

Hexaaquanickel(II) bis[4-[(2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)methoxy]benzoate] dihydrate

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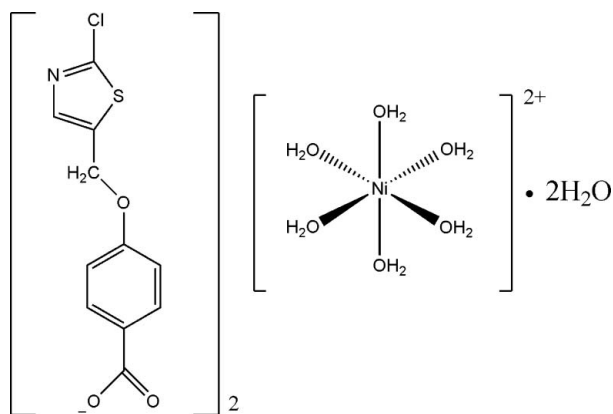
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 291$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$ Å; R factor = 0.030; wR factor = 0.076; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.6.

In the title compound, $[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6](\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_7\text{ClNO}_3\text{S})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$, the Ni^{II} atom lies on an inversion center and is six-coordinate in an octahedral environment of water molecules. The cation and anion are linked through $\text{O}-\text{H} \cdots \text{O}$ hydrogen bonding involving the coordinated and uncoordinated water molecules into a three-dimensional network.

Related literature

For the synthesis of 4-[(2-chloro-5-thiazolyl)methoxy]benzoic acid, see: Mirci (1990).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Ni}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6](\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_7\text{ClNO}_3\text{S})_2 \cdot 2\text{H}_2\text{O}$
 $M_r = 740.21$
 Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
 $a = 7.1844$ (4) Å
 $b = 7.2084$ (4) Å
 $c = 15.5621$ (8) Å
 $\alpha = 78.388$ (1)°
 $\beta = 81.285$ (1)°
 $\gamma = 71.734$ (1)°
 $V = 746.26$ (7) Å³
 $Z = 1$
 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 1.04$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 291$ (2) K
 $0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.08$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku R-Axis RAPID diffractometer
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.819$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.921$
 4613 measured reflections
 2862 independent reflections
 2496 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.012$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.075$
 $S = 1.06$
 2862 reflections
 196 parameters
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.36$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.22$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H} \cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H} \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D-\text{H} \cdots A$
$\text{O4}-\text{H8} \cdots \text{O7}^{\text{i}}$	0.85	2.05	2.903 (2)	175
$\text{O4}-\text{H9} \cdots \text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.85	1.93	2.776 (2)	172
$\text{O5}-\text{H10} \cdots \text{N1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.85	2.01	2.858 (2)	173
$\text{O5}-\text{H11} \cdots \text{O7}^{\text{iv}}$	0.85	1.91	2.750 (2)	173
$\text{O6}-\text{H12} \cdots \text{O1}$	0.85	1.94	2.781 (2)	171
$\text{O6}-\text{H13} \cdots \text{O1}^{\text{i}}$	0.85	1.90	2.747 (2)	177
$\text{O7}-\text{H14} \cdots \text{O1}$	0.85	1.88	2.718 (2)	169

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$; (ii) $x + 1, y - 1, z$; (iii) $-x + 2, -y, -z$; (iv) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *RAPID-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *RAPID-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MS, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2435).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, m585 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808007836]

Hexaaquanickel(II) bis{4-[(2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)methoxy]benzoate} dihydrate**Hong-Kun Zhang, Jin-Sheng Gao, Xiao-Hui Jiang and Guang-Feng Hou****S1. Comment**

Simple carboxylic acids exhibit a variety of superamolecular aggregation patterns. Recently, our attention has been focused on 4-[(2-Chloro-5-thiazolyl)methoxy]Benzoic acid, it is an intermediate used in the synthesis of pesticide. In this paper, we report a new complex, (I), synthesized by the reaction of 4-[(2-chloro-5-thiazolyl)methoxy]benzoic acid and nickel(II) nitrate hexahydrate in an aqueous solution.

The asymmetric unit of (I) consists of a hexaaquanickel(II) cation, two 4-[(2-chloro-5-thiazolyl)methoxy]benzoate anions and two uncoordinated water molecules (Fig. 1). The Ni(II) atom lies on an inversion and is coordinated by six water molecules in an octahedral environment. The anion is almost planar, the largest deviation being 0.136 (5) Å for atom C11.

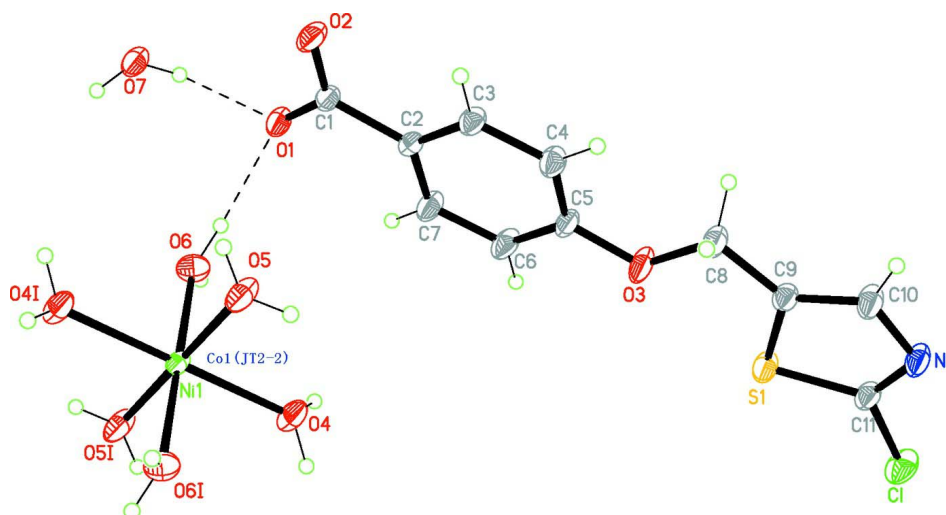
All cations, anions and uncoordinated water molecules are linked through O—H...O hydrogen bonds, resulting in a three-dimensional supramolecular network (Fig. 2; Table 1).

S2. Experimental

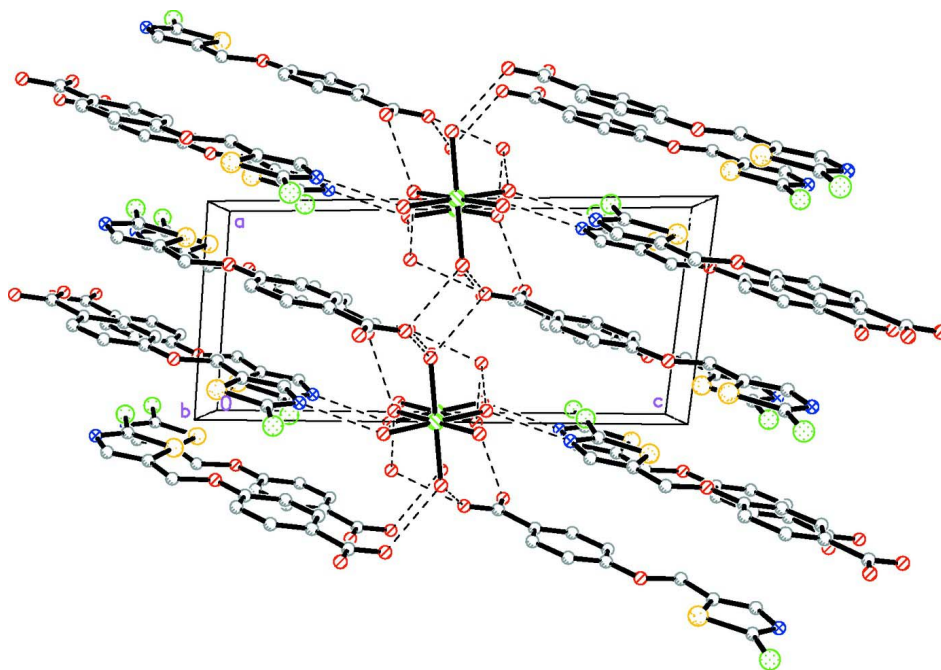
4-[(2-Chloro-5-thiazolyl)methoxy]benzoic acid was prepared by substitute reaction of 4-hydroxybenzoic acid and 2-chloro-5-chloromethoxythiazol under basic conditions (Stephen *et al.*, 2000). Nickel nitrate hexahydrate (0.582 g, 2 mmol) and 4-[(2-Chloro-5-thiazolyl)methoxy]benzoic acid (0.538 g, 2 mmol) were dissolved in water (15 ml) and the pH was adjusted to 7 with 0.01 mol/L sodium hydroxide. Jade-green crystals separated from filtered after several days.

S3. Refinement

H atoms bound to C atoms were placed in calculated positions and treated as riding on their parent atoms, with C—H = 0.93 Å (aromatic C), C—H = 0.97 Å (methylene C), and with $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. Water H atoms were initially located in a difference Fourier map but they were treated as riding on their parent atoms with O—H = 0.85 Å, $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{O})$.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of (I) with the atom labeling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii. A dashed line indicates the intermolecular O—H...O hydrogen-bonding interaction. [Symmetry code: (i) $2 - x, -y, 1 - z$]

**Figure 2**

A partial packing view, showing the three-dimensional network. Dashed lines indicate the hydrogen-bonding interactions. The H atoms have been omitted for clarity.

Hexaaquanickel(II) bis{4-[(2-chlorothiazol-5-yl)methoxy]benzoate} dihydrate

Crystal data

[Ni(H₂O)₆](C₁₁H₇ClNO₃S)₂·2H₂O $M_r = 740.21$ Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$

Hall symbol: -P 1

 $a = 7.1844$ (4) Å $b = 7.2084$ (4) Å $c = 15.5621$ (8) Å $\alpha = 78.388$ (1)° $\beta = 81.285$ (1)° $\gamma = 71.734$ (1)° $V = 746.26$ (7) Å³ $Z = 1$ $F(000) = 382$ $D_x = 1.647$ Mg m⁻³Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 4613 reflections

 $\theta = 2.7$ – 28.2 ° $\mu = 1.04$ mm⁻¹ $T = 291$ K

Block, green

 $0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.08$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 ω scan

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)

 $T_{\min} = 0.819$, $T_{\max} = 0.922$

4613 measured reflections

2862 independent reflections

2496 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.012$ $\theta_{\max} = 26.0$ °, $\theta_{\min} = 2.7$ ° $h = -8 \rightarrow 8$ $k = -4 \rightarrow 8$ $l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$ $wR(F^2) = 0.076$ $S = 1.06$

2862 reflections

196 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0324P)^2 + 0.4113P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.36$ e Å⁻³ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22$ e Å⁻³

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.4407 (3)	0.4075 (3)	0.34973 (14)	0.0299 (5)
C2	0.5199 (3)	0.3065 (3)	0.27064 (14)	0.0290 (4)
C3	0.5491 (3)	0.4165 (3)	0.18875 (14)	0.0341 (5)

H1	0.5231	0.5528	0.1836	0.041*
C4	0.6166 (3)	0.3275 (3)	0.11385 (15)	0.0377 (5)
H2	0.6367	0.4031	0.0593	0.045*
C5	0.6532 (3)	0.1257 (3)	0.12194 (14)	0.0357 (5)
C6	0.6261 (4)	0.0128 (3)	0.20322 (15)	0.0454 (6)
H3	0.6515	-0.1234	0.2081	0.055*
C7	0.5612 (4)	0.1027 (3)	0.27714 (15)	0.0414 (6)
H4	0.5450	0.0260	0.3318	0.050*
C8	0.7285 (4)	0.1271 (3)	-0.03345 (14)	0.0404 (5)
H6	0.8182	0.2060	-0.0388	0.048*
H5	0.5999	0.2151	-0.0474	0.048*
C9	0.8018 (3)	-0.0208 (3)	-0.09460 (14)	0.0336 (5)
C10	0.8419 (4)	0.0072 (4)	-0.18299 (15)	0.0444 (6)
H7	0.8252	0.1330	-0.2162	0.053*
C11	0.9178 (3)	-0.3136 (3)	-0.16161 (15)	0.0369 (5)
Cl1	0.99611 (11)	-0.54983 (9)	-0.18443 (5)	0.05607 (19)
N1	0.9093 (3)	-0.1615 (3)	-0.22133 (13)	0.0431 (5)
Ni1	1.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.02618 (11)
O1	0.4168 (2)	0.2996 (2)	0.42325 (10)	0.0360 (4)
O2	0.4022 (2)	0.5919 (2)	0.33923 (10)	0.0420 (4)
O3	0.7165 (3)	0.0213 (2)	0.05258 (10)	0.0521 (5)
O4	1.0411 (2)	-0.1930 (2)	0.41173 (11)	0.0435 (4)
H8	0.9563	-0.2515	0.4097	0.065*
H9	1.1530	-0.2663	0.3946	0.065*
O5	0.9559 (3)	0.2269 (2)	0.39824 (11)	0.0519 (5)
H10	1.0058	0.2093	0.3463	0.078*
H11	0.8994	0.3483	0.4014	0.078*
O6	0.7076 (2)	0.0327 (2)	0.52300 (11)	0.0403 (4)
H12	0.6286	0.1176	0.4888	0.061*
H13	0.6671	-0.0686	0.5411	0.061*
O7	0.2566 (2)	0.3897 (2)	0.58489 (11)	0.0418 (4)
H15	0.3537	0.3765	0.6131	0.063*
H14	0.3016	0.3778	0.5319	0.063*
S1	0.84843 (10)	-0.26984 (9)	-0.05532 (4)	0.04168 (16)

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0288 (10)	0.0311 (12)	0.0304 (11)	-0.0066 (9)	-0.0005 (8)	-0.0112 (9)
C2	0.0305 (10)	0.0267 (11)	0.0279 (11)	-0.0039 (8)	-0.0003 (8)	-0.0090 (9)
C3	0.0447 (12)	0.0248 (11)	0.0319 (12)	-0.0084 (9)	0.0001 (9)	-0.0082 (9)
C4	0.0515 (13)	0.0326 (12)	0.0258 (11)	-0.0108 (10)	0.0030 (10)	-0.0049 (9)
C5	0.0450 (12)	0.0313 (12)	0.0270 (11)	-0.0040 (10)	0.0032 (9)	-0.0126 (9)
C6	0.0708 (17)	0.0232 (12)	0.0336 (13)	-0.0049 (11)	0.0067 (12)	-0.0080 (10)
C7	0.0600 (15)	0.0301 (12)	0.0268 (11)	-0.0074 (11)	0.0080 (10)	-0.0065 (10)
C8	0.0577 (14)	0.0332 (13)	0.0272 (12)	-0.0087 (11)	0.0025 (10)	-0.0104 (10)
C9	0.0417 (12)	0.0282 (11)	0.0291 (11)	-0.0076 (9)	0.0003 (9)	-0.0075 (9)
C10	0.0702 (16)	0.0297 (12)	0.0284 (12)	-0.0098 (11)	0.0028 (11)	-0.0071 (10)

C11	0.0434 (12)	0.0328 (12)	0.0327 (12)	-0.0067 (10)	0.0022 (10)	-0.0126 (10)
C11	0.0756 (5)	0.0341 (3)	0.0554 (4)	-0.0099 (3)	0.0077 (3)	-0.0205 (3)
N1	0.0622 (13)	0.0352 (11)	0.0283 (10)	-0.0085 (9)	0.0044 (9)	-0.0130 (9)
Ni1	0.0301 (2)	0.0224 (2)	0.0240 (2)	-0.00492 (15)	0.00206 (14)	-0.00691 (15)
O1	0.0464 (9)	0.0331 (8)	0.0274 (8)	-0.0104 (7)	0.0037 (7)	-0.0098 (7)
O2	0.0575 (10)	0.0278 (8)	0.0362 (9)	-0.0050 (7)	0.0040 (7)	-0.0130 (7)
O3	0.0902 (14)	0.0318 (9)	0.0255 (8)	-0.0070 (9)	0.0071 (8)	-0.0114 (7)
O4	0.0432 (9)	0.0421 (10)	0.0493 (10)	-0.0121 (7)	0.0064 (7)	-0.0255 (8)
O5	0.0836 (13)	0.0268 (9)	0.0277 (8)	0.0023 (8)	0.0087 (8)	-0.0048 (7)
O6	0.0340 (8)	0.0358 (9)	0.0482 (10)	-0.0101 (7)	0.0004 (7)	-0.0035 (7)
O7	0.0494 (9)	0.0378 (9)	0.0371 (9)	-0.0085 (7)	0.0032 (7)	-0.0159 (7)
S1	0.0599 (4)	0.0318 (3)	0.0279 (3)	-0.0089 (3)	0.0050 (3)	-0.0064 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—O2	1.251 (3)	C10—N1	1.380 (3)
C1—O1	1.269 (3)	C10—H7	0.9300
C1—C2	1.503 (3)	C11—N1	1.279 (3)
C2—C3	1.383 (3)	C11—C11	1.710 (2)
C2—C7	1.390 (3)	C11—S1	1.716 (2)
C3—C4	1.393 (3)	Ni1—O5	2.0167 (16)
C3—H1	0.9300	Ni1—O5 ⁱ	2.0167 (16)
C4—C5	1.378 (3)	Ni1—O6 ⁱ	2.0230 (15)
C4—H2	0.9300	Ni1—O6	2.0230 (15)
C5—O3	1.379 (3)	Ni1—O4 ⁱ	2.0732 (15)
C5—C6	1.382 (3)	Ni1—O4	2.0732 (15)
C6—C7	1.381 (3)	O4—H8	0.8499
C6—H3	0.9300	O4—H9	0.8500
C7—H4	0.9300	O5—H10	0.8500
C8—O3	1.406 (3)	O5—H11	0.8500
C8—C9	1.492 (3)	O6—H12	0.8499
C8—H6	0.9700	O6—H13	0.8500
C8—H5	0.9700	O7—H15	0.8499
C9—C10	1.349 (3)	O7—H14	0.8501
C9—S1	1.718 (2)		
O2—C1—O1	124.10 (19)	N1—C10—H7	121.9
O2—C1—C2	118.33 (19)	N1—C11—C11	122.70 (17)
O1—C1—C2	117.58 (19)	N1—C11—S1	116.45 (17)
C3—C2—C7	118.43 (19)	C11—C11—S1	120.85 (14)
C3—C2—C1	120.19 (19)	C11—N1—C10	109.39 (19)
C7—C2—C1	121.36 (19)	O5—Ni1—O5 ⁱ	180.000 (1)
C2—C3—C4	121.4 (2)	O5—Ni1—O6 ⁱ	88.79 (7)
C2—C3—H1	119.3	O5 ⁱ —Ni1—O6 ⁱ	91.21 (7)
C4—C3—H1	119.3	O5—Ni1—O6	91.21 (7)
C5—C4—C3	118.9 (2)	O5 ⁱ —Ni1—O6	88.79 (7)
C5—C4—H2	120.5	O6 ⁱ —Ni1—O6	180.00 (9)
C3—C4—H2	120.5	O5—Ni1—O4 ⁱ	91.14 (7)

C4—C5—O3	124.3 (2)	O5 ⁱ —Ni1—O4 ⁱ	88.86 (7)
C4—C5—C6	120.6 (2)	O6 ⁱ —Ni1—O4 ⁱ	92.92 (6)
O3—C5—C6	115.1 (2)	O6—Ni1—O4 ⁱ	87.08 (6)
C7—C6—C5	119.9 (2)	O5—Ni1—O4	88.86 (7)
C7—C6—H3	120.0	O5 ⁱ —Ni1—O4	91.14 (7)
C5—C6—H3	120.0	O6 ⁱ —Ni1—O4	87.08 (6)
C6—C7—C2	120.7 (2)	O6—Ni1—O4	92.92 (6)
C6—C7—H4	119.6	O4 ⁱ —Ni1—O4	180.0
C2—C7—H4	119.6	C5—O3—C8	118.64 (18)
O3—C8—C9	107.34 (18)	Ni1—O4—H8	121.8
O3—C8—H6	110.2	Ni1—O4—H9	123.8
C9—C8—H6	110.2	H8—O4—H9	107.5
O3—C8—H5	110.2	Ni1—O5—H10	121.0
C9—C8—H5	110.2	Ni1—O5—H11	126.5
H6—C8—H5	108.5	H10—O5—H11	112.2
C10—C9—C8	129.8 (2)	Ni1—O6—H12	120.0
C10—C9—S1	109.38 (17)	Ni1—O6—H13	119.8
C8—C9—S1	120.84 (16)	H12—O6—H13	109.8
C9—C10—N1	116.1 (2)	H15—O7—H14	107.2
C9—C10—H7	121.9	C11—S1—C9	88.63 (11)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+2, -y, -z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> \cdots <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H \cdots <i>A</i>
O4—H8 \cdots O7 ⁱⁱ	0.85	2.05	2.903 (2)	175
O4—H9 \cdots O2 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.85	1.93	2.776 (2)	172
O5—H10 \cdots N1 ^{iv}	0.85	2.01	2.858 (2)	173
O5—H11 \cdots O7 ^v	0.85	1.91	2.750 (2)	173
O6—H12 \cdots O1	0.85	1.94	2.781 (2)	171
O6—H13 \cdots O1 ⁱⁱ	0.85	1.90	2.747 (2)	177
O7—H14 \cdots O1	0.85	1.88	2.718 (2)	169

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$; (iii) $x+1, y-1, z$; (iv) $-x+2, -y, -z$; (v) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.