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N-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide

B. Thimme Gowda,^{a*} Sabine Foro,^b K. S. Babitha^a and Hartmut Fuess^b

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Mangalore University, Mangalagangothri 574 199, Mangalore, India, and ^bInstitute of Materials Science, Darmstadt University of Technology, Petersenstrasse 23, D-64287 Darmstadt, Germany
Correspondence e-mail: gowdabt@yahoo.com

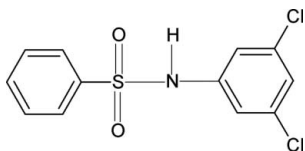
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 299$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005$ Å; R factor = 0.057; wR factor = 0.156; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.8.

In the crystal structure of the title compound, $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}_2\text{S}$, the aromatic rings are aligned at 57.0 (1)°. The molecules form chains *via* intermolecular $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bonds.

Related literature

For the structural systematics of 4,4'-disubstituted aryl benzenesulfonamides, see: Gelbrich *et al.* (2007). For mono- and di-substituted-aryl benzenesulfonamides, see: Gowda *et al.* (2008*a,b*); Tkachev *et al.* (2006). For the spectroscopic analysis of the title compound, see: Shetty & Gowda (2005).



Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_9\text{Cl}_2\text{NO}_2\text{S}$
 $M_r = 302.16$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 8.299$ (2) Å
 $b = 7.215$ (1) Å
 $c = 21.954$ (3) Å
 $\beta = 99.49$ (1)°

$V = 1296.6$ (4) Å³
 $Z = 4$
Cu $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 5.96$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 299$ (2) K
 $0.50 \times 0.50 \times 0.25$ mm

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North *et al.*, 1968)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.129$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.229$
2518 measured reflections

2311 independent reflections
2153 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.050$
3 standard reflections
frequency: 120 min
intensity decay: 1.0%

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.156$
 $S = 1.10$
2311 reflections
167 parameters
1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.59$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.38$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
$\text{N1}-\text{H1N}\cdots\text{O1}^i$	0.856 (10)	2.059 (11)	2.915 (3)	178 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$.

Data collection: *CAD-4-PC* (Enraf–Nonius, 1996); cell refinement: *CAD-4-PC*; data reduction: *REDU4* (Stoe & Cie, 1987); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2003); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2501).

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, o2190 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808034351]

N*-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide*B. Thimme Gowda, Sabine Foro, K. S. Babitha and Hartmut Fuess****S1. Comment**

As part of a study of the substituent effects on the crystal structures of *N*-(aryl)-benzenesulfonamides (Gowda *et al.*, 2008a,b), in the present work, the structure of *N*-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-benzenesulfonamide (N35DCPBSA) has been determined. The conformations of the N—H and S=O bonds in N35DCPBSA are *trans* to each other (Fig.1), similar to that observed in *N*-(3-chlorophenyl)-benzenesulfonamide (N3CPBSA) (Gowda *et al.*, 2008b). The two benzene rings in N35DCPBSA form a dihedral angle of 57.0 (1)°, compared with the value of 65.4 (1)° in N3CPBSA (Gowda *et al.*, 2008b). The other bond parameters in N35DCPBSA are also similar to those observed in N3CPBSA and other *N*-(aryl)-benzenesulfonamides (Gelbrich *et al.*, 2007; Gowda *et al.*, 2008a,b; Tkachev *et al.*, 2006). The packing diagram of N35DCPBSA showing the N—H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) is shown in Fig. 2.

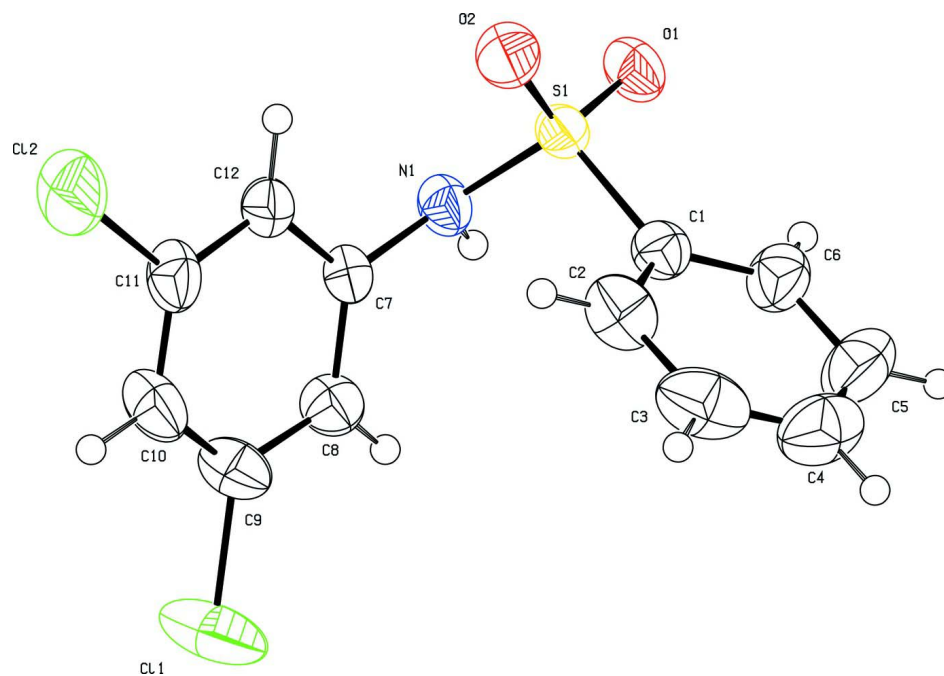
S2. Experimental

The solution of benzene (10 cc) in chloroform (40 cc) was treated dropwise with chlorosulfonic acid (25 cc) at 0 ° C. After the initial evolution of hydrogen chloride subsided, the reaction mixture was brought to room temperature and poured into crushed ice in a beaker. The chloroform layer was separated, washed with cold water and allowed to evaporate slowly. The residual benzenesulfonylchloride was treated with 3,5-dichloroaniline in the stoichiometric ratio and boiled for ten minutes. The reaction mixture was then cooled to room temperature and added to ice cold water (100 cc). The resultant solid *N*-(3,5-dichlorophenyl)-benzenesulfonamide was filtered under suction and washed thoroughly with cold water. It was then recrystallized to constant melting point from dilute ethanol. The purity of the compound was checked and characterized by recording its infrared and NMR spectra (Shetty & Gowda, 2005). The single crystals used in X-ray diffraction studies were grown in ethanolic solution by evaporating it at room temperature.

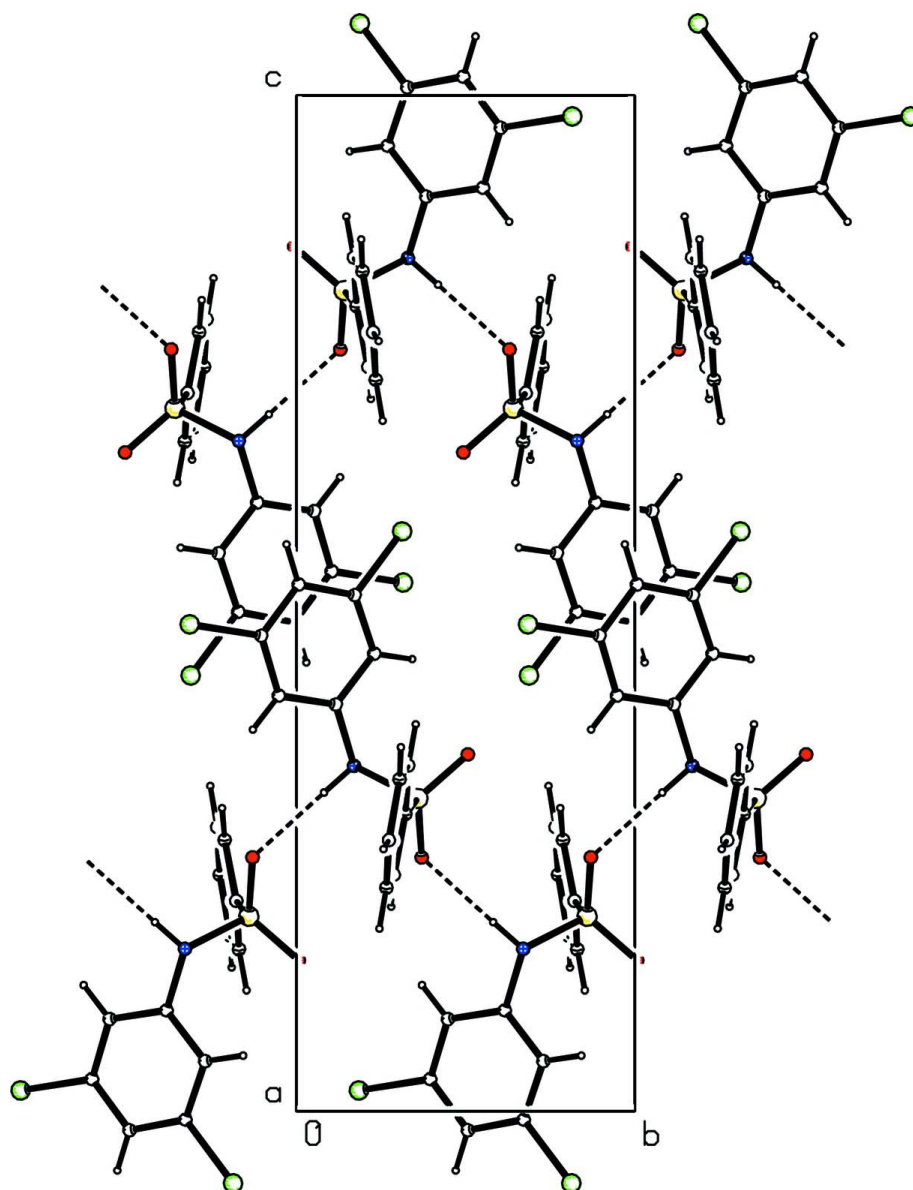
S3. Refinement

The H atom of the NH group was located in a difference map and later restrained to the distance 0.86 (1) Å

The other H atoms were positioned with idealized geometry using a riding model with C—H = 0.93 Å. All H atoms were refined with isotropic displacement parameters (set to 1.2 times of the U_{eq} of the parent atom).

**Figure 1**

Molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atom labeling scheme. The displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. The H atoms are represented as small spheres of arbitrary radii.

**Figure 2**

Molecular packing of the title compound with hydrogen bonding shown as dashed lines.

N-(3,5-Dichlorophenyl)benzenesulfonamide

Crystal data

$C_{12}H_9Cl_2NO_2S$

$M_r = 302.16$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2_1/c$

$a = 8.299\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$

$b = 7.215\ (1)\ \text{\AA}$

$c = 21.954\ (3)\ \text{\AA}$

$\beta = 99.49\ (1)^\circ$

$V = 1296.6\ (4)\ \text{\AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 616$

$D_x = 1.548\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$

Cu $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 1.54180\ \text{\AA}$

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 5.4\text{--}19.4^\circ$

$\mu = 5.96\ \text{mm}^{-1}$

$T = 299\ \text{K}$

Prism, colourless

$0.50 \times 0.50 \times 0.25\ \text{mm}$

Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer	2311 independent reflections 2153 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.050$
Graphite monochromator	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 67.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\text{min}} = 4.1^\circ$
$\omega/2\theta$ scans	$h = -9 \rightarrow 1$
Absorption correction: ψ scan (North <i>et al.</i> , 1968)	$k = 0 \rightarrow 8$
$T_{\text{min}} = 0.129$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.229$	$l = -26 \rightarrow 26$
2518 measured reflections	3 standard reflections every 120 min intensity decay: 1.0%

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
Least-squares matrix: full	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.057$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0987P)^2 + 0.7373P]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.156$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
$S = 1.10$	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$
2311 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.59 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
167 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.38 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
1 restraint	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXL97</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $F_c^* = kFc[1 + 0.001x \text{Fc}^2 \lambda^3 / \sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction coefficient: 0.0105 (11)
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.3043 (3)	0.1779 (4)	0.79280 (13)	0.0445 (6)
C2	0.4358 (4)	0.1697 (5)	0.84058 (17)	0.0604 (8)
H2	0.4201	0.1476	0.8809	0.072*
C3	0.5911 (4)	0.1953 (6)	0.8269 (2)	0.0783 (12)
H3	0.6811	0.1914	0.8584	0.094*
C4	0.6130 (4)	0.2267 (6)	0.7670 (2)	0.0773 (11)
H4	0.7180	0.2427	0.7582	0.093*
C5	0.4818 (5)	0.2344 (5)	0.7202 (2)	0.0746 (10)
H5	0.4980	0.2547	0.6798	0.090*
C6	0.3257 (4)	0.2121 (4)	0.73293 (15)	0.0562 (7)
H6	0.2360	0.2200	0.7015	0.067*
C7	0.1252 (3)	0.3838 (4)	0.90059 (11)	0.0400 (6)
C8	0.2051 (4)	0.5522 (4)	0.90920 (13)	0.0484 (6)
H8	0.2132	0.6288	0.8758	0.058*

C9	0.2725 (4)	0.6041 (4)	0.96827 (15)	0.0558 (7)
C10	0.2645 (4)	0.4935 (4)	1.01861 (14)	0.0590 (8)
H10	0.3122	0.5293	1.0582	0.071*
C11	0.1830 (4)	0.3278 (4)	1.00819 (13)	0.0534 (7)
C12	0.1118 (3)	0.2699 (4)	0.95062 (12)	0.0480 (6)
H12	0.0561	0.1577	0.9451	0.058*
N1	0.0494 (3)	0.3297 (3)	0.84009 (10)	0.0441 (5)
H1N	0.038 (4)	0.418 (3)	0.8138 (12)	0.053*
O1	-0.0021 (3)	0.1298 (3)	0.74998 (9)	0.0527 (5)
O2	0.1112 (3)	-0.0066 (3)	0.85135 (10)	0.0574 (6)
Cl1	0.37237 (16)	0.81541 (13)	0.97944 (5)	0.0927 (4)
Cl2	0.16462 (15)	0.18752 (15)	1.07089 (4)	0.0834 (4)
S1	0.10584 (7)	0.14095 (9)	0.80800 (3)	0.0412 (3)

Atomic displacement parameters (Å²)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.0475 (14)	0.0400 (13)	0.0467 (15)	0.0019 (11)	0.0101 (11)	0.0007 (11)
C2	0.0571 (17)	0.0615 (19)	0.0589 (19)	0.0079 (14)	-0.0009 (14)	-0.0049 (15)
C3	0.0517 (18)	0.065 (2)	0.111 (3)	0.0057 (15)	-0.0071 (19)	-0.014 (2)
C4	0.0560 (19)	0.063 (2)	0.117 (4)	0.0031 (16)	0.029 (2)	0.001 (2)
C5	0.079 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.091 (3)	-0.0014 (18)	0.044 (2)	0.0114 (19)
C6	0.0619 (17)	0.0556 (17)	0.0535 (17)	0.0004 (14)	0.0161 (13)	0.0070 (13)
C7	0.0447 (13)	0.0413 (13)	0.0349 (12)	0.0025 (10)	0.0088 (10)	-0.0039 (10)
C8	0.0581 (15)	0.0404 (14)	0.0465 (14)	0.0000 (12)	0.0079 (12)	0.0033 (12)
C9	0.0631 (17)	0.0424 (15)	0.0585 (17)	-0.0015 (13)	0.0001 (13)	-0.0043 (13)
C10	0.078 (2)	0.0531 (17)	0.0426 (15)	0.0025 (15)	0.0004 (14)	-0.0087 (13)
C11	0.0701 (18)	0.0540 (16)	0.0379 (14)	0.0049 (14)	0.0141 (13)	0.0020 (12)
C12	0.0593 (16)	0.0466 (15)	0.0405 (14)	-0.0057 (12)	0.0157 (12)	-0.0028 (11)
N1	0.0547 (13)	0.0423 (12)	0.0350 (12)	0.0020 (10)	0.0064 (9)	-0.0004 (9)
O1	0.0548 (11)	0.0586 (12)	0.0427 (11)	-0.0059 (9)	0.0021 (8)	-0.0107 (9)
O2	0.0838 (15)	0.0415 (11)	0.0499 (11)	-0.0053 (10)	0.0199 (10)	0.0058 (8)
Cl1	0.1209 (9)	0.0518 (5)	0.0915 (8)	-0.0250 (5)	-0.0236 (6)	-0.0022 (4)
Cl2	0.1333 (9)	0.0798 (7)	0.0393 (5)	-0.0122 (6)	0.0204 (5)	0.0085 (4)
S1	0.0495 (4)	0.0384 (4)	0.0359 (4)	-0.0042 (2)	0.0076 (3)	-0.0018 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1—C6	1.377 (4)	C7—N1	1.427 (3)
C1—C2	1.385 (4)	C8—C9	1.377 (4)
C1—S1	1.754 (3)	C8—H8	0.9300
C2—C3	1.383 (5)	C9—C10	1.374 (5)
C2—H2	0.9300	C9—Cl1	1.734 (3)
C3—C4	1.376 (6)	C10—C11	1.374 (5)
C3—H3	0.9300	C10—H10	0.9300
C4—C5	1.370 (6)	C11—C12	1.369 (4)
C4—H4	0.9300	C11—Cl2	1.736 (3)
C5—C6	1.379 (5)	C12—H12	0.9300

C5—H5	0.9300	N1—S1	1.637 (2)
C6—H6	0.9300	N1—H1N	0.856 (10)
C7—C8	1.382 (4)	O1—S1	1.433 (2)
C7—C12	1.391 (4)	O2—S1	1.424 (2)
C6—C1—C2	121.4 (3)	C7—C8—H8	120.7
C6—C1—S1	118.8 (2)	C10—C9—C8	122.3 (3)
C2—C1—S1	119.8 (2)	C10—C9—C11	118.9 (2)
C3—C2—C1	118.5 (4)	C8—C9—C11	118.9 (2)
C3—C2—H2	120.8	C11—C10—C9	117.3 (3)
C1—C2—H2	120.8	C11—C10—H10	121.3
C4—C3—C2	120.3 (4)	C9—C10—H10	121.3
C4—C3—H3	119.9	C12—C11—C10	123.0 (3)
C2—C3—H3	119.9	C12—C11—C12	118.2 (2)
C5—C4—C3	120.6 (3)	C10—C11—C12	118.7 (2)
C5—C4—H4	119.7	C11—C12—C7	118.0 (3)
C3—C4—H4	119.7	C11—C12—H12	121.0
C4—C5—C6	120.0 (4)	C7—C12—H12	121.0
C4—C5—H5	120.0	C7—N1—S1	120.98 (18)
C6—C5—H5	120.0	C7—N1—H1N	114 (2)
C1—C6—C5	119.2 (3)	S1—N1—H1N	110 (2)
C1—C6—H6	120.4	O2—S1—O1	119.87 (14)
C5—C6—H6	120.4	O2—S1—N1	108.29 (12)
C8—C7—C12	120.7 (2)	O1—S1—N1	104.34 (12)
C8—C7—N1	119.7 (2)	O2—S1—C1	108.30 (14)
C12—C7—N1	119.5 (2)	O1—S1—C1	107.97 (13)
C9—C8—C7	118.6 (3)	N1—S1—C1	107.45 (13)
C9—C8—H8	120.7		
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.5 (5)	C10—C11—C12—C7	1.0 (5)
S1—C1—C2—C3	178.6 (3)	C12—C11—C12—C7	179.2 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.5 (5)	C8—C7—C12—C11	-1.4 (4)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.5 (6)	N1—C7—C12—C11	-178.6 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.5 (6)	C8—C7—N1—S1	119.8 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C5	1.5 (5)	C12—C7—N1—S1	-62.9 (3)
S1—C1—C6—C5	-177.6 (3)	C7—N1—S1—O2	48.5 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.5 (5)	C7—N1—S1—O1	177.3 (2)
C12—C7—C8—C9	0.6 (4)	C7—N1—S1—C1	-68.3 (2)
N1—C7—C8—C9	177.8 (3)	C6—C1—S1—O2	138.8 (2)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.7 (5)	C2—C1—S1—O2	-40.3 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C11	-179.8 (2)	C6—C1—S1—O1	7.6 (3)
C8—C9—C10—C11	-1.2 (5)	C2—C1—S1—O1	-171.5 (2)
C11—C9—C10—C11	179.4 (3)	C6—C1—S1—N1	-104.5 (2)
C9—C10—C11—C12	0.3 (5)	C2—C1—S1—N1	76.5 (3)
C9—C10—C11—C12	-178.0 (3)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> ··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1N···O1 ⁱ	0.86 (1)	2.06 (1)	2.915 (3)	178 (3)

Symmetry code: (i) $-x, y+1/2, -z+3/2$.