

IUCrData

ISSN 2414-3146

Received 19 September 2022 Accepted 22 September 2022

Edited by E. R. T. Tiekink, Sunway University, Malaysia

Keywords: crystal structure; chalcone; O—  $H \cdots O$  hydrogen bond; C— $H \cdots O$  interactions.

CCDC reference: 2208753

**Structural data**: full structural data are available from iucrdata.iucr.org

# (*E*)-1-(2-Hydroxy-4,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-(naph-thalen-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one

Dongsoo Koh\*

Department of Applied Chemistry, Dongduk Women's University, Seoul, 02748, Republic of Korea. \*Correspondence e-mail: dskoh@dongduk.ac.kr

In the title compound,  $C_{21}H_{18}O_4$ , the relative conformation of the C=C and C=O double bonds in the central enone group is *s*-*cisoid*; there is a *trans* configuration about the C=C bond. The dihedral angle formed by the naphthalene ring system and the benzene ring is 16.80 (2)°. The methoxy groups at the *ortho* and *para* positions of the benzene ring are tilted to the ring by 169.8 (1) and 174.5 (1)°, respectively. The hydroxy group in the benzene ring participates in an intramolecular O-H···O hydrogen bond. In the crystal, C-H···O interactions link molecules into linear chains along the *a*-axis direction.



## **Structure description**

Reactive oxygen species (ROS) damage DNA, RNA, and proteins when present in excess. There is growing evidence that flavonoids can suppress carcinogenesis by inhibiting ROS levels (Rodríguez-García *et al.*, 2019). Surprisingly, flavonoids can also induce excessive oxidative stress, leading to cancer cell death (Slika *et al.*, 2022). Flavones (Hostetler *et al.*, 2017), aurones (Sui *et al.*, 2021), and chalcones (Elkanzi *et al.*, 2022), which belong to the sub-group of flavonoids, have in common an  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyl group in the molecule. The  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyl group reacts with the thiol group of glutathione (GSH) as a Michael acceptor to reduce the intracellular GSH concentration (Adams *et al.*, 2012). Since cancer cells have a higher ROS concentration than normal cells (Kumari *et al.*, 2018),  $\alpha,\beta$ -unsaturated carbonyl groups rapidly increase ROS levels due to decreased GSH, thereby killing cancer cells (Raj *et al.*, 2011). As an extension of the search for ROS-generating compounds in cancer cells (Shin *et al.*, 2022; Lee *et al.*, 2016), the title chalcone compound was synthesized.

OPEN OPEN ACCESS



Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom-labeling scheme and displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level. The dashed bond represents the intramolecular  $O-H\cdots O$  hydrogen bond.

noted for the C2=C3 double bond, which has a torsion angle of -178.3 (1)° for C1-C2-C3-C4. The methoxy group at the *para* position (C-17) of the benzene ring is nearly coplanar with the ring [C18-C17-O3-C20 = 174.5 (1)°], while the other methoxy group at the *ortho* position (C-19) is more twisted out of the ring [C14-C19-O4-C21 = 169.8 (1)°]. The naphthalene ring system (C4-C13; r.m.s. deviation of 0.003 Å) is tilted at an angle of 16.80 (2)° with respect to the benzene ring (C14-C19; r.m.s. deviation of 0.011 Å). The hydroxy group attached to the benzene ring is involved in an intramolecular O-H···O hydrogen bond. In the crystal, weak C-H···O interactions link the molecules into linear chains propagating along the *a*-axis direction (Fig. 2, Table 1).

### Synthesis and crystallization

1-(2-Hydroxy-4,6-dimethoxyphenyl)ethanone (196 mg, 1 mmol) and 1-naphthaldehyde (156 mg, 1 mmol) were dissolved in ethanol (25 ml) and the temperature was cooled to around 276–277 K in an ice bath. To the cooled reaction mixture were added 1.0 ml of 40% aqueous KOH solution,



Figure 2

Part of the crystal structure of the title compound with weak intermolecular  $C-H\cdots O$  interactions shown as green dashed lines.

Table 1	
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).	

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$\begin{array}{c} O2 - H2O \cdots O1 \\ C21 - H21C \cdots O2^{i} \end{array}$	0.94 (2)	1.60 (2)	2.4869 (12)	155.5 (18)
	0.98	2.58	3.3393 (17)	135

Symmetry code: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$ .

Table 2Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$C_{21}H_{18}O_4$
M <sub>r</sub>	334.35
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, C2/c
Temperature (K)	147
a, b, c (Å)	15.8594 (7), 5.0437 (2), 40.6908 (17)
β (°)	90.507 (2)
$V(A^3)$	3254.7 (2)
Z	8
Radiation type	Cu Κα
$\mu (\text{mm}^{-1})$	0.77
Crystal size (mm)	$0.65 \times 0.11 \times 0.03$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	Bruker Kappa APEX DUO CCD
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2012)
$T_{\min}, T_{\max}$	0.655, 0.753
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	10590, 2743, 2555
R <sub>int</sub>	0.027
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\rm max} ({\rm \AA}^{-1})$	0.595
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.037, 0.098, 1.03
No. of reflections	2743
No. of parameters	232
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max},  \Delta \rho_{\rm min}  ({\rm e}  {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.16, -0.22

Computer programs: APEX2 and SAINT (Bruker, 2012), SHELXS and SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008), SHELXL2014 (Sheldrick, 2015) and publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

and the reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 20 h. This mixture was poured into iced water (40 ml) and acidified with 6 N HCl solution. The mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate ( $2 \times 30$  ml) and the combined organic layers were dried over MgSO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and evaporation of the filtrate gave a residue which was purified by flash chromatography to give the title compound (260 mg, 78%). Recrystallization in ethanol gave the crystals used in this X-ray diffraction study.

### Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2.

## Acknowledgements

This work was supported by a Dongduk Women's University grant.

#### References

- Adams, D. J., Dai, M., Pellegrino, G., Wagner, B. K., Stern, A. M., Shamji, A. F. & Schreiber, S. L. (2012). *Proc. Natl Acad. Sci. USA*, 109, 15115–15120.
- Bruker (2012). *APEX2*, *SAINT* and *SADABS*. Bruker AXS Inc. Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Elkanzi, N. A. A., Hrichi, H., Alolayan, R. A., Derafa, W., Zahou, F. M. & Bakr, R. B. (2022). ACS Omega, 7, 27769–27786.
- Hostetler, G. L., Ralston, R. A. & Schwartz, S. J. (2017). Adv. Nutr. 8, 423–435.
- Kumari, S., Badana, A. K. & Malla, R. (2018). *Biomark.* 13, 1177271918755391.
- Lee, K., Lee, D. H., Kim, J.-H., Jung, Y. J., Shin, S. Y., Koh, D. & Lee, Y. H. (2016). *Appl. Biol. Chem.* **59**, 391–396.
- Raj, L., Ide, T., Gurkar, A., Foley, M., Schenone, M., Li, X., Tolliday, N. J., Golub, T. R., Carr, S. A., Shamji, A. F., Stern, A. M.,

Mandinova, A., Schreiber, S. L. & Lee, S. W. (2011). Nature, 475, 231–234.

Rodríguez-García, C., Sánchez-Quesada, C. & Gaforio, J. J. (2019). Antioxidants, 8, 137.

Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

Sheldrick, G. M. (2015). Acta Cryst. C71, 3-8.

- Shin, S. Y., Jung, E., Lim, Y., Lee, H. J., Rhee, J. H., Yoo, M., Ahn, S. & Koh, D. (2022). *Crystals*, **12**, 108.
- Slika, H., Mansour, H., Wehbe, N., Nasser, S. A., Iratni, R., Nasrallah, G., Shaito, A., Ghaddar, T., Kobeissy, F. & Eid, A. H. (2022). *Biomed. Pharmacother.* 146, 112442.
- Sui, G., Li, T., Zhang, B., Wang, R., Hao, H. & Zhou, W. (2021). Bioorg. Med. Chem. 29, 115895.
- Westrip, S. P. (2010). J. Appl. Cryst. 43, 920-925.

# full crystallographic data

## *IUCrData* (2022). 7, x220932 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2414314622009324]

## (E)-1-(2-Hydroxy-4,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-(naphthalen-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one

## **Dongsoo Koh**

(E)-1-(2-Hydroxy-4,6-dimethoxyphenyl)-3-(naphthalen-1-yl)prop-2-en-1-one

Crystal data

C<sub>21</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>4</sub>  $M_r = 334.35$ Monoclinic, C2/c Hall symbol: -C 2yc a = 15.8594 (7) Å b = 5.0437 (2) Å c = 40.6908 (17) Å  $\beta = 90.507$  (2)° V = 3254.7 (2) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 8

## Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEX DUO CCD diffractometer Radiation source: Bruker ImuS Multi-layer optics monochromator  $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2012)  $T_{\min} = 0.655$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.753$ 

## Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.037$  $wR(F^2) = 0.098$ S = 1.032743 reflections 232 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods F(000) = 1408  $D_x = 1.365 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Cu Ka radiation,  $\lambda = 1.54178 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 6156 reflections  $\theta = 6.5-66.5^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.77 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 147 KNeedle, yellow  $0.65 \times 0.11 \times 0.03 \text{ mm}$ 

10590 measured reflections 2743 independent reflections 2555 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.027$  $\theta_{max} = 66.5^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 6.5^{\circ}$  $h = -18 \rightarrow 18$  $k = -5 \rightarrow 1$  $l = -48 \rightarrow 47$ 

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0514P)^2 + 2.058P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} = 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.16$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.22$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

## Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of F<sup>2</sup> against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F<sup>2</sup>, conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F<sup>2</sup>. The threshold expression of F<sup>2</sup> > 2sigma(F<sup>2</sup>) is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F<sup>2</sup> are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}$ */ $U_{\rm eq}$
01	0.83835 (5)	0.92735 (19)	0.40390 (2)	0.0331 (2)
O2	0.82944 (5)	1.26680 (18)	0.44807 (2)	0.0286 (2)
O3	0.56231 (5)	1.62372 (18)	0.47470 (2)	0.0289 (2)
O4	0.57849 (5)	0.93109 (17)	0.39751 (2)	0.0277 (2)
C1	0.75984 (8)	0.9014 (2)	0.40286 (3)	0.0233 (3)
C2	0.72497 (8)	0.6836 (3)	0.38301 (3)	0.0278 (3)
H2A	0.6702	0.6195	0.3880	0.033*
C3	0.76623 (8)	0.5731 (2)	0.35859 (3)	0.0267 (3)
H3A	0.8215	0.6365	0.3543	0.032*
C4	0.73370 (8)	0.3599 (2)	0.33742 (3)	0.0239 (3)
C5	0.64822 (8)	0.3106 (3)	0.33554 (3)	0.0284 (3)
H5A	0.6109	0.4154	0.3483	0.034*
C6	0.61469 (9)	0.1099 (3)	0.31536 (3)	0.0309 (3)
H6A	0.5555	0.0802	0.3147	0.037*
C7	0.66664 (9)	-0.0425 (3)	0.29668 (3)	0.0294 (3)
H7A	0.6435	-0.1779	0.2831	0.035*
C8	0.75456 (8)	-0.0002 (2)	0.29737 (3)	0.0250 (3)
С9	0.80929 (9)	-0.1570 (3)	0.27802 (3)	0.0319 (3)
H9A	0.7863	-0.2930	0.2645	0.038*
C10	0.89410 (10)	-0.1162 (3)	0.27848 (3)	0.0371 (3)
H10A	0.9298	-0.2226	0.2653	0.045*
C11	0.92890 (9)	0.0833 (3)	0.29851 (4)	0.0363 (3)
H11A	0.9882	0.1111	0.2988	0.044*
C12	0.87801 (8)	0.2379 (3)	0.31759 (3)	0.0294 (3)
H12A	0.9026	0.3716	0.3310	0.035*
C13	0.78924 (8)	0.2026 (2)	0.31770 (3)	0.0232 (3)
C14	0.70640 (8)	1.0824 (2)	0.42166 (3)	0.0212 (3)
C15	0.74516 (7)	1.2624 (2)	0.44389 (3)	0.0220 (3)
C16	0.69958 (8)	1.4415 (2)	0.46266 (3)	0.0230 (3)
H16A	0.7273	1.5536	0.4781	0.028*
C17	0.61307 (8)	1.4532 (2)	0.45848 (3)	0.0232 (3)
C18	0.57152 (8)	1.2849 (2)	0.43638 (3)	0.0240 (3)
H18A	0.5121	1.2976	0.4335	0.029*
C19	0.61656 (8)	1.1008 (2)	0.41876 (3)	0.0216 (3)
C20	0.60019 (9)	1.7843 (3)	0.49980 (3)	0.0298 (3)
H20A	0.5563	1.8845	0.5112	0.045*
H20B	0.6402	1.9079	0.4898	0.045*
H20C	0.6300	1.6705	0.5156	0.045*
C21	0.48877 (9)	0.9150 (3)	0.39821 (4)	0.0405 (4)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(A^2)$ 

## data reports

H21A	0.4699	0.7638	0.3849	0.061*
H21B	0.4645	1.0787	0.3893	0.061*
H21C	0.4703	0.8914	0.4209	0.061*
H2O	0.8485 (12)	1.142 (4)	0.4325 (5)	0.064 (6)*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
01	0.0226 (5)	0.0357 (5)	0.0409 (5)	0.0010 (4)	0.0022 (4)	-0.0128 (4)
O2	0.0200 (5)	0.0321 (5)	0.0336 (5)	-0.0005 (4)	-0.0009 (4)	-0.0081 (4)
03	0.0249 (5)	0.0318 (5)	0.0300 (5)	0.0043 (4)	0.0027 (4)	-0.0074 (4)
O4	0.0236 (5)	0.0297 (5)	0.0297 (5)	-0.0045 (4)	-0.0016 (4)	-0.0066 (4)
C1	0.0257 (6)	0.0215 (6)	0.0226 (6)	-0.0003 (5)	0.0024 (5)	0.0037 (5)
C2	0.0258 (7)	0.0260 (7)	0.0318 (7)	-0.0011 (5)	0.0024 (5)	-0.0035 (5)
C3	0.0247 (6)	0.0260 (7)	0.0294 (6)	0.0011 (5)	-0.0008 (5)	-0.0029 (5)
C4	0.0280 (7)	0.0229 (6)	0.0208 (6)	0.0006 (5)	-0.0006 (5)	0.0020 (5)
C5	0.0289 (7)	0.0280 (7)	0.0283 (6)	0.0008 (5)	0.0018 (5)	-0.0009 (5)
C6	0.0278 (7)	0.0334 (7)	0.0313 (7)	-0.0060 (6)	-0.0026 (5)	0.0016 (6)
C7	0.0385 (8)	0.0259 (7)	0.0238 (6)	-0.0061 (6)	-0.0059 (5)	-0.0001 (5)
C8	0.0352 (7)	0.0216 (6)	0.0182 (6)	0.0002 (5)	-0.0021 (5)	0.0035 (5)
C9	0.0446 (8)	0.0268 (7)	0.0243 (6)	0.0008 (6)	-0.0007 (6)	-0.0043 (5)
C10	0.0420 (8)	0.0352 (8)	0.0342 (7)	0.0078 (6)	0.0074 (6)	-0.0073 (6)
C11	0.0303 (7)	0.0374 (8)	0.0414 (8)	0.0035 (6)	0.0042 (6)	-0.0048 (6)
C12	0.0298 (7)	0.0275 (7)	0.0310 (7)	0.0000 (5)	-0.0001 (5)	-0.0041 (5)
C13	0.0293 (7)	0.0209 (6)	0.0194 (6)	0.0013 (5)	-0.0011 (5)	0.0030 (5)
C14	0.0236 (6)	0.0195 (6)	0.0206 (6)	-0.0016 (5)	0.0017 (5)	0.0024 (5)
C15	0.0215 (6)	0.0224 (6)	0.0219 (6)	-0.0017 (5)	0.0004 (5)	0.0040 (5)
C16	0.0257 (6)	0.0225 (6)	0.0208 (6)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0002 (5)	-0.0015 (5)
C17	0.0261 (6)	0.0220 (6)	0.0217 (6)	0.0018 (5)	0.0044 (5)	0.0019 (5)
C18	0.0200 (6)	0.0264 (7)	0.0257 (6)	-0.0005 (5)	0.0007 (5)	0.0020 (5)
C19	0.0243 (6)	0.0210 (6)	0.0195 (6)	-0.0037 (5)	0.0003 (5)	0.0026 (5)
C20	0.0331 (7)	0.0314 (7)	0.0249 (6)	0.0060 (6)	0.0009 (5)	-0.0055 (5)
C21	0.0231 (7)	0.0492 (9)	0.0490 (9)	-0.0054 (6)	-0.0050 (6)	-0.0144 (7)

## Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—C1	1.2523 (15)	C9—C10	1.361 (2)
O2—C15	1.3461 (15)	С9—Н9А	0.9500
O2—H2O	0.94 (2)	C10—C11	1.405 (2)
O3—C17	1.3538 (15)	C10—H10A	0.9500
O3—C20	1.4316 (15)	C11—C12	1.3688 (19)
O4—C19	1.3549 (15)	C11—H11A	0.9500
O4—C21	1.4258 (16)	C12—C13	1.4190 (18)
C1C14	1.4656 (17)	C12—H12A	0.9500
C1—C2	1.4688 (18)	C14—C15	1.4181 (17)
C2—C3	1.3182 (19)	C14—C19	1.4316 (17)
C2—H2A	0.9500	C15—C16	1.3896 (17)
C3—C4	1.4685 (18)	C16—C17	1.3823 (17)

С3—НЗА	0.9500	C16—H16A	0.9500
C4—C5	1.3797 (18)	C17—C18	1.3974 (18)
C4—C13	1,4360 (17)	C18—C19	1.3769 (17)
C5—C6	1.4051 (19)	C18—H18A	0.9500
C5—H5A	0.9500	C20—H20A	0.9800
C6—C7	1 363 (2)	C20—H20B	0.9800
С6—Н6А	0.9500	C20—H20C	0.9800
C7-C8	1 4105 (19)	$C_{21}$ H21A	0.9800
C7—H7A	0.9500	$C_{21}$ H21R	0.9800
$C_{8}$	1 4178 (18)	$C_{21}$ H21C	0.9800
$C_{8}$ $C_{13}$	1.4170(18) 1.4232(18)	021-11210	0.9800
0-015	1.4232 (10)		
С15—О2—Н2О	103.2 (12)	C11—C12—C13	121.35 (12)
C17 - C20	117.37 (10)	C11—C12—H12A	119.3
C19 - O4 - C21	117 53 (10)	C13—C12—H12A	119.3
01-C1-C14	119 78 (11)	C12 - C13 - C8	117.82 (11)
01-C1-C2	117 78 (11)	C12 - C13 - C4	123.08(11)
$C_{14} - C_{1} - C_{2}$	122 42 (11)	C8-C13-C4	119.09 (11)
$C_{3}$ $C_{2}$ $C_{1}$	122.42(11) 122.95(12)	$C_{15} - C_{14} - C_{19}$	115.88 (11)
$C_3 - C_2 - H_2 \Delta$	118 5	$C_{15} - C_{14} - C_{1}$	118.83 (11)
C1 - C2 - H2A	118.5	C19 - C14 - C1	125 25 (11)
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	125 29 (12)	02-C15-C16	125.25(11)
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	125.29 (12)	02 - C15 - C14	110.10(11) 121.02(11)
$C_2 = C_3 = H_3 \Lambda$	117.4	$C_{16} = C_{15} = C_{14}$	121.02(11) 122.82(11)
$C_{4}$	117.4 118.47(11)	$C_{10} = C_{13} = C_{14}$	122.82(11) 118.74(11)
$C_{5} = C_{4} = C_{15}^{3}$	110.47(11) 120.20(11)	C17 = C16 = C15	110.74 (11)
$C_3 = C_4 = C_3$	120.29(11) 121.22(11)	$C_{17} = C_{10} = M_{10}$	120.0
$C_{13} - C_{4} - C_{5}$	121.22(11) 121.03(12)	$C_{13} = C_{10} = 110 \text{A}$	120.0 124.13(11)
C4 = C5 = U5 A	121.95 (12)	03 - 017 - 018	124.13(11) 114.97(11)
C4 - C5 - H5A	119.0	$C_{16} = C_{17} = C_{18}$	114.07(11)
C0-C3-H3A	119.0	C10 - C17 - C18	121.00(11)
C/-CO-CS	120.30 (12)	C19 - C18 - C17	120.06 (11)
C = C = H G A	119.8	C17_C18_H18A	120.0
$C_{3}$ $C_{6}$ $C_{7}$ $C_{8}$	119.8	C1/-C18-H18A	120.0
$C_{0}$	120.41 (12)	04 - C19 - C18	121.88 (11)
$C_{0}$ $C_{1}$ $H_{A}$	119.8	04-019-014	116.69 (10)
$C_8 - C_7 - H_7 A$	119.8	C18 - C19 - C14	121.43 (11)
$C_{}C_{8}C_{9}$	120.98 (12)	$O_3 = C_2 O_2 = H_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O_2 O$	109.5
$C_{}C_{8}C_{13}$	119.80 (11)	$U_3 - C_2 - H_2 U_B$	109.5
$C_{9} = C_{8} = C_{13}$	119.22 (12)	H20A—C20—H20B	109.5
C10 - C9 - C8	121.20 (12)	$U_3 = C_2 U_2 = H_2 U_2$	109.5
C10—C9—H9A	119.4	$H_{20}A - C_{20} - H_{20}C$	109.5
C8—C9—H9A	119.4	H20B—C20—H20C	109.5
	119.97 (13)	04—C21—H21A	109.5
C9—C10—H10A	120.0	U4—C21—H21B	109.5
C11—C10—H10A	120.0	H21A—C21—H21B	109.5
C12—C11—C10	120.43 (13)	04—C21—H21C	109.5
C12—C11—H11A	119.8	H21A—C21—H21C	109.5
C10-C11-H11A	119.8	H21B—C21—H21C	109.5

O1—C1—C2—C3	-22.91 (19)	C3—C4—C13—C8	-179.47 (11)
C14—C1—C2—C3	158.34 (12)	O1—C1—C14—C15	-7.79 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-178.35 (11)	C2-C1-C14-C15	170.93 (11)
C2—C3—C4—C5	18.8 (2)	O1—C1—C14—C19	169.92 (11)
C2-C3-C4-C13	-162.71 (13)	C2-C1-C14-C19	-11.36 (18)
C13—C4—C5—C6	0.90 (18)	C19—C14—C15—O2	-178.57 (10)
C3—C4—C5—C6	179.46 (12)	C1-C14-C15-O2	-0.65 (16)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-0.4 (2)	C19—C14—C15—C16	1.93 (17)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-0.08 (19)	C1-C14-C15-C16	179.84 (11)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-179.90 (12)	O2-C15-C16-C17	177.50 (10)
C6—C7—C8—C13	0.03 (18)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-2.97 (18)
C7—C8—C9—C10	179.69 (12)	C20—O3—C17—C16	-5.82 (17)
C13—C8—C9—C10	-0.25 (19)	C20—O3—C17—C18	174.47 (10)
C8—C9—C10—C11	0.3 (2)	C15—C16—C17—O3	-178.27 (11)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.1 (2)	C15-C16-C17-C18	1.42 (17)
C10-C11-C12-C13	-0.2 (2)	O3—C17—C18—C19	-179.20 (10)
C11—C12—C13—C8	0.25 (19)	C16—C17—C18—C19	1.08 (18)
C11—C12—C13—C4	179.78 (12)	C21—O4—C19—C18	-11.21 (17)
C7—C8—C13—C12	-179.98 (11)	C21-O4-C19-C14	169.78 (11)
C9—C8—C13—C12	-0.05 (17)	C17—C18—C19—O4	178.90 (10)
C7—C8—C13—C4	0.46 (17)	C17—C18—C19—C14	-2.14 (18)
C9—C8—C13—C4	-179.60 (11)	C15—C14—C19—O4	179.68 (10)
C5—C4—C13—C12	179.56 (11)	C1—C14—C19—O4	1.91 (17)
C3—C4—C13—C12	1.01 (18)	C15—C14—C19—C18	0.67 (16)
C5—C4—C13—C8	-0.91 (17)	C1-C14-C19-C18	-177.10 (11)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
02—H2 <i>O</i> …O1	0.94 (2)	1.60 (2)	2.4869 (12)	155.5 (18)
C21—H21 <i>C</i> ···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.98	2.58	3.3393 (17)	135

Symmetry code: (i) *x*-1/2, *y*-1/2, *z*.