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(S)-1-Methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethanaminium chloride

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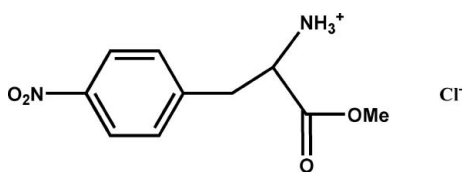
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 298$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å;
R factor = 0.049; wR factor = 0.112; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.9.

The title compound, $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4^+\cdot\text{Cl}^-$, comprises a Cl^- anion and a protonated aminium cation. The crystal packing is stabilized by cation–anion $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$ hydrogen bonds and $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds, building an infinite two-dimensional network parallel to the (001) plane. The *S* absolute configuration at the chiral center was deduced from the synthetic pathway and confirmed by the X-ray analysis.

Related literature

For details of α -amino acid derivatives as precursors for the synthesis of novel biologically active compounds, see: Lucchese *et al.* (2007); Arki *et al.* (2004); Hauck *et al.* (2006); Dai *et al.* (2008); Azim *et al.* (2006).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}_2\text{O}_4^+\cdot\text{Cl}^-$ $M_r = 260.67$ Monoclinic, $P2_1$ $a = 4.825$ (3) Å $b = 8.426$ (3) Å $c = 15.111$ (9) Å $\beta = 95.64$ (4)° $V = 611.4$ (6) Å³ $Z = 2$ Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.32$ mm⁻¹ $T = 298$ (2) K

0.25 × 0.18 × 0.17 mm

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury2 diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)
 $T_{\min} = 0.931$, $T_{\max} = 0.942$

6215 measured reflections
2751 independent reflections
2077 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.112$
 $S = 1.03$
2751 reflections
154 parameters
1 restraint

H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.17$ e Å⁻³
Absolute structure: Flack (1983),
1259 Friedel pairs
Flack parameter: -0.03 (9)

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H11B}\cdots\text{O4}^{\text{i}}$	0.89	2.31	2.929 (4)	127
$\text{N2}-\text{H11B}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{i}}$	0.89	2.71	3.380 (3)	133
$\text{N2}-\text{H11C}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.89	2.42	3.175 (3)	143
$\text{N2}-\text{H11A}\cdots\text{Cl1}$	0.89	2.34	3.151 (3)	151

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + 1$; (ii) $x - 1, y, z$.

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: DN2364).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o1460 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808020874]

(S)-1-Methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethanaminium chloride**Xiao-Chun Wen****S1. Comment**

α -Amino acid derivatives are important molecules due to their pharmacological properties. Recently, there has been an increased interest in the enantiomeric preparation of α -amino acid derivatives as precursors for the synthesis of novel biologically active compounds (Lucchese *et al.*, (2007); Arki *et al.*, (2004); Hauck *et al.*, (2006); Azim *et al.*, (2006); Dai *et al.*, (2008)). Here we report the crystal structure of the title compound.

The title compound is built up from a Cl⁻ anion and a protonated amino group cation (Fig. 1). The nitro group and the benzene ring are nearly planar, they are only twisted to each other by a torsion angles of C2-C1-N1-O1 (2.1 (7)°) and C6-C1-N1-O2 (4.4 (7)°), and the methyl 2-aminopropanoate substituent group is a zig-zag chain.

The crystal packing is stabilized by cation-anion N—H \cdots Cl H-bonds and N—H \cdots O H-bonds building an infinite two-dimensional network developing parallel to the (0 0 1) plane. (Table 1, Fig. 2).

The *S* absolute configuration at C8 is deduced from the synthetic pathway and confirmed by the X-ray analyses.

S2. Experimental

Under nitrogen protection, 2-amino-3-phenylpropanoic acid (30 mmol), nitric acid (50 mmol) and sulfuric acid (20 mmol) were added in a flask. The mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 3 h. The resulting solution was poured into ice water (100 mL), then filtered and washed with distilled water. The nitration amino acid was esterified with H₂SO₄ and CH₃OH at 110 °C for 12 h, the crude product was obtained by evaporated the solution, and then recrystallized with distilled water by adding 1 ml HCl to yield colorless block-like crystals, suitable for X-ray analysis.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms attached to C atoms and N atoms were fixed geometrically and treated as riding with C—H = 0.96 Å (methyl), 0.97 Å (methylene), 0.98 Å (methine), 0.93 Å (aromatic) and N—H = 0.89 Å with U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C except methyl) or U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(N and methyl C).

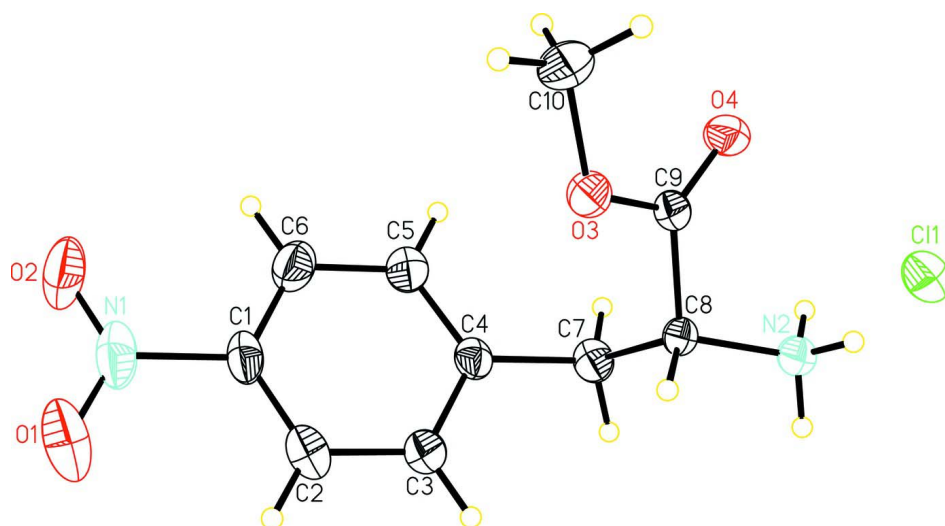


Figure 1

A view of the title compound with the atomic numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids were drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

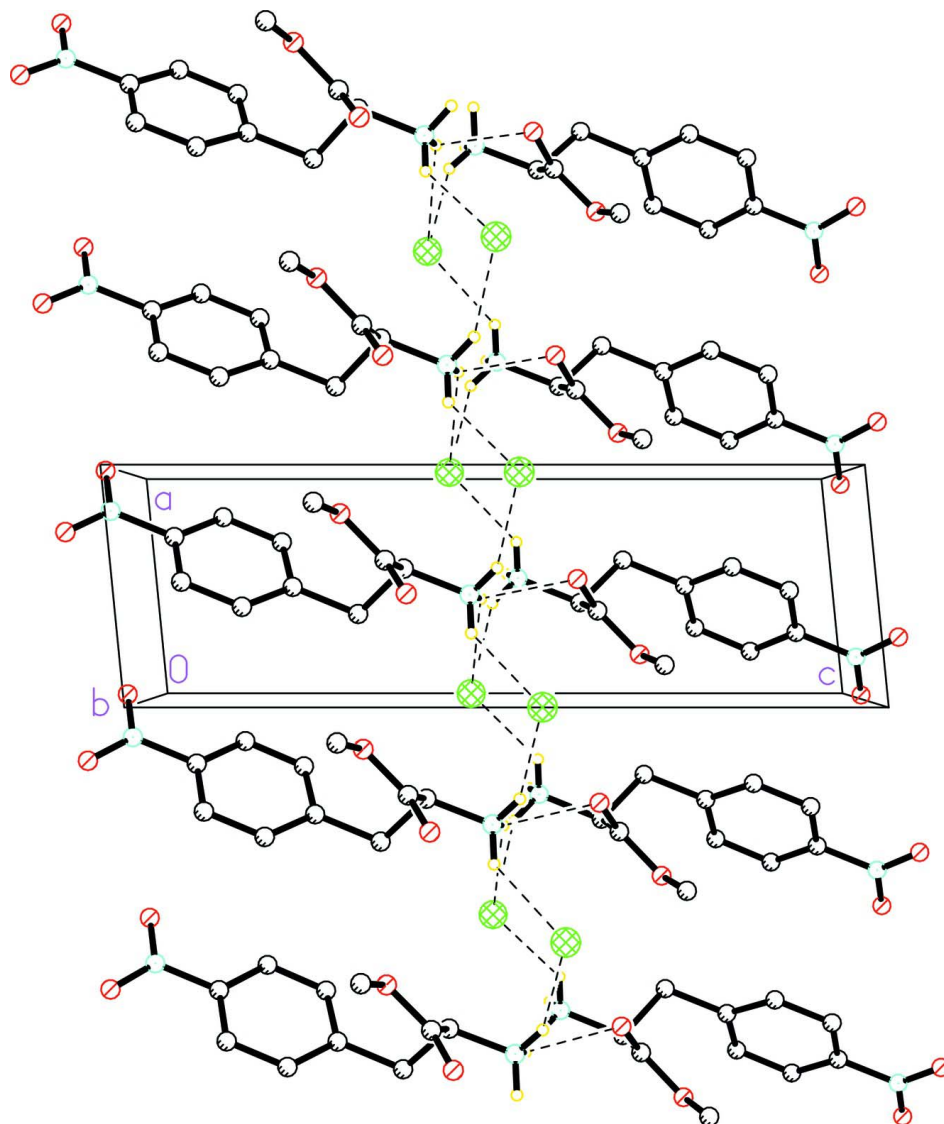


Figure 2

The crystal packing of the title compound viewed along the *b* axis and all hydrogen atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding (dashed lines) were omitted for clarity.

(S)-1-Methoxycarbonyl-2-(4-nitrophenyl)ethanaminium chloride

Crystal data

$C_{10}H_{13}N_2O_4^+ \cdot Cl^-$

$M_r = 260.67$

Monoclinic, $P2_1$

Hall symbol: $P\ 2_1yb$

$a = 4.825\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 8.426\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 15.111\ (9)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 95.64\ (4)^\circ$

$V = 611.4\ (6)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 272$

$D_x = 1.416\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 1445 reflections

$\theta = 2.4\text{--}27.5^\circ$

$\mu = 0.32\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 298\ \text{K}$

Block, colourless

$0.25 \times 0.18 \times 0.17\ \text{mm}$

*Data collection*Rigaku Mercury2
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 13.6612 pixels mm⁻¹ ω scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan
(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005) $T_{\min} = 0.931$, $T_{\max} = 0.942$

6215 measured reflections

2751 independent reflections

2077 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$ $\theta_{\max} = 27.4^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.7^\circ$ $h = -6 \rightarrow 6$ $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$ $l = -19 \rightarrow 19$ *Refinement*Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.048$ $wR(F^2) = 0.112$ $S = 1.03$

2751 reflections

154 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0476P)^2 + 0.0855P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1259 Friedel
pairsAbsolute structure parameter: -0.03 (9)*Special details*

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R-factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C11	0.98552 (15)	0.75535 (11)	0.54873 (5)	0.0499 (2)
O3	0.8079 (4)	0.7690 (3)	0.30131 (12)	0.0483 (5)
C9	0.6109 (5)	0.7495 (4)	0.35535 (16)	0.0362 (6)
O4	0.4684 (5)	0.8525 (3)	0.38126 (14)	0.0498 (6)
C8	0.5762 (6)	0.5766 (3)	0.37686 (18)	0.0353 (6)
H8A	0.7584	0.5243	0.3803	0.042*
N2	0.4629 (6)	0.5646 (3)	0.46458 (15)	0.0448 (6)
H11A	0.5788	0.6120	0.5058	0.067*
H11B	0.4447	0.4629	0.4787	0.067*
H11C	0.2973	0.6119	0.4617	0.067*
C4	0.4967 (6)	0.4821 (4)	0.21766 (19)	0.0400 (7)
C7	0.3780 (7)	0.4943 (4)	0.3058 (2)	0.0439 (7)
H7A	0.3369	0.3885	0.3262	0.053*
H7B	0.2044	0.5530	0.2980	0.053*

C1	0.7171 (8)	0.4557 (4)	0.0577 (2)	0.0493 (8)
C2	0.8081 (8)	0.3560 (5)	0.1245 (2)	0.0576 (9)
H2C	0.9440	0.2805	0.1165	0.069*
C3	0.6962 (7)	0.3682 (4)	0.2046 (2)	0.0512 (8)
H3A	0.7551	0.2991	0.2506	0.061*
C5	0.4107 (7)	0.5812 (4)	0.1485 (2)	0.0530 (9)
H5A	0.2761	0.6576	0.1561	0.064*
C6	0.5198 (8)	0.5697 (5)	0.0674 (2)	0.0612 (10)
H6A	0.4609	0.6375	0.0207	0.073*
N1	0.8330 (9)	0.4439 (5)	-0.0288 (2)	0.0722 (10)
O1	1.0166 (8)	0.3463 (5)	-0.0366 (2)	0.1027 (12)
O2	0.7365 (9)	0.5296 (5)	-0.0890 (2)	0.1057 (12)
C10	0.8487 (10)	0.9318 (4)	0.2717 (3)	0.0691 (11)
H10A	0.9951	0.9340	0.2331	0.104*
H10B	0.8984	0.9983	0.3224	0.104*
H10C	0.6794	0.9702	0.2402	0.104*

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C11	0.0520 (4)	0.0476 (4)	0.0505 (4)	0.0037 (4)	0.0075 (3)	-0.0092 (4)
O3	0.0588 (12)	0.0420 (12)	0.0475 (11)	-0.0084 (12)	0.0217 (10)	0.0009 (12)
C9	0.0410 (14)	0.0359 (14)	0.0315 (12)	-0.0017 (16)	0.0027 (11)	-0.0029 (15)
O4	0.0582 (14)	0.0403 (12)	0.0521 (13)	0.0093 (11)	0.0123 (11)	0.0021 (11)
C8	0.0429 (16)	0.0342 (15)	0.0303 (14)	0.0008 (13)	0.0109 (12)	0.0018 (12)
N2	0.0599 (17)	0.0372 (14)	0.0390 (14)	-0.0001 (13)	0.0135 (12)	0.0005 (12)
C4	0.0466 (17)	0.0353 (15)	0.0389 (16)	-0.0111 (13)	0.0074 (14)	-0.0071 (13)
C7	0.0428 (17)	0.0444 (18)	0.0460 (17)	-0.0076 (14)	0.0114 (14)	-0.0031 (15)
C1	0.058 (2)	0.056 (2)	0.0364 (17)	-0.0125 (17)	0.0129 (15)	-0.0138 (15)
C2	0.060 (2)	0.062 (2)	0.052 (2)	0.0040 (19)	0.0099 (17)	-0.0160 (19)
C3	0.067 (2)	0.0434 (18)	0.0431 (18)	-0.0007 (17)	0.0073 (16)	-0.0024 (15)
C5	0.060 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.0465 (19)	0.0070 (17)	0.0083 (16)	0.0000 (17)
C6	0.078 (3)	0.064 (2)	0.0403 (19)	-0.006 (2)	0.0023 (18)	0.0038 (18)
N1	0.085 (3)	0.089 (3)	0.0451 (19)	-0.023 (2)	0.0180 (17)	-0.021 (2)
O1	0.094 (2)	0.141 (3)	0.078 (2)	0.008 (2)	0.0345 (19)	-0.035 (2)
O2	0.155 (3)	0.121 (3)	0.0465 (16)	-0.005 (3)	0.0353 (19)	0.0011 (19)
C10	0.090 (3)	0.052 (2)	0.068 (2)	-0.011 (2)	0.022 (2)	0.013 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O3—C9	1.323 (3)	C1—C2	1.353 (5)
O3—C10	1.462 (4)	C1—C6	1.371 (5)
C9—O4	1.196 (4)	C1—N1	1.475 (4)
C9—C8	1.506 (4)	C2—C3	1.377 (4)
C8—N2	1.486 (3)	C2—H2C	0.9300
C8—C7	1.532 (4)	C3—H3A	0.9300
C8—H8A	0.9800	C5—C6	1.384 (5)
N2—H11A	0.8900	C5—H5A	0.9300

N2—H11B	0.8900	C6—H6A	0.9300
N2—H11C	0.8900	N1—O2	1.217 (5)
C4—C5	1.370 (4)	N1—O1	1.223 (5)
C4—C3	1.387 (5)	C10—H10A	0.9600
C4—C7	1.505 (4)	C10—H10B	0.9600
C7—H7A	0.9700	C10—H10C	0.9600
C7—H7B	0.9700		
C9—O3—C10	115.6 (3)	C2—C1—C6	122.2 (3)
O4—C9—O3	125.7 (3)	C2—C1—N1	119.8 (4)
O4—C9—C8	123.5 (3)	C6—C1—N1	118.0 (4)
O3—C9—C8	110.8 (3)	C1—C2—C3	118.9 (3)
N2—C8—C9	108.4 (2)	C1—C2—H2C	120.6
N2—C8—C7	109.6 (2)	C3—C2—H2C	120.6
C9—C8—C7	111.2 (2)	C2—C3—C4	121.0 (3)
N2—C8—H8A	109.2	C2—C3—H3A	119.5
C9—C8—H8A	109.2	C4—C3—H3A	119.5
C7—C8—H8A	109.2	C4—C5—C6	121.4 (3)
C8—N2—H11A	109.5	C4—C5—H5A	119.3
C8—N2—H11B	109.5	C6—C5—H5A	119.3
H11A—N2—H11B	109.5	C1—C6—C5	118.2 (3)
C8—N2—H11C	109.5	C1—C6—H6A	120.9
H11A—N2—H11C	109.5	C5—C6—H6A	120.9
H11B—N2—H11C	109.5	O2—N1—O1	123.7 (4)
C5—C4—C3	118.4 (3)	O2—N1—C1	118.1 (4)
C5—C4—C7	121.4 (3)	O1—N1—C1	118.2 (4)
C3—C4—C7	120.2 (3)	O3—C10—H10A	109.5
C4—C7—C8	112.7 (3)	O3—C10—H10B	109.5
C4—C7—H7A	109.1	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C8—C7—H7A	109.1	O3—C10—H10C	109.5
C4—C7—H7B	109.1	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C8—C7—H7B	109.1	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
H7A—C7—H7B	107.8		
C10—O3—C9—O4	-0.3 (4)	C1—C2—C3—C4	-1.1 (5)
C10—O3—C9—C8	176.6 (3)	C5—C4—C3—C2	0.9 (5)
O4—C9—C8—N2	-29.2 (4)	C7—C4—C3—C2	-179.7 (3)
O3—C9—C8—N2	153.9 (2)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.4 (5)
O4—C9—C8—C7	91.4 (3)	C7—C4—C5—C6	-179.9 (3)
O3—C9—C8—C7	-85.5 (3)	C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.4 (6)
C5—C4—C7—C8	-103.2 (4)	N1—C1—C6—C5	-180.0 (3)
C3—C4—C7—C8	77.3 (4)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.2 (5)
N2—C8—C7—C4	-172.3 (2)	C2—C1—N1—O2	176.2 (4)
C9—C8—C7—C4	67.8 (3)	C6—C1—N1—O2	-4.2 (5)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.8 (6)	C2—C1—N1—O1	-2.3 (5)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-179.6 (3)	C6—C1—N1—O1	177.3 (4)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N2—H11B···O4 ⁱ	0.89	2.31	2.929 (4)	127
N2—H11B···Cl1 ⁱ	0.89	2.71	3.380 (3)	133
N2—H11C···Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.89	2.42	3.175 (3)	143
N2—H11A···Cl1	0.89	2.34	3.151 (3)	151

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y-1/2, -z+1$; (ii) $x-1, y, z$.