ISSN 2414-3146

Received 9 February 2018 Accepted 14 February 2018

Edited by W. T. A. Harrison, University of Aberdeen, Scotland

Keywords: crystal structure; pyrido[2,3-*b*]-pyrazine.

CCDC reference: 1823956

Structural data: full structural data are available from iucrdata.iucr.org

7-Bromo-1,4-bis(prop-2-ynyl)pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3(1*H*,4*H*)-dione

Meriem Sikine,^a* Youssef Kandri Rodi,^a Younes Ouzidan,^a Jerry P. Jasinski,^b Manpreet Kaur^b and El Mokhtar Essassi^c

^aLaboratoire de Chimie Organique Appliquée, Faculté des Sciences et Techniques, Université Sidi Mohammed Ben Abdellah, Fès, Morocco, ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Keene State College, 229 Main Street, Keene, NH 03435-2001, USA, and ^cLaboratoire de Chimie Organique Hétérocyclique, Pôle de Compétences Pharmacochimie, Mohammed V University in Rabat, BP 1014, Avenue Ibn Batouta, Rabat, Morocco. *Correspondence e-mail: sikine.meriem@gmail.com

In the title compound, $C_{13}H_8BrN_3O_2$, the pyrido-pyrazine fused-ring system is essentially planar (r.m.s. deviation = 0.061 Å). The prop-2-ynyl moieties are twisted away from the ring system in opposite directions. In the crystal, a single weak $C-H \cdots O$ interaction generates [010] chains and aromatic $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions between the pyridine rings are observed.



Structure description

Heterocycles containing a pyrido-pyrazine grouping possess useful medicinal properties (Zhang *et al.*, 2012). They may also exhibit good inhibitory action on the corrosion of metals (Ouzidan *et al.*, 2016). As part of our studies in this area, we now report the synthesis of a new pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine and its crystal structure.

The title compound crystallizes with one molecule in the asymmetric unit (Fig. 1). The pyrido-pyrazine moiety is essentially planar: the dihedral angle between the fused rings is 4.7 (6)°. The prop-2-ynyl moieties are twisted away from the mean plane of the pyrido-pyrazine ring $[C8-C9-N2 = 114.0 (2)^{\circ}$ and $C12-C11-N1 = 110.1 (3)^{\circ}]$ to avoid steric repulsion. In the crystal, a single weak C6-H6···O2 interaction links the molecules into [010] chains (Fig. 2 and Table 1). In addition, weak π - π stacking between the pyridine rings is observed [centroid-centroid separation = 3.7089 (2) Å].

Synthesis and crystallization

To a solution of 7-bromopyrido[2,3-*b*]pyrazine-2,3(1*H*,4*H*)-dione (0.2 g, 0.826 mmol), K_2CO_3 (0.456 g, 3.304 mmol), tetra-*n*-bromide butyl ammonium (0.1 mmol) in DMF (15 ml) was added propargyl bromide (0.213 ml, 1.790 mmol), and the mixture was stirred for 24 h at room temperature. After the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure,





Figure 1

A view of the molecular structure, showing displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.



Figure 2

A partial view along the c axis of the crystal packing. All H atoms except H6 have been omitted for clarity.

the product was isolated by chromatography on a silica gel column with ethyl acetate/hexane (1 / 3) as the eluent. Red crystals were isolated when the solvent was allowed to evaporate (yield = 18%, m.p. 449 K).

Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2.

Table 1	
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, $^{\circ}$).	

$C6 H6 O2^{i} 0.03 2.58 3.326 (4) 137$	$D - H \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
C0=110···O2 0.33 2.38 3.320 (4) 137	$C6-H6\cdots O2^{i}$	0.93	2.58	3.326 (4)	137

Symmetry code: (i) -x + 1, $y - \frac{1}{2}$, $-z + \frac{1}{2}$.

Table 2Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$C_{13}H_8BrN_3O_2$
M _r	318.13
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Cemperature (K)	293
b, c (Å)	10.1922 (5), 17.347 (1), 7.0216 (4)
3 (°)	92.382 (5)
$V(Å^3)$	1240.38 (12)
2	4
Radiation type	Cu Ka
$\iota (\mathrm{mm}^{-1})$	4.55
Crystal size (mm)	$0.22 \times 0.16 \times 0.1$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Rigaku Oxford Diffraction
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Rigaku
-	OD, 2015)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.428, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and	4477, 2361, 1994
observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	
R _{int}	0.025
$\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\rm max} ({\rm \AA}^{-1})$	0.614
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.036, 0.101, 1.06
No. of reflections	2361
No. of parameters	172
I-atom treatment	H-atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ ({\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.50, -0.43

Computer programs: CrysAlis PRO (Rigaku OD, 2015), SHELXT (Sheldrick, 2015a), SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015b) and OLEX2 (Dolomanov et al., 2009).

Funding information

JPJ acknowledges the NSF-MRI program (grant No. CHE-1039027) for funds to purchase the X-ray diffractometer.

References

- Dolomanov, O. V., Bourhis, L. J., Gildea, R. J., Howard, J. A. K. & Puschmann, H. (2009). J. Appl. Cryst. 42, 339–341.
- Ouzidan, Y., Ouazzani Chahdi, F., Essassi, E. M. & Hammouti, B. (2016). *Pharma Chemica*, **8**, 85–95.
- Rigaku OD (2015). CrysAlis PRO. Rigaku Oxford Diffraction, Yarnton, England.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015a). Acta Cryst. A71, 3-8.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2015b). Acta Cryst. C71, 3-8.
- Zhang, G., Liu, Y., Wang, S., Zhou, C., Huang, Q. & Gong, P. (2012). Arch. Pharm. Pharm. Med. Chem. 345, 49–56.

full crystallographic data

IUCrData (2018). **3**, x180266 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2414314618002663]

7-Bromo-1,4-bis(prop-2-ynyl)pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3(1H,4H)-dione

Meriem Sikine, Youssef Kandri Rodi, Younes Ouzidan, Jerry P. Jasinski, Manpreet Kaur and El Mokhtar Essassi

F(000) = 632

 $\theta = 4.3 - 71.4^{\circ}$ $\mu = 4.55 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

T = 293 K

Prism, red

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.025$

 $h = -12 \rightarrow 9$

 $k = -20 \rightarrow 18$

 $l = -8 \rightarrow 7$

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.704 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$

 $0.22 \times 0.16 \times 0.1 \text{ mm}$

 $T_{\rm min} = 0.428, T_{\rm max} = 1.000$

4477 measured reflections 2361 independent reflections

 $\theta_{\rm max} = 71.3^\circ, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 4.3^\circ$

1994 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Cu *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 1.54184$ Å

Cell parameters from 1740 reflections

7-Bromo-1,4-bis(prop-2-ynyl)pyrido[2,3-b]pyrazine-2,3(1H,4H)-dione

Crystal data

C₁₃H₈BrN₃O₂ $M_r = 318.13$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 10.1922 (5) Å b = 17.347 (1) Å c = 7.0216 (4) Å $\beta = 92.382$ (5)° V = 1240.38 (12) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Rigaku Oxford Diffraction model name? diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed X-ray tube, Enhance (Cu) X-ray Source
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 16.0416 pixels mm⁻¹
ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan (CrysAlis PRO; Rigaku OD, 2015)

Refinement

Refinement on F^2 Hydrogen site location: inferred from Least-squares matrix: full neighbouring sites $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.036$ H-atom parameters constrained $wR(F^2) = 0.101$ $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0557P)^2 + 0.1537P]$ S = 1.06where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ 2361 reflections $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.50 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 172 parameters 0 restraints $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.43 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$ Primary atom site location: dual

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. All the H atoms were placed in their calculated positions and then refined using a riding model with bond lengths of 0.93 Å (CH) or 0.97 Å (CH2). Isotropic displacement parameters for all these atoms were set to 1.2 (CH, CH2) times U_{eq} of the parent atom.

	X	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Br1	0.11401 (3)	0.16664 (2)	0.36163 (5)	0.05288 (15)
01	0.6397 (2)	0.49748 (14)	0.1531 (4)	0.0559 (6)
O2	0.4267 (3)	0.56084 (13)	0.3097 (4)	0.0620 (7)
N1	0.5551 (2)	0.37741 (14)	0.1875 (3)	0.0396 (5)
N2	0.3293 (2)	0.44352 (13)	0.3284 (3)	0.0363 (5)
N3	0.4718 (2)	0.25464 (14)	0.2338 (3)	0.0402 (5)
C1	0.5508 (3)	0.45577 (17)	0.2002 (4)	0.0416 (6)
C2	0.4292 (3)	0.49169 (17)	0.2831 (4)	0.0419 (6)
C3	0.3366 (2)	0.36362 (15)	0.3063 (4)	0.0325 (5)
C4	0.2339 (3)	0.31484 (16)	0.3433 (4)	0.0370 (5)
H4	0.1537	0.3342	0.3800	0.044*
C5	0.2537 (3)	0.23636 (15)	0.3243 (4)	0.0373 (5)
C6	0.3740 (3)	0.20755 (16)	0.2754 (4)	0.0411 (6)
H6	0.3869	0.1545	0.2715	0.049*
C7	0.4528 (3)	0.32983 (15)	0.2449 (4)	0.0347 (5)
C8	0.2161 (3)	0.47795 (16)	0.4219 (4)	0.0422 (6)
H8A	0.2010	0.4495	0.5379	0.051*
H8B	0.2379	0.5306	0.4578	0.051*
C9	0.0952 (3)	0.47845 (17)	0.3036 (5)	0.0436 (6)
C10	-0.0066 (3)	0.4782 (2)	0.2184 (5)	0.0535 (8)
H10	-0.0871	0.4780	0.1511	0.064*
C11	0.6748 (3)	0.34154 (19)	0.1177 (5)	0.0507 (7)
H11A	0.6521	0.2944	0.0499	0.061*
H11B	0.7160	0.3762	0.0297	0.061*
C12	0.7673 (3)	0.32418 (18)	0.2785 (6)	0.0524 (8)
C13	0.8389 (4)	0.3114 (3)	0.4095 (7)	0.0715 (11)
H13	0.8958	0.3012	0.5135	0.086*

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.0547 (2)	0.0393 (2)	0.0645 (2)	-0.01276 (13)	0.00117 (15)	0.00276 (13)
01	0.0480 (12)	0.0521 (13)	0.0681 (15)	-0.0138 (10)	0.0080 (10)	0.0030 (11)
O2	0.0639 (14)	0.0322 (11)	0.0909 (19)	-0.0061 (10)	0.0152 (13)	-0.0050 (11)
N1	0.0349 (11)	0.0403 (12)	0.0438 (13)	0.0003 (9)	0.0039 (9)	-0.0007 (10)
N2	0.0386 (11)	0.0293 (10)	0.0410 (12)	0.0025 (9)	0.0029 (9)	-0.0028 (9)
N3	0.0409 (12)	0.0361 (11)	0.0433 (12)	0.0066 (9)	-0.0015 (9)	-0.0036 (10)
C1	0.0403 (14)	0.0433 (15)	0.0411 (14)	-0.0040 (12)	-0.0014 (11)	0.0012 (12)
C2	0.0422 (14)	0.0343 (14)	0.0491 (16)	-0.0040 (11)	0.0006 (11)	-0.0014 (11)
C3	0.0363 (12)	0.0305 (12)	0.0306 (12)	0.0012 (10)	-0.0014 (9)	0.0015 (10)
C4	0.0371 (13)	0.0359 (13)	0.0380 (13)	0.0023 (11)	0.0020 (10)	-0.0004 (11)

C5 C6	0.0449 (14) 0.0495 (15)	0.0310 (13) 0.0290 (13)	0.0357 (13) 0.0443 (15)	-0.0036 (11) 0.0032 (11)	-0.0029 (10) -0.0052 (12)	0.0014 (10) -0.0022 (11)
C7	0.0356 (12)	0.0340 (13)	0.0341 (13)	0.0013 (10)	-0.0020 (9)	-0.0020 (10)
C8	0.0473 (15)	0.0339 (13)	0.0460 (15)	0.0052 (11)	0.0071 (12)	-0.0077 (11)
C9	0.0450 (16)	0.0376 (14)	0.0491 (16)	0.0085 (11)	0.0107 (12)	0.0009 (12)
C10	0.0498 (18)	0.0539 (18)	0.0571 (19)	0.0096 (14)	0.0045 (14)	-0.0032 (15)
C11	0.0410 (15)	0.0528 (18)	0.0590 (19)	0.0034 (12)	0.0115 (13)	-0.0033 (14)
C12	0.0348 (14)	0.0452 (16)	0.078 (2)	-0.0002 (12)	0.0109 (15)	0.0023 (15)
C13	0.0465 (19)	0.074 (3)	0.094 (3)	0.0025 (18)	-0.004 (2)	0.012 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Br1—C5	1.894 (3)	C4—H4	0.9300
O1—C1	1.217 (4)	C4—C5	1.384 (4)
O2—C2	1.214 (4)	C5—C6	1.381 (4)
N1—C1	1.363 (4)	С6—Н6	0.9300
N1—C7	1.402 (4)	C8—H8A	0.9700
N1-C11	1.472 (4)	C8—H8B	0.9700
N2—C2	1.365 (4)	C8—C9	1.457 (5)
N2—C3	1.397 (3)	C9—C10	1.176 (5)
N2—C8	1.477 (3)	C10—H10	0.9300
N3—C6	1.331 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9700
N3—C7	1.322 (4)	C11—H11B	0.9700
C1—C2	1.524 (4)	C11—C12	1.472 (5)
C3—C4	1.379 (4)	C12—C13	1.172 (6)
C3—C7	1.405 (4)	С13—Н13	0.9300
C1—N1—C7	122.8 (2)	N3—C6—C5	120.9 (2)
C1—N1—C11	118.2 (2)	N3—C6—H6	119.5
C7—N1—C11	118.9 (2)	С5—С6—Н6	119.5
C2—N2—C3	122.5 (2)	N1—C7—C3	119.3 (2)
C2—N2—C8	117.4 (2)	N3—C7—N1	116.8 (2)
C3—N2—C8	119.8 (2)	N3—C7—C3	123.9 (3)
C7—N3—C6	118.7 (2)	N2—C8—H8A	108.8
O1—C1—N1	123.3 (3)	N2—C8—H8B	108.8
O1—C1—C2	119.2 (3)	H8A—C8—H8B	107.7
N1—C1—C2	117.5 (2)	C9—C8—N2	114.0 (2)
O2—C2—N2	123.2 (3)	С9—С8—Н8А	108.8
O2—C2—C1	119.0 (3)	С9—С8—Н8В	108.8
N2—C2—C1	117.7 (2)	C10—C9—C8	175.8 (3)
N2—C3—C7	119.9 (2)	C9—C10—H10	180.0
C4—C3—N2	122.9 (2)	N1—C11—H11A	109.6
C4—C3—C7	117.3 (2)	N1—C11—H11B	109.6
С3—С4—Н4	121.0	H11A—C11—H11B	108.1
C3—C4—C5	118.1 (2)	C12-C11-N1	110.1 (3)
C5—C4—H4	121.0	C12—C11—H11A	109.6
C4—C5—Br1	120.1 (2)	C12—C11—H11B	109.6
C6—C5—Br1	118.9 (2)	C13—C12—C11	178.3 (4)

data reports

<u>C6—C5—C4</u>	121.0 (3)	C12—C13—H13]	180.0	
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)					
D—H···A	D—H	I Н…А	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A	
C6—H6…O2 ⁱ	0.93	2.58	3.326 (4)	137	

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, y-1/2, -z+1/2.