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10-Phenyl-10*H*-phenoxazine-4,6-diol tetrahydrofuran monosolvate

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In the crystalline state of the title solvate, $C_{18}H_{13}NO_3\cdot C_4H_8O$, hydrogen-bonding interactions between hydroxyl groups on a phenoxazine backbone and the tetrahydrofuran solvent are observed that suggest the ability for this compound to act as a chelating ligand. The O···O donor-acceptor distances for this hydrogen bonding are 2.7729 (15) and 2.7447 (15) Å. The three-ring backbone of the phenoxazine bends out of planarity by 18.92 (3)°, as computed using mean planes that encompass each half of the three-ring structure, with the central N and O atoms forming the line of flexion. In the crystal, a π - π stacking arrangement exists between inversion-related molecules, with a centroid-tocentroid distance of 3.6355 (11) Å. In the disordered tetrahydrofuran solvate, all atoms except oxygen were modeled over two positions, with occupancies of 0.511 (8) and 0.489 (8).



Structure description

Phenoxazine-based metal complexes have been reported as catalysts in hydroformylation reactions (van der Veen *et al.*, 2000; Verheyen *et al.*, 2019), C—H bond arylations (Li *et al.*, 2016), and aryl chloride cross-couplings (Zhang *et al.*, 2014). One of the most notable phenoxazine ligands is NiXantPhos (Fig. 1). The key to their utility lies in the ability of the ligand to chelate a metal center using the central oxygen atom (O1 in the reported case) alongside the functional groups at the 4 and 6 positions. As best as we can tell, there is not yet a report of a phenoxazine ligand with hydroxyl functional groups at these same positions offering the same ability to chelate.





Figure 1 NiXantPhos ligand.

The reported compound consists of a 10-phenyl-10*H*phenoxazine backbone with two hydroxyl moieties at the 4 and 6 positions of the phenoxazine ring, and this structure was obtained as a tetrahydrofuran solvate (Fig. 2). Similar to the other reported phenoxazine-based ligands, the phenoxazine fused ring system is not planar, with flexion at O1 and N1 resulting in an 18.92 (3)° deviation from planarity, as computed using mean planes that encompass each half of the three-ring structure (*i.e.*, atoms C7–C12/N1/O1 and C13–C18/ N1/O1). The plane of the *N*-phenyl group is nearly perpendicular to the phenoxazine ring structure, with a dihedral angle of 89.14 (6)° between the mean plane of the phenyl ring and the plane defined by N1,C10,C11.

This compound was crystallized from a solution of toluene and tetrahydrofuran, and the resulting structure solution shows a single tetrahydrofuran molecule with its oxygen atom accepting two hydrogen-bonding interaction from the phenoxazine hydroxyl groups. The interactions between O4 in the tetrahydrofuran solvent with the O2 and O3 hydroxyl groups mimic a structure that a deprotonated, dianionic form



Figure 2

Ellipsoid plot (50%) of the title solvate. The minor component of disorder for the THF solvent molecule is omitted for the sake of clarity.

Table 1		
Hydrogen-bond geometry	(Å,	°).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	H <i>A</i>		D II 4
			$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
O2−H2···O4 O3−H3···O4	0.93 (2) 0.91 (2)	1.88 (2) 1.88 (2)	2.7729 (15) 2.7447 (15)	159.5 (19) 157.0 (19)

of the title compound might adopt upon complexation with a metal ion. The interaction between these molecules could be classified according to the Jeffrey model as 'moderate, mostly electrostatic' (Jeffrey, 1997) with donor-acceptor distances of 2.7729 (15) Å (O4···O2) and 2.7447 (15) Å (O4···O3) (Fig. 3, Table 1).



Figure 3

Solid-state structure of 10-phenyl-10*H*-phenoxazine-4,6-diol, with disordered tetrahydrofuran solvate molecule (50% ellipsoids). Hydrogenbonding interactions between the two hydroxyl groups and the oxygen atom of tetrahydrofuran are indicated by dashed lines.





Solid-state structure of 10-phenyl-10*H*-phenoxazine-4,6-diol with the major THF component (50% ellipsoids). An additional inversion-related (1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z) molecule is included, showing the π - π stacking distance of 3.6355 (11) Å.

One other important supramolecular feature is a π - π stacking interaction between inversion-related (1 - x, 1 - y, 1 - z) molecules (Fig. 4). One of the peripheral arene rings lies over the same ring in a neighboring molecule. The centroid-to-centroid separation between these two rings is 3.6355 (11) Å.

Synthesis and crystallization

10-Phenyl-10*H*-phenoxazine was synthesized according to literature procedures (Liu *et al.*, 2014). With this compound in hand, an anhydrous deprotonation was performed on 39 mmol of starting material using 2.2 equivalents of *n*-butyllithium (2.5 M in hexanes) and N,N,N',N'-tetramethylethane-1,2-diamine in diethyl ether solvent at 273 K. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature and then stirred overnight. The reaction mixture of the lithiated 10-phenyl-10*H*-phenoxazine was then cooled again to 273 K and cannulated into a stirred solution of diethyl ether and four equivalents of trimethyl borate. The solution was allowed to warm to room temperature and then stirred overnight. This initial procedure was modeled after the one reported for the synthesis of NiXant-Phos (van der Veen *et al.*, 2009).

The lemon-yellow reaction mixture was evaporated on a rotary evaporator to dryness. The solids were redissolved in \sim 500 ml of methanol and stirred until homogenous. A solution of methanol and six equivalents of urea hydrogen peroxide was prepared and then added dropwise at 273 K to the reaction mixture. The reaction darkened considerably, to a deep red. After stirring overnight, the reaction mixture was concentrated to one quarter of its initial volume using a rotary evaporator before being diluted with $\sim 400 \text{ ml}$ of distilled water. The solution pH was adjusted using hydrochloric acid until it was neutral to slightly acidic (pH 4-6 indicated by pH paper). At this point the reaction mixture contained a considerable amount of solid that was identified as the 10phenyl-10H-phenoxazine-4,6-diol, so the reaction mixture was filtered to obtain this crude brown-red solid. The subsequent procedure is modeled after the hydroxylation described by Gupta et al. (2016).

The compound was then purified using silica gel column chromatography with a solvent mixture of 15% ethyl acetate in hexanes as an eluent. The eluent polarity was increased by increasing the concentration of ethyl acetate up to 35% over the course of the procedure. The final compound was obtained in 50% yield.

Single crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained using a vapor diffusion method. A small portion of the title compound was dissolved in tetrahydrofuran and transferred to a small cylindrical vial that fitted fully into a standard 20 ml scintillation vial. The volume around the small vial was then filled with toluene until it reached approximately half the capacity of the remaining volume. The 20 ml vial was capped with the internal vial uncapped to allow for vapors diffusion. In this embodiment, the tetrahydrofuran solvent will evaporate and dissolve into the toluene solution, concentrating the title compound in the tetrahydrofuran vial.

Table 2
Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$C_{18}H_{13}NO_3 \cdot C_4H_8O$
M _r	363.40
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$
Temperature (K)	100
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	8.2694 (3), 21.1783 (8), 10.7050 (4)
β (°)	111.117 (1)
$V(Å^3)$	1748.89 (11)
Z	4
Radiation type	Μο Κα
$\mu \text{ (mm}^{-1})$	0.10
Crystal size (mm)	$0.37 \times 0.29 \times 0.14$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker D8 Quest CMOS Photon 100
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2018)
T_{\min}, T_{\max}	0.692, 0.745
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	27791, 3212, 2674
R _{int}	0.046
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\max} (\text{\AA}^{-1})$	0.604
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.037, 0.090, 1.06
No. of reflections	3212
No. of parameters	271
No. of restraints	76
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta ho_{\rm max}, \Delta ho_{\rm min} \ ({ m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3})$	0.17, -0.25

Computer programs: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2018), *SHELXT* (Sheldrick, 2015*a*), *SHELXL* (Sheldrick, 2015*b*) and *OLEX2* (Dolomanov *et al.*, 2009).

Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. The positions of the two hydroxyl H atoms involved in hydrogen bonding, H2 and H3, were refined from difference-map peaks as proof of their correct assignment. The tetrahydrofuran molecule was found to be disordered, and all atoms except for oxygen were modeled across two positions. Due to the positioning of the disordered parts, *SHELXL* commands EADP and SAME were used to ensure a stable refinement. Disordered part occupancies refined to 0.511 (8) and 0.489 (8).

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full crystallographic data

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10-Phenyl-10H-phenoxazine-4,6-diol tetrahydrofuran monosolvate

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F(000) = 768

 $\theta = 3.3 - 25.4^{\circ}$ $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Plank, colourless

 $0.37 \times 0.29 \times 0.14 \text{ mm}$

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.4^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.3^{\circ}$

3212 independent reflections 2674 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

T = 100 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.046$

 $h = -9 \rightarrow 9$ $k = -25 \rightarrow 25$ $l = -12 \rightarrow 11$

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.380 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$

Mo *K* α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 9962 reflections

10-Phenyl-10H-phenoxazine-4,6-diol tetrahydrofuran monosolvate

Crystal data

C₁₈H₁₃NO₃·C₄H₈O $M_r = 363.40$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$ a = 8.2694 (3) Å b = 21.1783 (8) Å c = 10.7050 (4) Å $\beta = 111.117$ (1)° V = 1748.89 (11) Å³ Z = 4

Data collection

Bruker D8 Quest CMOS Photon 100
diffractometer
ω and φ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2018)
$T_{\min} = 0.692, \ T_{\max} = 0.745$
27791 measured reflections

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: mixed
Least-squares matrix: full	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$	and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.090$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0442P)^2 + 0.5498P]$
S = 1.06	where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
3212 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
271 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
76 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	Occ. (<1)
01	0.48901 (12)	0.35256 (4)	0.42474 (9)	0.0174 (2)	
O2	0.75882 (13)	0.27069 (5)	0.47249 (11)	0.0234 (2)	
H2	0.711 (3)	0.2971 (11)	0.399 (2)	0.057 (6)*	
03	0.46637 (13)	0.44236 (5)	0.23825 (10)	0.0211 (2)	
H3	0.532 (3)	0.4065 (11)	0.259 (2)	0.056 (6)*	
N1	0.32048 (14)	0.36710 (5)	0.60817 (11)	0.0170 (3)	
C1	0.33959 (19)	0.42379 (7)	0.81239 (15)	0.0222 (3)	
H1	0.437572	0.446068	0.808879	0.027*	
C2	0.2799 (2)	0.43476 (7)	0.91599 (15)	0.0262 (4)	
H2A	0.337715	0.464365	0.984125	0.031*	
C3	0.1361 (2)	0.40269 (7)	0.92040 (16)	0.0271 (4)	
H3A	0.095770	0.410182	0.991689	0.033*	
C4	0.0514 (2)	0.35982 (7)	0.82124 (16)	0.0254 (3)	
H4	-0.047690	0.338086	0.824147	0.030*	
C5	0.11060 (18)	0.34832 (7)	0.71710 (15)	0.0205 (3)	
Н5	0.052181	0.318918	0.648693	0.025*	
C6	0.25548 (18)	0.38013 (6)	0.71400 (14)	0.0166 (3)	
C7	0.73513 (18)	0.23963 (7)	0.67830 (15)	0.0216 (3)	
H7	0.826737	0.210208	0.692460	0.026*	
C8	0.65703 (18)	0.24613 (7)	0.77205 (15)	0.0206 (3)	
H8	0.697378	0.221394	0.851363	0.025*	
C9	0.52065 (17)	0.28807 (6)	0.75289 (14)	0.0173 (3)	
H9	0.467994	0.291674	0.818144	0.021*	
C10	0.46193 (17)	0.32481 (6)	0.63683 (13)	0.0154 (3)	
C11	0.54326 (17)	0.31868 (6)	0.54403 (13)	0.0155 (3)	
C12	0.67853 (17)	0.27654 (6)	0.56296 (14)	0.0178 (3)	
C13	0.39217 (16)	0.40665 (6)	0.42331 (13)	0.0148 (3)	
C14	0.30677 (17)	0.41490 (6)	0.51257 (13)	0.0155 (3)	
C15	0.20860 (17)	0.46948 (6)	0.50202 (14)	0.0175 (3)	
H15	0.149204	0.476407	0.562010	0.021*	
C16	0.19783 (17)	0.51370 (7)	0.40367 (14)	0.0193 (3)	
H16	0.130145	0.550674	0.396867	0.023*	
C17	0.28348 (17)	0.50509 (7)	0.31540 (14)	0.0190 (3)	
H17	0.274521	0.535752	0.248457	0.023*	
C18	0.38298 (17)	0.45100 (7)	0.32567 (13)	0.0162 (3)	
04	0.69658 (12)	0.34718 (5)	0.24978 (10)	0.0227 (2)	
C19	0.8657 (14)	0.3770 (8)	0.3042 (10)	0.0246 (11)	0.511 (8)
H19A	0.957377	0.345769	0.348915	0.030*	0.511 (8)
H19B	0.867345	0.410702	0.368699	0.030*	0.511 (8)
C20	0.8879 (13)	0.4040 (5)	0.1804 (8)	0.0263 (13)	0.511 (8)
H20A	1.012157	0.408602	0.193679	0.032*	0.511 (8)
H20B	0.830823	0.445729	0.157328	0.032*	0.511 (8)
C21	0.8004 (6)	0.3555 (2)	0.0715 (4)	0.0213 (10)	0.511 (8)
H21A	0.749212	0.376122	-0.017070	0.026*	0.511 (8)
H21B	0.884354	0.323096	0.067003	0.026*	0.511 (8)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\hat{A}^2)

C22	0.660 (2)	0.3262 (7)	0.1139 (8)	0.0221 (4)	0.511 (8)
H22A	0.543625	0.340720	0.054752	0.026*	0.511 (8)
H22B	0.663826	0.279574	0.109859	0.026*	0.511 (8)
C19′	0.8568 (15)	0.3837 (9)	0.2936 (10)	0.0246 (11)	0.489 (8)
H19C	0.949284	0.359863	0.362841	0.030*	0.489 (8)
H19D	0.839036	0.424097	0.333275	0.030*	0.489 (8)
C20′	0.9104 (13)	0.3965 (6)	0.1747 (9)	0.0263 (13)	0.489 (8)
H20C	1.005949	0.368206	0.175162	0.032*	0.489 (8)
H20D	0.946960	0.440913	0.173706	0.032*	0.489 (8)
C21′	0.7445 (7)	0.3824 (3)	0.0560 (4)	0.0240 (11)	0.489 (8)
H21C	0.769927	0.368516	-0.023244	0.029*	0.489 (8)
H21D	0.666759	0.419599	0.031880	0.029*	0.489 (8)
C22′	0.667 (2)	0.3288 (7)	0.1124 (8)	0.0221 (4)	0.489 (8)
H22C	0.540968	0.324390	0.060592	0.026*	0.489 (8)
H22D	0.724585	0.288228	0.109658	0.026*	0.489 (8)

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0208 (5)	0.0185 (5)	0.0146 (5)	0.0032 (4)	0.0084 (4)	0.0009 (4)
O2	0.0243 (5)	0.0252 (6)	0.0250 (6)	0.0046 (4)	0.0141 (5)	0.0002 (5)
O3	0.0245 (5)	0.0250 (6)	0.0181 (5)	-0.0001 (4)	0.0127 (4)	0.0015 (4)
N1	0.0187 (6)	0.0189 (6)	0.0159 (6)	0.0034 (5)	0.0092 (5)	0.0036 (5)
C1	0.0257 (8)	0.0220 (7)	0.0207 (8)	-0.0019 (6)	0.0105 (6)	0.0024 (6)
C2	0.0413 (9)	0.0209 (8)	0.0187 (8)	0.0016 (7)	0.0134 (7)	-0.0003 (6)
C3	0.0411 (9)	0.0258 (8)	0.0239 (8)	0.0083 (7)	0.0231 (7)	0.0065 (7)
C4	0.0267 (8)	0.0256 (8)	0.0312 (9)	0.0026 (6)	0.0194 (7)	0.0071 (7)
C5	0.0225 (7)	0.0181 (7)	0.0226 (8)	0.0024 (6)	0.0103 (6)	0.0017 (6)
C6	0.0206 (7)	0.0158 (7)	0.0157 (7)	0.0046 (5)	0.0093 (6)	0.0041 (6)
C7	0.0184 (7)	0.0189 (7)	0.0269 (8)	0.0027 (6)	0.0075 (6)	0.0013 (6)
C8	0.0207 (7)	0.0184 (7)	0.0204 (7)	-0.0010 (6)	0.0047 (6)	0.0033 (6)
C9	0.0184 (7)	0.0180 (7)	0.0156 (7)	-0.0027 (5)	0.0064 (6)	-0.0009 (5)
C10	0.0148 (6)	0.0133 (6)	0.0166 (7)	-0.0024 (5)	0.0039 (5)	-0.0030 (5)
C11	0.0168 (7)	0.0150 (7)	0.0128 (7)	-0.0029 (5)	0.0030 (5)	-0.0004 (5)
C12	0.0168 (7)	0.0175 (7)	0.0204 (7)	-0.0036 (5)	0.0083 (6)	-0.0044 (6)
C13	0.0114 (6)	0.0155 (7)	0.0157 (7)	-0.0005 (5)	0.0025 (5)	-0.0018 (5)
C14	0.0135 (6)	0.0183 (7)	0.0135 (7)	-0.0032 (5)	0.0035 (5)	0.0001 (5)
C15	0.0150 (7)	0.0217 (7)	0.0167 (7)	0.0000 (5)	0.0069 (6)	-0.0005 (6)
C16	0.0165 (7)	0.0194 (7)	0.0214 (7)	0.0023 (5)	0.0061 (6)	0.0021 (6)
C17	0.0177 (7)	0.0204 (7)	0.0170 (7)	-0.0012 (6)	0.0040 (6)	0.0043 (6)
C18	0.0128 (6)	0.0223 (7)	0.0135 (7)	-0.0053 (5)	0.0049 (5)	-0.0032 (6)
O4	0.0216 (5)	0.0306 (6)	0.0188 (5)	-0.0030 (4)	0.0108 (4)	-0.0032 (4)
C19	0.0197 (11)	0.032 (3)	0.0227 (14)	-0.0022 (15)	0.0077 (10)	-0.0079 (15)
C20	0.026 (2)	0.024 (2)	0.0312 (10)	-0.0029 (17)	0.0131 (11)	0.0000 (10)
C21	0.022 (2)	0.024 (2)	0.0198 (16)	0.0008 (15)	0.0102 (15)	0.0017 (16)
C22	0.0231 (11)	0.0262 (11)	0.0187 (7)	-0.0033 (7)	0.0098 (6)	-0.0042 (7)
C19′	0.0197 (11)	0.032 (3)	0.0227 (14)	-0.0022 (15)	0.0077 (10)	-0.0079 (15)
C20′	0.026 (2)	0.024 (2)	0.0312 (10)	-0.0029(17)	0.0131 (11)	0.0000 (10)

data reports

C21′	0.025 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.0222 (18)	-0.0051 (17)	0.0132 (16)	-0.0011 (17)
C22′	0.0231 (11)	0.0262 (11)	0.0187 (7)	-0.0033 (7)	0.0098 (6)	-0.0042 (7)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—C11	1.3908 (16)	C15—H15	0.9500
O1—C13	1.3946 (16)	C15—C16	1.388 (2)
O2—H2	0.93 (2)	C16—H16	0.9500
O2—C12	1.3628 (17)	C16—C17	1.382 (2)
O3—H3	0.91 (2)	C17—H17	0.9500
O3—C18	1.3601 (16)	C17—C18	1.391 (2)
N1—C6	1.4448 (17)	O4—C19	1.451 (5)
N1	1.4162 (17)	O4—C22	1.445 (5)
N1-C14	1.4147 (17)	O4—C19′	1.457 (5)
C1—H1	0.9500	O4—C22′	1.453 (5)
C1—C2	1.387 (2)	C19—H19A	0.9900
C1—C6	1.386 (2)	C19—H19B	0.9900
C2—H2A	0.9500	C19—C20	1.514 (6)
C2—C3	1.385 (2)	C20—H20A	0.9900
С3—НЗА	0.9500	C20—H20B	0.9900
C3—C4	1.381 (2)	C20—C21	1.526 (7)
C4—H4	0.9500	C21—H21A	0.9900
C4—C5	1.391 (2)	C21—H21B	0.9900
С5—Н5	0.9500	C21—C22	1.523 (7)
C5—C6	1.385 (2)	C22—H22A	0.9900
С7—Н7	0.9500	C22—H22B	0.9900
C7—C8	1.382 (2)	С19'—Н19С	0.9900
C7—C12	1.392 (2)	C19'—H19D	0.9900
С8—Н8	0.9500	C19′—C20′	1.515 (6)
C8—C9	1.3916 (19)	C20'—H20C	0.9900
С9—Н9	0.9500	C20'—H20D	0.9900
C9—C10	1.3965 (19)	C20'—C21'	1.526 (7)
C10—C11	1.3920 (19)	C21′—H21C	0.9900
C11—C12	1.3876 (19)	C21'—H21D	0.9900
C13—C14	1.3887 (19)	C21'—C22'	1.532 (8)
C13—C18	1.3868 (19)	C22'—H22C	0.9900
C14—C15	1.3936 (19)	C22'—H22D	0.9900
C11—O1—C13	115.33 (10)	C16—C17—C18	119.26 (13)
C12—O2—H2	112.7 (13)	C18—C17—H17	120.4
С18—О3—Н3	110.4 (13)	O3—C18—C13	121.59 (13)
C10—N1—C6	117.55 (11)	O3—C18—C17	119.23 (12)
C14—N1—C6	118.36 (11)	C13—C18—C17	119.17 (13)
C14—N1—C10	117.00 (11)	C22—O4—C19	111.1 (6)
C2—C1—H1	120.2	C22'—O4—C19'	105.8 (6)
C6—C1—H1	120.2	O4—C19—H19A	111.3
C6—C1—C2	119.60 (14)	O4—C19—H19B	111.3
C1—C2—H2A	119.9	O4—C19—C20	102.5 (6)

C3—C2—C1	120.17 (14)	H19A—C19—H19B	109.2
C3—C2—H2A	119.9	C20—C19—H19A	111.3
С2—С3—НЗА	120.0	C20—C19—H19B	111.3
C4—C3—C2	120.04 (14)	C19—C20—H20A	111.0
С4—С3—НЗА	120.0	C19—C20—H20B	111.0
C3—C4—H4	119.9	C19—C20—C21	103.9 (8)
C3-C4-C5	120.24 (14)	H20A—C20—H20B	109.0
C5-C4-H4	119.9	C21—C20—H20A	111.0
C4—C5—H5	120.3	C_{21} C_{20} H_{20R}	111.0
C6-C5-C4	119 42 (14)	C_{20} C_{21} H_{21} H_{21} H_{21}	110.9
C6C5H5	120.3	C_{20} C_{21} H_{21R}	110.9
C1 - C6 - N1	119 79 (12)	$H_{21}A = C_{21} = H_{21}B$	108.9
C_{5}	119.68 (12)	C^{22} C^{21} C^{20}	104.5(5)
$C_{5} - C_{6} - C_{1}$	119.00(12) 120.52(13)	$C_{22} = C_{21} = C_{20}$	110.9
C_{3} C_{7} H_{7}	120.32 (13)	$C_{22} = C_{21} = H_{21}R$	110.9
$C_{8} = C_{7} = C_{12}$	120.2	$C_{22} = C_{21} = H_{21B}$	10.9
$C_{12} = C_{12} = C_{12}$	119.50 (15)	04 C22 H22A	110.6
C_{12} C_{7} C_{8} H_{8}	120.2	O4 C22 H22R	110.0
$C^{-}_{-}C^{-}_{0}C^{0}_{-}C$	119.5	C_{21} C_{22} H_{22A}	110.0
$C_{1} = C_{0} = C_{2}$	121.30 (13)	C21—C22—H22A	110.0
C_{2} C_{3} H_{8}	119.3	C_{21} — C_{22} — H_{22B}	110.0
C_{0} C_{0} C_{10}	120.5	$\begin{array}{c} HZZA \longrightarrow CZZ \longrightarrow HZZB \\ OA = CIOC \longrightarrow HIOC \end{array}$	108.8
$C_{3} - C_{9} - C_{10}$	119.30 (13)	04 - C19' - H19C	109.8
C10-C9-H9	120.5	04 - C19 - H19D	109.8
C9-C10-N1	122.71 (12)	$04-019-020^{\circ}$	109.4 (7)
CII—CI0—NI	118.56 (12)	H19C - C19' - H19D	108.2
	118./1 (12)	C20'-C19'-H19C	109.8
	121.88 (12)	C20'-C19'-H19D	109.8
	116.25 (12)	$C19^{\prime}$ — $C20^{\prime}$ — $H20C$	111.3
	121.82 (12)	C19'-C20'-H20D	111.3
02	119.02 (12)	C19' - C20' - C21'	102.5 (7)
02-C12-C11	121.89 (13)	H20C—C20′—H20D	109.2
C11—C12—C7	119.09 (13)	C21′—C20′—H20C	111.3
C14—C13—O1	121.88 (12)	C21′—C20′—H20D	111.3
C18—C13—O1	116.09 (12)	C20'—C21'—H21C	111.5
C18—C13—C14	122.01 (12)	C20′—C21′—H21D	111.5
C13—C14—N1	118.66 (12)	C20'—C21'—C22'	101.3 (7)
C13—C14—C15	118.31 (12)	H21C—C21′—H21D	109.3
C15—C14—N1	123.01 (12)	C22'—C21'—H21C	111.5
C14—C15—H15	120.1	C22'—C21'—H21D	111.5
C16—C15—C14	119.84 (13)	O4—C22′—C21′	104.9 (5)
C16—C15—H15	120.1	O4—C22′—H22C	110.8
C15—C16—H16	119.3	O4—C22′—H22D	110.8
C17—C16—C15	121.41 (13)	C21'—C22'—H22C	110.8
С17—С16—Н16	119.3	C21'—C22'—H22D	110.8
C16—C17—H17	120.4	H22C—C22′—H22D	108.8
01—C11—C12—O2	2.79 (18)	C10—N1—C14—C15	-160.96 (12)
O1—C11—C12—C7	-177.89 (12)	C10—C11—C12—O2	-179.69 (12)

O1-C13-C14-N1	0.62 (18)	C10—C11—C12—C7	-0.4 (2)
O1—C13—C14—C15	-178.17 (12)	C11—O1—C13—C14	-20.88 (17)
O1—C13—C18—O3	-1.08 (18)	C11—O1—C13—C18	160.53 (11)
O1—C13—C18—C17	177.75 (11)	C12—C7—C8—C9	1.1 (2)
N1-C10-C11-O1	-0.26 (19)	C13-01-C11-C10	20.67 (17)
N1-C10-C11-C12	-177.64 (12)	C13-01-C11-C12	-161.81 (11)
N1-C14-C15-C16	-178.48 (12)	C13—C14—C15—C16	0.25 (19)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.2 (2)	C14—N1—C6—C1	-68.80 (17)
C2-C1-C6-N1	-178.07 (12)	C14—N1—C6—C5	111.92 (14)
C2-C1-C6-C5	1.2 (2)	C14—N1—C10—C9	160.93 (12)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.4 (2)	C14—N1—C10—C11	-20.49 (17)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.2 (2)	C14—C13—C18—O3	-179.66 (12)
C4—C5—C6—N1	178.27 (12)	C14—C13—C18—C17	-0.84 (19)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.0 (2)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-0.3 (2)
C6—N1—C10—C9	10.81 (18)	C15—C16—C17—C18	-0.2 (2)
C6—N1—C10—C11	-170.60 (12)	C16—C17—C18—O3	179.60 (12)
C6—N1—C14—C13	170.18 (12)	C16—C17—C18—C13	0.7 (2)
C6—N1—C14—C15	-11.10 (19)	C18—C13—C14—N1	179.12 (12)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.6 (2)	C18—C13—C14—C15	0.34 (19)
C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.5 (2)	O4—C19—C20—C21	-35.2 (14)
C8—C7—C12—O2	178.66 (12)	O4—C19′—C20′—C21′	16.4 (16)
C8—C7—C12—C11	-0.7 (2)	C19—O4—C22—C21	-10.8 (16)
C8—C9—C10—N1	178.00 (12)	C19—C20—C21—C22	29.2 (14)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.58 (19)	C20—C21—C22—O4	-12.0 (14)
C9—C10—C11—O1	178.38 (11)	C22—O4—C19—C20	29.1 (15)
C9—C10—C11—C12	1.0 (2)	C19'—O4—C22'—C21'	-30.9 (15)
C10—N1—C6—C1	80.90 (16)	C19'—C20'—C21'—C22'	-33.6 (14)
C10—N1—C6—C5	-98.38 (15)	C20'—C21'—C22'—O4	40.6 (14)
C10—N1—C14—C13	20.31 (18)	C22'—O4—C19'—C20'	8.9 (17)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	D—H··· A
O2—H2…O4	0.93 (2)	1.88 (2)	2.7729 (15)	159.5 (19)
O3—H3…O4	0.91 (2)	1.88 (2)	2.7447 (15)	157.0 (19)