

## 5-(4-Phenoxyphenyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-amine

Rong Wan,\* Yao Wang, Feng Han and Peng Wang

Department of Applied Chemistry, College of Science, Nanjing University of Technology, No. 5 Ximofan Road, Nanjing, Nanjing 210009, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: rwan@njut.edu.cn

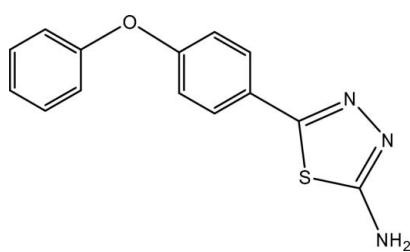
Received 5 April 2009; accepted 7 April 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.051;  $wR$  factor = 0.141; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.6.

The title compound,  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{OS}$ , was synthesized by the reaction of phenoxybenzoic acid and thiosemicarbazide. The thiadiazole ring makes dihedral angles of  $0.99(16)$  and  $86.53(18)^\circ$ , respectively, with the benzene and phenyl rings. The dihedral angle between the benzene and phenyl rings is  $87.17(19)^\circ$ . Intramolecular  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$  contacts are present. In the crystal, intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bonds link the molecules.

### Related literature

For the fungicidal and herbicidal activities of thiadiazole derivatives, see: Chen *et al.* (2000); Kidwai *et al.* (2000); Vicentini *et al.* (1998). For their insecticidal activities, see: Arun *et al.* (1999); Wasfy *et al.* (1996). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{OS}$

$M_r = 269.32$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

$$a = 13.409(3)\text{ \AA}$$

$$b = 10.582(2)\text{ \AA}$$

$$c = 9.5710(19)\text{ \AA}$$

$\beta = 108.58(3)^\circ$   
 $V = 1287.3(4)\text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

$\mu = 0.25\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 293\text{ K}$   
 $0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20\text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4  
diffractometer  
Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan  
(North *et al.*, 1968)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.930$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.953$   
2438 measured reflections

2336 independent reflections  
1596 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$   
3 standard reflections  
every 200 reflections  
intensity decay: 1%

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.141$   
 $S = 1.00$   
2336 reflections

172 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N3—H3A $\cdots$ N2 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.21	3.042 (4)	162
N3—H3B $\cdots$ N1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.26	3.094 (3)	163
C9—H9A $\cdots$ S	0.93	2.72	3.133 (4)	108

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CAD-4 EXPRESS* (Enraf–Nonius, 1989); cell refinement: *CAD-4 EXPRESS*; data reduction: *XCAD4* (Harms & Wocadlo, 1995); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

The authors gratefully acknowledge Professor Hua-Qin Wang of the Analysis Center, Nanjing University, for providing the Enraf–Nonius CAD-4 diffractometer for this research project.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: AT2760).

### References

- Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). *J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2*, pp. S1–19.
- Arun, K. P., Nag, V. L. & Panda, C. S. (1999). *Indian J. Chem. Sect. B*, **38**, 998–1001.
- Chen, H. S., Li, Z. M. & Han, Y. F. (2000). *J. Agric. Food Chem.* **48**, 5312–5315.
- Enraf–Nonius (1989). *CAD-4 Software*. Enraf–Nonius, Delft, The Netherlands.
- Harms, K. & Wocadlo, S. (1995). *XCAD4*. University of Marburg, Germany.
- Kidwai, M., Negi, N. & Misra, P. (2000). *J. Indian Chem. Soc.* **77**, 46–48.
- North, A. C. T., Phillips, D. C. & Mathews, F. S. (1968). *Acta Cryst. A* **24**, 351–359.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Vicentini, C. B., Manfrini, M., Veronese, A. C. & Guarneri, M. (1998). *J. Heterocycl. Chem.* **35**, 29–36.
- Wasfy, A. A., Nassar, S. A. & Eissa, A. M. (1996). *Indian J. Chem. Sect. B*, **35**, 1218–1220.

# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2009). E65, o1044 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809013257]

## 5-(4-Phenoxyphenyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-amine

Rong Wan, Yao Wang, Feng Han and Peng Wang

### S1. Comment

Thiadiazole derivatives containing the thiazolidinone unit are of great interest because of their chemical and pharmaceutical properties. Some derivatives have fungicidal and herbicidal activities (Chen *et al.*, 2000; Kidwai *et al.*, 2000; Vicentini *et al.*, 1998); some show insecticidal activities (Arun *et al.*, 1999; Wasfy *et al.*, 1996). We report here the crystal structure of the title compound, (I).

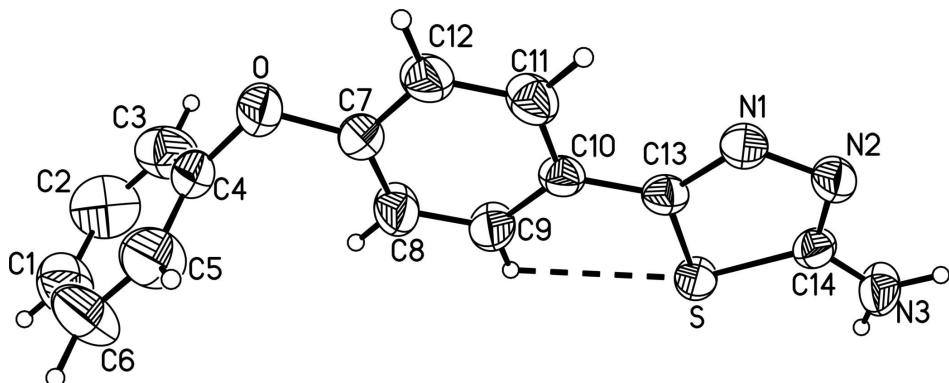
The molecular structure of (I) is shown in Fig. 1, in which the bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are generally within normal ranges. The thiadiazole ring makes dihedral angles of 0.99 (16) $^{\circ}$  and 86.53 (18) $^{\circ}$  with the benzene and phenyl rings, respectively. The dihedral angle between the benzene and phenyl rings is 87.17 (19) $^{\circ}$ . There are intramolecular C—H···S contacts (Fig. 1), and intermolecular N—H···N hydrogen bonds, linking the molecules into chains along the *b* axis (Fig. 2).

### S2. Experimental

Phenoxybenzoic acid (5 mmol) and thiosemicarbazide (5 mmol) were added in toluene (50 ml), which is heated under reflux for 4 h. The reaction mixture was left to cool to room temperature, poured into ice water, filtered, and the filter cake was crystallized from acetone to give pure compound (I) [m.p. 513–514 K]. Crystals of (I) suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained by slow evaporation of an acetone solution.

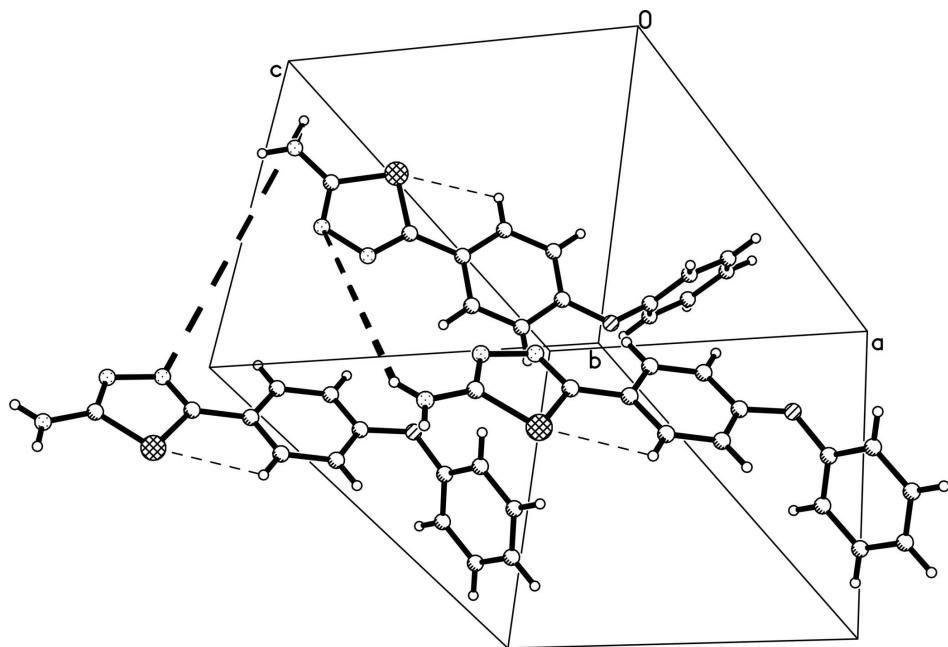
### S3. Refinement

All H atoms were placed geometrically at the distances C—H = 0.93 Å and N—H = 0.86 Å, and included in the refinement in riding motion approximation with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}$  of the carrier atom.



**Figure 1**

A view of the molecular structure of (I). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. Dashed lines indicate the intramolecular C—H···S contact.

**Figure 2**

Partial packing view showing the hydrogen-bonded network. Dashed lines indicate intermolecular  $\text{N}—\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bonds.

### 5-(4-Phenoxyphenyl)-1,3,4-thiadiazol-2-amine

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{OS}$

$M_r = 269.32$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 13.409 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 10.582 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 9.5710 (19) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 108.58 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1287.3 (4) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 560$

$D_x = 1.390 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point: 542 K

$\text{Mo } K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 25 reflections

$\theta = 10\text{--}13^\circ$

$\mu = 0.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$

Block, colourless

$0.30 \times 0.20 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Enraf–Nonius CAD-4

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\omega/2\theta$  scans

Absorption correction:  $\psi$  scan

(North *et al.*, 1968)

$T_{\min} = 0.930$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.953$

2438 measured reflections

2336 independent reflections

1596 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.3^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.5^\circ$

$h = 0 \rightarrow 16$

$k = 0 \rightarrow 12$

$l = -11 \rightarrow 10$

3 standard reflections every 200 reflections

intensity decay: 1%

*Refinement*Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

$$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.051$$

$$wR(F^2) = 0.141$$

$$S = 1.00$$

2336 reflections

172 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.074P)^2 + 0.12P]$$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

$$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.22 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$$

*Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S	0.07308 (7)	0.15388 (7)	0.18224 (8)	0.0444 (3)
O	0.3343 (2)	-0.0997 (2)	-0.2453 (3)	0.0751 (8)
N1	0.0991 (2)	-0.0816 (2)	0.2420 (3)	0.0438 (6)
N2	0.0458 (2)	-0.0359 (2)	0.3336 (3)	0.0450 (6)
N3	-0.0237 (2)	0.1545 (2)	0.3882 (3)	0.0564 (7)
H3A	-0.0449	0.1197	0.4550	0.068*
H3B	-0.0344	0.2337	0.3693	0.068*
C1	0.4549 (4)	0.1716 (4)	-0.4561 (5)	0.0764 (12)
H1B	0.4826	0.2314	-0.5046	0.092*
C2	0.3629 (4)	0.1137 (4)	-0.5265 (5)	0.0870 (13)
H2B	0.3273	0.1343	-0.6242	0.104*
C3	0.3208 (3)	0.0249 (4)	-0.4566 (5)	0.0729 (11)
H3C	0.2572	-0.0142	-0.5061	0.087*
C4	0.3732 (3)	-0.0048 (3)	-0.3145 (4)	0.0526 (8)
C5	0.4662 (3)	0.0517 (4)	-0.2422 (4)	0.0721 (11)
H5A	0.5027	0.0301	-0.1451	0.086*
C6	0.5062 (3)	0.1415 (4)	-0.3144 (5)	0.0834 (13)
H6A	0.5691	0.1818	-0.2648	0.100*
C7	0.2835 (3)	-0.0671 (3)	-0.1459 (4)	0.0501 (8)
C8	0.2482 (3)	0.0534 (3)	-0.1339 (4)	0.0586 (9)
H8A	0.2603	0.1185	-0.1918	0.070*
C9	0.1947 (3)	0.0763 (3)	-0.0349 (4)	0.0537 (9)
H9A	0.1701	0.1573	-0.0272	0.064*
C10	0.1769 (2)	-0.0194 (3)	0.0532 (3)	0.0383 (7)
C11	0.2148 (2)	-0.1399 (3)	0.0400 (4)	0.0481 (8)

H11A	0.2044	-0.2051	0.0989	0.058*
C12	0.2673 (2)	-0.1634 (3)	-0.0592 (4)	0.0516 (8)
H12A	0.2919	-0.2443	-0.0677	0.062*
C13	0.1199 (2)	0.0043 (3)	0.1577 (3)	0.0375 (7)
C14	0.0255 (2)	0.0854 (3)	0.3138 (3)	0.0406 (7)

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S	0.0627 (5)	0.0291 (4)	0.0463 (4)	0.0030 (4)	0.0244 (4)	0.0026 (3)
O	0.101 (2)	0.0436 (14)	0.115 (2)	-0.0098 (13)	0.0814 (18)	-0.0134 (14)
N1	0.0596 (16)	0.0287 (13)	0.0480 (14)	0.0027 (11)	0.0241 (12)	0.0010 (11)
N2	0.0619 (17)	0.0319 (13)	0.0483 (15)	0.0004 (12)	0.0274 (13)	0.0014 (11)
N3	0.091 (2)	0.0384 (14)	0.0525 (15)	0.0099 (14)	0.0404 (15)	0.0044 (13)
C1	0.085 (3)	0.072 (3)	0.082 (3)	-0.004 (2)	0.040 (2)	0.017 (2)
C2	0.097 (3)	0.081 (3)	0.070 (3)	0.009 (3)	0.008 (2)	0.018 (2)
C3	0.052 (2)	0.066 (3)	0.088 (3)	-0.0005 (19)	0.005 (2)	-0.004 (2)
C4	0.057 (2)	0.0439 (18)	0.069 (2)	-0.0033 (16)	0.0369 (18)	-0.0102 (17)
C5	0.081 (3)	0.084 (3)	0.049 (2)	-0.020 (2)	0.0162 (19)	0.0017 (19)
C6	0.068 (3)	0.095 (3)	0.086 (3)	-0.035 (2)	0.021 (2)	0.006 (3)
C7	0.055 (2)	0.0393 (18)	0.067 (2)	-0.0050 (15)	0.0341 (17)	-0.0090 (16)
C8	0.079 (2)	0.0385 (18)	0.075 (2)	0.0031 (16)	0.049 (2)	0.0069 (16)
C9	0.074 (2)	0.0316 (16)	0.069 (2)	0.0056 (16)	0.0412 (19)	0.0000 (15)
C10	0.0392 (16)	0.0307 (15)	0.0458 (16)	-0.0012 (12)	0.0147 (13)	-0.0015 (12)
C11	0.0474 (18)	0.0367 (17)	0.065 (2)	0.0023 (14)	0.0253 (16)	0.0064 (15)
C12	0.0516 (19)	0.0341 (16)	0.077 (2)	-0.0005 (14)	0.0322 (17)	-0.0031 (16)
C13	0.0410 (16)	0.0299 (14)	0.0392 (15)	-0.0004 (12)	0.0093 (13)	0.0004 (12)
C14	0.0527 (19)	0.0329 (16)	0.0358 (15)	-0.0009 (13)	0.0137 (14)	-0.0029 (12)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

S—C14	1.740 (3)	C3—H3C	0.9300
S—C13	1.746 (3)	C4—C5	1.357 (5)
O—C7	1.378 (4)	C5—C6	1.380 (5)
O—C4	1.393 (4)	C5—H5A	0.9300
N1—C13	1.303 (4)	C6—H6A	0.9300
N1—N2	1.383 (3)	C7—C12	1.374 (4)
N2—C14	1.314 (4)	C7—C8	1.378 (4)
N3—C14	1.333 (4)	C8—C9	1.381 (4)
N3—H3A	0.8600	C8—H8A	0.9300
N3—H3B	0.8600	C9—C10	1.386 (4)
C1—C6	1.349 (5)	C9—H9A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.349 (6)	C10—C11	1.393 (4)
C1—H1B	0.9300	C10—C13	1.462 (4)
C2—C3	1.375 (6)	C11—C12	1.373 (4)
C2—H2B	0.9300	C11—H11A	0.9300
C3—C4	1.354 (5)	C12—H12A	0.9300

C14—S—C13	87.14 (13)	C12—C7—C8	120.7 (3)
C7—O—C4	119.3 (2)	C12—C7—O	116.0 (3)
C13—N1—N2	113.8 (2)	C8—C7—O	123.2 (3)
C14—N2—N1	112.0 (2)	C7—C8—C9	119.2 (3)
C14—N3—H3A	120.0	C7—C8—H8A	120.4
C14—N3—H3B	120.0	C9—C8—H8A	120.4
H3A—N3—H3B	120.0	C8—C9—C10	121.1 (3)
C6—C1—C2	119.2 (4)	C8—C9—H9A	119.4
C6—C1—H1B	120.4	C10—C9—H9A	119.4
C2—C1—H1B	120.4	C9—C10—C11	118.4 (3)
C1—C2—C3	121.2 (4)	C9—C10—C13	121.3 (3)
C1—C2—H2B	119.4	C11—C10—C13	120.3 (3)
C3—C2—H2B	119.4	C12—C11—C10	120.7 (3)
C4—C3—C2	119.0 (4)	C12—C11—H11A	119.6
C4—C3—H3C	120.5	C10—C11—H11A	119.6
C2—C3—H3C	120.5	C11—C12—C7	119.9 (3)
C3—C4—C5	120.6 (3)	C11—C12—H12A	120.1
C3—C4—O	119.5 (3)	C7—C12—H12A	120.1
C5—C4—O	119.9 (3)	N1—C13—C10	124.5 (3)
C4—C5—C6	119.2 (4)	N1—C13—S	113.1 (2)
C4—C5—H5A	120.4	C10—C13—S	122.4 (2)
C6—C5—H5A	120.4	N2—C14—N3	125.0 (3)
C1—C6—C5	120.7 (4)	N2—C14—S	113.9 (2)
C1—C6—H6A	119.6	N3—C14—S	121.1 (2)
C5—C6—H6A	119.6		
C13—N1—N2—C14	1.2 (4)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-0.7 (5)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.1 (7)	C13—C10—C11—C12	179.2 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.2 (7)	C10—C11—C12—C7	0.4 (5)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.3 (6)	C8—C7—C12—C11	0.5 (5)
C2—C3—C4—O	-176.4 (3)	O—C7—C12—C11	-178.2 (3)
C7—O—C4—C3	-103.8 (4)	N2—N1—C13—C10	178.9 (3)
C7—O—C4—C5	80.0 (4)	N2—N1—C13—S	-0.7 (3)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.0 (6)	C9—C10—C13—N1	178.9 (3)
O—C4—C5—C6	177.1 (4)	C11—C10—C13—N1	-1.0 (4)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.8 (7)	C9—C10—C13—S	-1.6 (4)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-1.3 (7)	C11—C10—C13—S	178.6 (2)
C4—O—C7—C12	-166.5 (3)	C14—S—C13—N1	0.1 (2)
C4—O—C7—C8	14.8 (5)	C14—S—C13—C10	-179.6 (2)
C12—C7—C8—C9	-1.0 (6)	N1—N2—C14—N3	-179.2 (3)
O—C7—C8—C9	177.6 (3)	N1—N2—C14—S	-1.2 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	0.7 (5)	C13—S—C14—N2	0.6 (2)
C8—C9—C10—C11	0.2 (5)	C13—S—C14—N3	178.7 (3)
C8—C9—C10—C13	-179.7 (3)		

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N3—H3 <i>A</i> ···N2 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.21	3.042 (4)	162
N3—H3 <i>B</i> ···N1 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	2.26	3.094 (3)	163
C9—H9 <i>A</i> ···S	0.93	2.72	3.133 (4)	108

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $-x, y+1/2, -z+1/2$ .