C - 28409. STRUCTURES OF ORGANIC, ORGANOMETALLIC AND COORDINATION COMPOUNDS

09.2-50 THE STRUCTURES OF SOME 1,4-BENZODI-AZEPINES, 1,5-BENZODIAZOCINES AND ITS DERIVA-TIVES. By A.A.Dvorkin, Yu.A.Simonov and T.I. Malinowsky, Institute of Applied Physics of Academy of Sciences of Mold.SSR, Kishinev and S.A.Andronati and A.S.Yavorsky, Physics-Chemical Institute of Academy of Sciences of Ukr.SSR, Odessa, USSR.

The structures of 1,4-benzodiazepines were



determined by the X-ray method. In all three cases the structures are molecular ones. The structure (I) is built up of molecular dimers by two H-bonds. The 7-membered ring has a "boat" conformation. The bond lengths and angles are in agreement with those found in diazepam, oxazepam (Camerman & Camerman, J. Amer. Chem. Soc. (1972) 94, 268 and G.Gilli, V.Bertolasi, H.Sacerdoti & P.A.Borea, Acta Cryst. (1977) <u>B33</u>, 2664) and others. The molecular structure with "bath" conformation is realized in 1,5-benzodiazocines, which are



analogous of 1,4-benzodiazepines. We have found in (IV) an unusual C-N=1.450Å bond, which is shorter than in other similar compounds. It can be explained by the influence of the electron-donor substituent in 8-position. The structure of the compound (VII) has been determined as well. The 16-membered hetero-



cycle contains a C2-axis and is stabilized by two intramolecular H-bonds. The molecule consists of nearly flat fragments with "bath" conformation.

CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF A PIPERIDINE 09.2–51 NITROXYL AND ITS FREE AMINE. By <u>M. Cygler</u>, Dept. of Crystallography, Inst. of Chemistry, University of Łódź, 91-416 Łódź, Nowotki 18, Poland.

Crystal structures of 4-phenoxymethyl-4-hydro-N-oxyl derivative (II) have been determined. Compound I crystallizes in space group P2./c with a=13.666, b=10.449, c=11.491, β =111.98, Z=4, and compound II crystallizes in space group P1 with a=12.034, b=11.648, c=13.080 Å, α =90.25, β =116.33, \mathbf{V} =96.44, Z=4 with two mo-lecules in the asymmetric unit. Both structulecules in the asymmetric unit. Both structu-res have been solved by direct methods and re-fined to R=0.052 and 0.056 for I and II res-pectively. Molecules of I and II adopt very similar conformations in the solid state with a chair form of the piperidine ring, axial orientation of the hydroxyl group and with the equatorial substituent at C(4) in an extended conformation. The phenyl ring is nearly per-pendicular to the mean plane of the piperidine ring. The arrangements of molecules in the crystals of I and II are very similar but the crystals of I and II are very similar but the lack of exact equivalence of the two indepen-dent molecules in II lowers the symmetry from monoclinic to triclinic. The networks of H-bonds are topologically equivalent in both crystals. Molecules are joined in chains along the c-axis. The N-O group in II makes an angle of 18° with the CNC plane, well within the range observed in other nitroxypiperidine derivatives.

09.2 - 52STRUCTURAL STUDIES OF PHENYL-SULPHIDE DERIVATIVES. By Józef Garbarczyk, Department of Chemistry, Technical University, Poznan, Poland.

The crystal structures of the following compounds have been determined:

- 1.4,4'-dimercaptodiphenylenesulphide: mono-

1.4,4'-dimercaptodiphenylenesulphide: mono-clinic P2,/n, a=5.752, b=25.767, c=7.954 A, β=95.24°, Z=4, R=0.080 for 1237 reflexions.
*2.4,4'-bis/phenylthio/-benzene: monoclinic P2,/a, a=5.794, b=18.185, c=7.590 A, b=109.78°, Z=2, R=0.054 for 1387 reflexions, molecular symmetry C;.
*3.4,4'-sulphonyl-bis/phenylene-S-thiobenzoate/: monoclinic P2,/a, a=14.050, b=10.404, c=16.734 A, b=110.57°, Z=4, R=0.049 for reflexions. reflexions.

4.Triphenodithiazine: monoclinic P2, z=10.472, b=5.430, c=12.356 A, $\beta=107.61^{\circ}$, Z=2, R=0.0711 for 699 reflexions, molecular symmetry C_1 .

*/In collaboration with Prof. G.D.Andretti, University of Parma, Italy, Cryst. Struct. Com. 1981/** /Details of the analyses of compound 3, have been submitted to Die Makrom. Chem. for publication/. The present work is a part of our study on the relationship between structure and ther-mal properties of sulphur containing polymers. The investigated compounds are model molecules for related polymers. It was found that the bond lenghts S--C are within a range 1.744 to 1.785 A and C-S--C angles within a range 99 to 106°. It is interesting that in triphenodithiazine these

values are maintained in spite of the fact a sulphur atom is a part of six-membered ring.