# organic compounds

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# 2-Methyl-3-nitrobenzonitrile

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 294 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.006 Å; R factor = 0.076; wR factor = 0.170; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.1.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound,  $C_8H_6N_2O_2$ , contains two independent molecules, the aromatic rings of which are oriented at a dihedral angle of 1.68 (3)°. Intramolecular  $C-H \cdots O$  hydrogen bonds result in the formation of two non-planar six-membered rings, which adopt envelope and twisted conformations. In the crystal structure, intermolecular C-H···O hydrogen bonds link the molecules. There are  $\pi - \pi$  contacts between the benzene rings [centroidcentroid distances = 3.752(3) and 3.874(3) Å].

### **Related literature**

For general background, see: Suzuki et al. (1994). For a related structure, see: Xinhua et al. (2003). For bond-length data, see: Allen et al. (1987).



a = 14.025 (3) Å

b = 7.3860 (15)Å

c = 15.515 (3) Å

## Experimental

Crystal data
$C_8H_6N_2O_2$
$M_r = 162.15$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$

$\beta = 101.80 \ (3)^{\circ}$
V = 1573.2 (6) Å <sup>3</sup>
Z = 8
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

#### Data collection . . . .

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4
diffractometer
Absorption correction: $\psi$ scan
(North et al., 1968)
$T_{\min} = 0.970, \ T_{\max} = 0.990$
2974 measured reflections

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.076$	217 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.170$	H-atom parameters constrained
S = 1.01	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.25 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
2852 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.27 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$

#### Table 1 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$C1-H1A\cdots O2$	0.96	2.08	2.768 (6)	128
$C1 - H1C \cdots O2^{i}$	0.96	2.38	3.229 (6)	147
$C4-H4A\cdots O1^{ii}$	0.93	2.47	3.390 (6)	171
C9−H9 <i>B</i> ···O4	0.96	2.35	2.831 (5)	110
C9−H9 <i>C</i> ···O3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.96	2.50	3.400 (4)	156
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x - \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}.$	$-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2},$	$-z + \frac{3}{2};$ (ii)	-x+2, -y+1, -	-z + 2; (iii)

 $\frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2},$ 

Data collection: CAD-4 Software (Enraf-Nonius, 1989); cell refinement: CAD-4 Software; data reduction: XCAD4 (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HK2576).

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 $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 294 (2) K  $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$ 

2852 independent reflections

frequency: 120 min intensity decay: 1%

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.069$ 3 standard reflections

1481 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

# supporting information

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# 2-Methyl-3-nitrobenzonitrile

# Guo-zhi Han, Lu-na Han, Ran-zhe Lu, Min Zhang and Hai-bo Wang

# S1. Comment

Benzonitrile is an important pharmaceutical intermediate, many of its derivatives have biological activity and be used as a variety of drugs. Benzonitrile was found to be almost inert toward the combined action of nitrogen dioxide and dioxygen at room temperature (Suzuki *et al.*, 1994). We report herein the crystal structure of the title compound.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound, (Fig. 1), contains two crystallographically independent molecules, in which the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are within normal ranges. Rings A (C2-C7) and B (C10-C15) are, of course, planar, and they are oriented at a dihedral angle of 1.68 (3)°. The intramolecular C-H···O hydrogen bonds result in the formation of two nonplanar six-membered rings C (O2/N2/C1-C3/H1A) and D (O4/N4/C9-C11/H9B). Ring C adopts envelope conformation with O2 atom displaced by 0.690 (3) Å from the plane of the other ring atoms, while ring D has twisted conformation.

In the crystal structure, intermolecular C-H···O hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules, in which they may be effective in the stabilization of the structure. The  $\pi$ - $\pi$  contacts between the benzene rings Cg1···Cg1<sup>i</sup> and Cg1···Cg2<sup>ii</sup> [symmetry codes: (i) -x, 2 - y, -z, (ii) 1/2 - x, 1/2 + y, 1/2 - z, where Cg1 and Cg2 are centroids of the rings A (C2-C7) and B (C10-C15), respectively] may further stabilize the structure, with centroid-centroid distances of 3.752 (3) %A and 3.874 (3) %A, respectively.

# S2. Experimental

The title compound is synthesized according to the literature method (Xinhua *et al.*, 2003). Crystals suitable for X-ray analysis were obtained by slow evaporation of an ethanol solution.

# **S3. Refinement**

H atoms were positioned geometrically, with C-H = 0.93 and 0.96 Å for aromatic and methyl H and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{iso}(H) = xU_{eq}(C)$ , where x = 1.2 for aromatic H and x = 1.5 for methyl H atoms.



# Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title molecule, with the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

# 2-Methyl-3-nitrobenzonitrile

Crystal data

C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>6</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>  $M_r = 162.15$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$ Hall symbol: -P 2yn a = 14.025 (3) Å b = 7.3860 (15) Å c = 15.515 (3) Å  $\beta = 101.80$  (3)° V = 1573.2 (6) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 8

## Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator  $\omega/2\theta$  scans Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan (North *et al.*, 1968)  $T_{\min} = 0.970, T_{\max} = 0.990$ 2974 measured reflections

# Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.076$  $wR(F^2) = 0.170$ S = 1.012852 reflections 217 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods F(000) = 672  $D_x = 1.369 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 25 reflections  $\theta = 9-12^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 294 KBlock, colorless  $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$ 

2852 independent reflections 1481 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   $R_{int} = 0.069$   $\theta_{max} = 25.3^\circ, \ \theta_{min} = 1.8^\circ$   $h = 0 \rightarrow 16$   $k = 0 \rightarrow 8$   $l = -18 \rightarrow 18$ 3 standard reflections every 120 min intensity decay: 1%

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained  $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.04P)^2 + 1.75P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.25$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.27$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

# Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on  $F^2$ , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > 2$ sigma( $F^2$ ) is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

 $U_{\rm iso} * / U_{\rm eq}$ x v  $\overline{Z}$ 01 0.1022 (11) 0.8903 (3) 0.3923(5)0.9651 (2) O2 0.8075(3)0.2944(5)0.8476(2)0.1053(12)O3 -0.2355(3)-0.1305(6)0.2733(2)0.1165 (13) 04 -0.2358(2)0.0933 (10) 0.0205(5)0.3874(2)N1 0.9792(3)-0.4285(6)0.7823(3)0.0911 (13) N2 0.8813 (3) 0.2924(5)0.9055(2)0.0679 (9) N3 0.1646(3)0.3683 (6) 0.4808(3)0.0913 (12) N4 -0.1954(3)-0.0405(6)0.3328(3)0.0848(12)C10.8268(3)-0.0774(7)0.8368(3)0.0923 (16) H1A 0.7835 0.8470 0.139\* 0.0171 H1B 0.8181 -0.18160.8713 0.139\* H1C 0.8128 -0.10920.7755 0.139\* C2 0.9291(3)-0.0132(5)0.8624(2)0.0510 (9) C3 0.9574(2)0.1578(5)0.8973(2)0.0485 (9) C4 1.0540(3)0.2126 (6) 0.9250(2)0.0674 (11) H4A 1.0702 0.3263 0.9494 0.081\* C5 0.0870(7)0.9140 (3) 1.1250(3)0.0735 (12) H5A 1.1903 0.1195 0.9309 0.088\* C6 1.1036 (3) -0.0738 (6) 0.8811 (3) 0.0687(11) H6A 1.1534 -0.15380.8760 0.082\* C7 1.0072(3)-0.1268(5)0.8534(2)0.0538 (9) C8 0.9868 (3) -0.3022(6)0.8160(3)0.0743 (13) C9 -0.0871(3)0.2856 (5) 0.4071 (3) 0.0707 (11) H9A -0.03900.3709 0.4351 0.106\* H9B -0.13110.2595 0.4455 0.106\* H9C 0.106\* -0.12280.3360 0.3531 C10 -0.0378(3)0.1138 (5) 0.3880(2)0.0472 (8) C11 -0.0849(3)-0.0391(6)0.3503(2)0.0573 (10) C12 -0.0389(3)0.0669 (11) -0.1889(6)0.3260(2)-0.0752H12A -0.28500.2977 0.080\* C13 0.0618(3)-0.1963(6)0.3435(3)0.0733(12)H13A 0.0943 0.3295 0.088\* -0.2984C14 0.1137 (3) -0.0442(5)0.3834(2)0.0609 (10) -0.04460.3950 0.073\* H14A 0.1814 C15 0.0650(3)0.1033 (5) 0.4049(2)0.0509(9)

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

					supportin	g information
C16	0.119	0 (3)	0.2561 (6)	0.4443 (3)	0.0646 (11)	
Atomic	displacement po	arameters (Ų)				
	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	U <sup>33</sup>	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	U <sup>23</sup>
01	0.115 (3)	0.095 (3)	0.102 (3)	0.006 (2)	0.033 (2)	-0.014 (2)
O2	0.098 (3)	0.108 (3)	0.108 (3)	0.018 (2)	0.016 (2)	-0.001(2)
O3	0.099 (3)	0.144 (4)	0.106 (3)	-0.008 (3)	0.018 (2)	-0.010 (3)
O4	0.076 (2)	0.106 (3)	0.102 (2)	-0.0009 (19)	0.0258 (18)	-0.004(2)
N1	0.115 (3)	0.071 (3)	0.087 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.020 (2)	-0.012 (2)
N2	0.079 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.065 (2)	0.014 (2)	0.0264 (19)	0.003 (2)
N3	0.089(3)	0.085 (3)	0.101 (3)	-0.008(2)	0.023 (2)	-0.017 (2)
N4	0.075 (3)	0.097 (3)	0.084 (3)	-0.011 (2)	0.020 (2)	0.005 (3)
C1	0.064 (3)	0.116 (4)	0.106 (4)	-0.020 (3)	0.037 (3)	-0.017 (3)
C2	0.056 (2)	0.053 (2)	0.052 (2)	-0.0032 (17)	0.0298 (17)	0.0022 (17)
C3	0.055 (2)	0.050 (2)	0.0460 (19)	0.0118 (17)	0.0226 (15)	-0.0005 (17)
C4	0.062 (2)	0.071 (3)	0.073 (3)	-0.007 (2)	0.0210 (19)	0.002 (2)
C5	0.051 (2)	0.091 (3)	0.083 (3)	-0.006 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.003 (3)
C6	0.068 (3)	0.076 (3)	0.074 (3)	0.016 (2)	0.041 (2)	0.008 (2)
C7	0.072 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.0078 (18)	0.0355 (18)	0.0067 (17)
C8	0.099 (4)	0.056 (3)	0.072 (3)	0.006 (3)	0.027 (2)	0.005 (2)
C9	0.070 (3)	0.067 (3)	0.081 (3)	0.009 (2)	0.031 (2)	-0.004(2)
C10	0.059 (2)	0.0440 (19)	0.0454 (18)	0.0023 (17)	0.0260 (16)	0.0087 (16)
C11	0.053 (2)	0.069 (2)	0.053 (2)	-0.0123 (19)	0.0170 (16)	0.0077 (19)
C12	0.084 (3)	0.056 (2)	0.066 (2)	-0.021 (2)	0.029 (2)	-0.006 (2)
C13	0.091 (3)	0.064 (3)	0.075 (3)	0.000 (2)	0.041 (2)	-0.008(2)
C14	0.058 (2)	0.065 (2)	0.064 (2)	0.0003 (19)	0.0224 (18)	-0.007 (2)
C15	0.055 (2)	0.054 (2)	0.048 (2)	-0.0040 (18)	0.0199 (16)	0.0038 (17)
C16	0.064 (3)	0.060 (3)	0.078 (3)	-0.004 (2)	0.034 (2)	-0.014 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

01—N2	1.169 (4)	C5—H5A	0.9300
O2—N2	1.224 (4)	C6—C7	1.388 (5)
O3—N4	1.182 (5)	C6—H6A	0.9300
O4—N4	1.200 (5)	C7—C8	1.425 (6)
N1—C8	1.063 (5)	C9—C10	1.504 (5)
N2—C3	1.483 (4)	С9—Н9А	0.9600
N3—C16	1.125 (5)	C9—H9B	0.9600
N4—C11	1.518 (5)	С9—Н9С	0.9600
C1—C2	1.485 (5)	C10-C11	1.376 (5)
C1—H1A	0.9600	C10—C15	1.414 (5)
C1—H1B	0.9600	C11—C12	1.372 (5)
C1—H1C	0.9600	C12—C13	1.384 (5)
C2—C3	1.399 (5)	C12—H12A	0.9300
С2—С7	1.410 (5)	C13—C14	1.410 (5)
C3—C4	1.396 (5)	C13—H13A	0.9300
C4—C5	1.396 (6)	C14—C15	1.363 (5)

C4—H4A	0.9300	C14—H14A	0.9300
С5—С6	1.304 (6)	C15—C16	1.426 (5)
O1—N2—O2	120.7 (4)	C6—C7—C8	119.0 (4)
O1—N2—C3	121.9 (4)	C2—C7—C8	119.0 (4)
O2—N2—C3	117.4 (4)	N1—C8—C7	171.6 (6)
O3—N4—O4	122.9 (5)	С10—С9—Н9А	109.5
O3—N4—C11	116.7 (4)	С10—С9—Н9В	109.5
O4—N4—C11	119.0 (4)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C2—C1—H1A	109.5	С10—С9—Н9С	109.5
C2—C1—H1B	109.5	Н9А—С9—Н9С	109.5
H1A—C1—H1B	109.5	Н9В—С9—Н9С	109.5
C2—C1—H1C	109.5	C11—C10—C15	114.6 (3)
H1A—C1—H1C	109.5	C11—C10—C9	125.2 (3)
H1B—C1—H1C	109.5	C15—C10—C9	120.2 (3)
C3—C2—C7	114.3 (3)	C12-C11-C10	124.5 (4)
C3—C2—C1	125.0 (4)	C12—C11—N4	117.8 (4)
C7—C2—C1	120.7 (4)	C10-C11-N4	117.7 (4)
C4—C3—C2	124.2 (3)	C11—C12—C13	119.7 (4)
C4—C3—N2	116.7 (3)	C11—C12—H12A	120.1
C2—C3—N2	119.1 (3)	C13—C12—H12A	120.1
C3—C4—C5	116.3 (4)	C12—C13—C14	118.0 (4)
C3—C4—H4A	121.9	C12—C13—H13A	121.0
C5—C4—H4A	121.9	C14—C13—H13A	121.0
C6—C5—C4	122.7 (4)	C15—C14—C13	120.3 (4)
С6—С5—Н5А	118.7	C15—C14—H14A	119.9
C4—C5—H5A	118.7	C13—C14—H14A	119.9
C5—C6—C7	120.7 (4)	C14—C15—C10	122.8 (3)
С5—С6—Н6А	119.7	C14—C15—C16	119.3 (3)
С7—С6—Н6А	119.7	C10-C15-C16	117.9 (3)
C6—C7—C2	121.9 (4)	N3—C16—C15	174.6 (5)

# Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	D····A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
C1—H1A···O2	0.96	2.08	2.768 (6)	128
C1— $H1C$ ···O2 <sup>i</sup>	0.96	2.38	3.229 (6)	147
C4—H4A···O1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.47	3.390 (6)	171
С9—H9 <i>B</i> …O4	0.96	2.35	2.831 (5)	110
С9—Н9С…ОЗ <sup>ііі</sup>	0.96	2.50	3.400 (4)	156

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+3/2, y-1/2, -z+3/2; (ii) -x+2, -y+1, -z+2; (iii) -x-1/2, y+1/2, -z+1/2.