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## trans-4-(Phenoxymethyl)cyclohexanecarboxylic acid

### Jun Yang,<sup>a</sup> Qing-Rong Qi,<sup>a</sup> Wen-Cai Huang<sup>b</sup> and Hu Zheng<sup>a</sup>\*

<sup>a</sup>Department of Medicinal Chemistry, West China School of Pharmacy, Sichuan University, Chengdu 610041, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>Department of Pharmaceuticals and Bioengineering, School of Chemical Engineering, Sichuan University, Chengdu 610065, People's Republic of China Correspondence e-mail: wcums416@yahoo.com.cn

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 292 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.018 Å; R factor = 0.073; wR factor = 0.150; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.9.

The title compound, C14H18O3, is an important model compound in the synthesis of phenolic ethers. The cyclohexane ring adopts a chair conformation. In the crystal structure, adjacent molecules are linked by  $O-H \cdots O$ hydrogen bonds.

#### **Related literature**

For related literature, see: Dunitz & Strickler (1966); Sekera & Marvel (1933); Luger et al. (1972).



#### **Experimental**

Crystal data

C14H18O3  $M_r = 234.28$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ a = 6.178 (3) Å

$b = 35.042 (8) \text{\AA}$
c = 6.526 (3)  Å
$\beta = 113.93 \ (4)^{\circ}$
V = 1291.4 (9) Å <sup>3</sup>

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Z = 4
Mo K\alpha radiation
\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}
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#### Data collection

Enraf-Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer Absorption correction: none 2657 measured reflections 2330 independent reflections

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.072$  $wR(F^2) = 0.149$ S = 0.972330 reflections 156 parameters

#### Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

 $\overline{D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A}$ D-H $H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$ 

 $D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$  $D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$  $O2 - H2 \cdot \cdot \cdot O3^{i}$ 0.82 1.83 2.626 (10) 164 Symmetry code: (i) -x + 2, -y + 2, -z + 2.

Data collection: DIFRAC (Gabe et al., 1993); cell refinement: DIFRAC; data reduction: NRCVAX (Gabe et al., 1989); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BV2092).

#### References

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Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

1301 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

H-atom parameters constrained

T = 292 (2) K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.001$ 

9 restraints

 $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^-$ 

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min}$  = -0.17 e Å<sup>-3</sup>

 $0.45 \times 0.25 \times 0.24$  mm

3 standard reflections

every 250 reflections

intensity decay: 1.8%

# supporting information

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## trans-4-(Phenoxymethyl)cyclohexanecarboxylic acid

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#### S1. Comment

To compare the activity of 4-chloromethyl cyclohexane and 4-(tosyloxymethyl)cyclohexane, some cyclohexane derivatives were designed to be linked to substituted phenol. Thus the title compound, a *trans*-4-(phenoxymethyl)cyclohexanecarboxylic acid was synthesized (Sekera & Marvel,1933). We report here the crystal structure of the title compound. The cyclohexane ring of the title compound adopts a chair conformation. The average C—C bond length of the cyclohexane ring is 1.517 (12) Å, is similar to that of *trans*-1,4-cyclohexanedicarboxylic acid (1.523 (3) Å, Luger *et al.*, 1972). The mean endocyclic angle of the cyclohexane is 110.9 (8)°, which is in the range observed for cyclohexane rings (111.4 (4)°, Dunitz & Strickler, 1966).

## **S2. Experimental**

Methyl *trans*-4-(tosylmethyl)cyclohexanecarboxylate(3.26 g, 10 mmol), phenol(2.82 g, 30 mmol) and potassium phosphate(10.6 g, 50 mmol) were suspended in dry DMF(20 mL) and heated at 368 K for 6 h, then 30 mL water and 30 mL toluene were added to the mixture. The water layer separated was washed twice with toluene and the organic layer combined was washed with water and then dried with sodium sulfate. After filtration and concentration, the crude product was obtained which was further purified by silica gel column chromatography to give pure methyl ester. The ester was hydrolyzed in a mixed solution of 10 mL e thanol and 15 mL 1 N NaOH solution for 5 h at 313 K, after cooling and acidification with hydrochloride the white solid precipitated was collected. Colorless crystals were obtained by slow evaporation in a ethanol-water(4:1) solution at room temperature.

### **S3. Refinement**

H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.93–0.98 Å) and refined using a riding model, with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ .



## Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 30% probability level.

#### trans-4-(Phenoxymethyl)cyclohexanecarboxylic acid

#### Crystal data

 $C_{14}H_{18}O_3$   $M_r = 234.28$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$  a = 6.178 (3) Å b = 35.042 (8) Å c = 6.526 (3) Å  $\beta = 113.93$  (4)° V = 1291.4 (9) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

#### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4	$R_{\rm int} = 0.001$
diffractometer	$\theta_{\rm max} = 25.5^\circ, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 3.5^\circ$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$h = -7 \rightarrow 6$
Graphite monochromator	$k = 0 \rightarrow 42$
$\omega/2-\theta$ scans	$l = -1 \rightarrow 7$
2657 measured reflections	3 standard reflections every 250 reflections
2330 independent reflections	intensity decay: 1.8%
1301 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	
1301 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$	

F(000) = 504

 $\theta = 4.5 - 9.5^{\circ}$ 

 $\mu = 0.08 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 292 K

Block. colourless

 $0.45 \times 0.25 \times 0.24$  mm

 $D_{\rm x} = 1.205 {\rm Mg} {\rm m}^{-3}$ 

Mo *K* $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 30 reflections

#### Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.072$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.149$	neighbouring sites
S = 0.97	H-atom parameters constrained
2330 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0395P)^2]$
156 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
9 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	x	У	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
01	0.5351 (13)	0.8410 (2)	-0.0641 (11)	0.084 (2)	
O2	1.0653 (15)	0.9709 (3)	0.8119 (13)	0.110 (3)	
H2	1.1166	0.9870	0.9115	0.132*	
03	0.7287 (14)	0.9889 (2)	0.8198 (11)	0.104 (3)	
C1	0.584 (2)	0.8016 (3)	-0.328 (2)	0.087 (4)	

H1	0.7444	0.8012	-0.2354	0.105*
C2	0.494 (4)	0.7816 (4)	-0.531 (3)	0.112 (6)
H2A	0.5971	0.7680	-0.5758	0.134*
C3	0.260 (4)	0.7818 (4)	-0.662 (3)	0.117 (6)
H3	0.2030	0.7679	-0.7951	0.141*
C4	0.103 (3)	0.8026 (4)	-0.6030 (19)	0.102 (5)
H4	-0.0571	0.8032	-0.6962	0.123*
C5	0.192 (3)	0.8225 (3)	-0.3991 (19)	0.085 (4)
Н5	0.0893	0.8360	-0.3543	0.102*
C6	0.425 (3)	0.8221 (3)	-0.268 (2)	0.074 (4)
C7	0.3845 (19)	0.8640 (3)	0.0058 (16)	0.080 (4)
H7A	0.2653	0.8483	0.0257	0.096*
H7B	0.3052	0.8834	-0.1060	0.096*
C8	0.5426 (19)	0.8826 (3)	0.2262 (15)	0.062 (3)
H8	0.6310	0.8625	0.3314	0.074*
C9	0.3865 (17)	0.9033 (3)	0.3227 (15)	0.076 (4)
H9A	0.2912	0.9223	0.2163	0.092*
H9B	0.2802	0.8852	0.3460	0.092*
C10	0.5351 (19)	0.9225 (3)	0.5425 (15)	0.076 (4)
H10A	0.4323	0.9360	0.5975	0.092*
H10B	0.6210	0.9033	0.6524	0.092*
C11	0.7078 (19)	0.9501 (3)	0.5158 (16)	0.066 (3)
H11	0.6143	0.9689	0.4037	0.079*
C12	0.8661 (18)	0.9296 (3)	0.4193 (15)	0.075 (3)
H12A	0.9704	0.9480	0.3942	0.091*
H12B	0.9635	0.9108	0.5261	0.091*
C13	0.7164 (19)	0.9100 (3)	0.2005 (16)	0.077 (3)
H13A	0.6310	0.9292	0.0898	0.092*
H13B	0.8191	0.8964	0.1460	0.092*
C14	0.842 (2)	0.9717 (4)	0.7277 (17)	0.073 (4)

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
01	0.102 (6)	0.090 (6)	0.065 (5)	-0.001 (5)	0.040 (5)	-0.021 (5)
O2	0.103 (7)	0.143 (9)	0.085 (6)	0.002 (7)	0.040 (6)	-0.046 (5)
03	0.109 (7)	0.127 (8)	0.083 (6)	0.020 (6)	0.046 (5)	-0.031 (5)
C1	0.120 (12)	0.073 (9)	0.093 (9)	0.000 (8)	0.068 (9)	-0.004 (8)
C2	0.179 (18)	0.097 (12)	0.102 (12)	-0.012 (13)	0.100 (13)	-0.017 (10)
C3	0.20 (2)	0.099 (12)	0.078 (11)	-0.008 (14)	0.078 (13)	-0.007 (9)
C4	0.152 (14)	0.093 (11)	0.070 (9)	-0.011 (10)	0.052 (10)	-0.013 (8)
C5	0.114 (12)	0.088 (10)	0.058 (8)	0.000 (9)	0.038 (8)	-0.009 (8)
C6	0.108 (12)	0.063 (9)	0.063 (8)	0.000 (9)	0.045 (9)	0.002 (7)
C7	0.098 (9)	0.090 (9)	0.066 (7)	-0.006 (8)	0.049 (7)	-0.010 (7)
C8	0.080 (8)	0.056 (8)	0.051 (6)	0.001 (7)	0.029 (6)	-0.004 (6)
С9	0.088 (9)	0.095 (10)	0.061 (7)	-0.013 (7)	0.045 (7)	-0.013 (7)
C10	0.096 (9)	0.090 (9)	0.062 (7)	-0.025 (8)	0.052 (7)	-0.021 (7)
C11	0.084 (9)	0.065 (8)	0.050 (6)	0.005 (7)	0.030 (6)	-0.010 (6)

# supporting information

C12	0.088 (9)	0.079 (9)	0.067 (7)	-0.012 (7)	0.039 (7)	-0.011 (7)
C13	0.089 (9)	0.098 (10)	0.059 (7)	-0.013 (8)	0.044 (7)	-0.017 (7)
C14	0.068 (9)	0.102 (10)	0.055 (7)	0.013 (9)	0.030 (7)	0.004 (7)

Geometric parameters (A, )	Geometric	parameters	(Å,	<i>°</i> )
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01—C6	1.394 (12)	С7—Н7В	0.9700	
O1—C7	1.438 (10)	C8—C13	1.501 (12)	
O2-C14	1.261 (11)	C8—C9	1.532 (11)	
O2—H2	0.8200	C8—H8	0.9800	
O3—C14	1.248 (11)	C9—C10	1.512 (12)	
C1—C6	1.392 (14)	С9—Н9А	0.9700	
C1—C2	1.401 (16)	С9—Н9В	0.9700	
C1—H1	0.9300	C10—C11	1.501 (12)	
C2—C3	1.350 (18)	C10—H10A	0.9700	
C2—H2A	0.9300	C10—H10B	0.9700	
C3—C4	1.386 (17)	C11—C14	1.497 (13)	
С3—Н3	0.9300	C11—C12	1.540 (12)	
C4—C5	1.402 (13)	C11—H11	0.9800	
C4—H4	0.9300	C12—C13	1.514 (12)	
C5—C6	1.341 (14)	C12—H12A	0.9700	
С5—Н5	0.9300	C12—H12B	0.9700	
С7—С8	1.519 (12)	C13—H13A	0.9700	
С7—Н7А	0.9700	C13—H13B	0.9700	
C6 01 C7	116.2 (0)	C10 C0 H0A	109.4	
$C_0 = 01 = C_7$ $C_1 = 02 = H_2$	109.5	C8_C9_H9A	109.4	
$C_{1} = 0_{2} = 11_{2}$	109.5	$C_{10}$ $C_{9}$ H9B	109.4	
$C_{0} - C_{1} - C_{2}$	120.0	$C_{10} = C_{10} = C_{10}$	109.4	
$C_{2}$ $C_{1}$ $H_{1}$	120.9	$H_0 \Lambda C_0 H_0 B$	108.0	
$C_2 - C_1 - C_1$	120.5	$C_{11} - C_{10} - C_{9}$	111.3 (8)	
$C_3 = C_2 = C_1$	110.8	$C_{11} = C_{10} = C_{10}$	109.4	
$C_3 = C_2 = H_2 A$	119.8	$C_{11}$ $C_{10}$ $H_{10A}$	109.4	
C1 - C2 - I12A	119.8	$C_{11}$ $C_{10}$ $H_{10R}$	109.4	
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	121.1 (10)	$C_{1} = C_{10} = H_{10}B$	109.4	
$C_2 - C_3 - H_3$	119.5	$H_{10A} = C_{10} = H_{10B}$	108.0	
$C_4 = C_3 = C_4 = C_5$	119.5	$C_{14} C_{11} C_{10}$	111.0 (8)	
$C_3 = C_4 = C_3$	110.5 (14)	C14 - C11 - C10	111.9(0) 114.1(10)	
$C_5 = C_4 = H_4$	120.7	C14 - C11 - C12	114.1(10) 110.2(8)	
$C_{3}$ $C_{4}$ $C_{4}$	120.7 120.3(12)	C10 - C11 - C12	106.7	
$C_{0} - C_{3} - C_{4}$	120.3 (12)	C14 $C11$ $H11$	106.7	
$C_0 = C_3 = H_5$	119.8	C10—C11—H11	106.7	
$C4 - C3 - \Pi 3$	119.0	$C_{12} = C_{11} = H_{11}$	110.7	
$C_{5}$	121.5(12)	C13 - C12 - C11	110.5 (9)	
$C_{5} - C_{6} - 0_{1}$	125.9 (11)	C13 - C12 - H12A	109.5	
CI = C0 = OI	112.7(13)	C12 C12 H12A	109.5	
UI = U = U8	106.9 (9)	C13 - C12 - H12B	109.5	
UI - U' - H' / A	110.3	C11—C12—H12B	109.5	
С8—С7—Н7А	110.3	H12A—C12—H12B	108.1	

O1—C7—H7B	110.3	C8—C13—C12	112.1 (7)
С8—С7—Н7В	110.3	C8—C13—H13A	109.2
Н7А—С7—Н7В	108.6	C12—C13—H13A	109.2
С13—С8—С7	112.5 (8)	C8—C13—H13B	109.2
С13—С8—С9	109.9 (8)	C12—C13—H13B	109.2
С7—С8—С9	108.8 (9)	H13A—C13—H13B	107.9
С13—С8—Н8	108.5	O3—C14—O2	122.0 (11)
С7—С8—Н8	108.5	O3—C14—C11	118.6 (11)
С9—С8—Н8	108.5	O2—C14—C11	119.4 (11)
С10—С9—С8	111.1 (8)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	<i>D</i> —H… <i>A</i>
02—H2…O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.82	1.83	2.626 (10)	164

Symmetry code: (i) -x+2, -y+2, -z+2.