addenda and errata



Keywords: thermoelectricity; transport properties; magnetic order; galvanomagnetic effects; thermomagnetic effects

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Thermoelectric transport properties in magnetically ordered crystals. Further corrigenda and addenda

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Further corrigenda and addenda for the article by Grimmer [*Acta Cryst.* (2017), A**73**, 333–345] are reported. New figures in the supporting information show how the restrictions on the forms of galvanomagnetic and thermomagnetic tensors are related to those on corresponding thermoelectromagnetic tensors.

Corrigenda. Corrections to Grimmer (2017) are needed in Figs. 4(c) and 6(c) for the fourth-rank tensors containing components marked in blue and in Fig. 6(b) for $\rho_{ijlm}^-, k_{ijlm}^-$ in magnetic form class 4'. The corrections are included in the figures in the supporting information.

Addenda. For even tensors (invariant under space inversion $\overline{1}$ and time inversion 1'), the galvanomagnetic tensors ρ and the thermomagnetic tensors k are symmetric in the first two indices if the rank is even and antisymmetric if the rank is odd, whereas the thermoelectromagnetic tensors Σ are general for all ranks. For magnetic tensors (invariant under $\overline{1}$ and changing sign under 1'), ρ and k are antisymmetric in the first two indices if the rank is even and symmetric if the rank is odd, whereas the tensors Σ are general for all ranks. For magnetic tensors (invariant under $\overline{1}$ and changing sign under 1'), ρ and k are antisymmetric in the first two indices if the rank is even and symmetric if the rank is odd, whereas the tensors Σ are general for all ranks. The intrinsic symmetry of these tensors has been discussed in more detail by Gallego *et al.* (2019).

Exchanging • and \circ for certain components, new figures are obtained that clearly show how the forms of the tensors for ρ and k are related to those for Σ . The forms of the tensors for the limit point groups described in Grimmer (2019) are included in the supporting information in Figs. 1–6.

References

Gallego, S. V., Etxebarria, J., Elcoro, L., Tasci, E. S. & Perez-Mato, J. M. (2019). Acta Cryst. A75, 438–447.
Grimmer, H. (2017). Acta Cryst. A73, 333–345.
Grimmer, H. (2019). Acta Cryst. A75, 409.

| Magnetic form classes | | $k_{ij}^{0-} ho_{ij}^{0-}$ | | | Σ_{ij}^{0-} | | |
|-----------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|---------------|--------------------|---|---|
| | i | j↓ | | $j\downarrow$ | | | |
| | ↓ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| | 1 | | ~ | 0 | • | • | • |
| 1 | 2 | 0 | / | , | • | • | • |
| | 3 | 1 | 6 | | • | • | • |

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Thermoelectric transport properties in magnetically ordered crystals. Corrigendum and addenda

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A correction and additions concerning the limiting point groups are made to the article by Grimmer [*Acta Cryst.* (2017), A**73**, 333–345].

Corrigendum: Restriction ** in Fig. 4(*c*) of Grimmer (2017) should be $\Sigma_{1212}^- = \frac{1}{2} (\Sigma_{1111}^- - \Sigma_{1122}^-)$.

Addenda: If polycrystalline materials are considered instead of single crystals, it is often presumed that their symmetry can be described by a limit point group (Curie group). A recent example is given by Uchida *et al.* (2018). They measured the anisotropy of the quadratic magneto-Peltier effect in ferromagnetic polycrystalline nickel, presuming the material to be isotropic. It is therefore useful to consider, in addition to the crystallographic space–time point groups, the limit continuous ones. This leads to the following additions to Table 3 in Grimmer (2017):

| Category | Magnetic form class | Point groups | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| II | ∞ | $\infty, \infty/m$ | | | |
| | $\infty 2$ | $\infty 2, \infty m, \infty/mm$ | | | |
| | $\infty\infty$ | $\infty\infty,\infty\infty m$ | | | |
| III ^{a1} | $\infty 2'$ | $\infty 2', \infty m', \infty / mm'$ | | | |

Add in the first column of Fig. 1 ' ∞ 1'' in the third cell from the bottom, ' ∞ 21'' in the second cell from the bottom and ' $\infty \infty$ 1'' in the bottom cell.

Add in the bottom cell of the first column of Fig. 2(b) ' $\infty \infty 1'$ ' and '*'.

Add below Fig. 2(*b*) '* In Laue class $\infty \infty 1'$ the components of the fourth-rank tensor satisfy the restriction $R_{1212} = \frac{1}{2}(R_{1111} - R_{1122})$, where *R* stands for ρ^+ , k^+ and Σ^+ '.

Add in the first column of Fig. 2(c) ' $\infty 1$ ' in the second cell from the bottom and ' $\infty 21$ ' in the bottom cell.

Add in the first column of Fig. 3 ' ∞ ' in the third cell from the bottom, ' ∞ 2' in the second cell from the bottom and ' $\infty\infty$ ' in the bottom cell.

Add in the bottom cell of the first column of Fig. 4(b) ' $\infty \infty$ ' and '*'.

Add below Fig. 4(*b*) '* In magnetic form class $\infty\infty$ the components of the fourth-rank tensor satisfy the restriction $\Sigma_{1212}^- = \frac{1}{2}(\Sigma_{1111}^- - \Sigma_{1122}^-)$ '.

Add in the first column of Fig. 4(c) ' ∞ ' in the second cell from the bottom and ' ∞ 2' in the bottom cell.

Add in the first column of Fig. 5 ' ∞ 2'' in the second cell from the bottom.

Add in the first column of Fig. 6(c) ' $\infty 2'$ ' in the fourth cell from the bottom.

References

Grimmer, H. (2017). Acta Cryst. A73, 333-345.

Uchida, K. I., Daimon, S., Iguchi, R. & Saitoh, E. (2018). *Nature*, **558**, 95–99.

| Magnetic form classes | | $\begin{matrix} k_{ij}^{0-} \\ \rho_{ij}^{0-} \end{matrix}$ | | | Σ_{ij}^{0-} | | |
|--------------------------|----------------|---|--------------------|---|--------------------|--------------------|---|
| | $i \downarrow$ | 1 | $j\downarrow$ 2 | 3 | 1 | $j\downarrow$ 2 | 3 |
| | 1 | | 1 | م | • | • | • |
| 1 | 2 | 0 | / | 1 | • | • | • |
| | 3 | 1 | 6 | | • | • | |

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