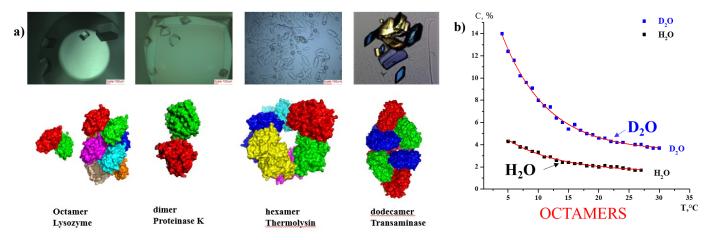
The formation of pre-crystallization oligomers in protein solutions during crystal growth

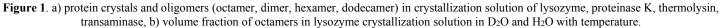
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The formation of structured oligomers in protein solutions during crystallization by SAXS and SANS methods are shown. The experimental SAXS and SANS data are processed using models of oligomers extracted from the crystal structure. Octamers and dimers are formed in a crystallization solution during growth of tetragonal lysozyme crystals with the addition of precipitant NaCl [1]. The volume fraction of octamers increases with the protein concentration increase and the temperature decrease. Addition of (NH₄)₂SO₄ or NaNO₃ as precipitants is shown to induce the formation of a significant fraction of protein dimers in proteinase K solution during the growth of tetragonal crystals [2]. Hexamers are formed in crystallization solution during hexagonal crystal growth of thermolysin [3]. The hexameric volume fraction increases when the supersaturation conditions are met, i.e. when the temperature decreases and the precipitant ((NH₄)₂SO₄) concentration increases. The formation of transaminase dodecamers is shown in crystallization solution with addition of precipitant NaCl [4]. Protein crystal and its oligomers are presented in the figure 1-a. Oligomers may act as building blocks in the growth of proteins single crystals. Also, the influence of solvent type (H₂O and D₂O) on structure crystallization solution was investigated [5]. The dimer and octamer formation in crystallization solution in H₂O and D₂O is shown.





The volume fraction of octamers increases with a decrease in temperature in both type of solvent (figure 1-b). Concentration of octamer is higher in crystallization solution in D_2O then in H_2O .

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Keywords: Protein Oligomers, Protein solution, Protein Crystallization, Crystal Growth, SAXS

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