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## Structure Reports

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## 5,5'-Bis[(trimethylsilyl)methyl]-2,2'bipyridine

Murray S. Davies,* Christopher R. K. Glasson and George V. Meehan

School of Pharmacy and Molecular Sciences, James Cook University, Townsville, QLD 4811, Australia
Correspondence e-mail: murray.davies@jcu.edu.au

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=293 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.004 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.064 ; w R$ factor $=0.192 ;$ data-to-parameter ratio $=16.7$.

The molecule of the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{Si}_{2}$, occupies a special position on an inversion centre. The $\mathrm{Si}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{C}$ (ipso) plane is approximately orthogonal to the plane of the pyridine rings, the corresponding dihedral angle being $82.0(2)^{\circ}$.

## Related literature

For related chemistry, see: Fraser et al. (1997); Hochwimmer et al.(1998); Perkins et al. (2006); Schubert et al. (1998). For recently reported similar structures, see: Khan et al. (2004); Lindoy et al. (2204). For related literature, see: Lindoy et al. (2004).


## Experimental

Crystal data

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{Si}_{2} & c=14.030(6) \AA \\
M_{r}=328.60 & \alpha=76.599(7)^{\circ} \\
\text { Triclinic, } P \overline{1} & \beta=88.415(7)^{\circ} \\
a=6.279(3) \AA & \gamma=64.859(6)^{\circ} \\
b=6.575(3) \AA & V=508.4(4) \AA^{\circ}
\end{array}
$$

## $Z=1$

Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.17 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$

Data collection
Bruker SMART 1000 CCD areadetector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.973, T_{\text {max }}=0.974$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.064$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.192$
$S=1.04$
2057 reflections
123 parameters
$T=293(2) \mathrm{K}$
$0.25 \times 0.15 \times 0.10 \mathrm{~mm}$

4192 measured reflections 2057 independent reflections 1294 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.042$

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT and XPREP (Bruker, 2001); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 1997); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997) and ORTEPIII (Burnett \& Johnson, 1996); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: YA2054).

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## supporting information

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## 5,5'-Bis[(trimethylsilyl)methyl]-2,2'-bipyridine

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## S1. Comment

As a part of our work on cryptates derived from 5,5'-disubstituted-2, $2^{\prime}$-bipyridines (Perkins et al., 2006), we have studied methyl functionalization reactions of $5,5^{\prime}$-dimethyl-2, $2^{\prime}$-bipyridine as a model for similar chemistry proposed for its more complex analogue, $5,5^{\prime \prime}$ '-dimethyl- $2,2^{\prime}: 5^{\prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}: 2^{\prime \prime}, 2^{\prime \prime \prime}$-quaterpyridine. In contrast to the previous report by Schubert et al. (1998), we have been able to promote bis-lithiation of $5,5^{\prime}$-dimethyl-2,2'-bipyridine with lithium diisopropylamide (LDA) in THF by use of a coordinating co-solvent, hexamethylphosphoramide (HMPA). Subsequent bis-silylation with trimethylsilyl chloride afforded (I) in good yield.

The molecule of the title compound (Fig.1) occupies a special position in the inversion centre. The $\mathrm{SiMe}_{3}$ groups are trans disposed relative to the plane of the two pyridyl rings giving the molecule a zigzag shape (Fig. 2). The dihedral angle between the plane of the bipyridyl rings, and that of trimethylsilylmethyl substituent, as defined by Si1- $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 4$, is $82.0(2)^{\circ}$.

The molecules in crystal show stacking arrangement with methylenetrimethylsilyl groups of the adjacent molecules oriented in the same direction (Fig. 2).

## S2. Experimental

A solution of LDA, prepared from $n-B u L i(1.9 ~ M, 1.42 \mathrm{ml}, 2.7 \mathrm{mmol})$, and dry diisopropylamine ( $0.42 \mathrm{ml}, 3.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( 8 ml ) was cooled to $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and a solution of $5,5^{\prime}$-dimethyl-2, $2^{\prime}$-bipyridine ( $100 \mathrm{mg}, 0.54 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and dry HMPA $(1.13 \mathrm{ml}, 6.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry THF $(5 \mathrm{ml})$ was added dropwise, resulting in a deep red/brown opaque reaction mixture. This was stirred for 2 h , then trimethylsilyl chloride ( $217 \mathrm{mg}, 2.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added, and the stirring was continued for 0.5 h more at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The resulting transparent red solution was quenched with 2 ml of absolute ethanol. Fortuitously, this solution precipitated crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray structure determination when its volume was reduced by rotary evaporation. To the remaining material, saturated $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(10 \mathrm{ml})$ was added and the product was extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 40 \mathrm{ml})$. The combined organic fractions were dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ and the solvent removed under vacuum. The resulting solid was purified by chromatography on deactivated silica gel, affording (I) as a greasy white solid (142 mg, 80\%). $\delta \mathrm{H}\left(300 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 0.02\left(18 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{SiMe}_{3}\right) 2.12\left(4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 7.45(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=7.8,1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-4,4^{\prime}\right), 8.22\left(2 H, \mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-3,3^{\prime}\right), 8.34\left(2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{d}, 1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{H}-6,6^{\prime}\right) ; \delta \mathrm{C}\left(75 \mathrm{MHz} ; \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) 2.06\left(\mathrm{SiMe}_{3}\right), 23.92\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, 120.16, 136.11, 136.18, 148.22, 152.21.

## S3. Refinement

All aromatic and methylene H atoms were located in the difference map and refined with isotropic thermal parameters [C -H 0.94 (2) - 1.03 (3) $\AA$ ]. Methyl H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined in a riding model approximation with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ bond distances of $0.96 \AA$ and $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.5 U_{\text {eq }}$ of the parent C atom.


Figure 1
ORTEP (Burnett and Johnson (1996), Farrugia (1997)) drawing of (I) with displacement ellipsoids shown at 50\% probability level. Only the non-hydrogen atoms in the asymmetric unit are labelled; unlabelled atoms are derived from the corresponding labelled atoms by means of the ( $1-x, 3-y,-z$ ) transformation.


Figure 2
Crystal packing diagram of (I) viewed down the $a$ axis of the crystal.

## 5,5'-Bis[(trimethylsilyl)methyl]-2,2'-bipyridine

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{Si}_{2}$
$M_{r}=328.60$
Triclinic, $P \overline{1}$
Hall symbol: -P 1
$a=6.279$ (3) $\AA$
$b=6.575$ (3) $\AA$
$c=14.030$ ( 6 ) $\AA$
$\alpha=76.599(7)^{\circ}$
$\beta=88.415$ (7) $^{\circ}$
$\gamma=64.859(6)^{\circ}$
$V=508.4(4) \AA^{3}$

[^0]
## Data collection

Bruker SMART 1000 CCD area-detector diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.973, T_{\text {max }}=0.974$

> 4192 measured reflections
> 2057 independent reflections
> 1294 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
> $R_{\text {int }}=0.042$
> $\theta_{\max }=26.4^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=3.0^{\circ}$
> $h=-7 \rightarrow 7$
> $k=-8 \rightarrow 8$
> $l=-17 \rightarrow 17$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.064$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.192$
$S=1.04$
2057 reflections
123 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

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Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
\(w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.093 P)^{2}\right]\)
where \(P=\left(F_{0}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}^{2}\right) / 3\)
\((\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}=0.007\)
\(\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.36\) e \(\AA^{-3}\)
\(\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.16 \mathrm{e}^{-3}\)
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## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. An empirical absorption correction determined with $S A D A B S$ (Sheldrick, 1996) was applied to the data. The data integration and reduction were undertaken with SAINT and XPREP (Bruker, 2001). The data reduction included the application of Lorentz and polarization corrections. The reflection data were merged including Fridel opposites. The structure was solved in the space group P-1 by direct methods with SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 1997) within the WinG-X (Farrugia, 1999) interface and extended and refined with SHELXL97 (Sheldrick 1997). Anisotropic thermal parameters were refined for the non-hydrogen atoms. All aromatic and methylene H atoms were located and refined with isotropic thermal parameters. Methyl H atoms were constrained as riding atoms, fixed to the parent C atom with a distance of 0.96 $\AA$. $U_{\text {iso }}$ values were set to $1.5 U_{\text {eq }}$ of the parent C atom.
Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Si1 | $0.78941(12)$ | $0.61211(12)$ | $0.82038(5)$ | $0.0664(3)$ |
| C1 | $0.5188(4)$ | $1.3836(4)$ | $0.52943(15)$ | $0.0544(5)$ |
| N1 | $0.7386(3)$ | $1.2150(4)$ | $0.53910(15)$ | $0.0681(6)$ |
| C4 | $0.6028(4)$ | $0.9417(4)$ | $0.63513(16)$ | $0.0594(6)$ |
| C2 | $0.3355(4)$ | $1.3408(5)$ | $0.57193(18)$ | $0.0646(7)$ |
| C5 | $0.7751(5)$ | $1.0028(5)$ | $0.59098(19)$ | $0.0686(7)$ |
| C6 | $0.6608(5)$ | $0.6974(5)$ | $0.69012(18)$ | $0.0660(7)$ |
| C3 | $0.3787(5)$ | $1.1207(5)$ | $0.62426(18)$ | $0.0673(7)$ |
| C9 | $0.5840(5)$ | $0.8130(5)$ | $0.8897(2)$ | $0.0951(9)$ |


| H9A | 0.5359 | 0.9699 | 0.8525 | $0.143^{*}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| H9B | 0.6620 | 0.7910 | 0.9517 | $0.143^{*}$ |
| H9C | 0.4478 | 0.7823 | 0.9009 | $0.143^{*}$ |
| C7 | $0.8328(6)$ | $0.3086(5)$ | $0.8742(2)$ | $0.1086(11)$ |
| H7B | 0.8969 | 0.2606 | 0.9412 | $0.163^{*}$ |
| H7C | 0.9400 | 0.2082 | 0.8371 | $0.163^{*}$ |
| H7A | 0.6838 | 0.3008 | 0.8719 | $0.163^{*}$ |
| C8 | $1.0830(5)$ | $0.6243(6)$ | $0.8206(2)$ | $0.1070(11)$ |
| H8A | 1.0637 | 0.7764 | 0.7865 | $0.160^{*}$ |
| H8B | 1.1908 | 0.5123 | 0.7882 | $0.160^{*}$ |
| H8C | 1.1446 | 0.5904 | 0.8871 | $0.160^{*}$ |
| H6A | $0.773(4)$ | $0.589(4)$ | $0.6581(18)$ | $0.074(8)^{*}$ |
| H6B | $0.513(5)$ | $0.676(4)$ | $0.6947(18)$ | $0.087(8)^{*}$ |
| H5 | $0.923(4)$ | $0.883(4)$ | $0.5873(17)$ | $0.075(7)^{*}$ |
| H3 | $0.243(5)$ | $1.082(4)$ | $0.6515(19)$ | $0.093(8)^{*}$ |
| H2 | $0.179(4)$ | $1.470(4)$ | $0.5684(16)$ | $0.067(7)^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\hat{A}^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Si1 | $0.0679(5)$ | $0.0709(5)$ | $0.0656(5)$ | $-0.0393(4)$ | $0.0016(3)$ | $-0.0070(3)$ |
| C1 | $0.0476(13)$ | $0.0684(14)$ | $0.0500(12)$ | $-0.0274(12)$ | $0.0054(10)$ | $-0.0148(10)$ |
| N1 | $0.0537(12)$ | $0.0677(13)$ | $0.0784(14)$ | $-0.0267(10)$ | $0.0164(10)$ | $-0.0096(11)$ |
| C4 | $0.0635(15)$ | $0.0713(15)$ | $0.0509(12)$ | $-0.0374(13)$ | $0.0049(11)$ | $-0.0123(11)$ |
| C2 | $0.0457(13)$ | $0.0728(17)$ | $0.0686(15)$ | $-0.0243(13)$ | $0.0056(11)$ | $-0.0077(13)$ |
| C5 | $0.0546(15)$ | $0.0663(16)$ | $0.0765(17)$ | $-0.0221(13)$ | $0.0141(12)$ | $-0.0104(14)$ |
| C6 | $0.0720(18)$ | $0.0705(16)$ | $0.0665(16)$ | $-0.0400(15)$ | $0.0085(13)$ | $-0.0187(13)$ |
| C3 | $0.0567(15)$ | $0.0804(18)$ | $0.0696(16)$ | $-0.0381(14)$ | $0.0088(12)$ | $-0.0107(13)$ |
| C9 | $0.108(2)$ | $0.116(2)$ | $0.0779(19)$ | $-0.060(2)$ | $0.0187(17)$ | $-0.0319(18)$ |
| C7 | $0.127(3)$ | $0.084(2)$ | $0.110(2)$ | $-0.052(2)$ | $-0.006(2)$ | $-0.0014(18)$ |
| C8 | $0.080(2)$ | $0.136(3)$ | $0.113(3)$ | $-0.061(2)$ | $-0.0108(18)$ | $-0.015(2)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| Si1-C9 | 1.853 (3) | C5-H5 | 0.94 (2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Si1-C7 | 1.864 (3) | C6-H6A | 0.95 (2) |
| Si1-C6 | 1.878 (3) | C6-H6B | 1.00 (3) |
| Sil-C8 | 1.879 (3) | C3-H3 | 1.03 (3) |
| C1-N1 | 1.339 (3) | C9—H9A | 0.9600 |
| C1-C2 | 1.385 (3) | C9-H9B | 0.9600 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{\text {i }}$ | 1.483 (4) | C9-H9C | 0.9600 |
| N1-C5 | 1.340 (3) | C7-H7B | 0.9600 |
| C4-C3 | 1.382 (4) | C7-H7C | 0.9600 |
| C4-C5 | 1.390 (3) | C7-H7A | 0.9600 |
| C4-C6 | 1.501 (4) | C8-H8A | 0.9600 |
| C2-C3 | 1.376 (3) | C8-H8B | 0.9600 |
| C2-H2 | 0.98 (2) | C8-H8C | 0.9600 |


| C9-Si1-C7 | 111.14 (16) | Si1-C6-H6B | 105.3 (15) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C9-Si1-C6 | 109.21 (14) | H6A-C6-H6B | 110 (2) |
| C7-Si1-C6 | 107.55 (14) | C2-C3-C4 | 120.9 (2) |
| C9—Si1-C8 | 110.33 (15) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 120.9 (15) |
| C7-Si1-C8 | 109.30 (16) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 118.1 (15) |
| C6-Si1-C8 | 109.25 (13) | Sil-C9-H9A | 109.5 |
| N1-C1-C2 | 121.3 (2) | Si1-C9-H9B | 109.5 |
| N1-C1-C1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 116.9 (2) | H9A-C9-H9B | 109.5 |
| C2-C1-C1 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 121.8 (2) | Sil-C9-H9C | 109.5 |
| C1-N1-C5 | 117.7 (2) | H9A-C9-H9C | 109.5 |
| C3-C4-C5 | 115.2 (2) | H9B-C9-H9C | 109.5 |
| C3-C4-C6 | 123.4 (2) | Si1-C7-H7B | 109.5 |
| C5-C4-C6 | 121.4 (2) | Si1-C7-H7C | 109.5 |
| C3-C2-C1 | 119.6 (2) | H7B-C7-H7C | 109.5 |
| C3-C2-H2 | 120.8 (13) | Si1-C7-H7A | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 119.5 (13) | H7B-C7-H7A | 109.5 |
| N1-C5-C4 | 125.4 (2) | H7C-C7-H7A | 109.5 |
| N1-C5-H5 | 115.7 (15) | Sil-C8-H8A | 109.5 |
| C4-C5-H5 | 118.0 (15) | Sil-C8-H8B | 109.5 |
| C4-C6-Si1 | 115.70 (17) | H8A-C8-H8B | 109.5 |
| C4-C6-H6A | 111.0 (14) | Sil-C8-H8C | 109.5 |
| Si1-C6-H6A | 105.7 (14) | H8A-C8-H8C | 109.5 |
| C4-C6-H6B | 108.8 (15) | H8B-C8-H8C | 109.5 |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1,-y+3,-z+1$.


[^0]:    $Z=1$
    $F(000)=178$
    $D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.073 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
    Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71069 \AA$
    Cell parameters from 1147 reflections
    $\theta=0.9-26.4^{\circ}$
    $\mu=0.17 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
    $T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
    Prism, colourless
    $0.25 \times 0.15 \times 0.10 \mathrm{~mm}$

