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## Structure Reports

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## 4,5-Diaminobenzene-1,2-dicarbonitrile

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Received 3 March 2009; accepted 10 March 2009
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=273 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.041 ; w R$ factor $=0.146$; data-to-parameter ratio $=13.8$.

The molecular skeleton of the title molecule, $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$, is essentially planar [maximum deviation from the mean plane of 0.037 (2) $\AA$ ]. All N atoms are involved in the formation of intermolecular $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{N}$ hydrogen bonds. The crystal packing exhibits also dipole-dipole interactions between the cyano groups of neighbouring molecules [C . . C 3.473 (2) Å].

## Related literature

For details of the synthesis, see: Cheeseman (1962); Mitzel et al. (2003). For applications of diamido compounds, see: Rusanova et al. (2002); Youngblood (2006). For a related crystal structure, see: Zhang \& Lu (2007).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$
$M_{r}=158.17$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
$a=8.2966$ (11) A
$b=17.100$ (2) A
$c=5.5295(7) \AA$
$\beta=102.256$ (2) ${ }^{\circ}$
$V=766.60(17) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=273 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}$

Data collection
Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003)
$T_{\min }=0.980, T_{\max }=0.988$

4031 measured reflections 1502 independent reflections 1201 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.018$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.041 \quad 109$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.146 \quad$ H-atom parameters constrained
$S=0.95$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.25 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
1502 reflections

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 3^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.86 | 2.47 | $3.283(2)$ | 158 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 B \cdots \mathrm{~N} 4^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.86 | 2.37 | $3.225(2)$ | 171 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | 0.86 | 2.52 | $3.3729(16)$ | 169 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 B \cdots \mathrm{~N} 4^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.86 | 2.34 | $3.188(2)$ | 171 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1,-y+1,-z$; (ii) $x-1, y, z-1$; (iii) $x,-y+\frac{1}{2}, z+\frac{1}{2}$.
Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: SAINTPlus (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: $X P$ in SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: $X P$ in SHELXTL.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV2527).

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## supporting information

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## 4,5-Diaminobenzene-1,2-dicarbonitrile

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## S1. Comment

Diamido compounds have been paid much attention becuase of their wide application in the preparation of Schiff bases and other organic ligands. On the other hand, dicyano compounds have been widely used to synthesize many useful materials such as phthalocyanine dyes. Very recently, organic ligands with differernt functional groups have attracted intense interest in the design and synthesis of functional materials, among which the title compound (I) as an very interesting small organic bifunctional precursor have been synthesied and employed to design and synthesize phthalocyanine compounds (Rusanova et al., 2002; Mitzel et al., 2003; Youngblood et al., 2006). Herein, we report its crystal structure (Fig. 1).
The whole molecular structure of (I) is essentially planar with the largest deviation value of 0.037 (2) $\AA$ from the mean plane. The cyano groups bond lengths are 1.140 (2) and 1.142 (2) $\AA$, respectively, which are similar to those in cyanosubstituted organic ligands (Zhang et al., 2007).

In the crystal, the molecules are linked by four different $\mathrm{N} \cdots \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{N}$ intermolecular hydrogen bonds (Table 2) between primary amido hydrogen atoms and amido and cyano nitrogen atoms. In additon, the crystal packing exhibits dipoledipole interactions between the cyano groups of neighbouring molecules proved by short distance $\mathrm{C} 6 \cdots \mathrm{C} 7(-x+1,-y+1$, $z+1)$ of 3.473 (2) $\AA$ (Table 1).

## S2. Experimental

The title compound 4,5-diamido-1,2-dicyanobenzene was prepared by four steps reaction from the starting material 1,2diamidobenzene according to the method reported in the literature (Cheeseman, 1962; Mitzel et al., 2003). A solid of 4,5-diamido-1,2-dicyanobenzene ( 0.5 mmol ) was added to the acetone solution ( 8 ml ). The solution was slowly evaporated to generate white block single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis. Elemental analysis [found (calculated)] for $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$ : C 60.63 (60.75), H 3.77 (3.82), N $35.36 \%$ (35.42\%).

## S3. Refinement

All H-atoms were geometrically positioned $(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} 0.93 \AA, \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}=0.86 \AA)$, and refined as riding, with $U_{\text {iso }}=1.2 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C}$, N).


## Figure 1

A view of (I) with the unique atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $30 \%$ probability level.

## 4,5-Diaminobenzene-1,2-dicarbonitrile

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$
$M_{r}=158.17$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / c$
Hall symbol: -P 2ybc
$a=8.2966$ (11) $\AA$
$b=17.100$ (2) $\AA$
$c=5.5295$ (7) $\AA$
$\beta=102.256(2)^{\circ}$
$V=766.60(17) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
Detector resolution: 0 pixels $\mathrm{mm}^{-1}$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003)
$T_{\min }=0.980, T_{\text {max }}=0.988$
$F(000)=328$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.370 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 1651 reflections
$\theta=2.5-26.5^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=273 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, white
$0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.14 \mathrm{~mm}$

4031 measured reflections
1502 independent reflections
1201 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.018$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=26.0^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=2.5^{\circ}$
$h=-10 \rightarrow 9$
$k=-18 \rightarrow 21$
$l=-5 \rightarrow 6$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.041$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.146$
$S=0.95$
1502 reflections
109 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}\right)+(0.1 P)^{2}+0.1224 P\right]$ where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.25$ e $\AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.21 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$-factors (gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.03342(15)$ | $0.30649(8)$ | $0.3604(3)$ | $0.0488(4)$ |
| H1A | 0.0217 | 0.2745 | 0.4754 | $0.059^{*}$ |
| H1B | -0.0488 | 0.3167 | 0.2412 | $0.059^{*}$ |
| N2 | $0.07879(17)$ | $0.40517(9)$ | $-0.0247(3)$ | $0.0548(4)$ |
| H2A | 0.0940 | 0.4338 | -0.1457 | $0.066^{*}$ |
| H2B | -0.0173 | 0.3862 | -0.0256 | $0.066^{*}$ |
| N3 | $0.78147(18)$ | $0.46391(10)$ | $0.3631(3)$ | $0.0667(5)$ |
| N4 | $0.7218(2)$ | $0.32364(11)$ | $0.9135(3)$ | $0.0736(5)$ |
| C1 | $0.36358(19)$ | $0.42015(9)$ | $0.1736(3)$ | $0.0449(4)$ |
| H1C | 0.3794 | 0.4522 | 0.0448 | $0.054^{*}$ |
| C2 | $0.20725(18)$ | $0.38986(9)$ | $0.1690(3)$ | $0.0396(4)$ |
| C3 | $0.18407(17)$ | $0.34143(8)$ | $0.3672(3)$ | $0.0378(4)$ |
| C4 | $0.31750(18)$ | $0.32537(8)$ | $0.5584(3)$ | $0.0409(4)$ |
| H4A | 0.3022 | 0.2937 | 0.6886 | $0.049^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.47413(18)$ | $0.35546(9)$ | $0.5606(3)$ | $0.0411(4)$ |
| C6 | $0.49666(18)$ | $0.40366(9)$ | $0.3661(3)$ | $0.0417(4)$ |
| C7 | $0.6563(2)$ | $0.43676(10)$ | $0.3652(3)$ | $0.0492(4)$ |
| C8 | $0.6111(2)$ | $0.33725(10)$ | $0.7576(3)$ | $0.0506(4)$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.0348(7)$ | $0.0570(8)$ | $0.0518(8)$ | $-0.0050(6)$ | $0.0027(6)$ | $0.0110(6)$ |
| N2 | $0.0419(8)$ | $0.0688(9)$ | $0.0497(8)$ | $-0.0017(6)$ | $0.0008(6)$ | $0.0155(7)$ |
| N3 | $0.0443(9)$ | $0.0755(11)$ | $0.0815(12)$ | $-0.0086(7)$ | $0.0157(8)$ | $0.0026(8)$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N4 | $0.0496(9)$ | $0.1007(14)$ | $0.0603(10)$ | $0.0000(9)$ | $-0.0112(8)$ | $0.0071(9)$ |
| C1 | $0.0428(9)$ | $0.0485(9)$ | $0.0440(9)$ | $-0.0010(7)$ | $0.0103(7)$ | $0.0055(7)$ |
| C2 | $0.0370(8)$ | $0.0410(8)$ | $0.0394(8)$ | $0.0035(6)$ | $0.0048(6)$ | $-0.0004(6)$ |
| C3 | $0.0342(7)$ | $0.0375(7)$ | $0.0415(8)$ | $0.0009(5)$ | $0.0072(6)$ | $-0.0031(6)$ |
| C4 | $0.0394(9)$ | $0.0446(8)$ | $0.0376(8)$ | $-0.0009(6)$ | $0.0054(6)$ | $0.0035(6)$ |
| C5 | $0.0366(8)$ | $0.0448(8)$ | $0.0394(8)$ | $0.0008(6)$ | $0.0028(6)$ | $-0.0033(6)$ |
| C6 | $0.0349(8)$ | $0.0463(8)$ | $0.0437(8)$ | $-0.0010(6)$ | $0.0080(6)$ | $-0.0030(6)$ |
| C7 | $0.0425(9)$ | $0.0529(9)$ | $0.0527(10)$ | $-0.0008(7)$ | $0.0113(7)$ | $0.0011(7)$ |
| C8 | $0.0399(9)$ | $0.0610(10)$ | $0.0480(9)$ | $-0.0040(7)$ | $0.0028(7)$ | $-0.0008(7)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| N1-C3 | 1.3787 (19) | C1-C2 | 1.392 (2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1-H1A | 0.8600 | C1-H1C | 0.9300 |
| N1-H1B | 0.8600 | C2-C3 | 1.419 (2) |
| N2-C2 | 1.366 (2) | C3-C4 | 1.387 (2) |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 0.8600 | C4-C5 | 1.395 (2) |
| N2-H2B | 0.8600 | C4-H4A | 0.9300 |
| N3-C7 | 1.140 (2) | C5-C6 | 1.399 (2) |
| N4-C8 | 1.142 (2) | C5-C8 | 1.432 (2) |
| C1-C6 | 1.390 (2) | C6-C7 | 1.441 (2) |
| C6 $\cdots{ }^{\text {C }}{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 3.473 (2) |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | 120.0 | N1-C3-C2 | 120.18 (13) |
| C3-N1-H1B | 120.0 | C4-C3-C2 | 119.18 (13) |
| H1A-N1-H1B | 120.0 | C3-C4-C5 | 121.64 (14) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 120.0 | C3-C4-H4A | 119.2 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 120.0 | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 119.2 |
| $\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~B}$ | 120.0 | C4-C5-C6 | 119.15 (13) |
| C6- $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 121.61 (14) | C4-C5-C8 | 120.90 (14) |
| C6- $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C}$ | 119.2 | C6-C5-C8 | 119.95 (13) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C}$ | 119.2 | C1-C6-C5 | 119.61 (13) |
| N2-C2-C1 | 120.78 (14) | C1-C6-C7 | 119.94 (14) |
| N2-C2-C3 | 120.42 (14) | C5-C6-C7 | 120.45 (14) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 118.80 (14) | N3-C7-C6 | 179.01 (18) |
| N1-C3-C4 | 120.48 (14) | N4-C8-C5 | 178.92 (19) |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1,-y+1,-z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H}^{\cdots} A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 3^{\text {ii }}$ | 0.86 | 2.47 | $3.283(2)$ | 158 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 B \cdots \mathrm{~N} 4^{\text {iii }}$ | 0.86 | 2.37 | $3.225(2)$ | 171 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 A \cdots \mathrm{~N} 1^{\text {iv }}$ | 0.86 | 2.52 | $3.3729(16)$ | 169 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1 — \mathrm{H} 1 B \cdots \mathrm{~N} 4^{\text {iii }}$ | 0.86 | 2.34 | $3.188(2)$ | 171 |

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x+1,-y+1,-z$; (iii) $x-1, y, z-1$; (iv) $x,-y+1 / 2, z+1 / 2$.

