Poster Presentations

[MS19-P07] Synthesis and Crystal Structure of $Pb_4(V_3O_8)_2(SeO_3)_3$

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Crystals of $Pb_4(V_3O_8)_2(SeO_3)_3$ (I) were obtained by hydrothermal method from aqueous solution and PbO, V_2O_5 , SeO_2 in ratio 1:2:10. The reaction was performed in 23 mL Teflon-lined Parr reaction vessel heated in Thermo Scientific mechanical convection oven up to 210°C and hold over 96 hours. Afterward the vessel was cooled to room temperature at a rate of 5°C/h. Products consisted of orange platy crystals of **I** up to 300 μ m in maximal dimension.

Crystals selected for data collection were mounted on a Bruker DUO four-circle diffractometer equipped with an APEX II CCD detector and monochromated MoKa radiation. The structure of **I** was solved by direct methods. The following twinning matrix was applied during the refinement [-100 0-10 -0.80-1]. I is triclinic, P-1, a=7.1337(3)Å, b=7.1869(3)Å, c=21.5324(10)Å, $\alpha=90.138(2)^{\circ}$, $\beta=98.139(2)^{\circ}$, $\gamma = 94.775(2)^{\circ}$, V = 1088.92(8)Å3, $R_1 = 0.0640$ for 4721 unique reflections with $|Fo| \ge 4\sigma_{F}$.

There are six symmetrically inequivalent V sites in the structure of I. V–O distances vary in the range of 1.604–2.634Å and 1.606–2.080Å in VO₆ octahedra and VO₅ square pyramids, respectively. Se–O bonds are in the range of 1.676–1.739 Å. The structure of I contains four symmetrically distinct Pb²⁺ cations. All Pb–O bonds \leq 3.5Å were taken into consideration. Coordination of Pb atoms is distorted and variable due to the stereochemical activity of lone electron pair.

The structure of I is based on 'vanadium bronzes' derivative chains formed by edge- and cornersharing VO₆ octahedra, VO₅ square pyramids and SeO₃ trigonal pyramids. $[(V_3O_8)_2(SeO_3)_3]^{8-}$ chains are oriented along [100] and interconnected by Pb²⁺ cations into 3D framework. Comparison with the other similar compounds is given.

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