

ISSN 2414-3146

Received 10 October 2016 Accepted 14 October 2016

Edited by J. Simpson, University of Otago, New Zealand

Keywords: crystal structure; manganese; coordination polymer; oxalate.

CCDC reference: 1509829

Structural data: full structural data are available from iucrdata.iucr.org

## Poly[butane-1,4-diammonium [tri-µ-oxalatodimanganese(II)] hexahydrate]

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In the title coordination polymer,  $\{(C_4H_{14}N_2)[Mn_2(C_2O_4)_3]\cdot 6H_2O\}_n$ , the Mn<sup>II</sup> ions are octahedrally coordinated by the oxalate ligands to form a twodimensional honeycomb-like network. This anionic framework incorporates the centrosymmetric butane-1,4-diammonium ions as counter-cations. The twodimensional network is slightly distorted as a result of the vertically incorporated cations. Three kinds of water molecules are located in an interlayer space, forming hydrogen bonds with the ammonium cations and the oxalate ligands of the framework.



#### Structure description

Oxalate-bridged infinite networks show various functionalities, such as ferromagnetism (Tamaki *et al.*, 1992), high proton conduction (Sadakiyo *et al.*, 2009) and selective adsorption properties (Sadakiyo *et al.*, 2011). In this study, the crystal structure of a new oxalato-bridged manganese(II) two-dimensional network is reported.

There is one crystallographically independent Mn atom in the asymmetric unit and the oxalate ligands form bridges between the Mn<sup>II</sup> ions. O atoms of the oxalate ligands coordinate the Mn<sup>II</sup> cations in a slightly distorted octahedral geometry, forming a honeycomb-like two-dimensional network of  $[Mn_2(C_2O_4)_3]^{2-}$  units which in turn incorporate the butane-1,4-diammonium counter-cations, (Fig. 1). These cations lie on inversion centres located at the midpoint of the C4–C4<sup>iv</sup> bond [symmetry code: (iv) -x, -y + 1, -z + 2]. The two-dimensional sheets are stacked to form a layered structure (Fig. 2). In the interlayer space, there are three independent water molecules (O3, O7 and O9) that form hydrogen bonds (Table 1) with both the ammonium substituents of the cation and the O atoms of the oxalate ligands (Fig. 3). The layer structure is distorted to accommodate the presence of the vertically incorporated cations, while other oxalate-





#### Figure 1

The sheet structure of  $\{[Mn_2(C_2O_4)_3]^{2-}\}_n$ , incorporating butane-1,4-diammonium cations, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.



Figure 2 The layered structure of  $(C_4N_2H_{14})[Mn_2(C_2O_4)_3]\cdot 6H_2O$ .



#### Figure 3

The water molecules included in the interlayer space, with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table 1Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
O3−H3···O5	0.81(2)	2.06 (2)	2.8196 (12)	157.3 (19)
$O3-H3A\cdots O2^{i}$	0.82 (2)	2.01 (2)	2.8156 (12)	168.8 (19)
$O7-H7\cdots O4^{ii}$	0.85(2)	2.00(2)	2.8392 (12)	169.6 (19)
O9−H9···O3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.84 (2)	2.02 (2)	2.8565 (15)	173 (2)
$O7 - H5B \cdots O1$	0.800 (19)	2.068 (19)	2.8603 (12)	171.1 (18)
O9−H5C···O6	0.79 (2)	2.08 (2)	2.8354 (14)	160 (2)
$N1-H1\cdots O3^{iv}$	0.91	2.05	2.9349 (14)	165
$N1-H1A\cdots O7^{i}$	0.91	1.99	2.8418 (14)	156
$N1 - H1B \cdots O9^{i}$	0.91	1.92	2.7868 (15)	157

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x + \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii) x - 1, y, z; (iii) x, y, z + 1; (iv)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ .

Table 2

Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$(C_4H_{14}N_2)[Mn_2(C_2O_4)_3]\cdot 6H_2O$
$M_{\rm r}$	572.21
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
Temperature (K)	100
a, b, c (Å)	8.2623 (8), 16.1821 (15), 9.4702 (9)
$\beta$ (°)	111.9172 (10)
$V(Å^3)$	1174.66 (19)
Ζ	2
Radiation type	Μο Κα
$\mu \text{ (mm}^{-1})$	1.16
Crystal size (mm)	$0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.05$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker SMART APEX CCD
	detector
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick,
•	1996)
$T_{\min}, T_{\max}$	0.846, 0.944
No. of measured, independent and	13965, 2975, 2789
observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	
R <sub>int</sub>	0.022
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\max} ( \text{\AA}^{-1} )$	0.684
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.022, 0.056, 1.07
No. of reflections	2975
No. of parameters	170
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\text{min}} \Delta \rho_{\text{min}}$ (e Å <sup>-3</sup> )	0.550.40
-r max, -r mm ( )	,

Computer programs: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007), *SIR2002* (Burla *et al.* 2003), *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick 2008), *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg 1999) and *Yadokari-XG* (Kabuto *et al.* 2009).

bridged two-dimensional coordination polymers generally form a flat layer structure (Clemente-León *et al.*, 1997).

#### Synthesis and crystallization

A mixture of manganese (II) acetate tetrahydrate (10 mmol, 2451 mg), oxalic acid dihydrate (20 mmol, 2521 mg), 1,4-diaminobutane (10 mmol, 1.0 ml), and distilled water (550 mmol, 10 ml) was heated in a 50 ml Teflon-lined autoclave. The reaction temperature was controlled using a programmable oven. The mixture was kept at 403 K for 24 h. After that, it was cooled slowly to 298 K over 168 h. Colourless crystals were collected by filtration (several crystals were stored in the mother liquid for structural analysis). After washing the samples with distilled water, the samples were dried under air (yield: 2324 mg, 81%). Elemental analysis calculated for  $C_{10}H_{18}Mn_2N_2O_{14}$  (%): C 24.02, H 3.63, N 5.60; found: C 23.81, H 3.41, N 5.56.

#### Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2.

#### Acknowledgements

The authors gratefully acknowledge financial support from JSPS Research Fellowships for Young Scientists No. 21.4405, Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research Nos. 20350030 and 22108526.

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# full crystallographic data

## *IUCrData* (2016). **1**, x161639 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2414314616016394]

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Poly[butane-1,4-diammonium [tri-µ-oxalato-dimanganese(II)] hexahydrate]

Crystal data

 $\begin{array}{l} (C_4H_{14}N_2)[Mn_2(C_2O_4)_3]\cdot 6H_2O\\ M_r = 572.21\\ \text{Monoclinic, } P2_1/n\\ \text{Hall symbol: -P 2yn}\\ a = 8.2623 \ (8) \ \text{\AA}\\ b = 16.1821 \ (15) \ \text{\AA}\\ c = 9.4702 \ (9) \ \text{\AA}\\ \beta = 111.9172 \ (10)^\circ\\ V = 1174.66 \ (19) \ \text{\AA}^3\\ Z = 2 \end{array}$ 

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX CCD detector diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator  $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)  $T_{\min} = 0.846, T_{\max} = 0.944$ 

## Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.022$  $wR(F^2) = 0.056$ S = 1.072975 reflections 170 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods F(000) = 588  $D_x = 1.618 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71069 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 9419 reflections  $\theta = 2.5-28.9^{\circ}$   $\mu = 1.16 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 100 KPlatelet, colorless  $0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.05 \text{ mm}$ 

13965 measured reflections 2975 independent reflections 2789 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.022$  $\theta_{max} = 29.1^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 2.5^{\circ}$  $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$  $k = -21 \rightarrow 21$  $l = -12 \rightarrow 12$ 

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0238P)^2 + 0.5691P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.55$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.40$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

## Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2$ sigma( $F^2$ ) is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Mnl	0.02869 (2)	0.169789 (10)	0.957930 (18)	0.01373 (6)
O1	-0.25273 (11)	0.17989 (5)	0.83745 (10)	0.01818 (17)
O2	0.04842 (10)	0.26513 (5)	1.12735 (9)	0.01710 (16)
O3	0.24744 (12)	0.17269 (6)	0.66258 (11)	0.02013 (18)
H3	0.197 (3)	0.2048 (13)	0.698 (2)	0.043 (5)*
H3A	0.335 (3)	0.1954 (12)	0.661 (2)	0.037 (5)*
O4	0.30602 (10)	0.19016 (5)	1.06540 (9)	0.01681 (16)
05	0.00415 (10)	0.24760 (5)	0.76634 (9)	0.01656 (16)
O6	0.00269 (11)	0.08224 (5)	1.12066 (9)	0.01871 (17)
O7	-0.44146 (12)	0.09772 (6)	0.99547 (10)	0.01985 (17)
H7	-0.513 (2)	0.1308 (13)	1.012 (2)	0.041 (5)*
08	0.04419 (11)	0.05226 (5)	0.85630 (9)	0.01841 (17)
C1	0.35089 (14)	0.23655 (7)	1.17931 (12)	0.0132 (2)
N1	0.19120 (13)	0.49595 (7)	0.76866 (11)	0.0181 (2)
H1	0.2093	0.5515	0.7721	0.027*
H1A	0.1648	0.4776	0.6718	0.027*
H1B	0.2895	0.4702	0.8319	0.027*
C2	-0.29846 (14)	0.22215 (7)	0.71826 (12)	0.0141 (2)
C3	-0.01213 (14)	0.00845 (7)	1.07678 (12)	0.0147 (2)
C4	0.07643 (16)	0.50957 (8)	0.97641 (13)	0.0188 (2)
H4	0.0947	0.5701	0.9786	0.023*
H4A	0.1837	0.4840	1.0498	0.023*
O9	-0.03534 (17)	0.11469 (9)	1.40088 (14)	0.0470 (4)
H9	0.052 (3)	0.1325 (15)	1.473 (2)	0.053 (6)*
C5	0.04384 (16)	0.47715 (8)	0.81809 (13)	0.0203 (2)
Н5	0.0265	0.4166	0.8165	0.024*
H5A	-0.0644	0.5022	0.7452	0.024*
H5B	-0.391 (2)	0.1254 (11)	0.955 (2)	0.032 (4)*
H5C	-0.005 (3)	0.1135 (13)	1.331 (3)	0.051 (6)*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Mn1	0.01273 (9)	0.01503 (9)	0.01310 (9)	-0.00011 (6)	0.00444 (7)	0.00001 (6)
01	0.0135 (4)	0.0236 (4)	0.0177 (4)	-0.0004 (3)	0.0062 (3)	0.0064 (3)
O2	0.0117 (4)	0.0197 (4)	0.0190 (4)	0.0013 (3)	0.0047 (3)	-0.0040 (3)
O3	0.0168 (4)	0.0228 (4)	0.0246 (4)	-0.0020 (3)	0.0120 (4)	-0.0020 (3)
O4	0.0128 (4)	0.0211 (4)	0.0165 (4)	0.0007 (3)	0.0055 (3)	-0.0043 (3)
05	0.0115 (4)	0.0205 (4)	0.0175 (4)	0.0000 (3)	0.0052 (3)	0.0028 (3)
06	0.0275 (4)	0.0162 (4)	0.0151 (4)	-0.0003 (3)	0.0109 (3)	-0.0009 (3)

O7	0.0204 (4)	0.0204 (4)	0.0237 (4)	0.0017 (3)	0.0139 (4)	0.0027 (3)	
08	0.0248 (4)	0.0172 (4)	0.0171 (4)	-0.0003 (3)	0.0123 (3)	0.0004 (3)	
C1	0.0125 (5)	0.0137 (5)	0.0147 (5)	0.0017 (4)	0.0065 (4)	0.0013 (4)	
N1	0.0177 (5)	0.0237 (5)	0.0160 (4)	0.0014 (4)	0.0100 (4)	0.0010 (4)	
C2	0.0133 (5)	0.0141 (5)	0.0164 (5)	-0.0009 (4)	0.0073 (4)	-0.0005 (4)	
C3	0.0132 (5)	0.0185 (5)	0.0129 (5)	0.0008 (4)	0.0054 (4)	-0.0003 (4)	
C4	0.0215 (6)	0.0221 (6)	0.0172 (5)	-0.0017 (4)	0.0123 (5)	-0.0007 (4)	
09	0.0439 (7)	0.0779 (9)	0.0282 (6)	-0.0362 (7)	0.0240 (5)	-0.0258 (6)	
C5	0.0204 (6)	0.0257 (6)	0.0192 (5)	-0.0053 (5)	0.0122 (5)	-0.0027 (4)	

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Mn1—O5	2.1549 (8)	C1—C2 <sup>i</sup>	1.5638 (15)
Mn1—08	2.1567 (8)	N1—C5	1.4897 (14)
Mn1—O4	2.1573 (8)	N1—H1	0.9100
Mn1—O6	2.1623 (8)	N1—H1A	0.9100
Mn1—O1	2.1805 (9)	N1—H1B	0.9100
Mn1—O2	2.1876 (8)	C2—O2 <sup>ii</sup>	1.2534 (13)
O1—C2	1.2513 (14)	C2—C1 <sup>ii</sup>	1.5638 (15)
O2—C2 <sup>i</sup>	1.2534 (14)	C3—O8 <sup>iii</sup>	1.2499 (14)
O3—H3	0.81 (2)	C3—C3 <sup>iii</sup>	1.564 (2)
O3—H3A	0.82 (2)	C4—C5	1.5147 (16)
O4—C1	1.2515 (13)	$C4$ — $C4^{iv}$	1.520 (2)
O5—C1 <sup>ii</sup>	1.2528 (13)	C4—H4	0.9900
O6—C3	1.2552 (14)	C4—H4A	0.9900
O7—H7	0.85 (2)	О9—Н9	0.84 (2)
O7—H5B	0.800 (19)	O9—H5C	0.79 (2)
O8—C3 <sup>iii</sup>	1.2499 (14)	С5—Н5	0.9900
C105 <sup>i</sup>	1.2528 (13)	С5—Н5А	0.9900
O5—Mn1—O8	98.17 (3)	C5—N1—H1	109.5
O5—Mn1—O4	93.30 (3)	C5—N1—H1A	109.5
O8—Mn1—O4	96.65 (3)	H1—N1—H1A	109.5
O5—Mn1—O6	168.45 (3)	C5—N1—H1B	109.5
O8—Mn1—O6	77.20 (3)	H1—N1—H1B	109.5
O4—Mn1—O6	97.73 (3)	H1A—N1—H1B	109.5
O5—Mn1—O1	76.63 (3)	O1—C2—O2 <sup>ii</sup>	126.65 (10)
O8—Mn1—O1	93.55 (3)	O1—C2—C1 <sup>ii</sup>	116.56 (9)
O4—Mn1—O1	166.61 (3)	$O2^{ii}$ — $C2$ — $C1^{ii}$	116.79 (9)
06—Mn1—01	92.97 (3)	O8 <sup>iii</sup> —C3—O6	126.36 (10)
O5—Mn1—O2	99.40 (3)	O8 <sup>iii</sup> —C3—C3 <sup>iii</sup>	117.31 (12)
O8—Mn1—O2	161.54 (3)	O6—C3—C3 <sup>iii</sup>	116.33 (12)
O4—Mn1—O2	76.76 (3)	C5-C4-C4 <sup>iv</sup>	111.11 (13)
O6—Mn1—O2	86.53 (3)	C5—C4—H4	109.4
O1—Mn1—O2	95.96 (3)	C4 <sup>iv</sup> —C4—H4	109.4
C2—O1—Mn1	114.64 (7)	C5—C4—H4A	109.4
C2 <sup>i</sup> —O2—Mn1	113.54 (7)	C4 <sup>iv</sup> —C4—H4A	109.4
Н3—О3—Н3А	107.9 (19)	H4—C4—H4A	108.0

C1 $-04$ $-Mn1$ C1 <sup>ii</sup> $-05$ $-Mn1$ C3 $-06$ $-Mn1$ H7 $-07$ $-H5B$ C3 <sup>iii</sup> $-08$ $-Mn1$ O4 $-C1$ $-05^{i}$ O4 $-C1$ $-C2^{i}$ O5 <sup>i</sup> $-C1$ $-C2^{i}$	114.78 (7) 115.33 (7) 114.25 (7) 104.7 (19) 114.07 (7) 126.26 (10) 116.99 (9) 116.75 (9)	H9—O9—H5C N1—C5—C4 N1—C5—H5 C4—C5—H5 N1—C5—H5A C4—C5—H5A H5—C5—H5A	104.1 (19) 112.09 (10) 109.2 109.2 109.2 109.2 109.2 109.2
$\begin{array}{c} 05 &Mn1 &01 &C2 \\ 08 &Mn1 &01 &C2 \\ 04 &Mn1 &01 &C2 \\ 06 &Mn1 &01 &C2 \\ 05 &Mn1 &02 &C2^i \\ 08 &Mn1 &02 &C2^i \\ 04 &Mn1 &02 &C2^i \\ 06 &Mn1 &02 &C2^i \\ 05 &Mn1 &04 &C1 \\ 08 &Mn1 &04 &C1 \\ 08 &Mn1 &04 &C1 \\ 08 &Mn1 &04 &C1 \\ 01 &Mn1 &04 &C1 \\ 02 &Mn1 &04 &C1 \\ 08 &Mn1 &05 &C1^{ii} \\ 04 &Mn1 &05 &C1^{ii} \\ 01 &Mn1 &05 &C1^{ii} \\ 01 &Mn1 &05 &C1^{ii} \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.12 \ (8) \\ -96.44 \ (8) \\ 43.14 \ (17) \\ -173.79 \ (8) \\ 99.40 \ (8) \\ -100.89 \ (8) \\ 61.08 \ (14) \\ -9.69 \ (8) \\ 89.09 \ (8) \\ -178.27 \ (8) \\ 106.38 \ (8) \\ -154.99 \ (8) \\ 65.67 \ (16) \\ 7.50 \ (8) \\ 92.56 \ (8) \\ -170.24 \ (8) \\ 27.1 \ (2) \\ 0.83 \ (8) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} O2Mn1O5C1^{ii}\\ O5Mn1O6C3\\ O8Mn1O6C3\\ O4Mn1O6C3\\ O1Mn1O6C3\\ O2Mn1O6C3\\ O5Mn1O8C3^{iii}\\ O4Mn1O8C3^{iii}\\ O4Mn1O8C3^{iii}\\ O1Mn1O8C3^{iii}\\ O1Mn1O8C3^{iii}\\ O2Mn1O8C3^{iii}\\ Mn1O4C1O5^{i}\\ Mn1O4C1C2^{i}\\ Mn1O4C1C2^{i}\\ Mn1O1C2O2^{ii}\\ Mn1O6C3O8^{iii}\\ Mn1O6C3C3^{iii}\\ C4^{iv}C4C5N1\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} -93.12 \ (8) \\ 59.66 \ (19) \\ -7.78 \ (8) \\ -102.89 \ (8) \\ 85.19 \ (8) \\ -179.01 \ (8) \\ -161.48 \ (8) \\ 104.20 \ (8) \\ 7.75 \ (8) \\ -84.50 \ (8) \\ 36.49 \ (15) \\ 174.36 \ (9) \\ -4.78 \ (12) \\ 177.64 \ (9) \\ -2.56 \ (12) \\ -173.20 \ (9) \\ 6.79 \ (15) \\ 179.40 \ (12) \end{array}$

Symmetry codes: (i) x+1/2, -y+1/2, z+1/2; (ii) x-1/2, -y+1/2, z-1/2; (iii) -x, -y, -z+2; (iv) -x, -y+1, -z+2.

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
03—H3…O5	0.81 (2)	2.06 (2)	2.8196 (12)	157.3 (19)
$O3$ — $H3A$ ··· $O2^{v}$	0.82 (2)	2.01 (2)	2.8156 (12)	168.8 (19)
O7—H7····O4 <sup>vi</sup>	0.85 (2)	2.00 (2)	2.8392 (12)	169.6 (19)
O9—H9…O3 <sup>vii</sup>	0.84 (2)	2.02 (2)	2.8565 (15)	173 (2)
O7—H5 <i>B</i> …O1	0.800 (19)	2.068 (19)	2.8603 (12)	171.1 (18)
O9—H5C···O6	0.79 (2)	2.08 (2)	2.8354 (14)	160 (2)
N1—H1····O3 <sup>viii</sup>	0.91	2.05	2.9349 (14)	165
N1—H1A····O7 <sup>v</sup>	0.91	1.99	2.8418 (14)	156
N1—H1 <i>B</i> ····O9 <sup>v</sup>	0.91	1.92	2.7868 (15)	157

Symmetry codes: (v) x+1/2, -y+1/2, z-1/2; (vi) x-1, y, z; (vii) x, y, z+1; (viii) -x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+3/2.