## GI-MS48-P16 | Absolute structure of (E)-2,2'-[3-(4-Fluorophenyl)prop-2-ene-

## 1,1-DIYL]BIS(3-HYDROXY-5,5-DIMETHYLCYCLOHEX-2-EN-1-ONE)

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Herewith we present the crystal structure of (E)-2,20-[3-(4-Fluorophenyl)prop-2-ene-1,1-diyl]bis(3-hydroxy-5,5-dimethylcyclohex-2-en-1-one) (A)[1], (E)-9-(4-Fluorostyryl)-3,3,6,6-tetramethyl-3,4,5,6,7,9-hexahydro-2Hxanthene1,8 -dione (B)[2]. In the compound (A), $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{FO}_{4}$, each cyclohexenone ring has an envelope conformation with the dimethyl-substituted atom as the flap. The hydroxy and carbonyl groups form two intramolecular O-H---O hydrogen bonds, as is typical for xanthene derivatives. In the crystal, very weak $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}---\mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds link molecules into dimers. The compound (B), $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{FO}_{3}$, each of the cyclohexanone rings adopts a half-chair conformation, whereas the sixmembered pyran ring adopts a flattened boat conformation, with the O and methine C atoms deviating by 0.0769 (15) and 0.196 (2) $\AA$, respectively, from the plane of the other four atoms (r.m.s. deviation $=0.004 \AA$ ). The $C=C$ double bond adopts an $E$ conformation. The dihedral angle between the benzene and pyran (all atoms) rings is 89.94 (10). In the crystal, weak $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}--\mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains running parallel to the $b$ axis.
[1] Cha, J, H., Min, S. J., Cho, Y. S., Lee, J. K. \& Park, J. H. (2013). Acta Cryst. E69, o397. [2] Lee, J. K., Min, S. J., Cho, Y. S., Cha, J, H. \& Won, S. O. (2013). Acta Cryst. E69, 0985.

