International Union of Crystallography

Acta Crystallographica Section C Notes for Authors

These Notes for Authors provide the submission and publication requirements of *Acta Crystallographica Section C: Crystal Structure Communications* as stipulated by the policies of the IUCr Commission on Journals for the rapid publication of crystal structure studies. They differ from the earlier requirements [*Acta Cryst.* (1996). C**52**, 265–278] in several major respects:

(a) Two separate publication approaches are offered; *full* and *CIF-access* papers.

(b) Stricter validation requirements will apply to CIF data.

(c) Printed papers will be reduced in format (e.g. coordinates will not normally be printed).

(d) Stricter time requirements apply to communications between authors and editors.

(e) The electronic submission of structure factors is required as part of a submission.

The Notes are divided into the following sections:

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Appendix 1. Guidelines for editing CIF text

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1. Submission requirements

1.1. Method of submission

All papers must be submitted in Crystallographic Information File (CIF) ASCII format (MIME or other encoded formats should be avoided if possible), either by e-mail or on 3.5 in diskettes. CIFs for full papers should be sent to the e-mail address cifpub@iucr.ac.uk, whereas cif-access submissions should be sent to cifaccess@iucr.ac.uk.

Authors submitting by e-mail will be contacted about additional material required for submission *after* the CIF has completed the validation checks summarized in §3. At that time the Transfer of Copyright Agreement form (*Appendix* 6) should be posted to

> The Managing Editor International Union of Crystallography 5 Abbey Square Chester CH1 2HU England Telephone: 44 1244 342878 Fax: 44 1244 314888

Authors submitting on diskette should mail the diskette, the Transfer of Copyright Agreement form and any additional material (see §2) to the above address.

Large diagram files (if required for full submissions), and structure-factor lists in CIF format (necessary for all submissions), should be sent by ftp (*Appendix* 2). Note that structure factors should always be supplied in a separate CIF file.

1.2. Languages of submission

The languages of publication are English, French, German and Russian.

1.3. Author's warranty

The submission of a paper is taken as an implicit guarantee that the work is original, that it is the author(s) own work, that all authors concur with and are aware of the submission, that all workers involved in the study are listed as authors or given proper credit in the acknowledgements, that the results have not already been published (in any language or medium) or deposited in a public access database, and that the paper is not being considered and will not be offered elsewhere while under consideration for an IUCr journal. For these reasons, the submission must be made over the signature of at least one author.

1.4. Copyright

Except as required otherwise by national laws, the author must sign and submit a copy of the Transfer of Copyright Agreement form (*Appendix* 6) for each manuscript before it can be accepted.

1.5. Categories of submission

Section C publishes three categories of papers. The requested category must be specified in the submitted CIF as _publ_requested_category, using one of the codes listed below.

(a) Full papers describe one or more structure determinations. These submissions are validated (see §3) and peer reviewed. The accepted paper is printed in the journal and the CIF is accessible over the Internet. The category codes used to identify these papers are FI for inorganic, FM for metal-organic, and FO for organic structures.

(b) CIF-access papers describe one or more structure determinations. The submitted CIF is validated identically to (a) but the text is not peer reviewed. The title, authors and scheme of the paper will appear in the Table of Contents of the journal and the CIF is accessible over the Internet. The category codes used to identify these papers are CI for inorganic, CM for metal-organic, and CO for organic structures.

(c) Addenda and Errata are short printed papers describing additions to, comments on, or errata to existing Section C publications and are *not* intended for interim reports of work in progress. The text should not exceed 1000 words. Addenda and Errata are peer reviewed. The category code for these papers is AD.

1.6. Author checking of manuscripts

To avoid delays in editorial handling, authors are asked to pre-check their submission by e-mailing the CIF to **checkcif@iucr.ac.uk**. A check report will be returned automatically to the sender's e-mail address. The text and tables of a paper, as distributed to the Co-editors and referees, may be previewed by sending the CIF (after completing the pre-check) to **printcif@iucr.ac.uk**. A PostScript file of the paper will be returned for local printing. Note that use of these automatic facilities does not constitute a submission to Section C.

1.7. Handling of manuscripts

Each submitted CIF is checked in Chester for completeness and data integrity. If incomplete or inadequate it will be returned to the author for correction. The data-validation criteria applied in these checks are summarized in §3, and more detailed information is available in the booklet A Guide for Section C Authors, which is currently in preparation, or from the web site http:// www.iucr.ac.uk/journals/acta/actac.html. Papers accepted for publication will be assigned an IUCr data-validation number (e.g. IUC97-A0856). This will be published in the journal to allow retrieval of the CIF from the IUCr archives.

For CIF-access papers the title, authors and scheme (or synopsis) will normally appear in the journal within two months of data validation. Full papers will be forwarded, together with the *Check Report*, to a Co-editor, who is responsible for the review steps and future communications with the authors up to the acceptance stage. Failure to respond within three months to a communication from either a Co-editor or the Chester editorial staff will result in the automatic withdrawal of the paper. If major revisions are made to the submission the journal reserves the right to reset the date of receipt of the paper to the date of re-submission. Any amendments to a paper during its review **must be indicated on the printed manuscript provided**, as this document is used by the editorial staff to update and revise the archived CIF.

Once a paper is accepted, it is the responsibility of the Managing Editor to prepare the paper for printing and to correspond with the authors and/or the Co-editor to resolve publication ambiguities or inadequacies. The date of acceptance that will appear on the published paper will be the date on which the Managing Editor receives the last item needed.

1.8. Status of a submission

Authors may obtain information about the current status of a paper either from the web site http://www.iucr.ac.uk/ journals/status.html or by sending an e-mail, containing the reference code of the paper and the author's name as the subject line (e.g. JA1325 Smith), to the address status@iucr.ac.uk.

1.9. Reprints

Twenty-five reprints of each printed article will be provided to the contact author free of charge.

1.10. Author grievance procedure

An author who believes that a paper has been unjustifiably treated by the Co-editor may appeal initially to the Section Editor, and then to the Editor-in-Chief if still aggrieved by the decision.

2. Publication requirements

The publication requirements for the text, tabular and graphical material are described in this section. The standards for numerical and codified data are summarized in §3, and a list of all

items required for submission is given in *Appendix* 3. Each item described in this section is required for a full paper submission. Only the items described in \$\$2.1, 2.2, 2.4, 2.5, 2.6, 2.7, 2.9, 2.11 and 2.13 are required for a CIF-access submission.

2.1. Title and authors

The *Title* should be short and informative. Avoid complicated IUPAC names and redundant phrases such as '*Crystal Structure* of ...'. The full first name of each author is preferred. The e-mail address of the contact author should be included in the CIF using the data item _publ_contact_author_email. Note that new data items _publ_section_title_footnote and _publ_author_footnote are available for inserting footnotes to the title and to individual authors.

2.2. Abstract

The Abstract must be written in English and should summarize only the most important aspects of the study. It should not contain the crystal data. The systematic IUPAC name and the chemical formula should be given here, if they are not included in the *Title*.

2.3. Comment

The *Comment* is the descriptive section of the study. It should be as concise as possible and cover the following aspects of the study:

(a) Why the structure determination was undertaken.

(b) The origin of the material studied. General chemical background material and references should be included. Details of the chemical extraction, synthesis and crystallization processes should be given in the *Experimental* section (see $\S2.4$).

(c) Novel or unusual aspects of the coordination, geometry, conformation, crystal packing, *etc.* A discussion of geometry values that agree with established values (see *International Tables* for Crystallography, Volume C, §§9.4–9.6) is not warranted.

2.4. Experimental data

Experimental data (see Appendix 3) are tabulated under the sub-headings Crystal data, Data collection and Refinement. The descriptive text item _publ_section_exptl_prep should give sufficient information on the chemical and crystal preparation, and identification (e.g. on melting points and densities), to reproduce the experiment. Additional measurements (e.g. NMR spectra) supporting the crystallographic study may also be included. The item _publ_section_exptl_refinement details special aspects of the data collection, space-group identification, data processing, structure determination, refinement and hydrogen atom treatment.

2.5. Acknowledgements

Acknowledgement should be given for any assistance provided to the study (see §1.3).

2.6. References

References to published work must be cited in the format detailed in §6. If reference is made to unpublished work, prior consent must be first obtained from the authors of that work.

2.7. Atomic sites

Except for structures involving special site symmetries, atom coordinate and displacement parameters will not be printed. These will be available to readers from the archived CIF. The _atom_site_ coordinate and displacement parameters must be supplied with standard uncertainty values (see §5.1). The parameter constraints and restraints applied to the refinement process, and the anisotropic atomic displacement parameters (as U^{ij}), must also be supplied. If atomic displacement parameters other than U or U^{ij} are used, the exact form of the displacement-factor expression should be indicated in _publ_section_exptl_refinement.

2.8. Selected geometrical data

Interatomic bond lengths, intermolecular non-bonded contact distances, bond angles and torsion angles should be supplied, but only values that are *novel* should be flagged for printing by setting the _geom_.._flag value to yes. The data to be printed will be reviewed by the Co-editor. All submitted geometry data will be accessible from the archived CIF.

2.9. Chemical scheme

A chemical structural diagram (see below) must be included for molecular compounds.



2.10. Crystallographic diagram

Only one crystallographic diagram is usually permitted for each structure presented in the paper. Diagram requirements are given in §4. A displacement ellipsoid diagram is required either for publication or to be used in the review process.

2.11. Contents requirements

The Table of Contents of the journal will list each paper with the title and author(s) and either a chemical structural diagram (see §2.9) for molecular compounds or a written synopsis for compounds that cannot be shown as a chemical structural diagram. The synopsis should be one or two sentences (less than 40 words) in length and should be given in _publ_section_synopsis.

2.12. Powder diffraction data

A CIF powder template and list of data items for inclusion in a powder diffraction paper are available by ftp (files /pub/rietform.cif and /pub/rietreq.lst, respectively). The numerical intensity of each measured point on the profile (as a function of scattering angle) will be deposited with the IUCr and sent by the Co-editor to the International Center for Diffraction Data (ICDD), 12 Campus Boulevard, Newton Square, PA 19073-3273, USA. These data will be checked and assigned an ICDD reference number which will, where possible, be published in the paper. Papers reporting Rietveld refinements should include a figure showing the diffraction profile and the difference between the measured and calculated profiles.

2.13. Structure factors

The reflection data h, k, l, Y_{meas} , σY_{meas} , Y_{calc} (where Y is I, F^2 , or F), should be supplied as an electronic file in CIF format. Authors should indicate if the Y values are corrected for absorption and extinction effects in this file and in the _publ_section_exptl_refinement section of the paper.

3. Data standards

A list of all data required for submission is given in Appendix 3. If the data are incomplete, inadequate or incorrect the author will be informed promptly. Authors are asked to pre-check each CIF (see §1.6) prior to submission. A more complete description of the data-validation checks applied to submitted CIFs is available from the web site http://www.iucr.ac.uk/journals/ acta/actac.html and from the booklet A Guide for Section C Authors, which is in preparation.

The most important data requirements are summarized below.

_chemical_formula_moiety

_chemical_formula_sum

The chemical formula must be consistent with the atomic content specified by the _atom_site_ information, and match the _chemical_formula_weight (see Appendix 3).

_symmetry_space_group_name_H-M

The space group must encompass the highest symmetry permitted by the diffraction intensities, and be appropriate to the _cell_length_ and _cell_angle_ values (see Appendix 3).

_cell_formula_units_Z

The number of formula units in the unit cell must comply with that expected from the chemical formula, the space group and the $_atom_site_$ data.

_expt1_crystal_colour

The crystal colour should comply with the codes listed in *Appendix* 4.

_exptl_absorpt_correction_type

Permitted absorption-type codes are listed in Appendix 4. A type code must be accompanied by a reference to the method or the software used; this should be given in the field _exptl_absorpt_process_details. The need for absorption corrections, and the appropriate type of correction, is dependent on the μ value _exptl_absorpt_coefficient_mu and the crystal size values _exptl_crystal_size_min, _mid and _max. If x is the medial size _mid, the product μx provides a gauge to the type of correction needed. Analytical or numerical corrections are strongly recommended if μx exceeds 1.0 and mandatory if μx is above 3.0. If μx is below 0.1 corrections are usually unnecessary, otherwise ψ -scan or empirical methods are acceptable. Refined absorption methods are discouraged except in special circumstances. The transmission-factor limits _exptl_absorpt_correction_T_min and _max should agree with those expected for the crystal size and μ .

_reflns_number_total

The number of symmetry-independent reflections excludes the systematically extinct intensities. Authors are encouraged to use all of these reflections in the refinement of the structure parameters.

_reflns_threshold_expression

This is identical to the item _reflns_observed _criterion. This threshold, which is based on multiples of σI , σF^2 or σF , serves to identify the significantly intense reflections, the number of which is given by _reflns_number_gt (the new data name for _reflns_number_observed). These reflections are used in the calculation of _refine_ls_R_factor_gt (the new data name for _refine_ls_R_factor_obs). The

multiplier in the threshold expression should be as small as possible.

_diffrn_reflns_theta_max

The θ_{max} of measured reflections should be such that $\sin \theta_{max}/\lambda$ exceeds 0.6 Å^{-1} (*i.e.* $\theta_{max} > 25^{\circ}$ for Mo $K\alpha$; $\theta_{max} > 67^{\circ}$ for Cu $K\alpha$). This provides the minimum number of reflections recommended for an average structural study.

_diffrn_measured_fraction_theta_max

This is a new data item intended mainly for area-detector data, but is also useful as a general measure of data completeness. It is the fraction of unique (symmetry-independent) reflections measured out to _diffrn_reflns_theta_max. Ideally, this should be as close to 1.0 as possible.

_diffrn_reflns_theta_full

This a new data item intended mainly for area-detector data. θ_{full} is the diffractometer angle at which the measured reflection count is close to complete. The fraction of unique reflections measured out to this angle is given by _diffrn_measured_fraction_theta_full. Alternatively, a breakdown of data completeness and merging statistics as a function of θ may be requested if deemed necessary.

_diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents

Sufficient symmetry-equivalent reflections must be measured to provide a good estimate of the intensity repeatability. This is particularly important when absorption corrections are applied (this value is calculated *after* the corrections are applied to the intensities).

_refine_ls_R_factor_gt

This is identical to the item _refine_ls_R_factor_obs. This R value is calculated for the number of reflections _reflns_number_gt (the new name for _reflns_number _observed). Note that this value is not intended as a reliable gauge of structure precision; this is better determined from the standard uncertainties of the parameters (which depend on the number and the reliability of the measured structure factors used in the refinement process).

_refine_ls_number_reflns

The number of reflections used in the refinement should be as large as possible, and is expected to be an order of magnitude greater than the number of refined parameters _refine_ls_number_parameters. If the number of refinement reflections is set equal to _reflns_number_gt, then the σ multiplier in _reflns_threshold_expression should be kept as small as possible.

_refine_ls_number_parameters

This is the number of coordinate, atomic displacement, scale, occupancy, constraint and restraint parameters refined independently in the least-squares process. It is possible, and sometimes desirable, to reduce that number by the appropriate application of geometric constraints and restraints.

_refine_1s_hydrogen_treatment

The codes which identify the treatment of H-atom parameters are listed in *Appendix* 4. Note the recent addition of constr and mixed treatment codes. Detailed text about the refinement of H-atom sites should be placed in _publ_section_exptl_refinement. Authors must appreciate that the treatment of H-atom parameters determines largely how their hydrogen-bond geometry may be studied and discussed in the paper.

_refine_ls_weighting_scheme

Refinements based on unit weights are not acceptable.

_refine_ls_shift/su_max

This is identical to the item _refine_ls_shift/esd_max. It is the largest ratio of the refinement shift to standard uncertainty and typically is within ±0.01. A value outside ±0.1 is considered unusual and values beyond this are a signal of incomplete refinement, unaccounted-for disorder or high correlation between parameters that should be constrained. Authors should explain the reasons for a high value in _publ_section_exptl_refinement.

_refine_diff_density_min _refine_diff_density_max

These values are expected to be small, especially for lightatom structures. If their magnitudes exceed 1 e Å⁻³, the label and the distance of the closest atom site should be reported in _publ_section_exptl_refinement.

geom

All geometry values must originate from the submitted _atom_site_fract_ values. Only novel geometry values of significance to the structure will be printed. These must be identified with a _geom_.._flag value of yes in the submitted CIF; all other geometry values must be flagged with a no.

_atom_site_

Atomic coordinates for molecular structures should be supplied as connected sets. atom_site_occupancy values should be 1.0 except for disordered or non-stoichiometric atom sites. Atom sites constrained to model disorder must be indicated by _atom_site_disorder_group. The overall packing in the structure will be checked for significant vacant regions (*i.e.* voids) indicating omitted solvent molecules.

_atom_site_aniso_U_

Checks will be made for non-positive-definite anisotropic atomic displacement parameters. The ratio of maximum to minimum eigenvalues should not, except in special circumstances (e.g. disorder), exceed 5.

_refine_ls_abs_structure_details

This item should describe the method applied, and the number of Friedel-related (in contrast to symmetry-related) reflections used, in the measurement of the absolute configuration parameter (e.g. _refine_ls_abs_structure_Flack). The reliability of this parameter increases with the number of Friedel reflections, and as many pairs as possible should be involved.

4. Diagram requirements

4.1. Publication

Diagrams are only required for full papers. Normally only one diagram will be published per structure. For papers reporting molecular structures this should be a molecular diagram; otherwise it should be a packing or polyhedron diagram. Unique atom sites should be identified with labels consistent with those for the supplied atom coordinates. Distances and angles should not be shown in the crystallographic diagram. A chemical structural diagram must be supplied for molecular compounds (see §2.9 for a typical example).

4.2. Submission

Authors submitting by e-mail will be contacted when the diagram material is required. Authors submitting on diskette may send the diagrams at the same time as submission of the CIF. Electronic submission as PostScript or HPGL files is preferred (see *Appendix* 2 for details) but high-quality prints may be sent by post or courier (see §1.1).

4.3. Quality

It is essential that diagrams be of *publication* quality. A clear, well presented crystallographic diagram encapsulates the stereochemistry, the geometry, and, if it is a displacement ellipsoid plot, the structural disorder and thermal motion.

4.4. Size

Each diagram should be provided separately without reduction. Diagrams will be reduced to fit an 80 mm column. The orientation and labelling of the diagram should take this into account.

4.5. Lettering and symbols

Fine-scale details and lettering must be large enough to be clearly legible (not less than 1.2 mm in height) when the diagram is one column (80 mm) in width. Atom site labels in crystallographic diagrams should match labels used in the atom site lists and text. The labels should not overlap ellipsoids or bonds. Descriptive matter should be placed in the legend. Packing diagrams must show the cell-axis directions (labelled a, b, c) and the cell origin (labelled 0), but should normally exclude H-atom sites.

4.6. Numbering and legends

Diagrams and photographs are to be numbered as figures in a single series, normally in the order in which they are referred to in the text. A list of the legends ('figure captions') should be included in _publ_section_figure_captions. Legends of ellipsoid plots must state the probability limit used.

5. Nomenclature

5.1. Crystallographic nomenclature

Atom sites not related by space-group symmetry should be identified by unique labels composed of a number appended to the IUPAC chemical symbol (*e.g.* C5, C7 *etc.*). Label numbers *should not* be placed in parentheses. Chemical and crystallographic numbering should be in agreement wherever possible. Crystallographically equivalent atoms in *different* asymmetric units should be identified in diagrams and text with lower-case roman numeral superscripts appended to the original atom labels (*e.g.* C5ⁱ and C7^{iv}).

Space groups should be designated by the Hermann-Mauguin symbols. Standard cell settings, as listed in Volume A of *International Tables for Crystallography*, should be used unless objective reasons to the contrary are stated. A list of equivalent positions should also be supplied. Hermann-Mauguin symbols should be used for designating point groups and molecular symmetry. If there is a choice of origin, this should be stated in _publ_section_exptl_refinement. The choice of axes should normally follow the recommendations of the Commission on Crystallographic Data [Kennard, Speakman & Donnay (1967). Acta Cryst. 22, 445-449].

Authors are encouraged to follow the recommendation of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) and use the term standard uncertainty, abbreviated s.u., in place of the traditional term estimated standard deviation [see Schwarzenbach, Abrahams, Flack, Prince & Wilson (1995). Acta Cryst. A51, 565–569]. The standard uncertainty should be expressed as a number in parentheses following the numerical result and should be on the scale of the least significant digits of the result.

Anisotropic displacement parameters should be reported as U values with the indices *ij* given as superscripts [see Trueblood *et al.* (1996). Acta Cryst. A**52**, 770–781].

5.2. Nomenclature of chemical compounds

Names of chemical compounds and minerals should conform to the nomenclature rules of the International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry (IUPAC), the International Union of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (IUBMB), the International Mineralogical Association and other appropriate bodies. Any accepted trivial or non-systematic name may be retained, but the corresponding systematic (IUPAC) name should also be given. If help on assigning systematic names is sought from advisory sources, authors are requested to indicate the source consulted.

5.3. Units

The International System of Units (SI) is used except that the angström (symbol Å, defined as 10^{-10} m) is generally preferred to the nanometre (nm) or picometre (pm) as the appropriate unit of length. Recommended prefixes of decimal multiples should be used rather than '×10ⁿ'.

6. References

References to published work must be indicated by giving the authors' names followed immediately by the year of publication, *e.g.* Neder, Frey & Schulz (1997) or (Neder, Frey & Schulz, 1997). Where there are six or more authors the reference in the text should be indicated in the form Smith *et al.* (1989) or (Smith *et al.*, 1989) *etc.*

In the reference list, entries for journals [abbreviated in the style of *Chemical Abstracts* (the abbreviations *Acta Cryst., J. Appl. Cryst.* and *J. Synchrotron Rad.* are exceptions)], books, multi-author books, computer programs, personal communications and undated documents should be arranged alphabetically and conform with the following style:

- Bürgi, H.-B. (1989). Acta Cryst. B45, 383-390.
- Hervieu, M. & Raveau, B. (1983a). Chem. Scr. 22, 117-122.
- Hervieu, M. & Raveau, B. (1983b). Chem. Scr. 22, 123-128.
- Hummel, W., Hauser, J. & Bürgi, H.-B. (1997). In preparation.
- Jones, P. T. (1987). Personal communication.
- McCrone, W. C. (1965). Physics and Chemistry of the Organic Solid State, Vol. 2, edited by D. Fox, M. M. Labes & A. Weissberger, pp. 725-767. New York: Interscience.
- Perkins, P. (undated). PhD thesis, University of London, England.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1993). SHELXL93. Program for the Refinement of Crystal Structures. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Smith, J. V. (1988). Chem. Rev. 88, 149-182.
- Smith, J. V. & Bennett, J. M. (1981). Am. Mineral. 66, 777-788.
- Vogel, A. (1978). Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, 4th ed. London: Longman.

Note that inclusive page numbers must be given.

APPENDIX 1 Guidelines for editing CIF text

A limited number of special characters (such as Greek letters, sub- and superscripts, and a few others) may be indicated in CIF text for typesetting purposes, using the special codes listed below. Authors are discouraged from trying to impose any particular style on the submitted text, and codes for italic and boldface characters have been omitted intentionally.

Greek letters

In general, the corresponding letter of the Latin alphabet, prefixed by a backslash character. The complete set is:

α	Α	\a	\ A	alpha
β	В	١ь	\B	beta
۱	Х	\c	\C	chi
δ	Δ	١đ	\D	delta
ĉ	Е	\e	\'E	epsilon
φ	Φ	١f	\F	phi
γ	Г	\g	١Ġ	gamma
ή	н	\h	\H	eta
i	1	١ì	\I	iota
ĸ	Κ	\k	\K	kappa
λ	Λ	\1	\L	lambda
μ	М	\m	\M	mu
v	Ν	\n	\N	nu
0	0	10	10	omicron
π	П	\p	١P	pi
θ	Θ	\₫	١Ω	theta
ρ	R	١r	\R	rho
σ	Σ	\ s	\S	sigma
τ	Т	\t	\ T	tau
v	Υ	\u	\U	upsilon
ω	Ω	\w	\W	omega
ξ	Ξ	\x	\X	xi
ų'r	Ψ	\ y	١Y	psi
ς	Z	\z	١Z	zeta

Accented letters

Accents should be indicated by using the following codes before the letter to be modified (*i.e.* use 'e for an acute e):

٧,	acute (é)	\ "	umlaut (ü)	\=	overbar (ö)
٧,	grave (à)	^`	tilde (ñ)	١.	overdot (o)
۱^	circumflex (â)	\;	ogonek (ş)	\<	hacek (č)
١,	cedilla (ç)	\>	Hungarian umlaut (ő)	١(breve (ŏ)

Other characters

Other special alphabetic characters should be indicated as follows:

\%a	a-ring (å)	\?i	dotless i (1)	\&s	German "ss" (B)
\/o	o-slash (ø)	\/1	Polish I (ł)	\/đ	barred d (đ)

Capital letters may also be used in these codes, so an angström symbol (Å) may be given as \%A.

Superscripts and subscripts should be indicated by bracketing relevant characters with circumflex or tilde characters, thus:

superscripts	Csp^3^	for	Csp ³
subscripts	U~e q~	for	Ueq

The closing symbol is essential to return to normal text. Other codes are also recognized by the IUCr software. These are:

\%	degree (°)	\\times	×
	dash (e.g. 4–7)	+-	±
	single bond (e.g. CC)	-+	Ŧ
\\đb	double bond (e.g. C=C)	\\square	
\\tb	triple bond (e.g. C=C)	\\neg	¥
\\ddb	delocalized double bond (e.g. C····C)	\\rangle	>
\\sim	~	\\langle	(
(N.B. ~ is the	e code for subscript)	\\rightarrow	, →
\\simeq	~	\\leftarrow	←
		\\infty	∞

Note that \\db, \\tb and \\ddb should always be followed by a space, e.g. $C \equiv C$ is denoted by $C \setminus tb C$.

Complete text using T_FX

One further mechanism exists to allow the use of a wider range of special symbols. If, in a text field (one surrounded by semicolons), the first two non-blank characters are '%T', the entire contents of that field will be passed unchanged to the TEX formatting program. Hence, any symbols known to the powerful TEX system may be used, and indeed arbitrarily complex text may be typeset. Any macros defined by the author are valid only through the field in which they are defined, however. It should be stressed that the usual CIF special symbols are not valid in such a field, e.g. U_{eq} would have to be denoted by $U_{q} = \{ rm eq \}$.

APPENDIX 2 Transferring large electronic files

File transfer protocol (ftp) should be used to transfer large electronic files exceeding 100 kb to the Editorial Office in Chester. Files need to be deposited in a directory called 'incoming/c' with a filename constructed from the *reference number* supplied by Chester.

Files containing reflection data in CIF format should be identified by the filename extension .hkl. Files containing diagrams in HPGL, PostScript or encapsulated PostScript format should be given the extensions .hpg, .ps or .eps, respectively. Multiple files for the same submission should be identified by filenames constructed as *ref.id.ext* where *id* indicates the contents, *e.g.* xz1087.fig1.ps and xz1087.fig2.ps.

The procedure for transferring files is shown below.

(i) On your workstation enter:	ftp ftp.iucr.ac.uk	
(ii) Wait for Login: prompt and enter:	anonymous	
(iii) Wait for Password: prompt and enter:	your e-mail address .	
(iv) Wait for ftp> prompt and enter:	cd incoming/c	
(v) Transfer a file from your account (e.g. b28.cif) as an identifiable name (e.g. zb1032.hkl):	put b28.cif zb1032.hkl	
(vi) Wait for ftp> prompt before sending another file		
(vii) Finish off the ftp session by entering:	bye	
(viii) Send an e-mail to Chester (checkin@iucr.ac.uk) with a li	ist of the files transferred by ftp	

APPENDIX 3 Required CIF data items

The detailed description of most required data items is provided in the published CIF Core Dictionary [Hall, Allen & Brown (1991). Acta Cryst. A47, 655–685] and subsequent revisions available from http://www.iucr.ac.uk/CIF/. A booklet entitled A Guide for Section C Authors is currently in preparation. Both the dictionary and guide are available free of charge from the IUCr Editorial Office in Chester (see §1.1 for address).

New names listed below are flagged with (*new*) and in some cases are followed by old names [in regular type and flagged with (*old*)] which are accepted but will be discontinued in the future. Authors may also include other data items in the CIF (see the two _publ_manuscript_incl_extra_ entries towards the end of the list) provided their data names are also listed in the _publ_contact_letter text.

Text items

_publ_contact_author_name _publ_contact_author_address _publ_contact_author publ_contact_author_email publ_contact_author_fax _publ_contact_author_phone _publ_contact_letter _publ_requested_journal _publ_requested_category _publ_section_title _publ_section_title_footnote publ_author_name _publ_author_footnote _publ_author_address _publ_section_synopsis _publ_section_abstract _publ_section_comment

_publ_section_acknowledgements _publ_section_references publ section figure_captions

Experimental data (machine and author generated) _publ_section_exptl_prep Contact author's name (new) Contact author's address (new) Contact author's name and address (old) E-mail address to be published For editorial communications For editorial communications Letter of submission, with date 'Acta Crystallographica Section C' Publication choice (FI FM FO CI CM CO AD) (new) Title of paper (see §2.1) Footnote to title of paper (new) List of author(s) name(s) Footnote(s) to author(s) name(s) (new) Author(s) address(es) (see §2.1) Synopsis for compounds that cannot be shown as a chemical diagram (see §2.11) Abstract of paper in English (see §2.2) Discussion of study (see §2.3) Acknowledgements (see §2.5) References (see §2.6) Legends to figures (see §4)

Compound preparation details (see §2.4)

```
_chemical_formula_sum
 _chemical_formula_moiety
 _chemical_formula_weight
 _symmetry_cell_setting
 _symmetry_space_group_name_H-M
 _symmetry_equiv_pos_as_xyz
_cell_length_a _cell_length_b _cell_length_c
 _cell_angle_alpha _cell_angle_beta _cell_angle_gamma
_cell_volume
_cell_formula_units_Z
_exptl_crystal_density_diffrn
_exptl_crystal_density meas
_exptl_crystal_density_method
_diffrn_radiation_type
_diffrn_radiation_wavelength
_cell_measurement_reflns_used
_cell_measurement_theta_min
_cell_measurement_theta max
_cell_measurement_temperature
_exptl_absorpt_coefficient_mu
_exptl_crystal_description
_exptl_crystal_size_max
_exptl_crystal_size_mid
_exptl_crystal size min
_exptl_crystal_size_rad
_exptl_crystal_colour
_diffrn_measurement_device_type
_diffrn_measurement_device
_diffrn_measurement_method
_diffrn_detector_area_resol_mean
_exptl_absorpt_correction_type
_exptl_absorpt_process_details
_exptl_absorpt_correction_T_min
_exptl_absorpt_correction_T_max
_diffrn_reflns_number
_reflns_number_total
_reflns_number_gt
_reflns_number_observed
_reflns_threshold_expression
_reflns_observed_criterion
_diffrn_reflns_theta_max
_diffrn_reflns_theta_full
_diffrn_measured_fraction_theta_max
_diffrn_measured_fraction_theta_full
_diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents
_diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max
_diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max
_diffrn_reflns_limit_l_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max
_diffrn_standards_number
_diffrn_standards_interval_count 
_diffrn_standards_interval_time } (alternate)
```

Chemical formula as sum of elements Chemical formula in moieties Chemical formula mass (Da) Code for cell setting (see Appendix 4) Space-group symbol, including unique axis Equivalent positions in order used by _geom_ Unit-cell lengths (Å) Unit-cell angles (°) Unit-cell volume (Å³) Number of formulae per unit cell Density calculated from unit cell and contents (Mg m⁻³) Density measured experimentally (Mg m⁻³) Method used to measure density experimentally Radiation type (e.g. neutron or Mo $K\alpha$) Radiation wavelength (Å) Number of reflections used to measure unit cell Minimum θ of reflections used to measure unit cell (°) Maximum θ of reflections used to measure unit cell (°) Measurement temperature (K) Linear absorption coefficient (mm⁻¹) Crystal habit description Maximum dimension of crystal (mm) Medial dimension of crystal (mm) Minimum dimension of crystal (mm) Radius of spherical or cylindrical crystal (mm) Crystal colour (see Appendix 4) Diffractometer make and type (new) Diffractometer make and type (old) Mode of intensity measurement and scan Resolution of area detector (pixels mm⁻¹) (new) Code for absorption correction (see Appendix 4) Literature reference for absorption correction [e.g. '(North, Phillips & Mathews, 1968)' Minimum transmission factor from corrections Maximum transmission factor from corrections Total number of reflections measured Number of symmetry-independent reflections Number of reflections > σ threshold (*new*) Number of 'observed' reflections (old) σ expression for F, F^2 or I threshold (new) σ expression for 'observed' F, F^2 or I threshold (old) Maximum θ of measured reflections (°) θ to which available reflections are 'complete' (°) (new) Fraction of unique reflections measured to θ_{max} (new) Fraction of unique reflections measured to θ_{full} (new) R factor for symmetry-equivalent intensities Minimum/maximum h index of measured data Minimum/maximum k index of measured data Minimum/maximum l index of measured data Number of standards used in measurement Number of measurements between standards Time (min) between standards

diffrn standards decay % _refine_ls_structure_factor_coef _refine_ls_R_factor_gt _refine_ls_R_factor_obs refine 1s wR factor ref _refine_ls_wR_factor_obs _refine_ls_goodness_of_fit_ref _refine_ls_goodness_of_fit_obs _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_number_parameters _refine_ls_weighting_scheme refine 1s weighting details _refine_ls_hydrogen_treatment _refine_ls_shift/su_max _refine_ls_shift/esd_max _refine_diff_density_max _refine_diff_density_min _refine_ls_extinction_method _refine_ls_extinction_coef _refine_ls_abs_structure_details _refine_ls_abs_structure_Flack (alternate) _refine_ls_abs_structure_Rogers _publ_section_exptl_refinement _computing_data_collection _computing_cell_refinement _computing_data_reduction _computing_structure_solution _computing_structure_refinement _computing_molecular_graphics _computing_publication_material 100p _atom_type_symbol _atom_type_description _atom_type_scat_source _atom_type_scat_dispersion_real _atom_type_scat_dispersion_imag loop_ _atom_site_label atom site fract x _atom_site_fract_y _atom_site_fract_z _atom_site_U_iso_or_equiv _atom_site_occupancy _atom_site_disorder_assembly _atom_site_disorder_group _atom_site_adp_type _atom_site_thermal_displace_type 1000 _atom_site_aniso_label

Percentage decrease in standards intensity Code for F, F^2 or I used in least-squares refinement (see Appendix 4) R factor of F for reflections > threshold (new) R factor of F for 'observed' reflections (old)R factor of coefficient for refinement reflections (new) R factor of coefficient for 'observed' reflections (old) Goodness of fit S for refinement reflections (new) Goodness of fit S for 'observed' reflections (old) Number of reflections used in refinement Number of parameters refined Code for weight type (see Appendix 4) Weighting expression (new) Code for H-atom treatment (see Appendix 4) Maximum shift/s.u. ratio after final refinement cycle (new) Maximum shift/e.s.d. ratio after final refinement cycle (old)Maximum/minimum values of final difference map (e $Å^{-3}$) Description of extinction methods applied Extinction coefficient applied in corrections Absolute structure method and Friedel-pair number Measure of absolute structure Measure of absolute structure Special details of the refinement (see §2.4) Reference to data-collection software Reference to cell-refinement software Reference to data-reduction software Reference to structure-solution software Reference to structure-refinement software Reference to visualization software Reference to publication preparation software Atom type symbol (usually element symbol) Description of atom type Reference to scattering factors applied Real anomalous-dispersion value applied Imaginary anomalous-dispersion value applied Unique label identifying the atom site Fractional coordinates of atom site Isotropic atomic displacement parameter, or equivalent from anisotropic atomic displacement parameters Occupancy fraction for site (default is 1.0) Code that identifies functional group suffering disorder (new) Code that identifies disorder group Atomic displacement parameter type (new) Atomic displacement parameter type (old)

Unique label identifying the atom site

_atom_site_aniso_U_11 _atom_site_aniso_U_22 _atom_site_aniso_U_33 _atom_site_aniso_U_12 _atom_site_aniso_U_13 _atom_site_aniso_U_23 1000 _geom_bond_atom_site_label_1 _geom_bond_atom_site_label_2 _geom_bond_site_symmetry_1 _geom_bond_site_symmetry_2 _geom_bond_distance _geom_bond_publ_flag loop_ _geom_angle_atom_site_label_1 _geom_angle_atom_site_label_2 _geom_angle_atom_site_label_3 _geom_angle_site_symmetry_1 _geom_angle_site_symmetry_2 _geom_angle_site_symmetry_3 _geom_angle _geom_angle_publ_flag 1000 _geom_torsion_atom_site_label_1 _geom_torsion_atom_site_label_2 _geom_torsion_atom_site_labe1_3 _geom_torsion_atom_site_label_4 _geom_torsion_site_symmetry_1 _geom_torsion_site_symmetry_2 _geom_torsion_site_symmetry_3 _geom_torsion_site_symmetry_4 _geom_torsion _geom_torsion_publ_flag loop _geom_hbond_atom_site_label_D _geom_hbond_atom_site_label_H _geom_hbond_atom_site_label_A _geom_hbond_site_symmetry_D _geom_hbond_site_symmetry_H _geom_hbond_site_symmetry_A _geom_hbond_distance_DH _geom_hbond_distance_HA _geom_hbond_distance_DA _geom_hbond_angle_DHA _geom_hbond_publ_flag Author requested items 1000 _publ_manuscript_incl_extra_item _publ_manuscript_incl_extra_defn Structure-factor lists should be submitted as separate files loop_ _refln_index_h _refln_index_k _refln_index_1 _refln_F_squared_meas } (alternate) _refln_F_meas

Elements of anisotropic atomic displacement parameter tensor

Labels identifying the atom sites 1 and 2 Symmetry codes (e.g. 2_554) for atom sites 1 and 2 Distance between atom sites 1 and 2 (Å) Flag for print request (yes or no) Labels identifying the atom sites 1, 2 and 3 Symmetry codes for atom sites 1, 2 and 3 Angle between atom sites 1, 2 and 3 (°) Flag for print request (yes or no) Labels identifying the atom sites 1, 2, 3 and 4 Symmetry codes for atom sites 1, 2, 3 and 4 Torsion angle between atom sites 1, 2, 3 and 4 (°) Flag for print request (yes or no) Donor-atom label in hydrogen bond (new) H-atom label in hydrogen bond (new) Acceptor-atom label in hydrogen bond (new) Symmetry code for donor site (new) Symmetry code for H-atom site (new) Symmetry code for acceptor site (new) Donor atom-to-H-atom distance (Å) (new) H-atom-to-acceptor atom distance (Å) (new) Donor atom-to-acceptor atom distance (Å) (new) Donor-H···acceptor angle (°) (new) Flag for print request (yes or no) (new)

Additional CIF item submitted for publication Is item defined in Core dictionary? (yes or no)

Miller indices h, k and l

Measured FMeasured F^2

Standard uncertainty of FStandard uncertainty of F^2 Calculated FCalculated F^2

APPENDIX 4 Standard codes for data items

Cell-setting.	ag codes : used with _symmetry_cell	empirical psi-scan multi-scan	Corrections using intensity measurements Corrections using ψ -scan measurements Corrections using symmetry-related measurements
triclinic monoclinic orthorhombic tetragonal	rhombohedral trigonal hexagonal cubic	refdelf cylinder sphere	Corrections as part of the refinement model Corrections for a cylinder mounted on the φ axis Corrections for a sphere

Colour codes

The following colour codes should be used with _exptl_crystal_colour. The code may be constructed from three attributes *appearance*, *intensity* and *base colour*, in that order, of which only the base-colour string is mandatory. The colour code may be enclosed in quotes (*e.g.* 'light blue'), or the attribute strings may be joined by underscore characters (*e.g.* metallic_gold). Colour codes constructed from two base colours are also allowed (*e.g.* red-brown).

Appearance metallic lustrous translucent fluorescent clear	Intensity dark light intense pale	Base colour white black blue violet red pink yellow gold silver bronze grey orange green colourless brown purple
---	---	--

Absorption-type codes

The following codes should be used with _exptl _absorpt_correction_type. Note that this data item should contain only the type code. A reference to the computer program used to apply the absorption corrections should be given in _exptl_absorpt_process_details.

none	No absorption corrections applied (default)
analytical	Analytical corrections applied using crystal
	faces (e.g. Tompa method)
integration)	Numerical integration corrections applied using
numerical	crystal faces
gaussian 丿	,

Structure-factor codes

The following codes should be used with _refine_ls _structure_factor_coef.

F	Structure-factor magnitude
Fsqd	Structure factor squared
Inet	Net intensity

H-atom treatment codes

The following codes should be used with _refine _ls_hydrogen_treatment. Note that this data item should only contain the type code. Any detailed text about the determination and refinement of H-atom parameters should be placed in _publ_section_exptl_refinement.

No H atoms present (default)
H-atom parameters are not defined
No refinement of H-atom parameters
H-atom parameters are refined independently
H-atom coordinate parameters are refined only
H-atom displacement parameters are refined only
H-atom parameters are constrained to parent site (e.g. riding model)
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

Weighting-scheme codes

The following codes should be used with _refine_ls _weighting_scheme. Note that this data item should contain only the type code. The weighting expression should be given in _refine_ls_weighting_details.

sigma	Based on measured s.u.'s (<i>default</i>)
calc	Calculated weights applied

APPENDIX 5 Example of a CIF submission

data_global	All CIFs must start with a data_blockcode line. The block code should be no more than 32 characters long.
_audit_creation_method 'manual editing of form.cif' # PROCESSING SUMMARY (IUCr Office Use Only)	- It is valuable to record the origin of the file. Most software CIF
_journal_date_recd_electronic 93-03-12 _journal_date_from_coeditor 93-05-18	generators supply this field automatically. journalentries are added by Chester software and should not
_journal_date_accepted 93-05-18 _journal_coeditor_code SE1031	be modified by authors. They contain information about received and accepted dates, production codes, and other book-keeping
<pre>" SUBMISSION DETAILS _publ_contact_author_name 'Dr Ulrich Fl\'orke'</pre>	information.
_publ_contact_author_address ; Anorganische und Analytische Chemie Universit*at-GR Paderborn Warburgerstr. 100 D-4790 Paderborn Germany	The name and address of the contact author should be in a format that allows the automatic printing of address labels for sending proofs. Give the name as '(Title) Forenames Surname'.
_publ_contact_author_email floe@mvaxac.uni-paderborn.de _publ_contact_author_fax '49(5251)603423' _publ_contact_author_phone '49(5251)602496'	The email address of the contact author is used to acknowledge receipt of the paper.
_publ_contact_letter ; Please consider this CIF submission for publication in Acta Cryst. C. This file is a resubmission of a revised version of the paper SE1031, as requested by the Coeditor. ; publ_requested iournal	All correspondence relating to the submission should be embed- ded within the CIF. Supply here any special requirements relating to the presentation of your paper.
_publ_requested_category FM	- The requested paper category (see §1.5) should be given within
# TITLE AND AUTHOR LIST	the CIF.
_publ_section_title ; The First Dinuclear CobaltRhenium Cluster Compound: Hexacarbonylbis(\m-dicyclohexylphosphanido)cobaltrhenium ;	
_publ_section_title_footnote ; Contribution No ;	Use the new field _publ_section_title_footnote to insert footnotes to the title
loop_ _publ_author_name _publ_author_footnote _publ_author_address	
'Fl\"orke, Ulrich' . ; Anorganische und Analytische Chemie Universi\"at-GH Paderborn Warburgerstrasse 100 D-4790 Paderborn	 Give authors' names as 'Surname, Forenames'. Note that names should be given in mixed upper and lower case, not all in capitals.
Germany ; 'Haupt, Hans-J*urgen'	- Sometimes there are additional author details to be pub- lished (such as current address) Include these in the new
<pre>; Current address: Department of Chemistry ; Anorganische und Analytische Chemie Universit*at-GH Paderborn Warburgerstrasse 100 D-4790 Paderborn</pre>	_publ_author_footnote field. Use a single full point if no footnote is relevant to the current author in a loop.
Germany ;	
# TEXT	
_publ_section_abstract ; The title compound [hexacarbonyl-1\k^4^C, 2\k^2^C-bis(\m- dicyclohexylphosphido-1:2\k^2^P)-cobaltrhenium(CoRe)] 0.5- methanol solvate], [CoRe(C^12 ⁻ H ⁻ 22 ⁻ P) ⁻ 2 ⁻ (CO) ⁻ 6 ⁻].0.5CH ⁻ 3 ⁻ OH, belongs to a type of edge-linked tetrahedronoctahedron coordination complex. The molecule has local C ² V ⁻ symmetry with ecliptic conformation of the carbonyl ligands at both	Keep line lengths less than 80 characters.
metal centres, and a CoRe single-bond length of 2.786(1) \&A. ;	- The headings in the paper (Abstract. Comment etc.) are automat-
_publ_section_comment ; In the course of our work on phosphanido-bridged homo- and heteronuclear metal-atom cluster compounds (Haupt, Balsaa & Fl*orke, 1988; Haupt, Heinekamp & Fl*orke, 1989; Fl*orke & Haupt, 1993), we isolated the title compound (I) in which a	ically generated by the typesetting software. Don't include these headings in your text fields.

CoRe bond is symmetrically bridged by two dicyclohexylphosphanido groups.	Senarate paragraphs in lengths text fields with a blank line		
The Co atom has distorted tetrahedral coordination from two carbonyl ligands and the bridging P atoms. These bridging atoms and four of the carbonyl groups give rise to distorted octahedral coordination at the Re atom. The central CoReP'2" ring is nearly planar; the maximum deviation from the best plane is 0.02 \%A with a dihedral angle of 2.2\%. With respect to the different metal atomic radii, the ring may be regarded as regular. It shows two equal MP bond lengths for Co [2.111(1) and 2.116(1) \%A) as well as for Re [2.541(1) and 2.544(1) \%A). The enclosed ring angles at both P atoms are acute [72.8(1) and 72.9(1)\%], and the PMP angles reflect the distorted coordination polyhedron of each metal atom [121.3(1) and 92.9(1)\% for Co and Re, respectively). The most interesting structural feature is the CoRe single bond which meets the requirement of 18 valence electrons for each metal atom and has a length of 2.786(1) \%A. We have established, by use of the Cambridge Structural Database (Allen et al., 1979), that the only other cobaltrhenium cluster reported so far is [Co'27Re(1)^3-CC'6'H'4'Me-4)(CO)'10"] (Jeffery, Lewis, Lewis & Stone, 1985), with CoRe bond lengths of 2.686(1) arc. 2.720(1) \%A. This triangular cluster has distinctly d'ifferent bonding and bridging patterns, so direct comparison of 'he heteronuclear bond lengths of both compounds is not possible. However,	Separate paragraphs in tenginy text fields with a blank line.		
_publ_section_acknowledgements ?			
_publ_section_references ; Allen, F. H., Bellard, S., Brice, M. D., Cartwright, B. A., Doubleday, A., Higgs, H., Hummelink, T., Hummelink-Peters, B. G., Kennard, O., Motherwell, W. D. S., Rodgers, J. R. & Watson, D. G. (1979). Acta Cryst. B35, 23312339.			
Fl\'orke, U. & Haupt, HJ. (1993). Acta Cryst. C49, 374376.	Separate each reference, as with paragraphs, with a blank line.		
Haupt, HJ., Balsaa, P. & Fl∖*orke, U. (1988). Inorg. Chem. 27, 280286.			
Haupt, HJ., Heinekamp, C. & Fl∖`orke, U. (1989). Inorg. Chem. 29, 29552963.			
Jeffery, J. C., Lewis, D. B., Lewis, G. E. & Stone, F. G. A. (1985). J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans. pp. 20012007.			
Nardelli, M. (1983). Comput. Chem. 7, 9598.			
Sheldrick, G. M. (1990). SHELXTL-Plus. Structure Determination Software Programs. Siemens Analytical X-ray Instruments Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA. ;			
_publ_section_figure_captions ; Fig. 1. Molecular structure showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids. H atoms are omitted for clarity.	The list of figure captions should be in the single text field		
Fig. 2. Packing diagram viewed down the a axis. Note the solvent molecule in the centre of the cell. ;	_publ_section_figure_captions. Separate each with a blank line. Give complete text of figure captions, including initial 'Fig. 1' etc.		
_publ_section_exptl_prep ; Synthesis was carried out by reaction of Re ²² (CO) ^{10°} , Co ²² (CO) ⁸ and HP(C ⁶ H ^{11²} (molar ratio 1:1:2) in xylene solution for 10 h at 423 K in a glass tube. Recrystallization was from MeOH.			
; _publ_section_expt1_refinement ; The enclosed CH^3^OH solvent molecule had a site occupation factor of 0.5. Cyclohexyl H atoms were fixed at ideal positions with common isotropic displacement parameters (U [*] iso [*] = 0.08 \%A^2 [*]). Structure solution and refinement used SHELXTL-Plus (Sheldrick, 1990). Other programs include PARST (Nardelli, 1983). ;	Use the fields _publ_section_exptl_prep for details of the chemical and crystal preparation, and _publ_section_exptl_refinement for special aspects of the structure determination and refinement.		
data_(I)			
# CHEMICAL DATA	L Here another data_ block header introduces the structural data for the compound reported. This is optional for a single-		
_chemical_name_systematic ; [Hexacarbonyl-l\k^q^C, 2\k^2^C-bis(\m-dicyclohexylphosphido- 1:2\k^2^P) cobaltrhenium(Co Re)} 0.5 methanol solvate) ;	compound paper, but should be used to separate structures in a multi-compound paper.		
	J Contraction of the second		

_chemical_formula_moiety 'C30 H4	4 Co O6 P2 Re, 0.5(C H4 O)'	The sum and moiety formulae should be present, and entered - according to the rules of the CIF Dictionary. Do not indicate
_chemical_formula_sum _chemical_formula_iupac	'C30.5 H46 Co1 06.5 P2 Re1'	sub- or superscripts.
'[Co Re (C12 H22 P)2 (_chemical_formula_weight	C 0)6].0.5C H3 O H'	
# CRYSTAL DATA		mulae according to IUPAC rules.
_symmetry_cell_setting _ symmetry_space_group_name_H-M	triclinic 'P -1'	- The full Hermann-Mauguin space-group symbol should be used, with a space between each separate component of the symbol
loop_		
_symmetry_equiv_pos_as_xyz		Loop all symmetry equivalent positions for the space group
'-x,-y,-z'	•	including any for lattice centring and a centre of symmetry.
_cell_length_a	10.452(3)	
_cell_length_b	11.664(4)	
cell angle alpha	94,37(2)	- Do not include the units of physical quantities - these are
_cell_angle_beta	89.75(2)	included in the definitions for each data name
_cell_angle_gamma	111.87(2)	included in the definitions for each data nume.
cell_volume	1763.8(8)	
cell measurement refins used	40	
_cell_measurement_theta_min	7	
_cell_measurement_theta_max	16	
_cell_measurement_temperature	293	
exptl_crystal_description	prism	
exptl_crystal_colour	1ea 0.50	
_exptl_crystal_size_mid	0.34	
_exptl_crystal_size_min	0.28	
_exptl_crystal_size_rad	?	
_exptl_crystal_density_diffrn	1.551	Authors are encouraged to measure the crystal density. However,
_expti_crystal_density_meas	(not measured)	<i>if the crystal density was not measured, this should be explicitly</i>
_exptl_crystal_F_000	826	stated.
_exptl_absorpt_coefficient_mu	4.07	
_exptl_absorpt_correction_type	psi-scan	
_exptl_absorpt_process_details		
expt] absorpt correction T min	0 131	
_exptl_absorpt_correction_T_max	0.320	<u>Comment lines in the CIF are never parsed by software, but can</u>
		be used to improve the visual layout of the file.
# EXPERIMENTAL DATA		1 5 5 5 6
	'Mo K\a'	
diffrn_radiation_type diffrn_radiation_wavelength diffrn_measurement_device_type	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens B3m/V'	
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w2\g	
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_reflns_number	'Mo K∖a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189	
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w2\q 15189 0.022	
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_theta_max _diffrn_reflns_theta_max	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w2\q 15189 0.022 27.5	
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_theta_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre-
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_theta_max _diffrn_reflns_theta_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens RJm/V' \w2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre-
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_tav_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_theta_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre- sponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_imit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 5 -21	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre- sponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value.
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre- sponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value.
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre- sponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value.
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_theta_max _diffrn_reflns_limith_min _diffrn_reflns_limith_max _diffrn_reflns_limitk_max _diffrn_reflns_limitk_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ?	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre- sponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value.
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_teta_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_number _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_%	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens RJm/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 0	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre- sponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. - Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_meflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_number _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ?	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical raviau
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 0	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre- sponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes.
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_measurement_method _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_number_total	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 8161	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre- sponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often gen- erated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes.
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_number _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refins_number_total _reflns_number_gt</pre>	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 0 8161 6813	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes.
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refins_number_total _reflns_number_total _reflns_threshold_expression</pre>	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 0 8161 6813 F>4\s(F)	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes.
_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_reasurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_number_total _reflns_number_gt _reflns_number_gt	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F)	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_number_total _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_structure_factor_coef refine_ls_factor_arefunction</pre>	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 5 -21 21 4 400 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.028	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms.
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_number _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_M_factor_ref</pre>	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species e s
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_fractor_gt _refine_sk_factor_gt _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_st</pre>	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g.
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_reasurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_number _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refins_number_total _reflns_number_total _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_Mcfactor_ref _refine_ls_Mcfactor_ref _refine_ls_Mcfactor_ref _refine_ls_Mcfactor_ref _refine_ls_mcfactor_ref _refine_ls_mcfactor_ref _refine_ls_number_reflns</pre>	'Mo K\a' O.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 4 400 ? ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref 6813	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loopatom_type_small
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_reasurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_humber_total _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_R_factor_ref _refine_ls_R_factor_ref _refine_ls_mumber_reflns _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_number_pateres</pre>	'Mo K\a' O.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 5 -21 21 4 400 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref 6813 379 1.502	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loopatom_type_symbolatom_type_symbolatom_type_symbol
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_number_total _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_factor_ref _refine_ls_Mydrogen_treatment _refine_ls_Mydrogen_treatment _refine_ls_number_parameters _refine_ls_number_parameters _refine_ls_goodness_of_fit_ref _refine_ls_wenes.</pre>	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 5 -21 21 4 400 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref 6813 379 1.583 calc	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value – use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loopatom_type_scat_dispersion_real atom_type_scat_dispersion_real atom_type_scat_dispersion_imag
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_mAfactor_ref</pre>	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref 6813 379 1.583 calc = 1/(\$`2^(F) + 0.0001F^2^1)'	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre- sponding value - use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often gen- erated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loop_ _atom_type_scat_dispersion_real _atom_type_scat_dispersion_imag _atom_type_scat_dispersion_imag
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_R_factor_gt _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_mumber_parameters _refine_ls_mumber_parameters _refine_ls_weighting_details 'w _refine_ls_weighting_details 'w</pre>	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref 6813 379 1.583 calc = 1/[\s^2^(F) + 0.0001F^2^].	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value - use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loopatom_type_scat_dispersion_real _atom_type_scat_dispersion_imag _atom_type_scat_source c .017 .009
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_reabistion_wavelength _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_decay_\$ # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_number_total _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_R_factor_ref _refine_ls_R_factor_ref _refine_ls_Matcator_ref _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_weighting_details 'w _refine_ls_weighting_details 'w _refine_ls_weight/su_max</pre>	'Mo KNa' O.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \W2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 8 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref 6813 379 1.583 calc = 1/(\s^2^(F) + 0.0001F^2^)' 0.001	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value - use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loopatom_type_scat_dispersion_realatom_type_scat_dispersion_imagatom_type_scat_source c . 017 .009
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_reasurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_humber_total _reflns_humber_gt _refine_ls_R_factor_ref _refine_ls_R_factor_ref _refine_ls_Mydrogen_treatment _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_number_reflns _refine_ls_mumber_reflns</pre>	<pre>'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 4 400 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F G.038 0.034 noref 6813 379 1.583 calc = 1/[\s^2^(F) + 0.0001F^2^]; 0.001 0.95 -0.80</pre>	 All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value - use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loopatom_type_scat_dispersion_real _atom_type_scat_dispersion_real _atom_type_scat_source c . 017 .009 Finemational Tables for X-ray Crystallography (Vol. IV)
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_number _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_number_total _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_factor_ref _refine_ls_Mydrogen_treatment _refine_ls_Mydrogen_treatment _refine_ls_number_parameters _refine_ls_number_parameters _refine_ls_wighting_cheme _refine_ls_wighting_cheme _refine_ls_wighting_details 'w _refine_ls_wighting_details 'w _refine_ls_wighting_max _refine_diff_density_max _refine_diff_density_max</pre>	'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref 6813 379 1.583 calc = 1/(\s'2^(F) + 0.0001F^2^}. 0.001 0.95 -0.80 Done	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value - use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loopatom_type_scat_dispersion_realatom_type_scat_source c(vol. IV);
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_gpecial_details _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_mumber_parameters _refine_ls_mumber_parameters _refine_ls_weighting_scheme _refine_ls_wfitsu_max _refine_diff_density_max _refine_dis_extinction_coef</pre>	<pre>'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 0 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref 6813 379 1.583 calc = 1/(\s^2(F) + 0.0001F^2^); 0.001 0.95 -0.80 none ?</pre>	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value - use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loopatom_type_scat_dispersion_real _atom_type_scat_dispersion_real _atom_type_scat_source c .017 .009 ; International Tables for X-ray Crystallography (vol. IV)
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_measurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_interval_time _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refine_special_details _reflns_number_total _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_M_factor_ref _refine_ls_m_factor_ref _refine_ls_mumber_parameters _refine_ls_mumber_parameters _refine_ls_mumber_parameters _refine_ls_wighting_scheme _refine_ls_wighting_details 'w _refine_diff_density_min _refine_ls_extinction_coef _refine_ls_extinction_coef _refine_ls_extinction_coef _refine_ls_extinction_coef _refine_ls_extinction_coef _refine_ls_extinction_coef _refine_ls_extinction_coef _refine_ls_extinction_coef _refine_ls_extinction_coef</pre>	<pre>'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 400 ? 0 ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref 6813 379 1.583 calc = 1/[\s^2^(F) + 0.0001F^2^]' 0.001 0.95 -0.80 none ? ELXTL-Plus (Sheldrick, 1990)'</pre>	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corre- sponding value - use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often gen- erated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loop_ _atom_type_scat_dispersion_real _atom_type_scat_dispersion_imag _atom_type_scat_source c. 017 .009 ; International Tables for X-ray Crystallography (Vol. IV) ; N .029 .018 ; International Tables for X-ray Crystallography
<pre>_diffrn_radiation_type _diffrn_radiation_wavelength _diffrn_reasurement_device_type _diffrn_reflns_number _diffrn_reflns_av_R_equivalents _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_h_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_min _diffrn_reflns_limit_k_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_reflns_limit_l_max _diffrn_standards_number _diffrn_standards_interval_count _diffrn_standards_decay_% # REFINEMENT DATA _refins_number_total _reflns_number_total _reflns_threshold_expression _refine_ls_R_factor_ref _refine_ls_R_factor_ref _refine_ls_Mcfactor_ref _refine_ls_mdfactor_ref _refine_ls_mdfactor_ref _refine_ls_wdfactor_ref _refine</pre>	<pre>'Mo K\a' 0.71073 'Siemens R3m/V' \w-2\q 15189 0.022 27.5 -13 13 -15 15 -21 21 4 4 400 ? 0 ? ? 8161 6813 F>4\s(F) F 0.038 0.034 noref 6813 379 1.583 calc = 1/(\s^2^(F) + 0.0001F^2^;') 0.095 -0.80 none ? ELXTL-PluB (Sheldrick, 1990)'</pre>	All data names (if present at all in the file) must have a corresponding value - use ? (without surrounding quotes) if there is no information on the value. Fields denoted '*_special_details' are not normally printed in the published paper, but may contain information (often generated by the refinement program) important for critical review purposes. We accept the convention that a single occurrence of _atom_type_scat_source is taken to refer to all atoms. But a preferable layout lists data for each atom species, e.g. loopatom_type_scat_dispersion_real _atom_type_scat_dispersion_imag _atom_type_scat_source c . 017 . 009 ; International Tables for X-ray Crystallography (Vol. IV)



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