

## Poster

**Charge density wave structural phase transition in SrAl<sub>2</sub>Ga<sub>2</sub>****Harshit Agarwal<sup>1</sup>, Leila Noohinejad<sup>2</sup>, Martin Tolkiehn<sup>2</sup>, Sander van Smaalen<sup>1</sup>**<sup>1</sup>Laboratory of Crystallography, University of Bayreuth, Bayreuth, 95444, Germany<sup>2</sup>P24, PETRA III, Deutsches Elektronen-Synchrotron DESY, Hamburg, 22607, Germany

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Intermetallic compounds with the BaAl<sub>4</sub> structure type have attracted a lot of attention for their properties as topological quantum materials. The compounds R(Al<sub>1-x</sub>Ga<sub>x</sub>)<sub>4</sub> (where R= Eu, Sr) have a tetragonal crystal structure with space group *I4/mmm* at room temperature [1]. The temperature dependence of electrical resistivity of these compounds suggests the formation of a charge density wave (CDW) in EuAl<sub>4</sub> at T<sub>CDW</sub> = 145 K [2], in SrAl<sub>4</sub> at T<sub>CDW</sub> = 243 K [3] and in EuGa<sub>2</sub>Al<sub>2</sub> at T<sub>CDW</sub> = 51 K [1]. Crystal structure of incommensurately modulated CDW phase can be described by the superspace group theory [4]. The presence of 2<sup>nd</sup> order satellite reflections in the single-crystal X-ray diffraction (SXR) of SrAl<sub>4</sub> points towards a loss of inversion symmetry in the CDW state of SrAl<sub>4</sub>. The CDW has modulation vector  $q = (0, 0, 0.1116)$  at 200 K and the non-centrosymmetric superspace group *F222(00g)00s* [5].

The present study reports the structural phase transition in SrAl<sub>2</sub>Ga<sub>2</sub>. We have performed the SXR at beamline P24 of PETRA-III at DESY (Hamburg, Germany) in the temperature range of 298 K – 25 K. SrAl<sub>2</sub>Ga<sub>2</sub> possesses the tetragonal symmetry with space group *I4/mmm* at room temperature. First-order satellite reflections were observed below 42 K. These satellites are used to study the charge density wave transition in the material.

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