SHELDRICK, G. M. (1976). SHELX76. Program for crystal structure determination. Univ. of Cambridge, England.

SIM, G. A. (1960). Acta Cryst. 13, 511-512.

- SIMONOV, V. I. (1982). Computational Crystallography, pp. 150–158. Oxford: Clarendon Press.
- SIMPSON, P. G., DOBROTT, R. D. & LIPSCOMB, W. N. (1965). Acta Cryst. 18, 169–179.
- STOUT, G. H. & JENSEN, L. H. (1968). X-ray Structure Determination, pp. 344–352. New York: MacMillan. VIJAYAN, M. (1980). Acta Cryst. A36, 295–298.

WOOLFSON, M. M. (1956). Acta Cryst. 9, 804–810.

Letter to the Editor

J. Appl. Cryst. (1986). 19, 491

Errors in a recent critique of the Borie–Sparks method in diffuse scattering

Sir,

In a recent paper, Bubeck & Gerold (1986) have purported to report on the limitations of modern methods of analysis of diffuse scattering (Borie & Sparks, 1971; Georgopoulos & Cohen, 1977). In particular, they attempt to show that it is essential that a region close to the origin of reciprocal space be included if the effects due to chemical order and atomic displacements are to be properly separated. However, they have apparently misunderstood the analysis procedures.

They attempt to show this by synthesizing diffuse intensity along a line in reciprocal space, using an unrealistically large and very slowly decaying strain in Al around a Cu plane. In a real material this strain must oscillate but, be that as it may, they show that a very large Warren short-range parameter, α_0 , results, instead of the theoretical value of unity. (This is the area under the curves in their Figs. 2-6, excluding the region near g=0, which cannot be reached experimentally.) Why then are there several reported investigations in which the values are within a few percent of unity? The answer is quite simple. Bubeck & Gerold synthesize and analyze the intensity only along a line. This requires that they have data out to 600 or further to perform the separation, where size defects dominate and large errors can be expected in the separated intensity due to local order. Practitioners, however, make measurements in a restricted volume in reciprocal space, using symmetry to obtain the necessary regions for the separation.

In fact, the effects of atomic displacements on these techniques have already been thoroughly evaluated and discussed in the literature. It has been shown that there are indeed problems with the Borie-Sparks procedure when there is clustering and the displacements are appreciable (Hayakawa, Bardhan & Cohen, 1975) but that this is not the case with the Georgopoulos–Cohen procedure (Georgopoulos & Cohen, 1977).

If the strains are enormous, a region close to the origin might be helpful, as the authors suggest, but if both transmission and reflection geometries are required, there can be many problems in sample preparation and in determining the absolute scale.

J. B. COHEN

Northwestern University The Technological Institute Evanston IL 60201 USA

(Received 1 July 1986; accepted 8 July 1986)

References

Borie,	Β.	&	Sparks,	С.	J.	(1971).	Acta
Crys	t. A	27	, 198–201	۱.			

Bubeck, E. & Gerold, V. (1986). J. Appl. Cryst. 19, 164–167.

Georgopoulos, P. & Cohen, J. B. (1977). J. Phys. 12, C7, 191–196.

Hayakawa, M., Bardhan, P. & Cohen, J. B. (1975). J. Appl. Cryst. 8, 87–95.

International Union of Crystallography

J. Appl. Cryst. (1986). 19, 491-492

Prices of Acta Crystallographica and Journal of Applied Crystallography

The Executive Committee of the International Union of Crystallography is pleased that it has not been necessary to increase the subscription rates and the prices of back numbers for Acta Crystallographica and Journal of Applied Crystallography as from 1 January 1987.

Acta Crystallographica

The following rates will apply for volumes A43, B43 and C43 (1987). All subscription rates are fixed in Danish kroner. The US dollar equivalents are no longer given because of rapid fluctuations in exchange rates.

Complete volumes, regular price per volume

Sections A, B & C

(combined	
subscription)	Dkr 5250
Section A only	Dkr 1275
Section B only	Dkr 1275
Section C only	Dkr 3000

Complete volumes, reduced price for individuals

Sections A, B & C (combined

Dkr 1450
Dkr 350
Dkr 350
Dkr 850

All subscribers in the USA and Canada should add to the above subscription rates the additional charges for airfreighting as mentioned below.

The reduced-rate subscriptions are ordinarily only available to members of recognized scientific societies, and applications must be accompanied by a written undertaking that the journal is for the personal use of the subscriber and will not be made available to libraries, institutions, *etc.* These conditions also apply to persons wishing to order back numbers at the reduced rates.

Single parts

The price of single parts of any Section of Volume 43 (1987) is Dkr 320.

Journal of Applied Crystallography

The following rates will apply for Volume 20 (1987). All subscription rates are fixed in Danish kroner. The US dollar equivalents are no longer given because of rapid fluctuations in exchange rates.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF CRYSTALLOGRAPHY Per Prices of back numbers Cum

Complete	volumes,	regular	price	per
volume			Dkr	1275

Complete volumes, reduced price for individuals Dkr 400

All subscribers in the USA and Canada should add to the above subscription rates the additional charge for air-freighting as mentioned below.

The same conditions apply to reducedrate subscriptions as in the case of *Acta Crystallographica* (see above).

Single parts

The price for single parts of Volume 20 (1987) is Dkr 320.

Airfreighting of copies to the USA and Canada

Deliveries of Acta Crystallographica and Journal of Applied Crystallography to the USA and Canada in 1987 will continue to be by air-freight to New York and thence by second class mail. The use of this service is obligatory for all subscribers in those countries. The charges in Danish kroner are as given below.

Acta Crystallographica		Section
Sections A, B & C		Section
(combined		Cumula
subscription)	Add Dkr 380	oumun
Section A only	Add Dkr 90	Vols. 1
Section B only	Add Dkr 90	(1958
Section C only	Add Dkr 220	Vols. 2
-		(1968

Journal of Applied Crystallography Add Dkr 70

Acta Crystallographi	ca
Complete volumes, volume	regular price per
Vols. 1–23 Combined	Dkr 1275
Vols. 24-38	Dkr 4600
Combined Vols. 39–42	Dkr 5250
Vols. A24–A42 Vols. B24–B38	Dkr 1275 Dkr 3500
Vols. B39-B42 Vols. C39-C42	Dkr 1275 Dkr 3000
Complete volumes, individuals	reduced price for
Vols. 1–23	Dkr 350
Combined Vols. 24–38 Combined	Dkr 1300
Vols. 39-42	Dkr 1450
Vols. A24–A42	Dkr 350
Vols. B24–B38	Dkr 1050
Vols. B39–B42	Dkr 350
Vols. C39–C42	Dkr 850
<u><u> </u></u>	

Single parts

Single parts of Volumes 1–23 are not available. The price of single parts of any Section of other volumes is Dkr 320.

Cumulative Indexes, regular price

Vols. 11–23		
(1958-1967)	Dkr	120
Vols. 24-28		
(1968–1972)	Dkr	120
Vols. 29–38		
(1973–1982)	Dkr	150

Cumulative Indexes, reduced price for individuals

Vols. 11–23		
(1958–1967)	Dkr	60
Vols. 24–28		
(1968–1972)	Dkr	60
Vols. 29–38		
(1973–1982)	Dkr	75

A few copies of the cumulative index for Volumes 1–10 (1948–1957) are also available, free of charge.

Journal of Applied Crystallography

Complete volumes, regular price per volume

Vols. 1–19 Dkr 1275

Complete volumes, reduced price for individuals

Vols. 1–19 Dkr 400

Single parts

The price of single parts is as follows:

Vols. 1–19	Dkr	320
------------	-----	-----

Orders

Orders for Acta Crystallographica and Journal of Applied Crystallography may be addressed to Munksgaard, International Publishers Ltd, 35 Nørre Søgade, DK-1370 Copenhagen K, Denmark. Orders from subscribers in North America may alternatively be placed through Polycrystal Book Service, PO Box 27, Western Springs, III 60558, USA.

492