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Crystal structures of trichlorido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III) and two polymorphs of tribromido-(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III)

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Trichlorido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III), [AuCl₃(C₆H₁₃N)], **1**, crystallizes in *Pbca* with Z = 8. Tribromido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III), [AuBr₃(C₆H₁₃N)], **2**, crystallizes as two polymorphs, **2a** in *Pnma* with Z = 4 (imposed mirror symmetry) and **2b**, which is isotypic to **1**. The Au–N bonds *trans* to Cl are somewhat shorter than those *trans* to Br, and the Au–Cl bonds *trans* to N are longer than those *cis* to N, whereas the Au–Br bonds *trans* to N are slightly shorter than the *cis* bonds. The methyl and AuX₃ groups (X = halogen) occupy equatorial positions at the six-membered ring. The packing of all three structures involves chains of molecules with offset stacking of the AuX₃ moieties associated with short Au···X contacts; for **1** and **2b** these are reinforced by N–H···X hydrogen bonds, whereas for **2a** there are no classical hydrogen bonds and the chains are interconnected by Br···Br contacts.

1. Chemical context

We have published a series of articles describing the structures of amine complexes of gold. The three most recent, Parts 12– 14 in the series, concerned gold(I) and gold(III) derivatives of piperidine and pyrrolidine (Döring & Jones, 2023*a*), gold(I) complexes of morpholine (Döring & Jones, 2023*b*) and gold(I) complexes of methylpiperidine (Döring & Jones, 2024). An extensive introduction, with details of previous results, may be found in Part 12 and will not be repeated here. Here we present the structures of the two 4-methylpiperidine complexes of gold(III) trihalides, namely trichlorido(4methylpiperidine)gold(III) **1** and tribromido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III) **2**. The ligands piperidine and 4-methylpiperidine are henceforth abbreviated to 'pip' and '4-Me-pip'.





2. Structural commentary

The molecular structures of 1, 2a and 2b are shown in Figs. 1–3. Compound 2 crystallized as two polymorphs in the space groups *Pnma* (2a) and *Pbca* (2b); the former displays crystallographic mirror symmetry, whereby the mirror plane contains the gold and bromine atoms, the NH group, the

Table 1Selected geometric parameters (Å, $^{\circ}$) for 1.

Au1-N11	2.070 (3)	Au1-Cl2	2.2832 (10)
Au1-Cl3	2.2826 (10)	Au1-Cl1	2.3006 (10)
N11-Au1-Cl3	93.13 (11)	Cl2-Au1-Cl1	91.18 (4)
N11-Au1-Cl2	85.80 (11)	C16-N11-C12	110.6 (3)
Cl3-Au1-Cl2	178.07 (4)	C16-N11-Au1	117.8 (3)
N11-Au1-Cl1	176.94 (11)	C12-N11-Au1	111.0 (3)
Cl3-Au1-Cl1	89.90 (4)		
Cl3-Au1-N11-C16	5 - 30.0(3)	Au1-N11-C12-C13	169.1 (3)
Cl2-Au1-N11-C16	5 151.6 (3)	C12-C13-C14-C17	179.8 (4)
Cl3-Au1-N11-C12	2 98.8 (3)	C17-C14-C15-C16	179.4 (4)
Cl2-Au1-N11-C12	2 -79.6 (3)	Au1-N11-C16-C15	-172.6 (3)

Table 2

Selected geometric parameters (Å, $^{\circ}$) for **2a**.

Au1-N11	2.096 (5)	Au1-Br3	2.4110 (7)
Au1-Br1	2.4066 (7)	Au1-Br2	2.4273 (6)
N11-Au1-Br1	179.50 (15)	Br1 - Au1 - Br2	91.68 (2)
N11-Au1-Br3	91.78 (15)	Br3-Au1-Br2	179.60 (2)
Br1-Au1-Br3	88.72 (2)	C12 ⁱ -N11-C12	111.2 (5)
N11-Au1-Br2	87.82 (15)	C12 ⁱ -N11-Au1	113.4 (3)
Br3-Au1-N11-C12	-64.1(3)	Au1-N11-C12-C13	-174.4(3)
Br2-Au1-N11-C12	115.9 (3)	C12-C13-C14-C15	-179.7(4)

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z$.

Table 3

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °) for 2b.

Au1-N11	2.094 (4)	Au1-Br2	2.4244 (5)
Au1-Br1	2.4187 (5)	Au1-Br3	2.4246 (5)
N11-Au1-Br1	176.50 (11)	Br2-Au1-Br3	177.736 (17)
N11-Au1-Br2	86.00 (11)	C12-N11-C16	110.9 (4)
Br1-Au1-Br2	90.665 (18)	C12-N11-Au1	111.6 (3)
N11-Au1-Br3	93.62 (11)	C16-N11-Au1	117.8 (3)
Br1-Au1-Br3	89.751 (18)		
Br2-Au1-N11-C12	-78.0 (3)	Au1-N11-C12-C13	168.1 (3)
Br3 - Au1 - N11 - C12	99.8 (3)	C12-C13-C14-C17	-179.2(4)
Br2-Au1-N11-C16	152.0 (3)	C17-C14-C15-C16	178.9 (4)
Br3-Au1-N11-C16	-30.2 (3)	Au1-N11-C16-C15	-171.6 (3)

carbon at C-4 and the methyl carbon (these atoms are numbered for **2a** as C14 and C15). For all three structures, the halogen atoms are numbered such that X1 (X = halogen) is



Figure 1

The structure of compound **1** in the crystal. Ellipsoids correspond to 50% probability levels.





trans to the ligand nitrogen atom N11. Structures **1** and **2b** are isotypic. The geometry at the gold atoms is as expected square planar. Bond lengths and angles (Tables 1–3) may be considered normal. The Au–N bonds *trans* to Cl are somewhat shorter than those *trans* to Br, and the Au–Cl bonds *trans* to N are longer than those *cis* to N, whereas the Au–Br bonds *trans* to N are slightly shorter than the *cis* bonds. Similar trends were observed for (pip)AuCl₃ and (pip)AuBr₃ (Döring & Jones, 2023*a*).

The relative orientation of the ligand and the Au X_3 unit is described by the torsion angles Xn-Au1-N11-H01 and Xn-Au1-N11-C, where n = 2 or 3 (torsion angles for n = 1are meaningless because the sequence X1-Au1-N1 is linear). We observe two distinct types: either one angle Xn-Au1-N11-H01 is approximately zero, corresponding to a short $H01\cdots Xn$ contact that might be considered an intramolecular hydrogen bond, and the smallest absolute Xn-Au1-N11-C angle is around 60° , or the angle Xn-Au1-N11-H01 is approximately $30-40^\circ$ and the smallest absolute Xn-Au1-N11-C angle is around 30° . The former type applies to (pip)AuCl₃ and **2a** [where Br2-Au1-N11-H01 is exactly zero by symmetry and H01 \cdots Br2 is 2.71 (6) Å], and the latter to (pip)AuBr₃, **1** and **2b**.

As would be expected for bulky substituents attached to cyclohexane-type rings, the methyl groups and the Au X_3 moieties occupy equatorial positions, with torsion angles C-C-N-Au and $C-C-C-C_{methyl}$ around ±180°. Our previous two papers however include several structures where





The structure of compound $\mathbf{2b}$ in the crystal. Ellipsoids correspond to 50% probability levels.

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Table 4

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^{\circ}$) for **1**.

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$N11 - H01 \cdots Cl1^i$	0.93 (4)	2.64 (4)	3.535 (4)	163 (4)
$C15-H15B\cdots Cl1^{i}$	0.99	2.97	3.804 (4)	143
$C13-H13B\cdots Cl2^{ii}$	0.99	2.82	3.798 (4)	171
$C15-H15A\cdots Cl3^{iii}$	0.99	2.95	3.610 (4)	125
$C15-H15A\cdots Cl3^{iv}$	0.99	2.99	3.728 (4)	132
$C16-H16B\cdots Cl3^{i}$	0.99	2.91	3,656 (5)	133

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}$, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, z; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}$, $-y + \frac{1}{2}$, -z; (iii) -x + 1, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $x + \frac{1}{2}$, $y, -z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Table 5

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^\circ)$ for 2a.

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D - H \cdots A$
N11-H01···Br2	0.89 (6)	2.71 (6)	3.146 (5)	111 (5)
$C12-H12B\cdots Br1^{ii}$	0.99	2.94	3.786 (5)	145
$C12-H12B\cdots Br2^{ii}$	0.99	2.99	3.798 (4)	139
$C15-H15A\cdots Br2^{iii}$	0.97	2.98	3.936 (7)	169
$C12-H12A\cdots Br3$	0.99	2.96	3.526 (4)	118
$C13-H13A\cdots Br3^{iv}$	0.99	3.09	4.002 (4)	154
$C15-H15B\cdots Br3^{iv}$	0.98	3.05	3.965 (3)	155

Symmetry codes: (ii) -x, -y + 2, -z; (iii) $x + \frac{1}{2}, y, -z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) -x + 1, -y + 2, -z.

Table 6

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^{\circ}$) for **2b**.

$D - H \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N11-H01\cdots Br1^{i}$	0.97 (4)	2.81 (4)	3.759 (4)	164 (4)
$C12-H12A\cdots Br2$	0.99	2.99	3.542 (5)	116
$C13-H13B\cdots Br2^{ii}$	0.99	2.93	3.903 (5)	169
$C16-H16B\cdots Br3^{i}$	0.99	2.99	3.750 (5)	135

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + \frac{1}{2}$, $y + \frac{1}{2}$, z; (ii) $x + \frac{1}{2}$, $-y + \frac{1}{2}$, -z.



Figure 4

Packing diagram of compound **1** viewed approximately parallel to the *c* axis (but rotated by *ca* 15° around the horizontal axis for clarity) in the region $z \simeq 0.125$, showing two chains of molecules parallel to the *b* axis. Dashed lines indicate H···Cl hydrogen bonds (thick) or Au···Cl contacts (thin). Hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding are omitted. Atom labels indicate the asymmetric unit. Similar chains are formed in the regions $z \simeq 0.375$, 0.625 and 0.875.



Figure 5

Packing diagram of compound **2a** viewed aproximately parallel to the *c* axis (but rotated by *ca* 10° about the vertical axis for clarity), showing three chains of molecules parallel to the *b* axis. The chains are centred on the regions (x, z) = (0, 0), (1, 0) and (1/2, 1/2). Dashed lines indicated Au···Br contacts (thick) or Br···Br contacts (thin); the latter are shown more clearly in Fig. 6. Atom labels indicate the asymmetric unit.

a gold(I) atom occupies an axial position in similar molecules. The 'normal' equatorial positions observed for **1**, **2a** and **2b** may be associated with steric effects, which should be greater for the larger Au X_3 moieties compared to the linear gold(I) centres.

3. Supramolecular features

For compound **1**, the main intermolecular contacts are the hydrogen bond N1-H01···Cl1 $(\frac{1}{2} - x, \frac{1}{2} + y, z)$, the *b* glide operator) and the two Au···Cl contacts Au1···Cl3 (same operator) = 3.2980 (10) Å and Au1···Cl2 $(\frac{1}{2} - x, -\frac{1}{2} + y, z)$ = 3.3604 (10) Å that correspond to an offset stacking of the AuCl₃ moieties. These combine to form chains of molecules parallel to the *b* axis (Fig. 4). In the isotypic **2b**, the corresponding Au···Br distances are 3.4060 (5) and 3.5018 (5) Å.

Compound **2a** forms chains analogous to those of **1**, with Au1 \cdots Br2(-x, 1 - y, -z and -x, 2 - y, -z) = 3.5847 (2) Å; these run parallel to the *b* axis (Fig. 5). The chains are cross-linked by short Br \cdots Br contacts involving one *cis* (to N) and the *trans* Br atom, with Br $1\cdots$ Br $3(-\frac{1}{2} + x, y, \frac{1}{2} - z, \text{ the$ *a* $glide operator) = 3.3686 (6) Å and angles Au1-Br<math>1\cdots$ Br3' = 166.26 (3) and Au1-Br $3\cdots$ Br1' = 162.77 (3)°. These contacts are indicated in Fig. 5 but are shown more clearly in Fig. 6; they link the molecules to form chains parallel to the *b* axis. The NH group is not involved in intermolecular hydrogen bonding.

All three structures also display $C-H\cdots X$ contacts that might be interpreted as 'weak' hydrogen bonds (Tables 4–6),

 Table 7

 Experimental details.

	1	2a	2b
Crystal data			
Chemical formula	$[AuCl_3(C_6H_{13}N)]$	$[AuBr_3(C_6H_{13}N)]$	$[AuBr_3(C_6H_{13}N)]$
$M_{ m r}$	402.49	535.87	535.87
Crystal system, space group	Orthorhombic, Pbca	Orthorhombic, Pnma	Orthorhombic, Pbca
Temperature (K)	100	100	100
a, b, c (Å)	12.5716 (6), 8.3940 (3), 20.3319 (7)	9.9871 (5), 7.1505 (4), 15.7160 (8)	12.6471 (5), 8.7247 (3), 21.0262 (7)
$V(Å^3)$	2145.53 (14)	1122.32 (10)	2320.07 (15)
Z	8	4	8
Radiation type	Μο Κα	Μο Κα	Μο Κα
$\mu (\text{mm}^{-1})$	14.40	23.74	22.96
Crystal size (mm)	$0.22 \times 0.03 \times 0.01$	$0.27 \times 0.06 \times 0.03$	$0.14\times0.04\times0.03$
Data collection			
Diffractometer	Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos	Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos	Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2015)	Multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2015)	Multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis PRO</i> ; Rigaku OD, 2015)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.702, 1.000	0.240, 1.000	0.380, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	53277, 2887, 2134	28605, 1864, 1581	38297, 3371, 2495
R _{int}	0.080	0.070	0.074
θ values (°)	$\theta_{\rm max} = 29.1, \theta_{\rm min} = 2.6$	$\theta_{\rm max} = 31.1, \theta_{\rm min} = 2.4$	$\theta_{\rm max} = 30.0, \theta_{\rm min} = 2.5$
Refinement			
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.024, 0.042, 1.05	0.030, 0.050, 1.11	0.029, 0.043, 1.04
No. of reflections	2887	1864	3371
No. of parameters	105	65	105
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} (e {\rm A}^{-5})$	0.86, -0.86	1.56, -1.19	0.99, -0.99

Computer programs: CrysAlis PRO (Rigaku OD, 2015), SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008), SHELXL2019/3 (Sheldrick, 2015) and XP, (Bruker, 1998).

but none of these is strikingly short. These (and other) weak interactions might well contribute significantly to the packing energy, but it is difficult to incorporate them in easily interpretable packing diagrams.

4. Database survey

The searches employed the routine ConQuest (Bruno et al., 2002), part of Version 2023.3.0 of the Cambridge Database (Groom et al., 2016). A search for short Cl···Cl contacts between molecules $LAuCl_3$ (L = any atom) gave 51 hits (59) independent molecules) with contact distances from 3.086 to 3.37 Å and an average Au–Cl···Cl angle of 152.9°. A similar search for $LAuBr_3$ (L = any atom) gave 28 hits (36 independent molecules) with contact distances from 3.26 to 3.67 Å and an average Au-Br...Br angle of 150.7°. The upper bounds for the contact distances in both cases correspond to the double van der Waals radii as stored in the CCDC. For both sets of results, the cis (to L) halogen atoms were more often involved than the trans halogen atoms (the latter corresponding to X1 in the structures presented here); for X = Clthere were 9 contacts of the form *trans/trans*, 5 cis/trans and 37 *cis/cis*, and the corresponding values for X = Br were 4, 7 and 25. In many cases, the Au $-X \cdots X$ angles were equal by symmetry, and both values were used to calculate the average values.

5. Synthesis and crystallization

The starting materials of choice would be the gold(I) complexes (4-Me-pip)AuX, but these exist in the ionic form $[(4-Me-pip)_2Au][AuX_2]$ rather than as neutral molecules (Döring & Jones, 2024).



Figure 6

Packing diagram of compound **2a** showing two zigzag chains of molecules parallel to the *b* axis; the lower chain is centred in the mirror plane at y = 0.75 and the upper chain in the plane at y = 0.25. Dashed lines indicated Br...Br contacts (or, just visible, Au..Br contacts linking the two chains in the direction into the paper). Atom labels indicate the asymmetric unit.

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Trichlorido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III) (1)

A solution of bis(4-methylpiperidine)gold(I) dichloridoaurate(I) (310 mg, 0.454 mmol) in 4 mL of dichloromethane was added to a solution of PhICl₂ (125 mg, 0.454 mmol) in 3 mL of dichloromethane. 2 mL of the mixed solution were divided amongst five small test-tubes and overlayered with various precipitants. The tubes were then stoppered and stored in a refrigerator at 276 K. The measured crystal was obtained using diisopropyl ether as precipitant. Elemental analysis [%]: calc. C 17.91, H 3.26, N 3.48; found C 17.64, H 3.30, N 3.65.

Tribromido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III) (2)

Polymorph **2a**: Bis(4-methylpiperidinium) bromide tetrabromidoaurate(III), {(4-Me-pip)H}₂·Br·[AuBr₄] (Döring, 2016) (26 mg, 0.0327 mmol) was dissolved in 1.5 mL of dichloromethane. The solution was divided amongst three small test tubes and overlayered with various precipitants. The tubes were then stoppered and stored in a refrigerator at 276 K. Using diisopropyl ether as precipitant, a mixture of crystals of the starting material (structure to be reported elsewhere) and of **2a** was obtained.

Polymorph **2b**: Bis(4-methylpiperidine)gold(I) dibromidoaurate(I), $[(4-Me-pip)_2Au][AuBr_2]$, (90 mg, 0.239 mmol) was dissolved in 2 mL of dichloromethane and two drops of elemental bromine were added. The solution was overlayered with diisopropyl ether and stored in a refrigerator at 276 K, whereby crystals of **2b** formed.

6. Refinement

Details of the measurements and refinements are given in Table 7. Structures were refined anisotropically on F^2 . For all compounds, the NH hydrogen atoms were refined freely. Methylene hydrogens were included at calculated positions and refined using a riding model with C-H = 0.99 Å and

 $H-C-H = 109.5^{\circ}$. Methine hydrogens were included similarly, but with C-H = 0.99 Å. Methyl groups were included as idealized rigid groups with C-H 0.98 Å and $H-C-H 109.5^{\circ}$, and were allowed to rotate but not to tip (command 'AFIX 137'). *U* values of the hydrogen atoms were fixed at $1.5 \times U_{eq}$ of the parent carbon atoms for methyl groups and $1.2 \times U_{eq}$ of the parent carbon atoms for other hydrogens. For compound **2a**, an extinction correction was performed; the extinction parameter (Sheldrick, 2015) refined to 0.00051 (4).

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Crystal structures of trichlorido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III) and two polymorphs of tribromido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III)

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Computing details

Trichlorido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III) (1)

Crystal data [AuCl₃(C₆H₁₃N)] $M_r = 402.49$ Orthorhombic, *Pbca* a = 12.5716 (6) Å b = 8.3940 (3) Å c = 20.3319 (7) Å V = 2145.53 (14) Å³

F(000) = 1488

Z = 8

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos diffractometer Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source Detector resolution: 16.1419 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scan Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2015) $T_{min} = 0.702, T_{max} = 1.000$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Least-squares matrix: full $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$ $wR(F^2) = 0.042$ S = 1.052887 reflections 105 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods $D_x = 2.492 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 7041 reflections $\theta = 2.6-30.3^{\circ}$ $\mu = 14.40 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 KNeedle, yellow $0.22 \times 0.03 \times 0.01 \text{ mm}$

53277 measured reflections 2887 independent reflections 2134 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.080$ $\theta_{max} = 29.1^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.6^{\circ}$ $h = -17 \rightarrow 17$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 11$ $l = -27 \rightarrow 27$

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: mixed H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0105P)^2 + 2.0478P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.86$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.86$ e Å⁻³

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Aul	0.24309 (2)	0.30864 (2)	0.12540 (2)	0.01126 (5)

C11	0.06218 (8)	0.27039 (12)	0.11903 (6)	0.0183 (2)
Cl2	0.23963 (8)	0.47300 (12)	0.03594 (5)	0.0152 (2)
C13	0.25068 (9)	0.13911 (12)	0.21305 (5)	0.0163 (2)
N11	0.4051 (3)	0.3526 (4)	0.12740 (19)	0.0140 (7)
H01	0.413 (3)	0.459 (5)	0.116 (2)	0.016 (12)*
C12	0.4627 (4)	0.2518 (5)	0.0768 (2)	0.0164 (10)
H12A	0.461894	0.138753	0.090652	0.020*
H12B	0.426095	0.260030	0.033863	0.020*
C13	0.5764 (3)	0.3084 (5)	0.0700 (2)	0.0172 (9)
H13A	0.576749	0.418818	0.052940	0.021*
H13B	0.613978	0.240127	0.037781	0.021*
C14	0.6356 (3)	0.3033 (5)	0.1356 (2)	0.0171 (9)
H14	0.637276	0.190175	0.150987	0.020*
C15	0.5748 (4)	0.4004 (5)	0.1862 (2)	0.0167 (9)
H15A	0.610893	0.391913	0.229285	0.020*
H15B	0.575131	0.513867	0.172913	0.020*
C16	0.4608 (3)	0.3441 (5)	0.1930 (2)	0.0183 (10)
H16A	0.459812	0.233002	0.209420	0.022*
H16B	0.422949	0.411771	0.225335	0.022*
C17	0.7505 (3)	0.3604 (5)	0.1278 (2)	0.0226 (9)
H17A	0.750776	0.472073	0.113702	0.034*
H17B	0.786546	0.295036	0.094620	0.034*
H17C	0.787735	0.350621	0.169907	0.034*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Au1	0.01234 (7)	0.00980 (8)	0.01163 (7)	0.00022 (6)	0.00052 (7)	-0.00063 (6)
Cl1	0.0153 (5)	0.0172 (5)	0.0225 (6)	-0.0036 (4)	0.0014 (5)	0.0009 (5)
Cl2	0.0187 (5)	0.0130 (5)	0.0139 (5)	-0.0011 (4)	-0.0021 (4)	0.0019 (4)
C13	0.0227 (5)	0.0127 (5)	0.0135 (4)	-0.0006 (4)	0.0019 (5)	0.0015 (4)
N11	0.0121 (16)	0.0110 (17)	0.0189 (18)	0.0001 (13)	-0.0004 (16)	0.0011 (16)
C12	0.014 (2)	0.021 (3)	0.015 (2)	0.0004 (17)	0.0039 (19)	-0.0070 (17)
C13	0.013 (2)	0.023 (3)	0.016 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.0022 (17)	-0.0025 (19)
C14	0.013 (2)	0.020(2)	0.019 (2)	-0.0010 (18)	-0.0001 (17)	0.0024 (19)
C15	0.018 (2)	0.019 (2)	0.013 (2)	0.0014 (18)	-0.0065 (18)	-0.0034 (17)
C16	0.018 (2)	0.025 (3)	0.012 (2)	-0.0002 (19)	-0.0024 (17)	-0.0042 (18)
C17	0.019 (2)	0.026 (2)	0.022 (2)	-0.0043 (18)	-0.004 (2)	0.007 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Au1—N11	2.070 (3)	C13—H13B	0.9900	
Au1—Cl3	2.2826 (10)	C14—C15	1.518 (6)	
Au1—Cl2	2.2832 (10)	C14—C17	1.531 (6)	
Au1—Cl1	2.3006 (10)	C14—H14	1.0000	
N11—C16	1.509 (5)	C15—C16	1.515 (6)	
N11—C12	1.516 (5)	C15—H15A	0.9900	
N11—H01	0.93 (4)	C15—H15B	0.9900	

C12—C13	1.512 (6)	C16—H16A	0.9900
C12—H12A	0.9900	C16—H16B	0.9900
C12—H12B	0.9900	C17—H17A	0.9800
C13—C14	1.528 (6)	C17—H17B	0.9800
C13—H13A	0.9900	C17—H17C	0.9800
N11—Au1—Cl3	93.13 (11)	C15—C14—C13	109.4 (3)
N11—Au1—Cl2	85.80 (11)	C15—C14—C17	112.2 (4)
Cl3—Au1—Cl2	178.07 (4)	C13—C14—C17	111.1 (3)
N11—Au1—Cl1	176.94 (11)	C15—C14—H14	108.0
Cl3—Au1—Cl1	89.90 (4)	C13—C14—H14	108.0
Cl2—Au1—Cl1	91.18 (4)	C17—C14—H14	108.0
C16—N11—C12	110.6 (3)	C16—C15—C14	111.8 (3)
C16—N11—Au1	117.8 (3)	C16—C15—H15A	109.3
C12—N11—Au1	111.0 (3)	C14—C15—H15A	109.3
C16—N11—H01	103 (3)	C16—C15—H15B	109.3
C12—N11—H01	108 (3)	C14—C15—H15B	109.3
Au1—N11—H01	106 (3)	H15A—C15—H15B	107.9
C13—C12—N11	109.8 (3)	N11—C16—C15	110.0 (3)
C13—C12—H12A	109.7	N11—C16—H16A	109.7
N11—C12—H12A	109.7	C15—C16—H16A	109.7
C13—C12—H12B	109.7	N11—C16—H16B	109.7
N11—C12—H12B	109.7	C15—C16—H16B	109.7
H12A—C12—H12B	108.2	H16A—C16—H16B	108.2
C12—C13—C14	111.8 (3)	C14—C17—H17A	109.5
C12—C13—H13A	109.3	C14—C17—H17B	109.5
C14—C13—H13A	109.3	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5
C12—C13—H13B	109.3	C14—C17—H17C	109.5
C14—C13—H13B	109.3	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5
H13A—C13—H13B	107.9	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5
Cl3—Au1—N11—C16	-30.0 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-55.8 (5)
Cl2—Au1—N11—C16	151.6 (3)	C12-C13-C14-C17	179.8 (4)
Cl3—Au1—N11—C12	98.8 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C16	55.7 (5)
Cl2—Au1—N11—C12	-79.6 (3)	C17—C14—C15—C16	179.4 (4)
C16—N11—C12—C13	-58.4 (4)	C12—N11—C16—C15	58.4 (4)
Au1—N11—C12—C13	169.1 (3)	Au1—N11—C16—C15	-172.6 (3)
N11-C12-C13-C14	57.4 (5)	C14—C15—C16—N11	-57.7 (5)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N11—H01···Cl1 ⁱ	0.93 (4)	2.64 (4)	3.535 (4)	163 (4)
C15—H15 <i>B</i> ····Cl1 ⁱ	0.99	2.97	3.804 (4)	143
C13—H13 <i>B</i> ····Cl2 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.82	3.798 (4)	171
C15—H15A····Cl3 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.99	2.95	3.610 (4)	125

C15—H15A····Cl3 ^{iv}	0.99	2.99	3.728 (4)	132
C16—H16 <i>B</i> ···Cl3 ⁱ	0.99	2.91	3.656 (5)	133

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1/2, y+1/2, z; (ii) x+1/2, -y+1/2, -z; (iii) -x+1, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (iv) x+1/2, y, -z+1/2.

Tribromido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III) (2a)

Crystal data

[AuBr₃(C₆H₁₃N)] $M_r = 535.87$ Orthorhombic, *Pnma* a = 9.9871 (5) Å b = 7.1505 (4) Å c = 15.7160 (8) Å V = 1122.32 (10) Å³ Z = 4F(000) = 960

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed X-ray tube Detector resolution: 16.1419 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scan Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2015) $T_{min} = 0.240, T_{max} = 1.000$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 HydrLeast-squares matrix: fullH at $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$ an $wR(F^2) = 0.050$ w = 1S = 1.11wl1864 reflections (Δ/σ) 65 parameters $\Delta\rho_{ma}$ 0 restraints $\Delta\rho_{ma}$ Primary atom site location: structure-invariantExtindirect methods(SSecondary atom site location: difference FourierFcmapExtin

 $D_x = 3.171 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 4663 reflections $\theta = 3.1-30.3^{\circ}$ $\mu = 23.74 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 KNeedle, orange $0.27 \times 0.06 \times 0.03 \text{ mm}$

28605 measured reflections 1864 independent reflections 1581 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.070$ $\theta_{max} = 31.1^\circ$, $\theta_{min} = 2.4^\circ$ $h = -14 \rightarrow 14$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $l = -22 \rightarrow 22$

Hydrogen site location: mixed H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0121P)^2 + 3.4353P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 1.56 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{min} = -1.18 \text{ e } \text{Å}^{-3}$ Extinction correction: *SHELXL2019/3* (Sheldrick, 2015), Fc*=kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4} Extinction coefficient: 0.00051 (4)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Au1	0.09315 (2)	0.750000	0.04663 (2)	0.01176 (7)	
Br1	-0.07000 (6)	0.750000	0.15933 (4)	0.01882 (14)	
Br2	-0.08081 (6)	0.750000	-0.06122 (4)	0.01351 (13)	
Br3	0.26712 (6)	0.750000	0.15298 (4)	0.02039 (15)	
N11	0.2339 (5)	0.750000	-0.0523 (3)	0.0161 (11)	
H01	0.184 (7)	0.750000	-0.099 (4)	0.013 (17)*	
C12	0.3183 (4)	0.9225 (6)	-0.0547 (3)	0.0182 (9)	
H12A	0.373767	0.928684	-0.002574	0.022*	
H12B	0.259617	1.034089	-0.055751	0.022*	

C13	0.4087 (4)	0.9241 (6)	-0.1324 (3)	0.0193 (9)	
H13A	0.465879	1.037237	-0.131098	0.023*	
H13B	0.353144	0.929562	-0.184542	0.023*	
C14	0.4975 (6)	0.750000	-0.1354 (4)	0.0152 (12)	
H14	0.554971	0.750002	-0.083321	0.018*	
C15	0.5896 (7)	0.750000	-0.2129 (4)	0.0253 (16)	
H15A	0.534829	0.750000	-0.264018	0.038*	
H15B	0.647617	0.860443	-0.211145	0.038*	

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Aul	0.01034 (11)	0.01467 (12)	0.01027 (12)	0.000	0.00112 (9)	0.000
Br1	0.0180 (3)	0.0253 (3)	0.0132 (3)	0.000	0.0057 (2)	0.000
Br2	0.0113 (3)	0.0163 (3)	0.0129 (3)	0.000	-0.0005 (2)	0.000
Br3	0.0172 (3)	0.0304 (4)	0.0135 (3)	0.000	-0.0042 (2)	0.000
N11	0.011 (2)	0.027 (3)	0.010 (3)	0.000	0.000(2)	0.000
C12	0.018 (2)	0.016 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.0031 (17)	0.0090 (18)	0.0020 (19)
C13	0.016 (2)	0.022 (2)	0.020 (2)	-0.0009 (19)	0.0067 (19)	0.005 (2)
C14	0.013 (3)	0.016 (3)	0.017 (3)	0.000	0.007 (2)	0.000
C15	0.017 (3)	0.033 (4)	0.026 (4)	0.000	0.009 (3)	0.000

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Au1—N11	2.096 (5)	C12—H12B	0.9900
Au1—Br1	2.4066 (7)	C13—C14	1.529 (5)
Au1—Br3	2.4110 (7)	C13—H13A	0.9900
Au1—Br2	2.4273 (6)	C13—H13B	0.9900
N11-C12 ⁱ	1.494 (5)	C14—C15	1.526 (8)
N11—C12	1.494 (5)	C14—H14	1.0000
N11—H01	0.89 (6)	C15—H15A	0.9713
C12—C13	1.520 (6)	C15—H15B	0.9800
C12—H12A	0.9900	C15—H15B ⁱ	0.9800
N11—Au1—Br1	179.50 (15)	C12—C13—C14	111.3 (4)
N11—Au1—Br3	91.78 (15)	С12—С13—Н13А	109.4
Br1—Au1—Br3	88.72 (2)	C14—C13—H13A	109.4
N11—Au1—Br2	87.82 (15)	С12—С13—Н13В	109.4
Br1—Au1—Br2	91.68 (2)	C14—C13—H13B	109.4
Br3—Au1—Br2	179.60 (2)	H13A—C13—H13B	108.0
C12 ⁱ —N11—C12	111.2 (5)	C15-C14-C13 ⁱ	111.9 (3)
C12 ⁱ —N11—Au1	113.4 (3)	C15—C14—C13	111.9 (3)
C12—N11—Au1	113.4 (3)	C13 ⁱ —C14—C13	109.0 (5)
C12 ⁱ —N11—H01	107 (2)	C15—C14—H14	107.9
C12—N11—H01	107 (2)	C13 ⁱ —C14—H14	107.9
Au1—N11—H01	104 (4)	C13—C14—H14	107.9
N11-C12-C13	111.2 (4)	C14—C15—H15A	108.7
N11—C12—H12A	109.4	C14—C15—H15B	109.5

C13—C12—H12A	109.4	H15A—C15—H15B	110.9
N11—C12—H12B	109.4	C14-C15-H15B ⁱ	109.48 (19)
C13—C12—H12B	109.4	H15A-C15-H15B ⁱ	110.9
H12A—C12—H12B	108.0	H15B-C15-H15B ⁱ	107.4
Br3—Au1—N11—C12 ⁱ	64.1 (3)	Au1—N11—C12—C13	-174.4 (3)
Br2—Au1—N11—C12 ⁱ	-115.9 (3)	N11—C12—C13—C14	-56.8 (5)
Br3—Au1—N11—C12	-64.1 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-179.7 (4)
Br2—Au1—N11—C12	115.9 (3)	C12-C13-C14-C13 ⁱ	55.9 (6)
C12 ⁱ —N11—C12—C13	56.4 (6)		

Symmetry code: (i) x, -y+3/2, z.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N11—H01…Br2	0.89 (6)	2.71 (6)	3.146 (5)	111 (5)
C12—H12B····Br1 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.94	3.786 (5)	145
C12—H12 <i>B</i> ···Br2 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.99	3.798 (4)	139
C15—H15A····Br2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.97	2.98	3.936 (7)	169
C12—H12A···Br3	0.99	2.96	3.526 (4)	118
C13—H13 <i>A</i> ···Br3 ^{iv}	0.99	3.09	4.002 (4)	154
C15—H15 <i>B</i> ····Br3 ^{iv}	0.98	3.05	3.965 (3)	155

Symmetry codes: (ii) -x, -y+2, -z; (iii) x+1/2, y, -z-1/2; (iv) -x+1, -y+2, -z.

Tribromido(4-methylpiperidine)gold(III) (2b)

Crystal data

[AuBr₃(C₆H₁₃N)] $M_r = 535.87$ Orthorhombic, *Pbca* a = 12.6471 (5) Å b = 8.7247 (3) Å c = 21.0262 (7) Å V = 2320.07 (15) Å³ Z = 8F(000) = 1920

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur, Eos diffractometer Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source Detector resolution: 16.1419 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scan Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlisPro; Rigaku OD, 2015) $T_{\min} = 0.380, T_{\max} = 1.000$ $D_x = 3.068 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 5682 reflections $\theta = 3.2-29.7^{\circ}$ $\mu = 22.96 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 KNeedle, red $0.14 \times 0.04 \times 0.03 \text{ mm}$

38297 measured reflections 3371 independent reflections 2495 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.074$ $\theta_{max} = 30.0^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.5^{\circ}$ $h = -17 \rightarrow 17$ $k = -11 \rightarrow 12$ $l = -29 \rightarrow 29$ Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$	Hydrogen site location: mixed
$wR(F^2) = 0.043$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
S = 1.03	and constrained refinement
3371 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0081P)^2 + 2.1449P]$
105 parameters	where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.99 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.99$ e Å ⁻³

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displayed	acement parameters (\AA^2)
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				TT +/TT	
	X	У	Z	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$	
Au1	0.24373 (2)	0.30618 (2)	0.12636 (2)	0.01070 (5)	
Br1	0.05410 (4)	0.27328 (5)	0.12037 (2)	0.01833 (11)	
Br2	0.24027 (4)	0.47282 (5)	0.03411 (2)	0.01409 (10)	
Br3	0.24951 (4)	0.13133 (5)	0.21592 (2)	0.01560 (10)	
N11	0.4069 (3)	0.3465 (4)	0.12801 (19)	0.0115 (8)	
H01	0.416 (4)	0.454 (5)	0.116 (2)	0.019 (14)*	
C12	0.4638 (4)	0.2527 (5)	0.0784 (2)	0.0169 (11)	
H12A	0.426683	0.261747	0.037140	0.020*	
H12B	0.463810	0.143443	0.091066	0.020*	
C13	0.5769 (4)	0.3088 (6)	0.0714 (2)	0.0201 (11)	
H13A	0.576259	0.415630	0.055540	0.024*	
H13B	0.613889	0.244725	0.039599	0.024*	
C14	0.6373 (4)	0.3028 (5)	0.1341 (2)	0.0162 (10)	
H14	0.640778	0.193362	0.148091	0.019*	
C15	0.5762 (4)	0.3927 (5)	0.1845 (2)	0.0154 (11)	
H15A	0.612751	0.382498	0.225900	0.018*	
H15B	0.575849	0.502588	0.172813	0.018*	
C16	0.4628 (4)	0.3372 (5)	0.1914 (2)	0.0180 (11)	
H16A	0.462434	0.229940	0.206773	0.022*	
H16B	0.425261	0.401276	0.222985	0.022*	
C17	0.7504 (4)	0.3616 (6)	0.1266 (2)	0.0253 (11)	
H17A	0.748980	0.471144	0.116451	0.038*	
H17B	0.785491	0.305515	0.092217	0.038*	
H17C	0.789141	0.345693	0.166448	0.038*	

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Au1	0.01025 (9)	0.00994 (8)	0.01190 (8)	0.00053 (7)	0.00084 (8)	-0.00021 (7)
Br1	0.0108 (2)	0.0184 (2)	0.0259 (3)	-0.00129 (18)	0.0015 (2)	0.0018 (2)
Br2	0.0151 (2)	0.0137 (2)	0.0135 (2)	-0.0008(2)	-0.0013 (2)	0.00201 (17)
Br3	0.0207 (3)	0.0128 (2)	0.0133 (2)	0.0001 (2)	0.0017 (2)	0.00118 (17)
N11	0.011 (2)	0.0125 (19)	0.011 (2)	-0.0006 (15)	-0.0018 (17)	0.0001 (16)
C12	0.016 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.013 (2)	0.001 (2)	0.003 (2)	-0.0075 (19)

C13	0.015 (3)	0.025 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.002 (2)	0.000(2)	-0.001(2)
C14	0.011 (2)	0.018 (2)		-0.002 (2)	-0.002(2)	0.002(2)
C15	0.013 (3)	0.016 (2)	0.017 (3)	0.003 (2)	-0.008(2)	-0.002(2)
C16	0.016 (3)	0.021 (3)	0.017 (3)	-0.006(2)	-0.002(2)	-0.003(2)
C17	0.018 (3)	0.034 (3)	0.024 (3)		-0.003(3)	0.007(2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Au1—N11	2.094 (4)	C13—H13B	0.9900	
Au1—Br1	2.4187 (5)	C14—C15	1.527 (6)	
Au1—Br2	2.4244 (5)	C14—C17	1.527 (6)	
Au1—Br3	2.4246 (5)	C14—H14	1.0000	
N11—C12	1.508 (6)	C15—C16	1.520 (7)	
N11—C16	1.511 (6)	C15—H15A	0.9900	
N11—H01	0.97 (4)	C15—H15B	0.9900	
C12—C13	1.518 (7)	C16—H16A	0.9900	
C12—H12A	0.9900	C16—H16B	0.9900	
C12—H12B	0.9900	C17—H17A	0.9800	
C13—C14	1.524 (7)	C17—H17B	0.9800	
C13—H13A	0.9900	C17—H17C	0.9800	
N11—Au1—Br1	176.50 (11)	C13—C14—C15	109.2 (4)	
N11—Au1—Br2	86.00 (11)	C13—C14—C17	111.6 (4)	
Br1—Au1—Br2	90.665 (18)	C15—C14—C17	111.9 (4)	
N11—Au1—Br3	93.62 (11)	C13—C14—H14	108.0	
Br1—Au1—Br3	89.751 (18)	C15—C14—H14	108.0	
Br2—Au1—Br3	177.736 (17)	C17—C14—H14	108.0	
C12—N11—C16	110.9 (4)	C16—C15—C14	112.3 (4)	
C12—N11—Au1	111.6 (3)	C16—C15—H15A	109.1	
C16—N11—Au1	117.8 (3)	C14—C15—H15A	109.1	
C12—N11—H01	107 (3)	C16—C15—H15B	109.1	
C16—N11—H01	102 (3)	C14—C15—H15B	109.1	
Au1—N11—H01	106 (3)	H15A—C15—H15B	107.9	
N11—C12—C13	110.0 (4)	N11—C16—C15	109.9 (4)	
N11—C12—H12A	109.7	N11—C16—H16A	109.7	
C13—C12—H12A	109.7	C15—C16—H16A	109.7	
N11—C12—H12B	109.7	N11—C16—H16B	109.7	
C13—C12—H12B	109.7	C15—C16—H16B	109.7	
H12A—C12—H12B	108.2	H16A—C16—H16B	108.2	
C12—C13—C14	112.2 (4)	C14—C17—H17A	109.5	
C12—C13—H13A	109.2	C14—C17—H17B	109.5	
C14—C13—H13A	109.2	H17A—C17—H17B	109.5	
C12—C13—H13B	109.2	C14—C17—H17C	109.5	
C14—C13—H13B	109.2	H17A—C17—H17C	109.5	
H13A—C13—H13B	107.9	H17B—C17—H17C	109.5	
Br2—Au1—N11—C12	-78.0 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C15	-55.0 (5)	
Br3—Au1—N11—C12	99.8 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C17	-179.2 (4)	
	. /			

152.0 (3)	C13—C14—C15—C16	54.8 (5)
-30.2 (3)	C17—C14—C15—C16	178.9 (4)
-58.4 (5)	C12—N11—C16—C15	58.0 (5)
168.1 (3)	Au1—N11—C16—C15	-171.6 (3)
57.4 (5)	C14—C15—C16—N11	-56.8 (5)
	152.0 (3) -30.2 (3) -58.4 (5) 168.1 (3) 57.4 (5)	152.0 (3) C13—C14—C15—C16 -30.2 (3) C17—C14—C15—C16 -58.4 (5) C12—N11—C16—C15 168.1 (3) Au1—N11—C16—C15 57.4 (5) C14—C15—C16—N11

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N11—H01···Br1 ⁱ	0.97 (4)	2.81 (4)	3.759 (4)	164 (4)
C12—H12A···Br2	0.99	2.99	3.542 (5)	116
C13—H13 <i>B</i> ···Br2 ⁱⁱ	0.99	2.93	3.903 (5)	169
C16—H16 <i>B</i> ···Br3 ⁱ	0.99	2.99	3.750 (5)	135

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+1/2, *y*+1/2, *z*; (ii) *x*+1/2, -*y*+1/2, -*z*.