

# Metal-Organic Frameworks: crystallographic explorations of porosity and functionality

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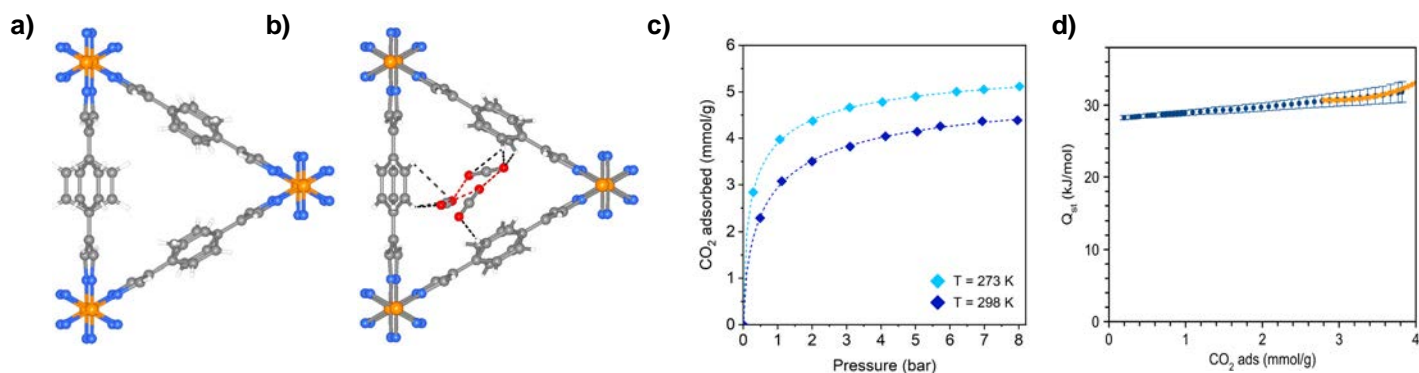
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Understanding the adsorption properties of porous materials hinges on the ability to unravel their structural and electronic response to guest molecules. In particular, metal–organic frameworks (MOFs) offer a unique platform for designing materials with selective adsorption properties and tailored active sites. However, the role of coordinatively unsaturated metal centers, specific adsorption sites, and guest-induced structural dynamics often remains elusive.

In this lecture, I will present how our research leverages *in situ* and *operando* crystallographic and spectroscopic techniques - often in tandem - to uncover the structure–function relationships governing adsorption and catalysis in MOFs. By combining variable-pressure powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD), X-ray absorption spectroscopy (XAS), and custom-designed experimental setups, we gain simultaneous insights into both long-range order and local electronic/structural environments.

Recent studies will illustrate: (i) the *in situ* detection of preferential adsorption sites for CO<sub>2</sub> under humid conditions; (i) the combined use of PXRD and XAS to monitor structural evolution during gas uptake and surface defective sites; and (ii) a new approach to derive thermodynamic and structural parameters, such as the heat of adsorption and host–guest interactions, directly from PXRD-derived CO<sub>2</sub> isotherms via *ab initio* structure solution and Rietveld refinement.

These results demonstrate how an integrated, multi-technique approach can advance the understanding of responsive porous materials. and guide the design of next-generation adsorbents.



**Figure 1.** Structural response and adsorption behavior of FeBDP upon CO<sub>2</sub> loading revealed by Rietveld refinement: torsional flexibility, host–guest interactions, refined isotherms, and isosteric heat comparison.

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