

Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

# Bis{2-methoxy-6-[(3-methoxypropyl)iminomethyl]phenolato- $\kappa^2 N, O^1$ }copper(II)

#### Amitabha Datta, Jui-Hsien Huang and Hon Man Lee\*

National Changhua University of Education, Department of Chemistry, Changhua 50058, Taiwan Correspondence e-mail: leehm@cc.ncue.edu.tw

Received 24 October 2008; accepted 29 October 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; *R* factor = 0.027; *wR* factor = 0.079; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.0.

The title complex,  $[Cu(C_{12}H_{16}NO_3)_2]$ , adopts a distorted square-planar coordination geometry with the Cu<sup>II</sup> ion situated on a crystallographic inversion center. The two Schiff base ligands are coordinated in a *trans* fashion. In the crystal structure, non-classical intermolecular C-H···O hydrogen bonds involving the ether O atoms link the Schiff base molecules into a two-dimensional network parallel to (101).

#### **Related literature**

For similar copper(II) structures with Schiff base ligands: see: Akitsu & Einaga (2004); Bluhm *et al.* (2003); Castiñeiras *et al.* (1990); Costamagna *et al.* (1998); King *et al.* (1973); Lacroix *et al.* (2004); Zhang *et al.* (2001).



### Experimental

Crystal data [Cu(C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>16</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]

 $M_r = 508.06$ 

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 1.01 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

T = 100 (2) K $0.50 \times 0.50 \times 0.40 \text{ mm}$ 

Z = 2

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$  a = 11.2189 (9) Å b = 10.7004 (8) Å c = 9.5002 (7) Å  $\beta = 96.912$  (1)° V = 1132.18 (15) Å<sup>3</sup>

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII	6343 measured reflections
diffractometer	2298 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	2065 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.032$
$T_{\min} = 0.614, \ T_{\max} = 0.668$	

### Refinement

$$\begin{split} R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] &= 0.027 & 153 \text{ parameters} \\ wR(F^2) &= 0.079 & H\text{-atom parameters constrained} \\ S &= 1.09 & \Delta\rho_{\text{max}} &= 0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \\ 2298 \text{ reflections} & \Delta\rho_{\text{min}} &= -0.37 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3} \end{split}$$

#### Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$C8-H8B\cdots O3^{i}$ $C9-H9A\cdots O1^{ii}$	0.98 0.99	2.58 2.31	3.476 (2) 2.782 (2)	151 108
$C9-H9B\cdots O3$	0.99	2.55	2.918 (2)	102

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii) -x, -y + 1, -z + 1.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *APEX2* and *SAINT* (Bruker, 2004); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

We are grateful to the National Science Council of Taiwan for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: LH2719).

#### References

- Akitsu, T. & Einaga, Y. (2004). Acta Cryst. E60, m436-m438.
- Bluhm, M. E., Ciesielski, M., Görls, H., Walter, O. & Döring, M. (2003). Inorg. Chem. 42, 8878–8885.
- Bruker (2004). APEX2 and SAINT. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Castiñeiras, A., Hiller, W., Strähle, J., Romero, J., Bastida, R. & Sousa, A. (1990). Acta Cryst. C46, 770–772.
- Costamagna, J., Caruso, F., Vargas, J. & Manriquez, V. (1998). Inorg. Chim. Acta, 267, 151–158.
- King, A. W., Swann, D. A. & Waters, T. N. (1973). J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans. pp. 1819–1822.
- Lacroix, P. G., Averseng, F., Malfant, I. & Nakatani, K. (2004). Inorg. Chim. Acta, 357, 3825–3835.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (1996). SADABS. University of Göttingen, Germany.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Zhang, L. Z., Bu, P.-Y., Wang, L.-J. & Cheng, P. (2001). Acta Cryst. C57, 1166–1167.

# supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2008). E64, m1497 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808035289]

# Bis{2-methoxy-6-[(3-methoxypropyl)iminomethyl]phenolato- $\kappa^2 N$ , $O^1$ } copper(II)

# Amitabha Datta, Jui-Hsien Huang and Hon Man Lee

## S1. Comment

The Schiff base (*E*)-2-methoxy-6-[(3-methoxypropyl)iminomethyl]phenol reacts with copper(II) nitrate in methanol to form the title complex. In situ deprotonation of the phenolic hydrogen occurred leading to formation of the O/N-bidentate ligand. The title complex consists of two bidentate ligands coordinating in a *trans* fashion. It adopts a square-planar coordination geometry with the Cu atom located on a crystallographic inversion center. Schiff base Cu(II) complexes similar to the title complex have been reported in the literature (Akitsu & Einaga, 2004; Bluhm *et al.*, 2003; Castiñeiras *et al.*, 1990; Costamagna *et al.*, 1998; King *et al.*, 1973; Lacroix *et al.*, 2004; Zhang *et al.*, 2001).

Both intramolecular and intermolecular non-classical H-bonds of the type C-H…O exist (Table 1). The intermolecular H-bonds link the complex into a two-dimensional network.

### **S2. Experimental**

Synthesis of (*E*)-2-methoxy-6-((3-methoxypropylimino)methyl)phenol: The compound was synthesized by the condensation reaction between O-vaniline and  $NH_2(CH_2)_3OMe$  in methanol. After complete removal of the solvent, the resulting yellow liquid was used without purification.

Synthesis of the title complex: A methanolic solution of  $Cu(NO_3)_2$  (1 mmol, 188 mg) and (*E*)-2-methoxy-6-((3-meth-oxypropylimino)methyl)phenol (2 mmol, 446 mg) was stirred for 30 min. The solution was then kept for 7 days to yield crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction study.

## **S3. Refinement**

All the H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined as riding atoms, with  $C_{aryl}$ —H = 0.95,  $C_{methyl}$ —H = 0.98,  $C_{methyl}$ —H = 0.99,  $C_{methine}$ —H = 0.95 Å while  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.5U_{eq}(C)$  for the methyl H atoms and  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$  for all the other H atoms.



# Figure 1

The structure of the title complex, showing 50% displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms. The H atoms are dipicted by circles of an arbitrary radius. The unlabelled atoms are related to the labelled ones by -x, 1 - y, 1 - z.



# Figure 2

A packing diagram of the title compound along the c axis. Hyrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

# Bis{2-methoxy-6-[(3-methoxypropyl)iminomethyl]phenolato- $\kappa^2 N, O^1$ } copper(II)

Crystal data	
[Cu(C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>16</sub> NO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ] $M_r = 508.06$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 11.2189 (9) Å b = 10.7004 (8) Å c = 9.5002 (7) Å $\beta = 96.912$ (1)° V = 1132.18 (15) Å <sup>3</sup> Z = 2	F(000) = 534 $D_x = 1.490 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo Ka radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 3703 reflections $\theta = 2.6-26.4^{\circ}$ $\mu = 1.01 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100  K Block, black $0.50 \times 0.50 \times 0.40 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
Bruker SMART APEXII diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube, Bruker KFN-Mo-2K-90 Graphite monochromator ω scans	Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>SADABS</i> ; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{min} = 0.614$ , $T_{max} = 0.668$ 6343 measured reflections 2298 independent reflections 2065 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.032$

$\theta_{\rm max} = 26.4^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 2.6^{\circ}$	$k = -13 \rightarrow 12$
$h = -13 \rightarrow 7$	$l = -11 \rightarrow 11$
Refinement	
Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.079$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.09	H-atom parameters constrained
2298 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0461P)^2 + 0.0531P]$
153 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.31 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta  ho_{ m min} = -0.37 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
$wR(F^2) = 0.079$ S = 1.09 2298 reflections 153 parameters 0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	neighbouring sites H-atom parameters constrained $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0461P)^2 + 0.0531P]$ where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$ $(\Delta/\sigma)_{max} < 0.001$ $\Delta\rho_{max} = 0.31$ e Å <sup>-3</sup> $\Delta\rho_{min} = -0.37$ e Å <sup>-3</sup>

### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\mathring{A}^2)$ 

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
Cu1	0.0000	0.5000	0.5000	0.01161 (11)
N1	0.06486 (12)	0.67268 (12)	0.54175 (13)	0.0124 (3)
O1	-0.10464 (10)	0.55690 (11)	0.34077 (12)	0.0157 (3)
O2	-0.26520 (10)	0.57869 (11)	0.11946 (12)	0.0168 (3)
O3	0.38383 (10)	0.83717 (11)	0.73181 (13)	0.0203 (3)
C1	-0.12843 (14)	0.67057 (15)	0.29658 (16)	0.0123 (3)
C2	-0.21677 (14)	0.68788 (15)	0.17655 (16)	0.0133 (3)
C3	-0.24800 (15)	0.80571 (16)	0.12650 (17)	0.0146 (3)
Н3	-0.3084	0.8153	0.0481	0.018*
C4	-0.19103 (15)	0.91184 (16)	0.19081 (17)	0.0160 (4)
H4	-0.2131	0.9930	0.1564	0.019*
C5	-0.10354 (15)	0.89779 (15)	0.30333 (17)	0.0146 (3)
Н5	-0.0639	0.9695	0.3453	0.018*
C6	-0.07147 (15)	0.77820 (15)	0.35771 (16)	0.0128 (3)
C7	0.02158 (15)	0.77112 (16)	0.47516 (16)	0.0134 (3)
H7	0.0557	0.8486	0.5081	0.016*
C8	-0.35395 (15)	0.59005 (17)	-0.00057 (17)	0.0185 (4)
H8A	-0.4248	0.6325	0.0275	0.028*
H8B	-0.3767	0.5067	-0.0372	0.028*
H8C	-0.3214	0.6388	-0.0744	0.028*
C9	0.16306 (14)	0.69566 (15)	0.65644 (16)	0.0136 (3)
H9A	0.1512	0.6429	0.7392	0.016*

H9B	0.1613	0.7842	0.6862	0.016*	
C10	0.28466 (15)	0.66641 (16)	0.60836 (17)	0.0166 (4)	
H10A	0.2902	0.5756	0.5904	0.020*	
H10B	0.2919	0.7107	0.5183	0.020*	
C11	0.38687 (15)	0.70517 (15)	0.71811 (18)	0.0161 (4)	
H11A	0.3781	0.6652	0.8103	0.019*	
H11B	0.4645	0.6787	0.6881	0.019*	
C12	0.47976 (15)	0.88352 (17)	0.82805 (18)	0.0214 (4)	
H12A	0.4776	0.8444	0.9210	0.032*	
H12B	0.4719	0.9743	0.8369	0.032*	
H12C	0.5562	0.8639	0.7929	0.032*	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cu1	0.01075 (17)	0.01035 (17)	0.01270 (16)	-0.00026 (10)	-0.00282 (11)	0.00036 (10)
N1	0.0102 (7)	0.0140 (7)	0.0128 (6)	-0.0004 (6)	0.0000 (6)	-0.0016 (6)
01	0.0166 (6)	0.0117 (6)	0.0170 (6)	0.0001 (5)	-0.0057 (5)	0.0011 (5)
O2	0.0164 (6)	0.0158 (6)	0.0163 (6)	-0.0019 (5)	-0.0061 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
O3	0.0167 (6)	0.0128 (6)	0.0286 (7)	-0.0022 (5)	-0.0085 (5)	0.0003 (5)
C1	0.0108 (8)	0.0133 (8)	0.0133 (7)	0.0012 (7)	0.0033 (6)	0.0004 (6)
C2	0.0116 (8)	0.0149 (8)	0.0138 (7)	-0.0009 (7)	0.0027 (7)	-0.0009 (6)
C3	0.0114 (8)	0.0191 (9)	0.0130 (7)	0.0020 (7)	0.0002 (6)	0.0032 (7)
C4	0.0171 (9)	0.0135 (8)	0.0176 (8)	0.0024 (7)	0.0029 (7)	0.0030 (7)
C5	0.0165 (9)	0.0108 (8)	0.0169 (8)	-0.0004 (7)	0.0032 (7)	-0.0011 (7)
C6	0.0115 (8)	0.0141 (8)	0.0132 (8)	0.0013 (7)	0.0029 (7)	0.0003 (6)
C7	0.0136 (8)	0.0120 (8)	0.0149 (8)	-0.0014 (6)	0.0024 (7)	-0.0026 (6)
C8	0.0157 (9)	0.0219 (9)	0.0166 (8)	-0.0013 (7)	-0.0039 (7)	0.0006 (7)
C9	0.0115 (8)	0.0143 (8)	0.0140 (8)	-0.0008 (7)	-0.0025 (6)	-0.0021 (6)
C10	0.0146 (9)	0.0172 (8)	0.0176 (8)	-0.0001 (7)	0.0000 (7)	-0.0027 (7)
C11	0.0136 (8)	0.0145 (8)	0.0198 (8)	0.0005 (7)	0.0002 (7)	-0.0012 (7)
C12	0.0175 (9)	0.0200 (9)	0.0256 (9)	-0.0055 (7)	-0.0022 (8)	-0.0030 (8)

# Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cu1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	1.9000 (11)	C5—C6	1.410 (2)	
Cu1—O1	1.9000 (11)	С5—Н5	0.9500	
Cu1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	2.0079 (13)	C6—C7	1.435 (2)	
Cu1—N1	2.0079 (13)	С7—Н7	0.9500	
N1—C7	1.293 (2)	C8—H8A	0.9800	
N1—C9	1.474 (2)	C8—H8B	0.9800	
O1—C1	1.3038 (19)	C8—H8C	0.9800	
O2—C2	1.3724 (19)	C9—C10	1.522 (2)	
O2—C8	1.4258 (19)	С9—Н9А	0.9900	
O3—C12	1.415 (2)	С9—Н9В	0.9900	
O3—C11	1.419 (2)	C10—C11	1.512 (2)	
C1—C6	1.408 (2)	C10—H10A	0.9900	
C1—C2	1.430 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9900	

C2—C3	1.378 (2)	С11—Н11А	0.9900
C3—C4	1 406 (2)	C11—H11B	0.9900
C3—H3	0.9500	C12—H12A	0.9800
C4-C5	1,370(2)	C12 H12R	0.9800
C4—H4	0.9500	C12 $H12D$	0.9800
C4—114	0.9500		0.9800
01 <sup>i</sup> —Cu1—O1	180.0	С6—С7—Н7	115.9
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Cu1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	92.11 (5)	O2—C8—H8A	109.5
O1—Cu1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	87.89 (5)	O2—C8—H8B	109.5
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Cu1—N1	87.89 (5)	H8A—C8—H8B	109.5
O1—Cu1—N1	92.11 (5)	O2—C8—H8C	109.5
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Cu1—N1	180.00 (7)	H8A—C8—H8C	109.5
C7—N1—C9	115.41 (14)	H8B—C8—H8C	109.5
C7—N1—Cu1	123.18 (11)	N1—C9—C10	111.16(12)
C9—N1—Cu1	121.36 (10)	N1—C9—H9A	109.4
C1	129.66 (11)	C10—C9—H9A	109.4
$C^2 - C^2 - C^8$	116 66 (13)	N1-C9-H9B	109.4
$C_{12} = 0.2 = 0.0$	112 53 (13)	C10-C9-H9B	109.1
01-C1-C6	124 41 (15)	H9A - C9 - H9B	108.0
01  C1  C2	124.41(15) 118.23(14)	$\begin{array}{cccc} 111111111111111111111111111111111$	100.0
$C_{1}^{}C_{2$	117.35(14)	$C_{11} = C_{10} = C_{3}$	100.3
$C_0 = C_1 = C_2$	117.33(14) 124.78(15)	$C_{10}$ $C_{10}$ $H_{10A}$	109.3
02 - 02 - 03	124.76(13) 114.10(14)	$C_{1}$	109.3
02-02-01	114.10(14) 121.12(15)		109.5
$C_{3} = C_{2} = C_{1}$	121.12(15) 120.27(15)		109.3
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4$	120.37 (15)	H10A - C10 - H10B	107.9
C2—C3—H3	119.8		108.16 (14)
C4—C3—H3	119.8	O3—CII—HIIA	110.1
C5—C4—C3	119.73 (16)	C10—C11—H11A	110.1
C5—C4—H4	120.1	O3—C11—H11B	110.1
C3—C4—H4	120.1	C10—C11—H11B	110.1
C4—C5—C6	120.85 (16)	H11A—C11—H11B	108.4
C4—C5—H5	119.6	O3—C12—H12A	109.5
С6—С5—Н5	119.6	O3—C12—H12B	109.5
C1—C6—C5	120.53 (15)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C1—C6—C7	121.93 (15)	O3—C12—H12C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	117.53 (15)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
N1—C7—C6	128.21 (16)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
N1—C7—H7	115.9		
	172 01 (12)		1.4.(2)
OI-CuI-NI-C/	-1/3.21(13)	$C_3 - C_4 - C_5 - C_6$	-1.4 (2)
OI—CuI—NI—C/	6.79 (13)	01-01-06-05	-179.61 (15)
OI-Cul-NI-C9	4.07 (11)	C2-C1-C6-C5	1.5 (2)
OI—CuI—NI—C9	-175.93 (11)	01-01-06-07	1.2 (3)
NI'—Cu1—O1—C1	172.75 (14)	C2-C1-C6-C7	-177.67 (14)
N1—Cu1—O1—C1	-7.25 (14)	C4—C5—C6—C1	0.4 (2)
Cu1—O1—C1—C6	4.5 (2)	C4—C5—C6—C7	179.60 (14)
Cu1—O1—C1—C2	-176.60 (10)	C9—N1—C7—C6	178.39 (15)
C8—O2—C2—C3	0.2 (2)	Cu1—N1—C7—C6	-4.2 (2)

# supporting information

C8—O2—C2—C1	179.96 (13)	C1—C6—C7—N1	-1.1 (3)
O1—C1—C2—O2	-1.3 (2)	C5-C6-C7-N1	179.74 (16)
C6—C1—C2—O2	177.71 (13)	C7—N1—C9—C10	-101.17 (16)
O1—C1—C2—C3	178.53 (14)	Cu1—N1—C9—C10	81.35 (15)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-2.5 (2)	N1-C9-C10-C11	172.66 (13)
O2—C2—C3—C4	-178.62 (14)	C12—O3—C11—C10	-177.34 (13)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.6 (2)	C9—C10—C11—O3	-64.55 (18)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.4 (2)		

Symmetry code: (i) -x, -y+1, -z+1.

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	Н…А	D··· $A$	D—H··· $A$	
C8—H8 <i>B</i> ···O3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.98	2.58	3.476 (2)	151	
C9—H9A···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.99	2.31	2.782 (2)	108	
С9—Н9 <i>В</i> …О3	0.99	2.55	2.918 (2)	102	

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*, -*y*+1, -*z*+1; (ii) -*x*, *y*-1/2, -*z*+1/2.