

4-Amino-3-ammoniopyridinium dichloride

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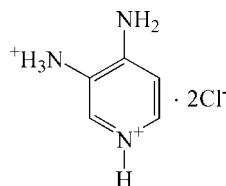
Received 3 December 2008; accepted 10 December 2008

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 296\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$;
 R factor = 0.025; wR factor = 0.068; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.2.

The anions and cations of the title compound, $\text{C}_5\text{H}_9\text{N}_3^{2+}\cdot 2\text{Cl}^-$, are connected by two chloride-bridged three-centered N—H···Cl hydrogen bonds into a three-dimensional network. The aromatic rings are not involved in stacking interactions.

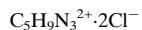
Related literature

For bond distances and angles in pyridine, derived from microwave spectra, see: Sørensen *et al.* (1974). For details of the N—H···Cl hydrogen bond in 4,4'-bipyridine compounds, see: Iyere *et al.* (2003). For N—H···Cl and secondary interactions in pyridinium chlorides, see: Jones *et al.* (2002); in 4-acetylpyridinium chloride, see: Kochel (2005). For N—H···Cl and O—H···Cl contacts in a triphenyl-pyridinium chloride (1/1) adduct, see: Sykora & Cioffi (2007).



Experimental

Crystal data



$M_r = 182.05$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

$a = 8.362(2)\text{ \AA}$

$b = 7.3218(19)\text{ \AA}$

$c = 13.239(3)\text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 92.065(4)^\circ$

$V = 810.0(4)\text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.73\text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 296(2)\text{ K}$

$0.41 \times 0.31 \times 0.07\text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Bruker, 1997)
 $T_{\min} = 0.734$, $T_{\max} = 0.948$

3949 measured reflections
1494 independent reflections
1345 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.014$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.025$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.068$
 $S = 1.14$
1494 reflections

92 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1A···Cl2 ⁱ	0.89	2.22	3.1142 (15)	178
N1—H1B···Cl2 ⁱⁱ	0.89	2.37	3.1754 (16)	151
N1—H1C···Cl1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.89	2.23	3.0790 (16)	160
N2—H2A···Cl1 ⁱⁱ	0.86	2.39	3.2188 (17)	163
N2—H2B···Cl1 ^{iv}	0.86	2.42	3.2672 (17)	168
N3—H3···Cl2	0.86	2.59	3.2499 (16)	135
N3—H3···Cl2 ^v	0.86	2.70	3.3198 (16)	130

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $x, y + 1, z$; (iii) $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iv) $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (v) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *SMART* (Bruker, 1997); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 1997); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The authors thank Luo Yang Normal University for supporting this work.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SI2142).

References

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supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2009). E65, o131 [doi:10.1107/S1600536808041962]

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S1. Comment

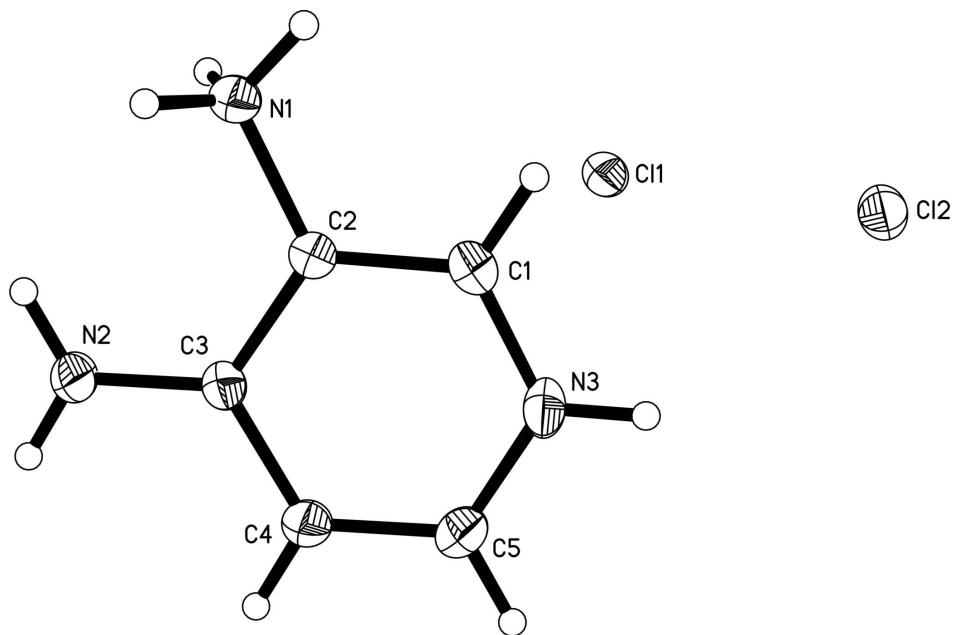
The title compound is a salt containing a diprotonated 3,4-diaminopyridine cation and two Cl⁻ anions (Fig. 1). The C1—N3—C5 bond angle is wider than that in pyridine (116.94 (3)^o; Sørensen *et al.*, 1974) which indicates that the pyridine ring N atom is protonated (Table 1). Also, the 4-amino N atom is protonated. The projection of the crystal packing along the *b* axis is shown in Fig. 2. The Cl⁻ anions and the 3,4-diaminopyridinium cations in the title compound are bonded by two chlorine-bridged, three-centered N—H···Cl hydrogen bonds into a three-dimensional network (Fig. 2, Table 2). Example structures of related compounds with two- and three-centered N—H···Cl hydrogen bonds are discussed by Iyere *et al.* (2003); Jones *et al.* (2002); Kochel (2005) and Sykora & Cioffi (2007).

S2. Experimental

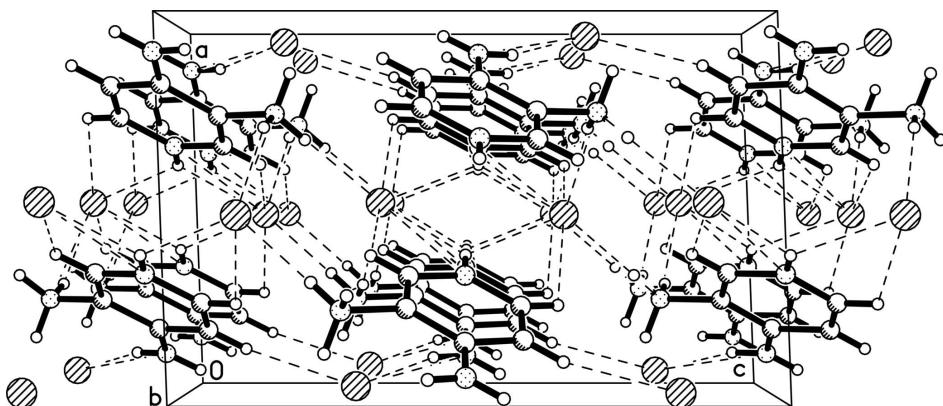
3,4-diaminopyridine (0.01 mmol) and HCl (0.02 mmol) in 10 ml ethanol. Suitable crystals for X-ray analysis, were grown by allowing the solution to slowly evaporate for 15 days, and were subsequently filtered off, washed with methanol and dried under air.

S3. Refinement

H atoms were constrained to idealized positions and refined using a riding model, with C—H distances of 0.93 Å [$U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$], and NH distances of 0.86 Å for NH2 [$U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$] and 0.89 Å for NH3 [$U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{N})$].

**Figure 1**

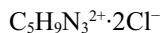
A view of the asymmetric unit of (I), showing the atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A view of the title compound packing down the *b* axis.

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Crystal data



$M_r = 182.05$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 8.362 (2)$ Å

$b = 7.3218 (19)$ Å

$c = 13.239 (3)$ Å

$\beta = 92.065 (4)^\circ$

$V = 810.0 (4)$ Å³

$Z = 4$

$$F(000) = 376$$

$$D_x = 1.493 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å

Cell parameters from 2439 reflections

$\theta = 3.1\text{--}28.2^\circ$

$\mu = 0.73 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 296$ K

Block, colorless

$0.41 \times 0.31 \times 0.07$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART CCD area-detector
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(*SADABS*; Bruker, 1997)
 $T_{\min} = 0.734$, $T_{\max} = 0.948$

3949 measured reflections
1494 independent reflections
1345 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.014$
 $\theta_{\max} = 25.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$
 $h = -10 \rightarrow 9$
 $k = -6 \rightarrow 8$
 $l = -16 \rightarrow 15$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.025$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.068$
 $S = 1.14$
1494 reflections
92 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0285P)^2 + 0.2927P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.24 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.25 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Cl1	0.05806 (5)	0.10977 (6)	0.30663 (3)	0.03884 (15)
Cl2	0.51526 (5)	0.00029 (6)	0.35359 (3)	0.03603 (14)
N1	0.26647 (16)	0.68257 (19)	0.30328 (10)	0.0320 (3)
H1A	0.3291	0.6281	0.2594	0.048*
H1B	0.3026	0.7949	0.3160	0.048*
H1C	0.1670	0.6887	0.2772	0.048*
N2	0.11914 (19)	0.8105 (2)	0.48188 (12)	0.0439 (4)
H2A	0.1182	0.8773	0.4284	0.053*
H2B	0.0737	0.8485	0.5352	0.053*
N3	0.33856 (18)	0.3102 (2)	0.48536 (11)	0.0376 (4)
H3	0.3861	0.2061	0.4869	0.045*
C1	0.3383 (2)	0.4103 (2)	0.40010 (13)	0.0329 (4)
H1	0.3866	0.3649	0.3431	0.039*
C2	0.26762 (18)	0.5778 (2)	0.39701 (12)	0.0271 (3)
C3	0.19067 (19)	0.6488 (2)	0.48205 (12)	0.0296 (4)
C4	0.1921 (2)	0.5357 (2)	0.56891 (13)	0.0366 (4)
H4	0.1422	0.5751	0.6267	0.044*
C5	0.2655 (2)	0.3703 (2)	0.56862 (14)	0.0391 (4)
H5	0.2656	0.2976	0.6262	0.047*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Cl1	0.0414 (3)	0.0428 (3)	0.0324 (2)	0.00951 (19)	0.00267 (18)	-0.00166 (18)
Cl2	0.0410 (3)	0.0298 (2)	0.0379 (2)	0.00388 (17)	0.01080 (18)	0.00231 (17)

N1	0.0335 (7)	0.0344 (8)	0.0283 (7)	0.0006 (6)	0.0044 (6)	-0.0002 (6)
N2	0.0617 (10)	0.0360 (8)	0.0348 (8)	0.0202 (8)	0.0147 (7)	0.0032 (7)
N3	0.0403 (8)	0.0265 (7)	0.0462 (9)	0.0089 (6)	0.0023 (7)	0.0007 (6)
C1	0.0319 (9)	0.0323 (9)	0.0346 (9)	0.0018 (7)	0.0031 (7)	-0.0054 (7)
C2	0.0260 (8)	0.0283 (8)	0.0270 (8)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0012 (6)	-0.0008 (6)
C3	0.0309 (8)	0.0274 (8)	0.0306 (8)	0.0029 (7)	0.0017 (7)	-0.0016 (7)
C4	0.0434 (10)	0.0377 (10)	0.0291 (9)	0.0069 (8)	0.0069 (7)	0.0021 (7)
C5	0.0459 (10)	0.0366 (10)	0.0349 (10)	0.0038 (8)	0.0013 (8)	0.0077 (8)

Geometric parameters (\AA , °)

N1—C2	1.458 (2)	N3—H3	0.8600
N1—H1A	0.8900	C1—C2	1.361 (2)
N1—H1B	0.8900	C1—H1	0.9300
N1—H1C	0.8900	C2—C3	1.416 (2)
N2—C3	1.326 (2)	C3—C4	1.417 (2)
N2—H2A	0.8600	C4—C5	1.358 (3)
N2—H2B	0.8600	C4—H4	0.9300
N3—C1	1.346 (2)	C5—H5	0.9300
N3—C5	1.353 (2)		
C2—N1—H1A	109.5	C2—C1—H1	119.9
C2—N1—H1B	109.5	C1—C2—C3	121.06 (15)
H1A—N1—H1B	109.5	C1—C2—N1	119.26 (14)
C2—N1—H1C	109.5	C3—C2—N1	119.65 (14)
H1A—N1—H1C	109.5	N2—C3—C2	122.95 (15)
H1B—N1—H1C	109.5	N2—C3—C4	120.92 (15)
C3—N2—H2A	120.0	C2—C3—C4	116.12 (15)
C3—N2—H2B	120.0	C5—C4—C3	120.64 (16)
H2A—N2—H2B	120.0	C5—C4—H4	119.7
C1—N3—C5	121.29 (15)	C3—C4—H4	119.7
C1—N3—H3	119.4	N3—C5—C4	120.64 (16)
C5—N3—H3	119.4	N3—C5—H5	119.7
N3—C1—C2	120.23 (16)	C4—C5—H5	119.7
N3—C1—H1	119.9		
C5—N3—C1—C2	1.9 (3)	N1—C2—C3—C4	177.72 (15)
N3—C1—C2—C3	-1.2 (2)	N2—C3—C4—C5	179.99 (18)
N3—C1—C2—N1	-178.99 (14)	C2—C3—C4—C5	0.7 (3)
C1—C2—C3—N2	-179.35 (16)	C1—N3—C5—C4	-1.2 (3)
N1—C2—C3—N2	-1.6 (2)	C3—C4—C5—N3	-0.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.1 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
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