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## Poly[bis( $\mu$-2,6-dimethylpyridinium-3,5-dicarboxylato- $\left.\kappa^{2} O^{3}: O^{5}\right)$ copper(II)]

Hong-Kun Zhang, ${ }^{\text {a }}{ }^{*}$ Yu-Hong Du, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Tao Jiang, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ Bai-Yan Li ${ }^{\text {b }}$ and Guang-Feng Hou ${ }^{\text {b }}$

${ }^{\text {a }}$ Department of Food and Environmental Engineering, Heilongjiang East College, Harbin 150086, People's Republic of China, and ${ }^{\mathbf{b}}$ College of Chemistry and Materials Science, Heilongjiang University, Harbin 150080, People's Republic of China Correspondence e-mail: zhanghongkun2000@163.com

Received 31 October 2008; accepted 1 November 2008
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=291 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.003 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.033 ; w R$ factor $=0.092$; data-to-parameter ratio $=15.2$.

In the title coordination polymer, $\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{NO}_{4}\right)_{2}\right]_{n}$, the Cu atom, located on a twofold rotation axis, is four coordinate in a distorted square-planar environment. Each 2,6-dimethyl-pyridinium-3,5-dicarboxylate anion bridges two Cu atoms, forming a two-dimensional coordination polymer. A threedimensional supramolecular network is built from $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds involving the pyridinium NH and the carboxyl COO groups.

## Related literature

For the synthesis of 2,6-dimethylpyridine-3,5-dicarboxylic acid, see: Checchi et al. (1959). For the crystal structures of some of its metal complexes, see: Gao et al. (2007); Shi et al. (2007); Zeng et al. $(2000,2002)$.


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{2}\right]$
$M_{r}=451.87$
Orthorhombic, Pbcn
$a=8.2003$ (16) $\AA$
$b=16.234$ (3) $\AA$
$c=13.708(3) \AA$

$$
V=1824.9(6) \AA^{3}
$$

$Z=4$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=1.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=291$ (2) K
$0.26 \times 0.24 \times 0.19 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID
diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.733, T_{\text {max }}=0.801$
16747 measured reflections 2097 independent reflections 1754 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.051$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.033$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.092$
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained
$S=1.09$
2097 reflections
138 parameters
refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.41 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\min }=-0.29 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry $\left(\AA^{\circ},^{\circ}\right)$.

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 8 \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $0.82(3)$ | $1.88(3)$ | $2.698(2)$ | $177(3)$ |

Symmetry code: (i) $x,-y+1, z+\frac{1}{2}$.
Data collection: RAPID-AUTO (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: RAPID-AUTO; data reduction: CrystalStructure (Rigaku/MSC, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG2511).

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# supporting information 

# Poly[bis ( $\mu$-2,6-dimethylpyridinium-3,5-dicarboxylato- $\kappa^{2} O^{3}: O^{5}$ )copper(II)] <br> Hong-Kun Zhang, Yu-Hong Du, Tao Jiang, Bai-Yan Li and Guang-Feng Hou 

## S1. Comment

To the best of our knowledge, there have been few reports to date on the crystal structure of 2,6-dimethylpyrine-3,5-dicarboxylic acid ligand (Zeng et al., 2000; Zeng et al., 2002: Gao et al., 2007). The crystal structure of 2,6-dimethyl-pyridinium-3,5-dicarboxylate ligand and Cu atom complex have been reported, namely trans-tetraaquabis (2,6-dimethyl-pyrinium-3,5-dicarboxylate)cooper(II) tetrahydrate, which is a discrete compound (Shi et al., 2007). In this paper, we report the new two-dimensional title complex, (I), synthesized by the recation of 2,6-dimethylpyrine-3,5-dicarboxylic acid and copper(II) dinitrate in methanol solution.

In the title compound, (Fig. 1), the Cu atom is located on a twofold rotation axis is four coordinated in a square environment that is formed by four carboxylate O atoms from four 2,6-dimethylpyridinium-3,5-dicarboxylate ligands. Each 2,6-dimethylpyridinium-3,5-dicarboxylate ligand bridges two Cu atom to form a two-dimensional supramolecular network parallel the $a b$ plane (Fig. 2). In addition, N1—H8․ㅇ3 ${ }^{i}$ hydrogen bonds link these adjacent plane into a threedimensional supramolecular network (Table 1).

## S2. Experimental

2,6-Dimethylpyridine-3,5-dicarboxylic acid was prepared by basic hydrolysis of diethyl 2,6-dimethylpyridine-3,5-dicarboxylate, prepared according to Checchi (1959). Diethyl 2,6-dimethylpyridine-3,5-dicarboxylate ( $25.1 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) and potassium hydroxide ( $13.44 \mathrm{~g}, 0.24 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) were dissolved in 150 ml e thanol and 150 ml water mixed solution, then stirred for three hours under reflux conditions. 10.5 g 2,6-Dimethylpyridine-3,5-dicarboxylic acid, a white precipitate, formed by adjusting pH of solution to 3 with 0.1 M HCl after evaporation of ethanol.
The complex (I) was synthesized with coppert(II) dinitrate ( $0.368 \mathrm{~g}, 2 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and 2,6-dimethylpyridine-3,5-dicarboxylic acid ( $0.390 \mathrm{~g}, 2 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) were dissolved in methanol and the pH was adjusted to 6 with $0.01 M$ sodium hydroxide. Black crystals were separated from the filtered solution after several days.

## S3. Refinement

H atoms bound to C atoms were placed in calculated positions and treated as riding on their parent atoms, with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=$ $0.93 \AA, 0.97 \AA$ for aromatic and methyl H atoms respectively; $U_{\mathrm{iso}}(\mathrm{H})$ was set to $=1.2 U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ of the carrier atom ( $1.5 U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ for methyl H atoms). The H 8 atoms bond to N 1 atoms were located in a difference Fourier map and refined isotropically.


Figure 1
The molecular structure of (I), showing displacement ellipsoids at the $30 \%$ probability level for non-H atoms. [symmetry codes: (I): $-x-1,-y+1,-z$; (II): $x-1,3 / 2-y,-1 / 2+z$; (III): $x,-1 / 2-y,-1 / 2+z]$


Figure 2
Part of the polymeric structure of (I), showing a two-dimensional network.
Poly[bis $\left(\mu\right.$-2,6-dimethylpyridinium-3,5-dicarboxylato- $\left.\left.\kappa^{2} O^{3}: O^{5}\right) \operatorname{copper}(\mathrm{II})\right]$

## Crystal data

$\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{2}\right]$
$M_{r}=451.87$
Orthorhombic, Pbcn
Hall symbol: -P 2n 2ab
$a=8.2003$ (16) $\AA$
$b=16.234$ (3) $\AA$
$c=13.708$ (3) $\AA$
$V=1824.9(6) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$F(000)=924$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.645 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 12587 reflections
$\theta=3.2-27.5^{\circ}$
$\mu=1.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=291 \mathrm{~K}$
Bluck, black
$0.26 \times 0.24 \times 0.19 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Rigaku R-AXIS RAPID
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\omega$ scan
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(ABSCOR; Higashi, 1995)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.733, T_{\text {max }}=0.801$

> 16747 measured reflections
> 2097 independent reflections
> 1754 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
> $R_{\text {int }}=0.051$
> $\theta_{\max }=27.5^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=3.2^{\circ}$
> $h=-10 \rightarrow 10$
> $k=-21 \rightarrow 21$
> $l=-17 \rightarrow 17$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.033$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.092$
$S=1.09$
2097 reflections
138 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

```
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
\(w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}\right)+(0.0491 P)^{2}+0.9342 P\right]\)
where \(P=\left(F_{0}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3\)
\((\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}=0.008\)
\(\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.41\) e \(\AA^{-3}\)
\(\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.29 \mathrm{e}^{-3}\)
```


## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C1 | $0.1149(2)$ | $0.35544(11)$ | $0.53558(13)$ | $0.0216(4)$ |
| C2 | $0.1113(2)$ | $0.33765(12)$ | $0.43628(14)$ | $0.0226(4)$ |
| C3 | $0.1706(3)$ | $0.39606(12)$ | $0.37198(13)$ | $0.0251(4)$ |
| H1 | 0.1677 | 0.3849 | 0.3055 | $0.030^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.2345(3)$ | $0.47081(12)$ | $0.40328(13)$ | $0.0225(4)$ |
| C5 | $0.2407(3)$ | $0.48643(11)$ | $0.50282(13)$ | $0.0211(4)$ |
| C6 | $0.0406(3)$ | $0.25909(13)$ | $0.39516(15)$ | $0.0269(4)$ |
| C7 | $0.2938(3)$ | $0.53108(12)$ | $0.32739(14)$ | $0.0257(4)$ |
| C8 | $0.3043(3)$ | $0.56351(13)$ | $0.54895(15)$ | $0.0300(5)$ |
| H5 | 0.2941 | 0.5595 | 0.6186 | $0.045^{*}$ |
| H6 | 0.2427 | 0.6099 | 0.5259 | $0.045^{*}$ |
| H7 | 0.4170 | 0.5706 | 0.5320 | $0.045^{*}$ |
| C9 | $0.0530(3)$ | $0.30107(14)$ | $0.61494(15)$ | $0.0331(5)$ |
| H2 | 0.1078 | 0.3142 | 0.6749 | $0.050^{*}$ |
| H3 | 0.0736 | 0.2446 | 0.5984 | $0.050^{*}$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| H4 | -0.0621 | 0.3094 | 0.6227 | $0.050^{*}$ |
| Cu1 | 0.0000 | $0.148168(18)$ | 0.2500 | $0.02018(13)$ |
| H8 | $0.186(3)$ | $0.4388(17)$ | $0.621(2)$ | $0.042(8)^{*}$ |
| N1 | $0.1800(2)$ | $0.42800(10)$ | $0.56291(12)$ | $0.0225(4)$ |
| O1 | $-0.0813(2)$ | $0.22887(11)$ | $0.43090(13)$ | $0.0466(5)$ |
| O2 | $0.1169(2)$ | $0.23282(9)$ | $0.32017(10)$ | $0.0333(4)$ |
| O3 | $0.2050(3)$ | $0.54134(12)$ | $0.25578(11)$ | $0.0442(5)$ |
| O4 | $0.4295(2)$ | $0.56494(9)$ | $0.34300(11)$ | $0.0337(4)$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C1 | $0.0243(10)$ | $0.0224(9)$ | $0.0180(9)$ | $0.0001(8)$ | $-0.0003(7)$ | $0.0006(7)$ |
| C2 | $0.0248(10)$ | $0.0226(9)$ | $0.0203(9)$ | $-0.0015(8)$ | $-0.0012(7)$ | $-0.0027(7)$ |
| C3 | $0.0331(11)$ | $0.0271(10)$ | $0.0152(8)$ | $-0.0015(8)$ | $-0.0020(7)$ | $-0.0029(7)$ |
| C4 | $0.0283(10)$ | $0.0217(9)$ | $0.0175(8)$ | $-0.0017(8)$ | $-0.0009(7)$ | $0.0015(7)$ |
| C5 | $0.0239(10)$ | $0.0207(9)$ | $0.0186(9)$ | $0.0000(8)$ | $-0.0020(7)$ | $0.0002(7)$ |
| C6 | $0.0319(11)$ | $0.0239(10)$ | $0.0250(10)$ | $-0.0044(8)$ | $-0.0064(8)$ | $-0.0013(8)$ |
| C7 | $0.0382(12)$ | $0.0203(9)$ | $0.0186(9)$ | $0.0020(9)$ | $0.0036(8)$ | $0.0015(7)$ |
| C8 | $0.0399(12)$ | $0.0254(10)$ | $0.0246(10)$ | $-0.0060(9)$ | $-0.0031(8)$ | $-0.0051(8)$ |
| C9 | $0.0442(13)$ | $0.0325(11)$ | $0.0225(10)$ | $-0.0085(10)$ | $0.0067(9)$ | $0.0033(8)$ |
| Cu1 | $0.0283(2)$ | $0.01488(19)$ | $0.01735(19)$ | 0.000 | $-0.00329(12)$ | 0.000 |
| N 1 | $0.0294(9)$ | $0.0249(8)$ | $0.0132(7)$ | $-0.0018(7)$ | $-0.0006(6)$ | $-0.0012(6)$ |
| O1 | $0.0439(11)$ | $0.0449(10)$ | $0.0511(10)$ | $-0.0222(9)$ | $0.0102(9)$ | $-0.0123(8)$ |
| O2 | $0.0440(9)$ | $0.0283(7)$ | $0.0277(7)$ | $-0.0087(7)$ | $-0.0004(7)$ | $-0.0095(6)$ |
| O3 | $0.0507(11)$ | $0.0592(12)$ | $0.0228(8)$ | $-0.0022(9)$ | $-0.0051(7)$ | $0.0161(7)$ |
| O4 | $0.0442(10)$ | $0.0279(8)$ | $0.0290(8)$ | $-0.0094(7)$ | $0.0034(7)$ | $0.0081(6)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Geometric parameters $\left(A,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $1.346(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{O} 4$ | $1.259(3)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.392(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 5$ | 0.9600 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 9$ | $1.490(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 6$ | 0.9600 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.383(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 7$ | 0.9600 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $1.510(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 0.9600 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $1.390(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{H} 3$ | 0.9600 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 0.9300 | $\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{H} 4$ | 0.9600 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $1.389(3)$ | $\mathrm{Cu} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | $1.9322(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $1.509(3)$ | $\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{O} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $1.9322(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 1$ | $1.351(2)$ | $\mathrm{Cu} 1-\mathrm{O} 4^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | $1.9455(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $1.496(3)$ | $\mathrm{Cu} 1-\mathrm{O} 4^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | $1.9455(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{O} 1$ | $1.216(3)$ | $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 8$ | $0.82(3)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{O} 2$ | $1.277(3)$ | $\mathrm{O} 4-\mathrm{Cu} 1^{\mathrm{iv}}$ | $1.9455(15)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{O} 3$ | $1.234(3)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 6$ | 109.5 |
|  |  | $\mathrm{H} 5-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 6$ | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $117.53(17)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 7$ | 109.5 |


| C3-C2-C1 | 118.26 (17) | H5-C8-H7 | 109.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C3-C2-C6 | 118.44 (17) | H6-C8-H7 | 109.5 |
| C1-C2-C6 | 123.26 (17) | C1-C9-H2 | 109.5 |
| C2-C3-C4 | 122.31 (17) | C1-C9-H3 | 109.5 |
| C2-C3-H1 | 118.8 | H2-C9-H3 | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 118.8 | C1-C9-H4 | 109.5 |
| C5-C4-C3 | 118.47 (17) | H2-C9-H4 | 109.5 |
| C5-C4-C7 | 123.17 (17) | H3-C9-H4 | 109.5 |
| C3-C4-C7 | 118.36 (17) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{O} 2^{\text {i }}$ | 89.32 (10) |
| N1-C5-C4 | 117.21 (17) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{Cu} 1-\mathrm{O} 4{ }^{\text {ii }}$ | 165.38 (7) |
| N1-C5-C8 | 117.25 (16) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{Cu} 1-\mathrm{O} 4{ }^{\text {ii }}$ | 91.17 (7) |
| C4-C5-C8 | 125.51 (17) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{O}^{\text {iii }}$ | 91.17 (7) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 126.3 (2) | $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{Cu} 1-\mathrm{O} 4{ }^{\text {iii }}$ | 165.38 (7) |
| O1-C6-C2 | 120.40 (19) | $\mathrm{O} 4{ }^{\text {ii }}-\mathrm{Cu} 1-\mathrm{O} 4{ }^{\text {iii }}$ | 92.03 (10) |
| O2-C6-C2 | 113.20 (18) | C1-N1-C5 | 126.19 (16) |
| $\mathrm{O} 3-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{O} 4$ | 126.7 (2) | C1-N1-H8 | 119 (2) |
| $\mathrm{O} 3-\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 4$ | 116.5 (2) | C5-N1-H8 | 115 (2) |
| O4-C7-C4 | 116.80 (18) | C6-O2-Cu1 | 113.26 (14) |
| C5-C8-H5 | 109.5 | C7-O4-Cu1 ${ }^{\text {iv }}$ | 117.02 (14) |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y,-z+1 / 2$; (ii) $x-1 / 2, y-1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$; (iii) $-x+1 / 2, y-1 / 2, z$; (iv) $x+1 / 2, y+1 / 2,-z+1 / 2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 8 \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\vee}$ | $0.82(3)$ | $1.88(3)$ | $2.698(2)$ | $177(3)$ |

Symmetry code: (v) $x,-y+1, z+1 / 2$.

