

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

catena-Poly[[diaquacadmium(II)]bis( $\mu$ -pyridine-3-sulfonato)- $\kappa^2$ N:O; $\kappa^2$ O:N]Zhi-Hui Qiu,<sup>a,b,\*</sup> Fu-Pei Liang,<sup>a</sup> Qing-Feng Ruan<sup>c</sup> and Shan-Rong Zhao<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>College of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Guangxi Normal University, Guilin 541004, People's Republic of China, <sup>b</sup>Faculty of Earth Sciences, China University of Geosciences, Wuhan 430074, People's Republic of China, and <sup>c</sup>Department of Resources and Environmental Engineering, Guilin University of Technology, Guilin 541004, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: zhihuiqiu299@yahoo.com.cn

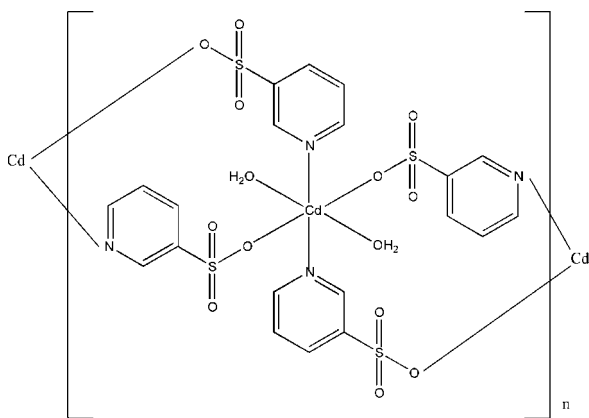
Received 5 March 2008; accepted 21 March 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 294$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.021;  $wR$  factor = 0.054; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.2.

In the title polymeric complex,  $[\text{Cd}(\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{NO}_3\text{S})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]_n$ , the Cd atom is located on a centre of inversion and is coordinated by two O atoms and two N atoms, derived from four different pyridine-3-sulfonate ligands, and two O atoms derived from two water molecules, forming a distorted *trans*- $\text{N}_2\text{O}_4$  octahedral geometry. The topology of the polymer is a one-dimensional chain mediated by bridging pyridine-3-sulfonate anions. These are connected into a three-dimensional architecture *via* hydrogen bonds.

## Related literature

For related literature, see: Allen (2002). For related structures, see: Brodersen *et al.* (1980); Chandrasekhar (1977); Cotton *et al.* (1992*a,b*); van der Lee & Barboiu (2004); Mäkinen *et al.* (2001); Walsh & Hathaway (1980).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

$[\text{Cd}(\text{C}_5\text{H}_4\text{NO}_3\text{S})_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$   
 $M_r = 464.74$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 7.7480$  (11) Å  
 $b = 13.264$  (2) Å  
 $c = 7.3291$  (11) Å  
 $\beta = 97.081$  (2)°

$V = 747.47$  (19) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 2$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 1.78$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 294$  (2) K  
 $0.26 \times 0.22 \times 0.18$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 1998)  
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.674$ ,  $T_{\text{max}} = 0.740$

4111 measured reflections  
 1520 independent reflections  
 1396 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$

## Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.021$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.053$   
 $S = 1.10$   
 1520 reflections  
 115 parameters

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.42$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.73$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{C5}-\text{H5}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.39	3.256 (3)	155
$\text{C4}-\text{H4}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.55	3.422 (3)	157
$\text{O4}-\text{H4B}\cdots\text{O3}^{\text{iii}}$	0.79 (3)	1.99 (4)	2.780 (3)	176 (3)
$\text{O4}-\text{H4A}\cdots\text{O2}^{\text{iv}}$	0.81 (3)	1.98 (3)	2.773 (3)	168 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x-1, -y+\frac{3}{2}, z-\frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, y+\frac{1}{2}, -z+\frac{3}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, y-\frac{1}{2}, -z+\frac{3}{2}$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$ .

Data collection: SMART (Bruker, 1998); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 1998); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

This work was supported by the Natural Science Foundation of Guangxi (GuiKeJi0639031), People's Republic of China. This research was also sponsored by the Program for Hundred Outstanding Young Teachers in Higher Education Institutions of Guangxi, People's Republic of China.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: TK2252).

## References

- Allen, F. H. (2002). *Acta Cryst.* **B58**, 380–388.  
 Brodersen, K., Dolling, R. & Liehr, G. (1980). *Z. Anorg. Allg. Chem.* **464**, 17–22.  
 Bruker (1998). SMART, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.  
 Chandrasekhar, K. (1977). *Acta Cryst.* **B33**, 143–145.  
 Cotton, F. A., Daniels, L. M., Montero, M. L. & Murillo, C. A. (1992*b*). *Polyhedron*, **11**, 2767–2774.  
 Cotton, F. A., Daniels, L. M. & Murillo, C. A. (1992*a*). *Polyhedron*, **11**, 2475–2481.  
 Lee, A. van der & Barboiu, M. (2004). *Acta Cryst.* **E60**, m421–m423.  
 Mäkinen, S. K., Melcer, N. J., Parvez, M. & Shimizu, G. K. H. (2001). *Chem. Eur. J.* **7**, 5176–5182.  
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.  
 Walsh, B. & Hathaway, B. J. (1980). *J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans.* pp. 681–689.

## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2008). E64, m588 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808007770]

**catena-Poly[[diaquacadmium(II)]bis( $\mu$ -pyridine-3-sulfonato)- $\kappa^2$ N:O; $\kappa^2$ O:N]**

Zhi-Hui Qiu, Fu-Pei Liang, Qing-Feng Ruan and Shan-Rong Zhao

**S1. Comment**

Complexes or salts based on pyridinesulfonate are very rare in the Cambridge Structural Database (CSD; Version 5.25; Allen, 2002). A six-coordinate complex with pyridine-3-sulfonate ligands that is closely related to the title complex, (I), has been reported (Walsh & Hathaway, 1980). Other pyridine-3-sulfonate complexes are also available (Brodersen *et al.*, 1980; Cotton *et al.*, 1992a, b; Mäkinen *et al.*, 2001; van der Lee & Barboiu, 2004), as well as that of the acid (Chandrasekhar, 1977).

In (I), Fig. 1, the Cd atom is located on a centre of inversion and is six-coordinated by two N atoms and two O atoms derived from four different pyridine-3-sulfonate molecules, and two O atoms derived from two water molecules. The resulting *trans*-N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>4</sub> donor sets defines a distorted octahedral environment for Cd with angles ranging from 84.76 (7) to 180°, Cd—O distances in the range 2.2872 (18) to 2.3113 (17) Å, and Cd—N distances of 2.3233 (18) and 2.3234 (18) Å.

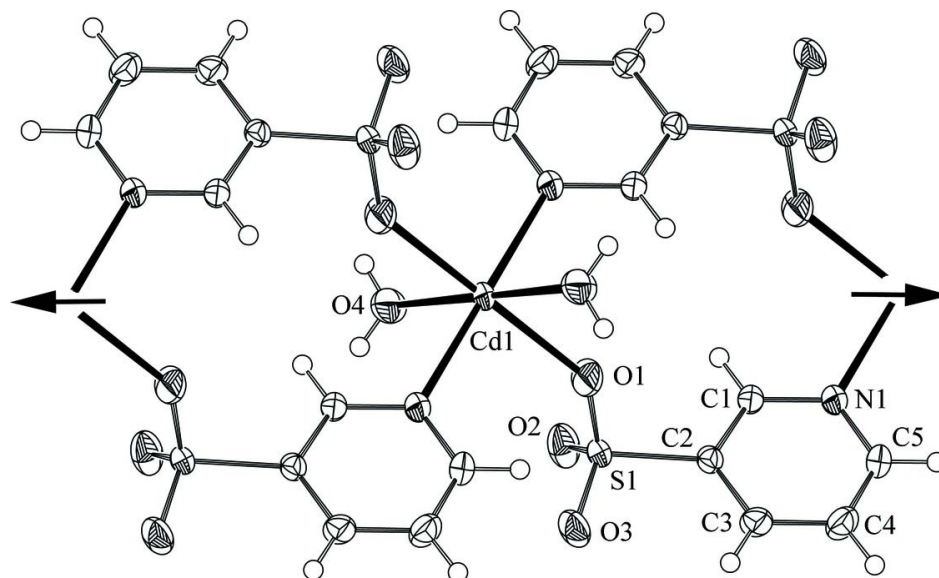
The molecules aggregate *via* bridging pyridine-3-sulfonate anions to form a chain. In the crystal structure, chains are linked into a 3-D architecture *via* hydrogen bonding interactions, Table 1 & Fig. 2.

**S2. Experimental**

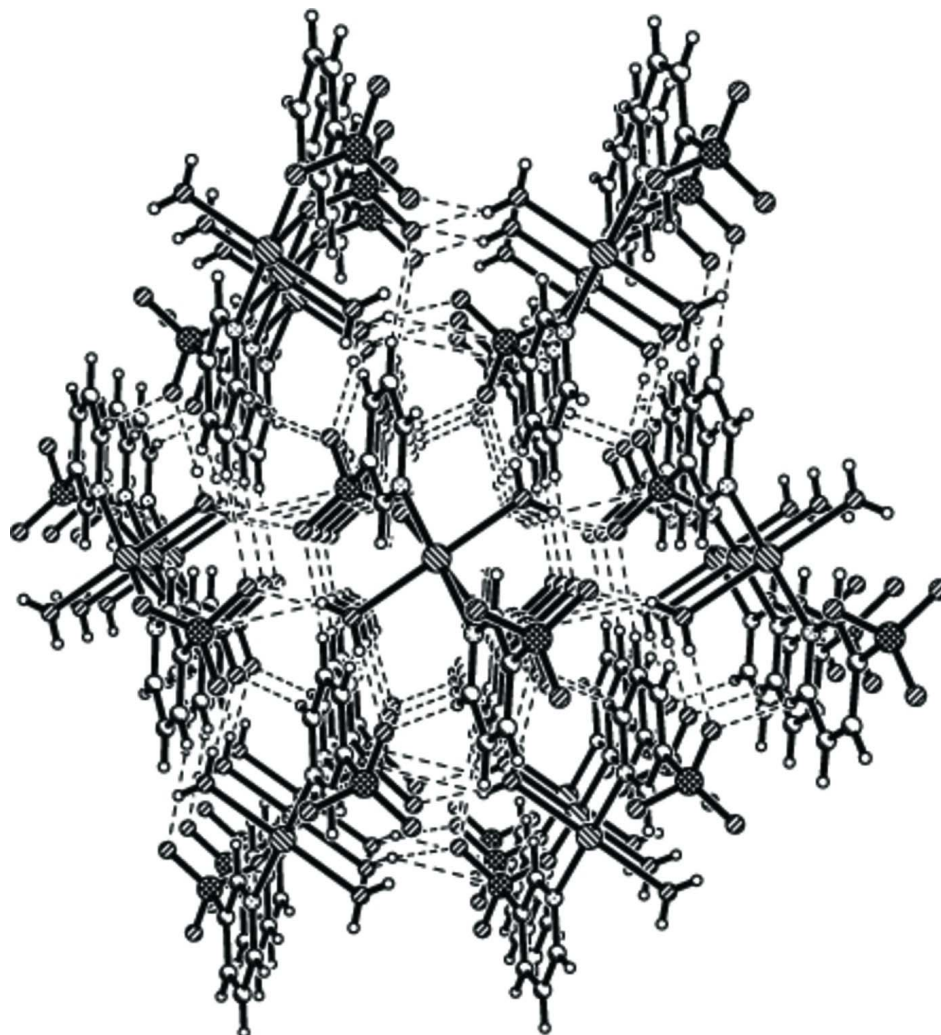
Pyridine-3-sulfonate, (1 mmol, 159 mg) was dissolved in methanol (A.R., 99.9%) (10 ml). To the resulting clear solution was added CdCl<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (0.5 mmol, 149 mg) in methanol (10 ml). After keeping the resulting mixture in air to evaporate about half of the solvent, colourless blocks of (I) were deposited. The crystals were isolated, washed with ethanol three times (Yield 74%). Analysis: found: C, 25.98; H, 2.66; N, 6.08; S, 13.84; C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>12</sub>CdN<sub>2</sub>O<sub>8</sub>S<sub>2</sub> requires: C, 25.82; H, 2.58; N, 6.02; S, 14.27.

**S3. Refinement**

The C-bound H atoms were included in the riding model approximation with C—H = 0.93–0.96 Å, and with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C) - 1.5U_{eq}(C)$ . The water-bound H atoms were located in difference Fourier maps and the O—H distances were refined without constraint, see Table 1 for distances.

**Figure 1**

Extended structure in (I) showing the coordination geometry for the Cd atom, the atom labelling scheme and displacement ellipsoids at the 50% probability level. The Cd atom is located at a center of inversion.



**Figure 2**

Crystal packing of (I) viewed approximately down the *a*-direction showing the hydrogen bonding interactions as dashed lines.

***catena*-Poly[[diaquacadmium(II)]bis( $\mu$ -pyridine-3-sulfonato)- $\kappa^2$ N:O; $\kappa^2$ O:N]**

*Crystal data*

[Cd(C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>4</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>S)<sub>2</sub>(H<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>2</sub>]

*M<sub>r</sub>* = 464.74

Monoclinic, *P*2<sub>1</sub>/*c*

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

*a* = 7.7480 (11) Å

*b* = 13.264 (2) Å

*c* = 7.3291 (11) Å

$\beta$  = 97.081 (2)°

*V* = 747.47 (19) Å<sup>3</sup>

*Z* = 2

*F*(000) = 460

*D<sub>x</sub>* = 2.065 Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo *K* $\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda$  = 0.71073 Å

Cell parameters from 3022 reflections

$\theta$  = 3.1–26.3°

$\mu$  = 1.78 mm<sup>-1</sup>

*T* = 294 K

Block, colourless

0.26 × 0.22 × 0.18 mm

*Data collection*

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 1998)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.674$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.740$

4111 measured reflections  
1520 independent reflections  
1396 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.023$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.3^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.7^\circ$   
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 6$   
 $k = -16 \rightarrow 15$   
 $l = -4 \rightarrow 9$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.021$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.053$   
 $S = 1.10$   
1520 reflections  
115 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods  
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0952P)^2 + 1.5031P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.42 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.73 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
Extinction correction: *SHELXL*,  
 $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/\sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$   
Extinction coefficient: 0.087 (3)

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cd1	0.0000	0.5000	0.5000	0.02008 (12)
S1	0.71583 (7)	0.62259 (4)	0.77922 (8)	0.02183 (15)
N1	0.2044 (2)	0.62074 (14)	0.6090 (3)	0.0246 (4)
O1	0.7687 (2)	0.57880 (16)	0.6122 (3)	0.0449 (5)
O2	0.7069 (2)	0.54880 (14)	0.9231 (3)	0.0392 (5)
O3	0.8146 (2)	0.71095 (13)	0.8402 (3)	0.0377 (4)
C1	0.3697 (3)	0.59388 (16)	0.6647 (3)	0.0234 (5)
H1	0.3979	0.5257	0.6722	0.028*
C2	0.4994 (3)	0.66450 (17)	0.7113 (3)	0.0202 (4)
C3	0.4585 (3)	0.76576 (17)	0.7005 (4)	0.0276 (5)
H3	0.5439	0.8143	0.7300	0.033*
C4	0.2885 (3)	0.79362 (18)	0.6450 (4)	0.0317 (5)
H4	0.2572	0.8613	0.6380	0.038*
C5	0.1657 (3)	0.71933 (18)	0.6000 (3)	0.0268 (5)
H5	0.0514	0.7385	0.5619	0.032*

O4	0.0841 (3)	0.40325 (16)	0.7537 (3)	0.0359 (4)
H4A	0.140 (4)	0.426 (2)	0.845 (5)	0.046 (10)*
H4B	0.113 (4)	0.348 (3)	0.733 (5)	0.043 (9)*

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cd1	0.01370 (15)	0.02211 (16)	0.02355 (16)	0.00007 (8)	-0.00117 (9)	-0.00150 (8)
S1	0.0152 (3)	0.0238 (3)	0.0254 (3)	-0.0008 (2)	-0.0021 (2)	-0.0035 (2)
N1	0.0181 (9)	0.0241 (9)	0.0305 (10)	0.0004 (8)	-0.0018 (8)	-0.0032 (8)
O1	0.0238 (9)	0.0694 (14)	0.0411 (11)	0.0142 (9)	0.0027 (8)	-0.0210 (10)
O2	0.0327 (10)	0.0345 (10)	0.0475 (12)	-0.0032 (8)	-0.0070 (8)	0.0145 (9)
O3	0.0270 (9)	0.0304 (9)	0.0518 (11)	-0.0079 (7)	-0.0107 (8)	-0.0012 (9)
C1	0.0191 (11)	0.0197 (10)	0.0301 (12)	0.0014 (8)	-0.0016 (9)	-0.0018 (9)
C2	0.0173 (10)	0.0245 (11)	0.0189 (10)	0.0005 (8)	0.0022 (8)	-0.0020 (8)
C3	0.0231 (11)	0.0207 (11)	0.0391 (13)	-0.0044 (9)	0.0049 (10)	-0.0049 (10)
C4	0.0297 (13)	0.0211 (11)	0.0444 (15)	0.0042 (10)	0.0047 (11)	-0.0008 (10)
C5	0.0187 (11)	0.0296 (12)	0.0313 (12)	0.0056 (9)	-0.0001 (9)	-0.0007 (10)
O4	0.0454 (11)	0.0315 (10)	0.0280 (10)	0.0043 (9)	-0.0059 (8)	0.0025 (8)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Cd1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	2.2872 (18)	O1—Cd1 <sup>iv</sup>	2.3113 (17)
Cd1—O4	2.2873 (18)	C1—C2	1.386 (3)
Cd1—O1 <sup>ii</sup>	2.3113 (17)	C1—H1	0.9300
Cd1—O1 <sup>iii</sup>	2.3113 (17)	C2—C3	1.380 (3)
Cd1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	2.3233 (18)	C3—C4	1.380 (4)
Cd1—N1	2.3234 (18)	C3—H3	0.9300
S1—O3	1.4404 (18)	C4—C5	1.382 (3)
S1—O2	1.4466 (19)	C4—H4	0.9300
S1—O1	1.4587 (19)	C5—H5	0.9300
S1—C2	1.779 (2)	O4—H4A	0.81 (3)
N1—C5	1.341 (3)	O4—H4B	0.79 (3)
N1—C1	1.344 (3)		
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Cd1—O4	180	C5—N1—Cd1	121.09 (15)
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Cd1—O1 <sup>ii</sup>	83.10 (8)	C1—N1—Cd1	120.36 (15)
O4—Cd1—O1 <sup>ii</sup>	96.90 (8)	S1—O1—Cd1 <sup>iv</sup>	142.09 (12)
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Cd1—O1 <sup>iii</sup>	96.90 (8)	N1—C1—C2	122.1 (2)
O4—Cd1—O1 <sup>iii</sup>	83.10 (8)	N1—C1—H1	119.0
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Cd1—O1 <sup>iii</sup>	180	C2—C1—H1	119.0
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Cd1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	89.62 (7)	C3—C2—C1	119.3 (2)
O4—Cd1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	90.38 (7)	C3—C2—S1	121.48 (17)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Cd1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	84.76 (7)	C1—C2—S1	119.21 (17)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Cd1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	95.24 (7)	C4—C3—C2	118.8 (2)
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Cd1—N1	90.37 (7)	C4—C3—H3	120.6
O4—Cd1—N1	89.63 (7)	C2—C3—H3	120.6
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Cd1—N1	95.24 (7)	C3—C4—C5	118.9 (2)

O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Cd1—N1	84.76 (7)	C3—C4—H4	120.5
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Cd1—N1	180	C5—C4—H4	120.5
O3—S1—O2	113.30 (12)	N1—C5—C4	122.7 (2)
O3—S1—O1	113.01 (13)	N1—C5—H5	118.6
O2—S1—O1	112.70 (13)	C4—C5—H5	118.6
O3—S1—C2	106.20 (11)	Cd1—O4—H4A	122 (2)
O2—S1—C2	106.70 (11)	Cd1—O4—H4B	115 (2)
O1—S1—C2	104.03 (10)	H4A—O4—H4B	112 (3)
C5—N1—C1	118.18 (19)		
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Cd1—N1—C5	42.65 (19)	N1—C1—C2—S1	-178.71 (18)
O4—Cd1—N1—C5	-137.35 (19)	O3—S1—C2—C3	8.3 (2)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Cd1—N1—C5	-40.45 (19)	O2—S1—C2—C3	129.5 (2)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Cd1—N1—C5	139.55 (19)	O1—S1—C2—C3	-111.2 (2)
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Cd1—N1—C1	-130.30 (18)	O3—S1—C2—C1	-173.02 (19)
O4—Cd1—N1—C1	49.70 (18)	O2—S1—C2—C1	-51.9 (2)
O1 <sup>ii</sup> —Cd1—N1—C1	146.60 (18)	O1—S1—C2—C1	67.5 (2)
O1 <sup>iii</sup> —Cd1—N1—C1	-33.40 (18)	C1—C2—C3—C4	0.6 (4)
O3—S1—O1—Cd1 <sup>iv</sup>	65.4 (2)	S1—C2—C3—C4	179.29 (19)
O2—S1—O1—Cd1 <sup>iv</sup>	-64.7 (2)	C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.8 (4)
C2—S1—O1—Cd1 <sup>iv</sup>	-179.9 (2)	C1—N1—C5—C4	0.2 (4)
C5—N1—C1—C2	-0.4 (3)	Cd1—N1—C5—C4	-172.90 (19)
Cd1—N1—C1—C2	172.76 (16)	C3—C4—C5—N1	0.4 (4)
N1—C1—C2—C3	0.0 (3)		

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $x-1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$ ; (iv)  $x+1, y, z$ .

*Hydrogen-bond geometry* ( $\text{\AA}, ^\circ$ )

<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> $\cdots$ <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H $\cdots$ <i>A</i>
C5—H5 $\cdots$ O3 <sup>v</sup>	0.93	2.39	3.256 (3)	155
C4—H4 $\cdots$ O2 <sup>vi</sup>	0.93	2.55	3.422 (3)	157
O4—H4B $\cdots$ O3 <sup>vii</sup>	0.79 (3)	1.99 (4)	2.780 (3)	176 (3)
O4—H4A $\cdots$ O2 <sup>viii</sup>	0.81 (3)	1.98 (3)	2.773 (3)	168 (3)

Symmetry codes: (v)  $x-1, -y+3/2, z-1/2$ ; (vi)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z+3/2$ ; (vii)  $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+3/2$ ; (viii)  $-x+1, -y+1, -z+2$ .