H8A	0.4026	0.4907	0.3716	0.109*
H8B	0.3335	0.4077	0.2517	0.109*
H8C	0.0257	0.4232	0.3114	0.109*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.0850 (4)	0.0998 (4)	0.0536 (3)	0.0207 (3)	0.0197 (2)	0.0041 (2)
N1	0.073 (2)	0.0602 (17)	0.0567 (17)	0.0151 (15)	0.0126 (15)	0.0087 (14)
01	0.132 (3)	0.093 (2)	0.0637 (18)	0.051 (2)	0.0380 (19)	0.0117 (16)
O2	0.147 (3)	0.084 (2)	0.071 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.0291 (17)
C1	0.0481 (17)	0.060 (2)	0.059 (2)	0.0150 (15)	0.0028 (14)	-0.0057 (16)
C2	0.0472 (17)	0.066 (2)	0.0475 (17)	0.0139 (14)	0.0087 (13)	0.0035 (15)
C3	0.0521 (18)	0.0584 (19)	0.0536 (18)	0.0132 (15)	0.0070 (14)	0.0044 (15)
C4	0.0570 (19)	0.0500 (17)	0.0541 (19)	0.0158 (14)	0.0103 (14)	0.0044 (14)
C5	0.0533 (18)	0.0539 (18)	0.0513 (18)	0.0103 (14)	0.0069 (14)	0.0040 (14)
C6	0.061 (2)	0.0497 (18)	0.061 (2)	0.0169 (15)	0.0044 (16)	0.0045 (15)
C7	0.084 (3)	0.072 (3)	0.078 (3)	0.027 (2)	0.010 (2)	-0.016 (2)
C8	0.090 (3)	0.068 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.023 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.0195 (19)

Br1—C2	1.900 (4)	C4—C5	1.382 (5)	
N101	1.214 (4)	C4—H4A	0.9300	
N1—O2	1.217 (4)	C5—C6	1.388 (5)	
N1—C5	1.460 (5)	C6—H6A	0.9300	
C1—C6	1.389 (6)	C7—H7A	0.9600	
C1—C2	1.390 (5)	C7—H7B	0.9600	
C1—C7	1.512 (5)	C7—H7C	0.9600	
С2—С3	1.394 (5)	C8—H8A	0.9600	
C3—C4	1.379 (5)	C8—H8B	0.9600	
C3—C8	1.506 (5)	C8—H8C	0.9600	

O1—N1—O2	122.2 (4)	C6—C5—N1	118.9 (3)
O1—N1—C5	119.0 (3)	C5—C6—C1	118.9 (3)
O2—N1—C5	118.7 (3)	С5—С6—Н6А	120.5
C6—C1—C2	117.7 (3)	C1—C6—H6A	120.5
C6—C1—C7	118.6 (4)	C1—C7—H7A	109.5
C2—C1—C7	123.7 (4)	C1—C7—H7B	109.5
C1—C2—C3	123.8 (3)	H7A—C7—H7B	109.5
C1—C2—Br1	117.9 (3)	C1—C7—H7C	109.5
C3—C2—Br1	118.4 (3)	H7A—C7—H7C	109.5
C4—C3—C2	117.4 (3)	H7B—C7—H7C	109.5
C4—C3—C8	119.8 (3)	C3—C8—H8A	109.5
C2—C3—C8	122.8 (4)	C3—C8—H8B	109.5
C3—C4—C5	119.7 (3)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
C3—C4—H4A	120.2	C3—C8—H8C	109.5
C5—C4—H4A	120.2	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C4—C5—C6	122.5 (3)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
C4—C5—N1	118.6 (3)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.2 (5)	C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (6)
C7—C1—C2—C3	-178.8 (4)	C3—C4—C5—N1	179.7 (3)
C6-C1-C2-Br1	-179.5 (3)	O1—N1—C5—C4	-12.0 (5)
C7—C1—C2—Br1	1.6 (5)	O2—N1—C5—C4	167.5 (4)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.0 (5)	O1—N1—C5—C6	167.1 (4)
Br1—C2—C3—C4	-179.4 (3)	O2—N1—C5—C6	-13.4 (5)
C1—C2—C3—C8	-178.6 (4)	C4C5C6C1	0.6 (6)
Br1-C2-C3-C8	1.1 (5)	N1-C5-C6-C1	-178.5 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.3 (5)	C2-C1-C6-C5	-0.9 (5)
C8—C3—C4—C5	178.2 (3)	C7—C1—C6—C5	178.1 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H··· A
C4—H4A···O1 ⁱ	0.93	2.51	3.377 (5)	156
C6—H6 <i>A</i> ···O2 ⁱⁱ	0.93	2.55	3.351 (5)	144

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y+1, -z; (ii) -x, -y+2, -z.

(3)

Crystal data

C₈H₁₀BrN $M_r = 200.08$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ a = 10.48314 (15) Å b = 6.10173 (10) Å c = 26.6195 (5) Å $\beta = 100.0731$ (16)° V = 1676.48 (5) Å³ Z = 8 F(000) = 800 $D_x = 1.585 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point: 346 K Cu K\alpha radiation, \lambda = 1.54184 \mathcal{A} Cell parameters from 14036 reflections $\theta = 3.4-71.4^{\circ}$ $\mu = 6.06 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 296 KNeedle, colourless

Data collection

Rigaku OD SuperNova AtlasS2 diffractometer Radiation source: micro-focus sealed X-ray tube, SuperNova (Cu) X-ray Source Mirror monochromator Detector resolution: 5.1980 pixels mm ⁻¹ φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Rigaku OD, 2015) <i>Refinement</i>	$T_{\min} = 0.593, T_{\max} = 1.000$ 39830 measured reflections 3276 independent reflections 2716 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.093$ $\theta_{\max} = 72.8^{\circ}, \theta_{\min} = 3.4^{\circ}$ $h = -12 \rightarrow 12$ $k = -7 \rightarrow 7$ $l = -32 \rightarrow 32$
Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.054$	Hydrogen site location: mixed
$wR(F^2) = 0.165$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
<i>S</i> = 1.11	and constrained refinement
3276 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0779P)^2 + 1.0194P]$
197 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
6 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
0 constraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.44 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -1.11 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

 $0.30 \times 0.12 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

direct methods

	x	у	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Br1	0.24694 (5)	0.23484 (10)	0.15702 (3)	0.1038 (3)	
N1	-0.1935 (4)	0.7889 (7)	0.20733 (16)	0.0868 (12)	
H1A	-0.201 (5)	0.787 (7)	0.2398 (9)	0.104*	
H1B	-0.202 (5)	0.918 (5)	0.1918 (15)	0.104*	
C1	0.0703 (3)	0.5931 (7)	0.14294 (14)	0.0673 (9)	
C2	0.1125 (3)	0.4160 (6)	0.17418 (14)	0.0618 (8)	
C3	0.0613 (3)	0.3673 (6)	0.21759 (14)	0.0616 (8)	
C4	-0.0384 (3)	0.4981 (6)	0.22843 (12)	0.0601 (8)	
H4A	-0.0745	0.4684	0.2572	0.072*	
C5	-0.0852 (3)	0.6715 (7)	0.19735 (13)	0.0608 (8)	
C6	-0.0292 (4)	0.7188 (6)	0.15532 (15)	0.0673 (9)	
H6A	-0.0593	0.8382	0.1349	0.081*	
C7	0.1289 (6)	0.6536 (10)	0.0969 (2)	0.1049 (17)	
H7A	0.2212	0.6663	0.1067	0.157*	
H7B	0.0938	0.7910	0.0834	0.157*	
H7C	0.1091	0.5419	0.0713	0.157*	
C8	0.1109 (5)	0.1815 (8)	0.2535 (2)	0.0951 (14)	
H8A	0.1029	0.0456	0.2351	0.143*	
H8B	0.0611	0.1745	0.2805	0.143*	
H8C	0.2003	0.2068	0.2678	0.143*	
Br11	0.72828 (6)	-0.22871 (10)	-0.00212 (2)	0.0996 (3)	
N11	0.6186 (4)	0.3496 (7)	0.17122 (14)	0.0816 (10)	

H11A	0.658 (4)	0.480 (5)	0.1713 (19)	0.098*
H11B	0.536 (2)	0.356 (7)	0.1745 (18)	0.098*
C11	0.5864 (3)	-0.0934 (7)	0.07484 (15)	0.0681 (9)
C12	0.6933 (3)	-0.0488 (7)	0.05224 (13)	0.0652 (9)
C13	0.7753 (3)	0.1285 (7)	0.06764 (13)	0.0652 (9)
C14	0.7478 (4)	0.2596 (6)	0.10694 (14)	0.0648 (9)
H14A	0.8018	0.3773	0.1180	0.078*
C15	0.6412 (4)	0.2187 (7)	0.13007 (14)	0.0649 (9)
C16	0.5626 (3)	0.0413 (7)	0.11379 (14)	0.0688 (10)
H16A	0.4918	0.0122	0.1295	0.083*
C17	0.4956 (5)	-0.2818 (8)	0.0571 (2)	0.0917 (14)
H17A	0.4340	-0.2971	0.0796	0.138*
H17B	0.5447	-0.4147	0.0572	0.138*
H17C	0.4507	-0.2530	0.0231	0.138*
C18	0.8907 (5)	0.1869 (9)	0.04352 (18)	0.0884 (13)
H18A	0.8643	0.1973	0.0072	0.133*
H18B	0.9558	0.0755	0.0513	0.133*
H18C	0.9254	0.3251	0.0567	0.133*

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.0617 (3)	0.1074 (5)	0.1481 (6)	0.0103 (2)	0.0348 (3)	-0.0438 (3)
N1	0.066 (2)	0.117 (3)	0.082 (2)	0.034 (2)	0.0268 (18)	0.008 (2)
C1	0.0627 (19)	0.081 (2)	0.066 (2)	-0.0104 (18)	0.0315 (16)	-0.0087 (18)
C2	0.0408 (14)	0.068 (2)	0.080(2)	0.0016 (14)	0.0206 (14)	-0.0159 (18)
C3	0.0466 (16)	0.065 (2)	0.072 (2)	-0.0036 (14)	0.0078 (14)	0.0020 (17)
C4	0.0478 (16)	0.079 (2)	0.0569 (17)	-0.0032 (15)	0.0185 (13)	0.0057 (17)
C5	0.0479 (16)	0.079 (2)	0.0584 (18)	0.0061 (16)	0.0183 (14)	-0.0009 (17)
C6	0.071 (2)	0.077 (2)	0.0575 (19)	0.0061 (18)	0.0207 (16)	0.0090 (17)
C7	0.122 (4)	0.118 (4)	0.093 (3)	-0.022 (3)	0.070 (3)	-0.009 (3)
C8	0.099 (3)	0.079 (3)	0.104 (4)	0.014 (3)	0.008 (3)	0.018 (3)
Br11	0.1085 (5)	0.1057 (5)	0.0899 (4)	0.0198 (3)	0.0326 (3)	-0.0249 (3)
N11	0.075 (2)	0.105 (3)	0.073 (2)	0.000 (2)	0.0369 (17)	-0.018 (2)
C11	0.0536 (17)	0.077 (2)	0.072 (2)	0.0145 (17)	0.0074 (15)	0.0043 (19)
C12	0.0644 (19)	0.078 (2)	0.0551 (17)	0.0193 (18)	0.0154 (15)	0.0002 (17)
C13	0.0575 (18)	0.086 (3)	0.0557 (18)	0.0144 (18)	0.0199 (15)	0.0073 (18)
C14	0.059 (2)	0.081 (3)	0.059 (2)	0.0026 (16)	0.0219 (16)	0.0020 (17)
C15	0.0562 (19)	0.085 (3)	0.0566 (18)	0.0134 (17)	0.0197 (15)	0.0017 (17)
C16	0.0485 (17)	0.090 (3)	0.072 (2)	0.0096 (17)	0.0224 (15)	0.006 (2)
C17	0.072 (3)	0.089 (3)	0.114 (4)	-0.003 (2)	0.014 (3)	-0.007 (3)
C18	0.084 (3)	0.115 (4)	0.078 (3)	0.003 (3)	0.046 (2)	0.001 (3)

Br1—C2	1.908 (3)	Br11—C12	1.902 (3)
N1—C5	1.407 (5)	N11—C15	1.409 (5)
N1—H1A	0.881 (18)	N11—H11A	0.897 (18)

N1—H1B	0.886 (18)	N11—H11B	0.884 (18)
C1—C6	1.380 (5)	C11—C16	1.380 (5)
C1—C2	1.388 (6)	C11—C12	1.389 (5)
C1—C7	1.510 (5)	C11—C17	1.514 (6)
C2—C3	1.389 (5)	C12—C13	1.398 (6)
C3—C4	1.385 (5)	C13—C14	1.387 (5)
C3—C8	1.515 (6)	C13—C18	1.508 (5)
C4—C5	1.379 (5)	C14—C15	1.390 (5)
C4—H4A	0.9300	C14—H14A	0.9300
C5—C6	1.382 (5)	C15—C16	1.383 (6)
C6—H6A	0.9300	C16—H16A	0.9300
C7—H7A	0.9600	C17—H17A	0.9600
C7—H7B	0.9600	C17—H17B	0.9600
C7—H7C	0.9600	C17 - H17C	0.9600
C8—H8A	0.9600	C18—H18A	0.9600
C8—H8B	0.9600	C18—H18B	0.9600
	0.9600	C18 H18C	0.9600
0-1100	0.9000		0.9000
C5—N1—H1A	113 (3)	C15—N11—H11A	111 (3)
C5—N1—H1B	113 (3)	C15—N11—H11B	114 (3)
H1A—N1—H1B	117 (3)	H11A—N11—H11B	115 (3)
C6-C1-C2	117.7 (3)	C16—C11—C12	118.3 (4)
C6-C1-C7	119.3 (4)	C16—C11—C17	120.0 (4)
C2-C1-C7	123.0 (4)	C12—C11—C17	121.6 (4)
C1-C2-C3	122.4(3)	C11-C12-C13	121.8(3)
C1-C2-Br1	1122.1(3) 118.6(3)	$C_{11} - C_{12} - B_{r_{11}}$	1196(3)
$C_3 - C_2 - Br_1$	119.0(3)	C13 - C12 - Br11	118.6(3)
C4-C3-C2	117.8 (3)	C14-C13-C12	118.0(3)
C4-C3-C8	119.2 (4)	C14-C13-C18	118.2(4)
$C_{2}-C_{3}-C_{8}$	1230(4)	C12-C13-C18	123.8(4)
$C_{5} - C_{4} - C_{3}$	1213(3)	C_{13} C_{14} C_{15}	121 3 (4)
C5-C4-H4A	119.4	C13—C14—H14A	119.3
C3—C4—H4A	119.4	C15—C14—H14A	119.3
C4-C5-C6	119.3 (3)	C_{16} $-C_{15}$ $-C_{14}$	119.5 118.9(3)
C4-C5-N1	119.5 (3)	C16-C15-N11	1210(3)
C6-C5-N1	121 2 (4)	C14-C15-N11	1200(4)
C1 - C6 - C5	121.2(1) 121.5(4)	$C_{11} - C_{16} - C_{15}$	120.0(1) 121.7(3)
C1—C6—H6A	119.2	C11—C16—H16A	119.2
C5—C6—H6A	119.2	C15—C16—H16A	119.2
C1—C7—H7A	109.5	С11—С17—Н17А	109.5
C1—C7—H7B	109.5	C11—C17—H17B	109.5
H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C1-C7-H7C	109.5	C11—C17—H17C	109.5
H7A—C7—H7C	109.5	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
Н7В—С7—Н7С	109.5	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
C3—C8—H8A	109.5	C13—C18—H18A	109.5
C3—C8—H8B	109.5	C13—C18—H18B	109.5
H8A—C8—H8B	109.5	H18A—C18—H18B	109.5

C3—C8—H8C H8A—C8—H8C H8B—C8—H8C	109.5 109.5 109.5	C13—C18—H18C H18A—C18—H18C H18B—C18—H18C	109.5 109.5 109.5
C6-C1-C2-C3 $C7-C1-C2-C3$ $C6-C1-C2-Br1$ $C7-C1-C2-Br1$ $C1-C2-C3-C4$ $Br1-C2-C3-C4$ $C1-C2-C3-C4$ $C1-C2-C3-C8$ $Br1-C2-C3-C8$ $C2-C3-C4-C5$ $C3-C4-C5-C6$ $C3-C4-C5-C6$ $C3-C4-C5-N1$ $C2-C1-C6-C5$ $C7-C1-C6-C5$ $C4-C5-C6-C1$ $V1-C5-C6-C1$	$\begin{array}{c} -2.1 \ (6) \\ 177.4 \ (4) \\ 178.4 \ (3) \\ -2.1 \ (5) \\ 2.1 \ (5) \\ -178.4 \ (3) \\ -176.8 \ (4) \\ 2.6 \ (5) \\ -0.2 \ (5) \\ 178.8 \ (4) \\ -1.7 \ (6) \\ 174.7 \ (4) \\ 0.1 \ (6) \\ -179.4 \ (4) \\ 1.7 \ (6) \\ 174.6 \ (4) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} -0.6 (5) \\ 178.3 (4) \\ -179.3 (3) \\ -0.4 (5) \\ 0.7 (5) \\ 179.3 (3) \\ -178.5 (4) \\ 0.2 (5) \\ -0.8 (6) \\ 178.4 (4) \\ 0.9 (6) \\ 177.6 (4) \\ 0.8 (6) \\ -178.2 (4) \\ -0.9 (6) \\ 177.5 (4) \end{array}$
NI-CJ-CU-CI	1/4.0(4)		1//.3 (+)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A	
N1—H1A····N11 ⁱ	0.88 (2)	2.41 (3)	3.212 (6)	152 (5)	
N11—H11A····N1 ⁱⁱ	0.90 (2)	2.52 (3)	3.365 (6)	157 (4)	

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (ii) x+1, y, z.

(4) 4-Bromo-3,5-dimethylphenol

Crystal data

C_8H_9BrO	$D_x = 1.692 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
$M_r = 201.06$	Melting point: 386 K
Orthorhombic, <i>Pbca</i>	Cu K α radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184 \text{ Å}$
a = 14.65213 (17) Å	Cell parameters from 10448 reflections
b = 17.9520 (2) Å	$\theta = 3.7-71.4^{\circ}$
c = 24.0079 (3) Å	$\mu = 6.50 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$V = 6314.94 (12) Å^3$	T = 100 K
Z = 32	Block, yellow
F(000) = 3200	$0.23 \times 0.20 \times 0.18 \text{ mm}$
Data collection Rigaku OD SuperNova AtlasS2 diffractometer Radiation source: micro-focus sealed X-ray tube, SuperNova (Cu) X-ray Source Mirror monochromator Detector resolution: 5.1980 pixels mm ⁻¹ φ and ω scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Rigaku OD, 2015)	$T_{\min} = 0.601, T_{\max} = 1.000$ 22136 measured reflections 6110 independent reflections 5342 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.033$ $\theta_{\text{max}} = 71.6^{\circ}, \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.7^{\circ}$ $h = -17 \rightarrow 13$ $k = -21 \rightarrow 22$ $l = -29 \rightarrow 28$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.026$	Hydrogen site location: mixed
$wR(F^2) = 0.065$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
S = 1.02	and constrained refinement
6110 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.031P)^2 + 3.051P]$
381 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.002$
0 constraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.56 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.43 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Br1	0.22468 (2)	0.59654 (2)	0.78001 (2)	0.02219 (7)	
01	0.46483 (12)	0.75860 (10)	0.61587 (8)	0.0196 (4)	
H1	0.436 (2)	0.7751 (18)	0.5913 (14)	0.029*	
C1	0.25870 (16)	0.69235 (13)	0.68779 (10)	0.0161 (5)	
C2	0.30052 (17)	0.65022 (13)	0.72925 (10)	0.0162 (5)	
C3	0.39536 (17)	0.64366 (13)	0.73399 (10)	0.0159 (5)	
C4	0.44884 (16)	0.68140 (13)	0.69532 (10)	0.0151 (5)	
H4A	0.5135	0.6785	0.6976	0.018*	
C5	0.40869 (16)	0.72306 (13)	0.65365 (10)	0.0145 (5)	
C6	0.31470 (16)	0.72865 (13)	0.64976 (10)	0.0164 (5)	
H6A	0.2882	0.7576	0.6208	0.020*	
C7	0.15740 (17)	0.69908 (16)	0.68248 (11)	0.0234 (6)	
H7A	0.1318	0.7172	0.7177	0.035*	
H7B	0.1313	0.6502	0.6737	0.035*	
H7C	0.1427	0.7342	0.6526	0.035*	
C8	0.44007 (18)	0.59541 (14)	0.77743 (11)	0.0219 (5)	
H8A	0.5061	0.5944	0.7711	0.033*	
H8B	0.4157	0.5447	0.7749	0.033*	
H8C	0.4274	0.6157	0.8145	0.033*	
Br11	0.90409 (2)	0.88537 (2)	0.75012 (2)	0.02282 (7)	
011	0.64155 (12)	0.73224 (11)	0.59470 (8)	0.0230 (4)	
H11	0.590 (2)	0.7371 (19)	0.6026 (14)	0.034*	
C11	0.72728 (16)	0.84371 (13)	0.71234 (10)	0.0159 (5)	
C12	0.81977 (16)	0.83541 (13)	0.70215 (10)	0.0151 (5)	
C13	0.85456 (16)	0.79230 (13)	0.65883 (10)	0.0152 (5)	
C14	0.79235 (16)	0.75794 (14)	0.62345 (10)	0.0164 (5)	
H14A	0.8137	0.7281	0.5935	0.020*	
C15	0.69938 (16)	0.76692 (13)	0.63161 (10)	0.0146 (5)	
C16	0.66644 (16)	0.80871 (13)	0.67584 (10)	0.0145 (5)	
H16A	0.6025	0.8136	0.6814	0.017*	
C17	0.69077 (19)	0.88894 (15)	0.76024 (11)	0.0230 (6)	
H17A	0.7141	0.8687	0.7954	0.034*	
H17B	0.6239	0.8867	0.7603	0.034*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

H17C	0.7105	0.9408	0.7563	0.034*
C18	0.95504 (16)	0.78010 (15)	0.65044 (11)	0.0207 (5)
H18A	0.9646	0.7475	0.6182	0.031*
H18B	0.9810	0.7567	0.6838	0.031*
H18C	0.9851	0.8281	0.6439	0.031*
Br21	0.42678 (2)	0.47389 (2)	0.39094 (2)	0.02459 (7)
O21	0.69191 (12)	0.69370 (10)	0.49124 (7)	0.0175 (4)
H21	0.677 (2)	0.7063 (18)	0.5200 (13)	0.026*
C21	0.47716 (16)	0.59328 (14)	0.46321 (10)	0.0167 (5)
C22	0.51005 (17)	0.54353 (13)	0.42327 (10)	0.0175 (5)
C23	0.60053 (17)	0.54233 (13)	0.40577 (10)	0.0167 (5)
C24	0.66009 (17)	0.59418 (13)	0.42934 (10)	0.0163 (5)
H24A	0.7221	0.5953	0.4179	0.020*
C25	0.62964 (16)	0.64384 (13)	0.46920 (10)	0.0144 (5)
C26	0.53944 (16)	0.64363 (13)	0.48600 (10)	0.0158 (5)
H26A	0.5195	0.6782	0.5134	0.019*
C27	0.37892 (17)	0.59441 (16)	0.48179 (11)	0.0233 (6)
H27A	0.3712	0.6316	0.5113	0.035*
H27B	0.3620	0.5452	0.4960	0.035*
H27C	0.3397	0.6072	0.4501	0.035*
C28	0.63566 (19)	0.48676 (14)	0.36405 (11)	0.0221 (5)
H28A	0.6999	0.4974	0.3558	0.033*
H28B	0.5998	0.4903	0.3297	0.033*
H28C	0.6302	0.4364	0.3794	0.033*
Br31	1.07251 (2)	0.46757 (2)	0.62030(2)	0.02168 (7)
031	0.87558 (12)	0.69132 (10)	0.47660 (7)	0.0176 (4)
H31	0.823 (2)	0.6897 (17)	0.4800 (13)	0.026*
C31	0.91446 (17)	0.53218 (13)	0.57080 (10)	0.0154 (5)
C32	1.00912 (17)	0.53671 (13)	0.57385 (10)	0.0155 (5)
C33	1.06015 (16)	0.59008 (14)	0.54511 (10)	0.0158 (5)
C34	1.01266 (16)	0.64133 (13)	0.51263 (10)	0.0152 (5)
H34A	1.0451	0.6784	0.4925	0.018*
C35	0.91818 (16)	0.63854 (13)	0.50948 (10)	0.0139 (5)
C36	0.86927 (16)	0.58457 (13)	0.53791 (10)	0.0147 (5)
H36A	0.8046	0.5832	0.5350	0.018*
C37	0.86046 (18)	0.47289 (13)	0.60069 (11)	0.0200 (5)
H37A	0.8724	0.4760	0.6408	0.030*
H37B	0.8787	0.4237	0.5870	0.030*
H37C	0.7952	0.4804	0.5937	0.030*
C38	1.16258 (16)	0.59329 (15)	0.54722 (11)	0.0217 (5)
H38A	1.1841	0.6362	0.5256	0.033*
H38B	1.1879	0.5474	0.5314	0.033*
H38C	1.1825	0.5984	0.5860	0.033*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	<i>U</i> ²²	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.02410 (15)	0.02111 (14)	0.02136 (14)	-0.00353 (10)	0.00837 (10)	0.00205 (10)

01	0.0138 (9)	0.0259 (10)	0.0191 (9)	-0.0019 (7)	-0.0014 (7)	0.0086 (7)
C1	0.0150 (12)	0.0148 (11)	0.0187 (12)	0.0004 (9)	0.0032 (9)	-0.0035 (9)
C2	0.0195 (12)	0.0137 (11)	0.0155 (11)	-0.0036 (9)	0.0044 (9)	-0.0027 (9)
C3	0.0212 (13)	0.0125 (11)	0.0139 (11)	-0.0008 (9)	-0.0033 (9)	-0.0019 (9)
C4	0.0115 (11)	0.0152 (11)	0.0187 (12)	-0.0007 (9)	-0.0012 (9)	-0.0021 (9)
C5	0.0134 (11)	0.0144 (11)	0.0156 (11)	-0.0028 (9)	0.0013 (9)	0.0000 (9)
C6	0.0189 (12)	0.0161 (12)	0.0141 (11)	0.0021 (9)	-0.0019 (9)	0.0009 (9)
C7	0.0162 (13)	0.0303 (15)	0.0238 (13)	0.0005 (11)	0.0036 (10)	-0.0007 (11)
C8	0.0244 (14)	0.0216 (13)	0.0198 (13)	-0.0047 (10)	-0.0062 (10)	0.0041 (11)
Br11	0.02236 (14)	0.02426 (14)	0.02183 (14)	-0.00606 (10)	-0.00779 (10)	-0.00253 (11)
011	0.0123 (9)	0.0369 (11)	0.0197 (9)	-0.0031 (8)	-0.0010 (7)	-0.0103 (8)
C11	0.0207 (13)	0.0113 (11)	0.0158 (11)	0.0024 (9)	0.0002 (9)	0.0014 (9)
C12	0.0164 (12)	0.0145 (11)	0.0145 (11)	-0.0021 (9)	-0.0044 (9)	0.0016 (9)
C13	0.0131 (12)	0.0169 (12)	0.0156 (11)	-0.0007 (9)	-0.0017 (9)	0.0033 (9)
C14	0.0166 (12)	0.0189 (12)	0.0136 (11)	0.0009 (9)	0.0013 (9)	-0.0036 (9)
C15	0.0142 (12)	0.0157 (11)	0.0139 (11)	-0.0030 (9)	-0.0023 (9)	-0.0004 (9)
C16	0.0121 (11)	0.0150 (11)	0.0163 (11)	0.0013 (9)	0.0000 (9)	0.0019 (9)
C17	0.0261 (14)	0.0223 (13)	0.0205 (13)	0.0005 (11)	0.0016 (11)	-0.0068 (10)
C18	0.0141 (12)	0.0274 (13)	0.0206 (13)	0.0002 (10)	0.0011 (10)	0.0021 (10)
Br21	0.02642 (15)	0.02282 (14)	0.02452 (15)	-0.00989 (11)	-0.00721 (11)	-0.00050 (11)
O21	0.0134 (8)	0.0209 (9)	0.0182 (9)	-0.0034 (7)	0.0007 (7)	-0.0071 (7)
C21	0.0153 (12)	0.0186 (12)	0.0163 (12)	-0.0024 (9)	-0.0006 (9)	0.0057 (10)
C22	0.0196 (13)	0.0158 (11)	0.0170 (12)	-0.0046 (9)	-0.0050 (10)	0.0043 (9)
C23	0.0235 (13)	0.0142 (11)	0.0122 (11)	0.0005 (10)	-0.0019 (10)	0.0014 (9)
C24	0.0164 (12)	0.0174 (12)	0.0151 (11)	-0.0016 (9)	0.0005 (9)	0.0020 (9)
C25	0.0157 (12)	0.0133 (11)	0.0142 (11)	-0.0024 (9)	-0.0050 (9)	0.0015 (9)
C26	0.0145 (12)	0.0174 (11)	0.0156 (11)	0.0011 (9)	-0.0008 (9)	-0.0009 (9)
C27	0.0140 (13)	0.0306 (14)	0.0252 (14)	-0.0046 (10)	0.0000 (10)	0.0023 (11)
C28	0.0299 (15)	0.0174 (12)	0.0191 (13)	-0.0002 (11)	0.0006 (11)	-0.0035 (10)
Br31	0.02599 (15)	0.02241 (14)	0.01663 (13)	0.00797 (10)	-0.00221 (10)	0.00384 (10)
O31	0.0120 (8)	0.0197 (9)	0.0211 (9)	0.0029 (7)	0.0013 (7)	0.0071 (7)
C31	0.0226 (13)	0.0134 (11)	0.0101 (11)	-0.0013 (9)	0.0026 (9)	-0.0020 (9)
C32	0.0206 (12)	0.0155 (12)	0.0104 (11)	0.0045 (9)	-0.0003 (9)	-0.0011 (9)
C33	0.0163 (12)	0.0178 (12)	0.0133 (11)	0.0002 (9)	-0.0008 (9)	-0.0031 (9)
C34	0.0148 (12)	0.0147 (11)	0.0160 (11)	0.0003 (9)	0.0028 (9)	0.0002 (9)
C35	0.0156 (12)	0.0142 (11)	0.0119 (11)	0.0009 (9)	-0.0009 (9)	-0.0001 (9)
C36	0.0139 (12)	0.0168 (12)	0.0133 (11)	-0.0010 (9)	0.0005 (9)	-0.0006 (9)
C37	0.0249 (14)	0.0173 (12)	0.0178 (12)	-0.0030 (10)	0.0026 (10)	0.0033 (10)
C38	0.0135 (12)	0.0265 (14)	0.0252 (14)	0.0020 (10)	-0.0009 (10)	-0.0016 (11)

Br1—C2	1.910 (2)	Br21—C22	1.912 (2)	
O1—C5	1.381 (3)	O21—C25	1.383 (3)	
01—H1	0.78 (3)	O21—H21	0.76 (3)	
C1—C6	1.390 (3)	C21—C22	1.396 (4)	
C1—C2	1.392 (3)	C21—C26	1.396 (3)	
C1—C7	1.495 (3)	C21—C27	1.507 (3)	

C2—C3	1.399 (3)	C22—C23	1.391 (4)
C3—C4	1.391 (3)	C23—C24	1.396 (3)
С3—С8	1.506 (3)	C23—C28	1.504 (3)
C4—C5	1.381 (3)	C24—C25	1.382 (3)
C4—H4A	0.9500	C24—H24A	0.9500
С5—С6	1.384 (3)	C25—C26	1.382 (3)
С6—Н6А	0.9500	C26—H26A	0.9500
C7—H7A	0.9800	С27—Н27А	0.9800
C7—H7B	0.9800	C27—H27B	0.9800
C7—H7C	0.9800	C27—H27C	0.9800
C8—H8A	0.9800	C28—H28A	0.9800
C8—H8B	0.9800	C28—H28B	0.9800
C8—H8C	0.9800	C28—H28C	0.9800
Br11_C12	1.912(2)	Br31_C32	1,910(2)
011 C15	1.912(2) 1.375(3)	031 - 035	1.910(2) 1.382(3)
011 111	1.375(3)	031-035	1.302(3)
	0.78(3)		0.77(3)
C11 - C12	1.363(3)	$C_{31} = C_{32}$	1.391(3)
C11 - C10	1.399 (3)	$C_{31} = C_{36}$	1.595 (5)
	1.506 (3)	C_{31}	1.508 (3)
C12-C13	1.393 (3)	$C_{32} = C_{33}$	1.398 (3)
CI3—CI4	1.391 (3)	C33—C34	1.392 (3)
C13—C18	1.502 (3)	C33—C38	1.503 (3)
C14—C15	1.386 (3)	C34—C35	1.387 (3)
C14—H14A	0.9500	C34—H34A	0.9500
C15—C16	1.387 (3)	C35—C36	1.385 (3)
C16—H16A	0.9500	C36—H36A	0.9500
C17—H17A	0.9800	C37—H37A	0.9800
C17—H17B	0.9800	С37—Н37В	0.9800
C17—H17C	0.9800	С37—Н37С	0.9800
C18—H18A	0.9800	C38—H38A	0.9800
C18—H18B	0.9800	C38—H38B	0.9800
C18—H18C	0.9800	C38—H38C	0.9800
C5-01-H1	110(2)	C25—O21—H21	111 (2)
C6—C1—C2	117.7 (2)	C22—C21—C26	117.2 (2)
C6—C1—C7	119.5 (2)	C22—C21—C27	122.8 (2)
C2—C1—C7	122.8 (2)	C26—C21—C27	120.0 (2)
C1 - C2 - C3	122.7 (2)	C23—C22—C21	123.1 (2)
C1-C2-Br1	118.31 (18)	C23—C22—Br21	118.39 (19)
C3-C2-Br1	118.90 (18)	$C_{21} - C_{22} - Br_{21}$	118 48 (18)
C4-C3-C2	117.7 (2)	C^{22} C^{23} C^{24}	117.6 (2)
C4 - C3 - C8	117.7(2) 119.8(2)	$C_{22} = C_{23} = C_{24}$	117.0(2) 122.5(2)
$C^{2}-C^{3}-C^{8}$	1225(2)	C_{24} C_{23} C_{28}	122.3(2) 1100(2)
$C_{2} = C_{3} = C_{3}$	122.5(2) 120 5(2)	C_{25} C	120.5(2)
$C_{5} C_{4} H_{4}$	110.8	$C_{25} = C_{24} = C_{25}$	110 7
$C_3 - C_4 - H_4 \Delta$	110.0	C23_C24_H24A	119.7
C_{4}	118.2 (2)	$C_{25} = C_{25} = C_{24}$	120.6 (2)
$C_{4} = C_{5} = C_{6}$	110.2(2) 120.2(2)	$C_{20} = C_{23} = C_{24}$	120.0(2) 121.4(2)
	120.0(2)	020 - 023 - 021	121.4(2)

O1—C5—C6	121.0 (2)	C24—C25—O21	118.0 (2)
C5—C6—C1	120.6 (2)	C25—C26—C21	120.8 (2)
С5—С6—Н6А	119.7	C25—C26—H26A	119.6
C1—C6—H6A	119.7	C21—C26—H26A	119.6
C1—C7—H7A	109.5	C21—C27—H27A	109.5
C1—C7—H7B	109.5	C21—C27—H27B	109.5
H7A—C7—H7B	109.5	H27A—C27—H27B	109.5
C1—C7—H7C	109.5	C21—C27—H27C	109.5
Н7А—С7—Н7С	109.5	H27A—C27—H27C	109.5
H7B—C7—H7C	109.5	H27B—C27—H27C	109.5
С3—С8—Н8А	109.5	C23—C28—H28A	109.5
C3—C8—H8B	109.5	C23—C28—H28B	109.5
H8A—C8—H8B	109.5	H28A—C28—H28B	109.5
C3—C8—H8C	109.5	C23—C28—H28C	109.5
H8A—C8—H8C	109.5	H28A—C28—H28C	109.5
H8B-C8-H8C	109.5	H_{28B} C_{28} H_{28C}	109.5
C15-011-H11	113 (3)	$C_{35} = O_{31} = H_{31}$	111 (2)
C_{12} $-C_{11}$ $-C_{16}$	1177(2)	C_{32} C_{31} C_{36}	117.6(2)
C_{12} $-C_{11}$ $-C_{17}$	122.7(2)	C_{32} C_{31} C_{37}	122.6(2)
C_{16} C_{11} C_{17}	122.7(2) 1196(2)	$C_{36} - C_{31} - C_{37}$	122.0(2) 1197(2)
C_{11} C_{12} C_{13}	119.0(2) 123.3(2)	$C_{31} - C_{32} - C_{33}$	119.7(2) 123.2(2)
$C_{11} - C_{12} - B_{r_{11}}$	123.3(2) 118 38 (18)	$C_{31} = C_{32} = Br_{31}$	123.2(2) 118 53(18)
C_{13} C_{12} B_{r11}	118.27 (18)	C_{33} C_{32} B_{131}	118.33(18) 118.27(18)
C_{14} C_{13} C_{12} C_{12}	117.6(2)	C_{34} C_{33} C_{32}	1175(2)
$C_{14} = C_{13} = C_{12}$	117.0(2) 110.7(2)	$C_{34} = C_{33} = C_{32}$	117.5(2) 119.5(2)
$C_{12} = C_{13} = C_{18}$	119.7(2) 122.7(2)	$C_{34} - C_{33} - C_{38}$	119.5(2) 123.0(2)
$C_{12} = C_{13} = C_{13}$	122.7(2) 120.4(2)	$C_{32} = C_{33} = C_{33}$	123.0(2) 120.4(2)
$C_{15} = C_{14} = C_{15}$	120.4 (2)	$C_{35} = C_{34} = C_{35}$	120.4 (2)
C_{13} C_{14} H_{14A}	119.8	$C_{33} = C_{34} = H_{34A}$	119.8
C13 - C14 - III4A	117.0 117.5(2)	$C_{33} - C_{34} - H_{34} - H_{34}$	117.0 121.8(2)
011 - 015 - 014	117.3(2) 121.6(2)	031 - 035 - 030	121.0(2)
$C_{14} = C_{15} = C_{16}$	121.0(2)	$C_{24} = C_{25} = C_{24}$	117.2(2)
C14 - C15 - C16	120.9(2)	$C_{30} = C_{33} = C_{34}$	121.0(2)
	120.0 (2)	$C_{35} = C_{36} = C_{31}$	120.3 (2)
C15 - C16 - H16A	120.0	C35 - C36 - H36A	119.8
	120.0	C31 - C30 - H30A	119.8
	109.5	$C_3I = C_3 / = H_3 / A$	109.5
	109.5	C31 - C37 - H37B	109.5
HI/A—CI/—HI/B	109.5	$H_3/A - C_3/ - H_3/B$	109.5
	109.5	C31—C37—H37C	109.5
H17A—C17—H17C	109.5	H37A—C37—H37C	109.5
H17B—C17—H17C	109.5	H37B—C37—H37C	109.5
C13—C18—H18A	109.5	C33—C38—H38A	109.5
C13—C18—H18B	109.5	С33—С38—Н38В	109.5
H18A—C18—H18B	109.5	H38A—C38—H38B	109.5
C13—C18—H18C	109.5	C33—C38—H38C	109.5
H18A—C18—H18C	109.5	H38A—C38—H38C	109.5
H18B—C18—H18C	109.5	H38B—C38—H38C	109.5

C6—C1—C2—C3	0.3 (4)	C26—C21—C22—C23	0.0 (4)
C7—C1—C2—C3	179.6 (2)	C27—C21—C22—C23	179.8 (2)
C6-C1-C2-Br1	-177.41 (17)	C26—C21—C22—Br21	-179.83 (17)
C7—C1—C2—Br1	1.9 (3)	C27—C21—C22—Br21	-0.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (4)	C21—C22—C23—C24	-0.6 (4)
Br1—C2—C3—C4	177.91 (17)	Br21—C22—C23—C24	179.23 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C8	-177.3 (2)	C21—C22—C23—C28	178.0 (2)
Br1—C2—C3—C8	0.4 (3)	Br21—C22—C23—C28	-2.2 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.6 (3)	C22—C23—C24—C25	1.0 (3)
C8—C3—C4—C5	177.0 (2)	C28—C23—C24—C25	-177.7 (2)
C3—C4—C5—O1	-179.1 (2)	C23—C24—C25—C26	-0.7 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.6 (4)	C23—C24—C25—O21	179.7 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	0.0 (4)	C24—C25—C26—C21	0.1 (4)
O1-C5-C6-C1	179.6 (2)	O21—C25—C26—C21	179.6 (2)
C2-C1-C6-C5	-0.4 (3)	C22—C21—C26—C25	0.3 (3)
C7—C1—C6—C5	-179.7 (2)	C27—C21—C26—C25	-179.5 (2)
C16—C11—C12—C13	-2.2 (4)	C36—C31—C32—C33	-1.0 (4)
C17—C11—C12—C13	178.4 (2)	C37—C31—C32—C33	178.1 (2)
C16—C11—C12—Br11	178.05 (17)	C36—C31—C32—Br31	178.17 (17)
C17—C11—C12—Br11	-1.4 (3)	C37—C31—C32—Br31	-2.7 (3)
C11—C12—C13—C14	1.9 (4)	C31—C32—C33—C34	0.8 (4)
Br11—C12—C13—C14	-178.34 (18)	Br31—C32—C33—C34	-178.28 (17)
C11—C12—C13—C18	-176.2 (2)	C31—C32—C33—C38	-178.1 (2)
Br11—C12—C13—C18	3.6 (3)	Br31—C32—C33—C38	2.7 (3)
C12—C13—C14—C15	0.0 (4)	C32—C33—C34—C35	0.0 (3)
C18—C13—C14—C15	178.2 (2)	C38—C33—C34—C35	179.0 (2)
C13—C14—C15—O11	179.2 (2)	C33—C34—C35—O31	179.8 (2)
C13—C14—C15—C16	-1.6 (4)	C33—C34—C35—C36	-0.7 (4)
O11-C15-C16-C11	-179.5 (2)	O31—C35—C36—C31	-179.9 (2)
C14—C15—C16—C11	1.3 (4)	C34—C35—C36—C31	0.6 (4)
C12-C11-C16-C15	0.6 (3)	C32—C31—C36—C35	0.2 (3)
C17—C11—C16—C15	-180.0 (2)	C37—C31—C36—C35	-178.9 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
011—H11…01	0.78 (3)	1.90 (3)	2.681 (3)	173 (4)
O21—H21…O11	0.76 (3)	1.92 (3)	2.682 (3)	176 (3)
O31—H31···O21	0.77 (3)	1.95 (3)	2.714 (2)	175 (3)
O1—H1…O31 ⁱ	0.78 (3)	1.95 (3)	2.729 (3)	172 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) x-1/2, -y+3/2, -z+1.