

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 6.7551 (5)$  Å  
 $b = 15.8357 (14)$  Å  
 $c = 13.1198 (10)$  Å  
 $\beta = 98.287 (9)^\circ$   
 $V = 1388.79 (19)$  Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 0.97$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 173$  K  
 $0.38 \times 0.38 \times 0.34$  mm

## Methanol{2-methoxy-6-[(2-oxidopropyl)-iminomethyl]phenolato}dioxidomolybdenum(VI)

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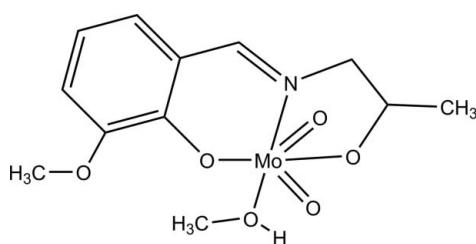
Received 22 September 2009; accepted 10 November 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 173$  K; mean  $\sigma(C-C) = 0.003$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.024;  $wR$  factor = 0.063; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.3.

In the structure of the title compound, [Mo(C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>)O<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>3</sub>OH)], the Mo<sup>VI</sup> ion is octahedrally coordinated by two oxide O atoms, the N atom and two deprotonated OH groups of the tridentate Schiff base ligand 2-methoxy-6-[(2-oxidopropyl)iminomethyl]phenolato and by a methanol O atom. In the crystal structure, two complexes are linked via O—H···O hydrogen bonds, yielding a centrosymmetric arrangement involving the methanol hydroxy group and one of the ligand O atoms coordinated to the Mo<sup>VI</sup> ion.

### Related literature

For molybdenum (VI) Schiff base complexes in bioinorganic chemistry, see: Holm *et al.* (1996) and as oxidation catalysts, see: Arnaiz *et al.* (2000); Sheikhhosseini *et al.* (2009). For similar structures, see: Abbasi *et al.* (2008); Monadi *et al.* (2009); Syamal & Maurya (1989).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

[Mo(C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>13</sub>NO<sub>3</sub>)O<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>4</sub>O)]

$M_r = 367.21$

#### Data collection

Stoe IPDS diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*MULscanABS* in *PLATON*; Spek, 2009)  
 $T_{min} = 0.625$ ,  $T_{max} = 0.716$

10555 measured reflections  
2666 independent reflections  
2601 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{int} = 0.035$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.063$   
 $S = 1.16$   
2666 reflections  
187 parameters  
1 restraint

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.41$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.60$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
O6—H6O···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.83 (3)	1.81 (3)	2.639 (2)	176 (2)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, -y, -z$ .

Data collection: *EXPOSE* in *IPDS-I* (Stoe & Cie, 2000); cell refinement: *CELL* in *IPDS-I*; data reduction: *INTEGRATE* in *IPDS-I*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *Mercury* (Macrae *et al.*, 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FI2093).

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2009). E65, m1591 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809047485]

## Methanol{2-methoxy-6-[(2-oxidopropyl)iminomethyl]-phenolato}dioxidomolybdenum(VI)

Samira Saeednia, Iran Sheikhshoiae and Helen Stoeckli-Evans

### S1. Comment

Various molybdenum(VI) Schiff base complexes have been studied due to their importance in the domains of bioinorganic chemistry (Holm *et al.*, (1996), analytical chemistry, oxidation catalyst (Arnaiz *et al.*, 2000; Sheikhshoiae *et al.*, 2009) and structural chemistry (Abbasi *et al.*, 2008; Monadi *et al.*, 2009; Syamal & Maurya, 1989). In continuation of our interest in this line of research we have prepared the title compound, synthesized by the reaction of  $\text{MoO}_2(\text{acac})_2$  and the Schiff base ligand 2-[(2-hydroxy-propylimino)-methyl]-phenol in methanol.

The molecular structure of the title compound is illustrated in Fig. 1 and geometrical parameters are available in the supplementary material as well as in the deposited CIF. The molybdenum atom, Mo1, has a distorted octahedral coordination, being coordinated by the N and two O-atoms of the tridentate Schiff base ligand (N1, O1 and O2), two oxido O-atoms (O4 and O5), and by the O-atom (O6) of the coordinating methanol molecule. The Mo—O and Mo—N bond distances are similar to those reported for the molybdenum (VI) Schiff base complex, {1,1'-(2,2-Dimethyl-propane-1,3-diyl)bis(nitrilomethylidyne)] di-2-naphtholato}dioxidomolybdenum(VI) dichloromethane 1.75-solvate, (Monadi *et al.*, 2009).

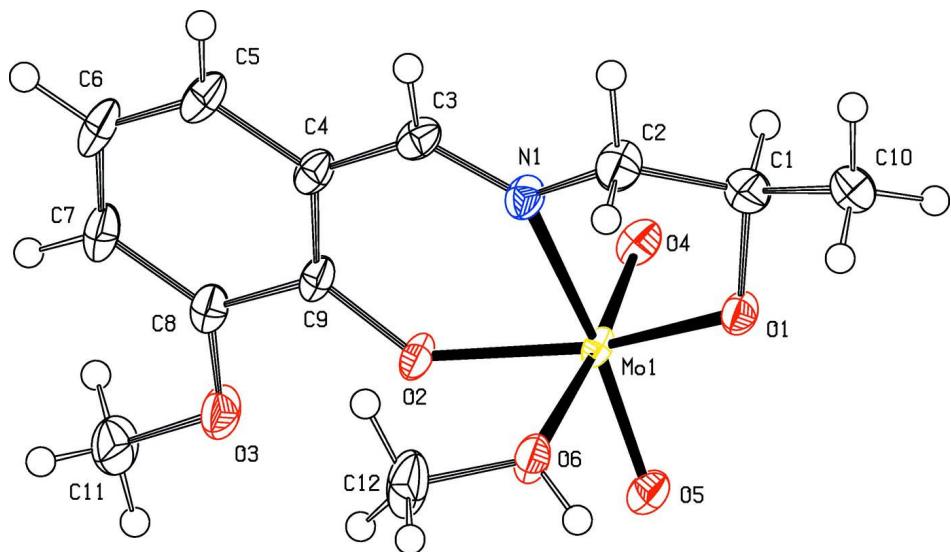
In the crystal, complexes are linked *via* hydrogen bonds, O6—H<sub>6</sub>O $\cdots$ O1<sup>i</sup> [symmetry operation (i) = -x, -y, -z], involving the methanol hydroxy group and a ligand O-atom coordinating to the second Mo atom so forming centrosymmetric dimers (Table 1 and Fig. 2).

### S2. Experimental

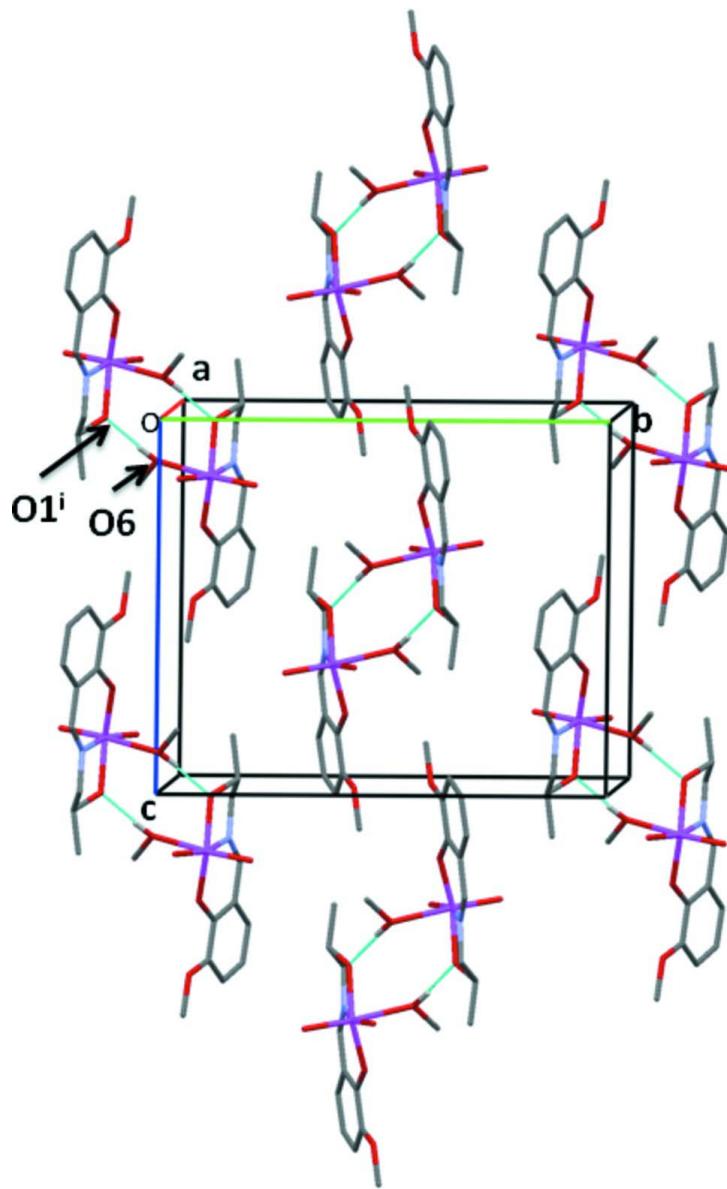
The title compound was prepared by adding  $\text{MoO}_2(\text{acac})_2$  (0.327 g) to a dry methanolic solution (30 ml) of 2-[(2-hydroxy-propylimino)-methyl]-phenol (0.209 g); a 1:1 equimolar ratio. The mixture was then refluxed for 5 h. On cooling a yellow crystalline powder formed, which were filtered off. Crystals of the title complex, suitable for X-ray analysis, were obtained as yellow blocks by slow evaporation at room temperature of a solution in methanol.

### S3. Refinement

The OH H-atom was located in a difference electron-density map and refined with a distance restraint of 0.84 (2) Å and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{parent O-atom})$ . The remaining H atoms could all be located from difference electron-density maps but were included in calculated positions and treated as riding atoms: C—H = 0.95 - 1.00 Å, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = k \times U_{\text{eq}}(\text{parent C-atom})$ , where k = 1.2 for CH and  $\text{CH}_2$  H-atoms, and 1.5 for  $\text{CH}_3$  H-atoms.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure structure of the title compound, showing the numbering scheme and the thermal ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

A view along the *a* axis of the crystal packing of the title compound, showing the formation of the O-H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonded dimers [hydrogen bonds are shown as pale blue lines; H-atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been removed for clarity; symmetry operation (i) = -*x*, -*y*, -*z*].

### **Methanol{2-methoxy-6-[(2-oxidopropyl)iminomethyl]phenolato}dioxidomolybdenum(VI)**

#### *Crystal data*



$M_r = 367.21$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 6.7551 (5)$  Å

$b = 15.8357 (14)$  Å

$c = 13.1198 (10)$  Å

$\beta = 98.287 (9)^\circ$

$V = 1388.79 (19)$  Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 744$

$D_x = 1.756$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 8000 reflections

$\theta = 2.0\text{--}26.1^\circ$  $\mu = 0.97 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  $T = 173 \text{ K}$ 

Block, yellow

 $0.38 \times 0.38 \times 0.34 \text{ mm}$ *Data collection*

Stoe IPDS

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 $\varphi$  rotation scansAbsorption correction: multi-scan  
(MULscanABS in *PLATON*; Spek, 2009) $T_{\min} = 0.625, T_{\max} = 0.716$ 

10555 measured reflections

2666 independent reflections

2601 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\text{int}} = 0.035$  $\theta_{\max} = 25.9^\circ, \theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$  $h = -7 \rightarrow 8$  $k = -19 \rightarrow 19$  $l = -16 \rightarrow 16$ *Refinement*Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.024$  $wR(F^2) = 0.063$  $S = 1.16$ 

2666 reflections

187 parameters

1 restraint

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methodsSecondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
mapHydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sitesH atoms treated by a mixture of independent  
and constrained refinement $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0288P)^2 + 1.2212P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.41 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.60 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$ *Special details*

**Geometry.** Bond distances, angles etc. have been calculated using the rounded fractional coordinates. All su's are estimated from the variances of the (full) variance-covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account in the estimation of distances, angles and torsion angles

**Refinement.** The OH H-atom was located in a difference electron-density map and refined with a distance constraint of 0.84 (2) Å and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{parent O-atom})$ . The remainder of the H-atoms could all be located from difference electron-density maps but were included in calculated positions and treated as riding atoms: C—H = 0.95 - 1.00 Å, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = k \times U_{\text{eq}}(\text{parent C-atom})$ , where  $k = 1.2$  for CH and  $\text{CH}_2$  H-atoms, and 1.5 for methyl H-atoms. Using the Stoe IPDS1, one-circle image plate diffraction system, it is often only possible to access 94% maximum of the Ewald sphere depending on the crystal system and the position of the crystal. Here however, 98% of the data were accessible out to 25° in  $\theta$ .

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Mo1	0.03631 (2)	0.11249 (1)	0.15344 (1)	0.0156 (1)
O1	0.0326 (2)	0.12028 (9)	0.00507 (12)	0.0197 (4)
O2	0.1700 (2)	0.08957 (10)	0.29193 (11)	0.0210 (4)
O3	0.1839 (2)	0.06916 (11)	0.48988 (12)	0.0289 (5)
O4	-0.0341 (2)	0.21363 (10)	0.17290 (12)	0.0236 (4)
O5	-0.1751 (2)	0.05346 (10)	0.15022 (12)	0.0228 (4)
O6	0.1883 (2)	-0.01628 (10)	0.12101 (12)	0.0238 (5)
N1	0.3526 (3)	0.14577 (12)	0.13382 (14)	0.0202 (5)
C1	0.1774 (3)	0.17293 (15)	-0.03365 (18)	0.0261 (6)
C2	0.3783 (3)	0.14935 (16)	0.02534 (17)	0.0270 (7)
C3	0.5000 (3)	0.16301 (13)	0.20319 (17)	0.0203 (6)

C4	0.4983 (3)	0.15205 (13)	0.31189 (17)	0.0200 (6)
C5	0.6718 (3)	0.17449 (15)	0.37898 (19)	0.0263 (7)
C6	0.6822 (3)	0.16196 (17)	0.48262 (19)	0.0319 (7)
C7	0.5213 (4)	0.12683 (16)	0.52236 (19)	0.0294 (7)
C8	0.3482 (3)	0.10346 (14)	0.45824 (18)	0.0223 (6)
C9	0.3363 (3)	0.11557 (12)	0.35135 (17)	0.0189 (6)
C10	0.1682 (4)	0.16163 (15)	-0.14788 (18)	0.0272 (7)
C11	0.1874 (4)	0.05673 (19)	0.59784 (18)	0.0359 (8)
C12	0.3293 (4)	-0.06281 (18)	0.1874 (2)	0.0387 (8)
H1	0.14830	0.23330	-0.01900	0.0310*
H2A	0.42220	0.09380	0.00210	0.0320*
H2B	0.48010	0.19220	0.01460	0.0320*
H3	0.61850	0.18450	0.18150	0.0240*
H5	0.78240	0.19850	0.35210	0.0320*
H6	0.79980	0.17730	0.52760	0.0380*
H6O	0.117 (4)	-0.0505 (16)	0.084 (2)	0.0360*
H7	0.52970	0.11860	0.59460	0.0350*
H10A	0.03800	0.18110	-0.18270	0.0410*
H10B	0.18550	0.10180	-0.16340	0.0410*
H10C	0.27490	0.19470	-0.17210	0.0410*
H11A	0.20460	0.11130	0.63330	0.0540*
H11B	0.29890	0.01940	0.62400	0.0540*
H11C	0.06120	0.03100	0.61040	0.0540*
H12A	0.27690	-0.07390	0.25200	0.0580*
H12B	0.45390	-0.03050	0.20190	0.0580*
H12C	0.35560	-0.11650	0.15480	0.0580*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Mo1	0.0105 (1)	0.0213 (1)	0.0142 (1)	-0.0008 (1)	-0.0009 (1)	-0.0025 (1)
O1	0.0183 (7)	0.0248 (8)	0.0153 (7)	-0.0021 (6)	-0.0003 (6)	-0.0011 (6)
O2	0.0145 (7)	0.0326 (8)	0.0149 (7)	-0.0038 (6)	-0.0017 (6)	-0.0012 (6)
O3	0.0265 (8)	0.0427 (10)	0.0162 (8)	-0.0051 (7)	-0.0015 (6)	0.0021 (7)
O4	0.0205 (7)	0.0258 (8)	0.0236 (8)	-0.0017 (6)	0.0005 (6)	-0.0059 (6)
O5	0.0163 (7)	0.0257 (8)	0.0254 (8)	-0.0022 (6)	-0.0007 (6)	-0.0022 (6)
O6	0.0233 (8)	0.0236 (8)	0.0215 (8)	0.0028 (6)	-0.0067 (6)	-0.0039 (6)
N1	0.0142 (8)	0.0271 (10)	0.0193 (9)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0022 (7)	0.0005 (7)
C1	0.0287 (11)	0.0255 (11)	0.0239 (11)	-0.0032 (9)	0.0031 (9)	0.0022 (9)
C2	0.0212 (10)	0.0398 (13)	0.0206 (11)	-0.0048 (10)	0.0056 (9)	0.0007 (10)
C3	0.0120 (9)	0.0218 (10)	0.0271 (11)	0.0007 (8)	0.0027 (8)	-0.0034 (9)
C4	0.0142 (9)	0.0210 (10)	0.0237 (11)	0.0027 (8)	-0.0011 (8)	-0.0055 (8)
C5	0.0146 (10)	0.0322 (12)	0.0305 (12)	-0.0005 (9)	-0.0025 (9)	-0.0084 (10)
C6	0.0202 (10)	0.0413 (14)	0.0300 (13)	-0.0010 (10)	-0.0103 (9)	-0.0085 (11)
C7	0.0282 (12)	0.0373 (13)	0.0193 (11)	0.0023 (10)	-0.0076 (10)	-0.0032 (10)
C8	0.0212 (11)	0.0253 (11)	0.0190 (11)	0.0021 (8)	-0.0020 (9)	-0.0024 (8)
C9	0.0152 (10)	0.0201 (10)	0.0196 (11)	0.0035 (7)	-0.0039 (8)	-0.0051 (8)
C10	0.0303 (12)	0.0283 (11)	0.0228 (12)	-0.0026 (9)	0.0036 (9)	0.0054 (9)

C11	0.0410 (14)	0.0494 (16)	0.0166 (11)	-0.0071 (12)	0.0017 (10)	0.0023 (11)
C12	0.0356 (13)	0.0363 (14)	0.0382 (15)	0.0152 (11)	-0.0147 (11)	-0.0059 (11)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^{\circ}$ )*

Mo1—O1	1.9471 (16)	C6—C7	1.388 (3)
Mo1—O2	1.9431 (14)	C7—C8	1.389 (3)
Mo1—O4	1.7005 (16)	C8—C9	1.406 (3)
Mo1—O5	1.7022 (15)	C1—H1	1.0000
Mo1—O6	2.3493 (16)	C2—H2A	0.9900
Mo1—N1	2.251 (2)	C2—H2B	0.9900
O1—C1	1.433 (3)	C3—H3	0.9500
O2—C9	1.337 (3)	C5—H5	0.9500
O3—C8	1.354 (3)	C6—H6	0.9500
O3—C11	1.427 (3)	C7—H7	0.9500
O6—C12	1.403 (3)	C10—H10A	0.9800
O6—H6O	0.83 (3)	C10—H10B	0.9800
N1—C2	1.460 (3)	C10—H10C	0.9800
N1—C3	1.278 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9800
C1—C2	1.509 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9800
C1—C10	1.502 (3)	C11—H11C	0.9800
C3—C4	1.438 (3)	C12—H12A	0.9800
C4—C9	1.401 (3)	C12—H12B	0.9800
C4—C5	1.406 (3)	C12—H12C	0.9800
C5—C6	1.366 (3)		
O1—Mo1—O2	152.13 (6)	C4—C9—C8	119.30 (19)
O1—Mo1—O4	97.29 (7)	O2—C9—C4	123.2 (2)
O1—Mo1—O5	96.90 (7)	O2—C9—C8	117.52 (18)
O1—Mo1—O6	79.45 (6)	O1—C1—H1	109.00
O1—Mo1—N1	75.32 (6)	C2—C1—H1	109.00
O2—Mo1—O4	97.93 (7)	C10—C1—H1	109.00
O2—Mo1—O5	101.30 (7)	N1—C2—H2A	110.00
O2—Mo1—O6	81.43 (6)	N1—C2—H2B	110.00
O2—Mo1—N1	80.20 (6)	C1—C2—H2A	110.00
O4—Mo1—O5	105.61 (7)	C1—C2—H2B	110.00
O4—Mo1—O6	169.64 (6)	H2A—C2—H2B	109.00
O4—Mo1—N1	95.01 (7)	N1—C3—H3	118.00
O5—Mo1—O6	84.60 (6)	C4—C3—H3	118.00
O5—Mo1—N1	158.82 (7)	C4—C5—H5	120.00
O6—Mo1—N1	74.68 (6)	C6—C5—H5	120.00
Mo1—O1—C1	118.70 (13)	C5—C6—H6	120.00
Mo1—O2—C9	136.56 (13)	C7—C6—H6	120.00
C8—O3—C11	117.57 (18)	C6—C7—H7	119.00
Mo1—O6—C12	128.21 (14)	C8—C7—H7	119.00
C12—O6—H6O	107.7 (18)	C1—C10—H10A	109.00
Mo1—O6—H6O	116.1 (19)	C1—C10—H10B	109.00
Mo1—N1—C3	128.57 (15)	C1—C10—H10C	109.00

Mo1—N1—C2	111.65 (13)	H10A—C10—H10B	109.00
C2—N1—C3	119.75 (19)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.00
O1—C1—C10	110.63 (19)	H10B—C10—H10C	110.00
O1—C1—C2	106.47 (18)	O3—C11—H11A	109.00
C2—C1—C10	112.78 (19)	O3—C11—H11B	109.00
N1—C2—C1	106.57 (17)	O3—C11—H11C	110.00
N1—C3—C4	124.3 (2)	H11A—C11—H11B	109.00
C3—C4—C9	122.31 (19)	H11A—C11—H11C	109.00
C3—C4—C5	117.72 (19)	H11B—C11—H11C	109.00
C5—C4—C9	119.9 (2)	O6—C12—H12A	109.00
C4—C5—C6	120.3 (2)	O6—C12—H12B	109.00
C5—C6—C7	120.1 (2)	O6—C12—H12C	110.00
C6—C7—C8	121.1 (2)	H12A—C12—H12B	109.00
O3—C8—C9	115.41 (19)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.00
C7—C8—C9	119.3 (2)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.00
O3—C8—C7	125.3 (2)		
O2—Mo1—O1—C1	-55.3 (2)	Mo1—O2—C9—C4	-21.0 (3)
O4—Mo1—O1—C1	67.30 (14)	Mo1—O2—C9—C8	160.43 (15)
O5—Mo1—O1—C1	174.09 (14)	C11—O3—C8—C7	0.7 (3)
O6—Mo1—O1—C1	-102.75 (14)	C11—O3—C8—C9	-179.1 (2)
N1—Mo1—O1—C1	-25.99 (14)	Mo1—N1—C2—C1	28.0 (2)
O1—Mo1—O2—C9	53.8 (3)	C3—N1—C2—C1	-150.1 (2)
O4—Mo1—O2—C9	-68.64 (19)	Mo1—N1—C3—C4	9.8 (3)
O5—Mo1—O2—C9	-176.39 (19)	C2—N1—C3—C4	-172.5 (2)
O6—Mo1—O2—C9	100.92 (19)	O1—C1—C2—N1	-46.5 (2)
N1—Mo1—O2—C9	25.11 (19)	C10—C1—C2—N1	-168.03 (19)
O1—Mo1—O6—C12	151.18 (18)	N1—C3—C4—C5	-179.5 (2)
O2—Mo1—O6—C12	-8.45 (18)	N1—C3—C4—C9	4.4 (3)
O5—Mo1—O6—C12	-110.76 (18)	C3—C4—C5—C6	-177.1 (2)
N1—Mo1—O6—C12	73.67 (18)	C9—C4—C5—C6	-0.9 (3)
O1—Mo1—N1—C2	-3.26 (14)	C3—C4—C9—O2	-1.2 (3)
O1—Mo1—N1—C3	174.7 (2)	C3—C4—C9—C8	177.28 (19)
O2—Mo1—N1—C2	163.30 (16)	C5—C4—C9—O2	-177.24 (19)
O2—Mo1—N1—C3	-18.79 (19)	C5—C4—C9—C8	1.3 (3)
O4—Mo1—N1—C2	-99.50 (15)	C4—C5—C6—C7	0.1 (4)
O4—Mo1—N1—C3	78.4 (2)	C5—C6—C7—C8	0.3 (4)
O5—Mo1—N1—C2	67.3 (3)	C6—C7—C8—O3	-179.7 (2)
O5—Mo1—N1—C3	-114.8 (2)	C6—C7—C8—C9	0.1 (4)
O6—Mo1—N1—C2	79.59 (15)	O3—C8—C9—O2	-2.5 (3)
O6—Mo1—N1—C3	-102.5 (2)	O3—C8—C9—C4	178.94 (19)
Mo1—O1—C1—C2	49.6 (2)	C7—C8—C9—O2	177.7 (2)
Mo1—O1—C1—C10	172.42 (14)	C7—C8—C9—C4	-0.9 (3)

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D—\text{H}\cdots A$	$D—\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D—\text{H}\cdots A$
O6—H6O <sup>i</sup> —O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.83 (3)	1.81 (3)	2.639 (2)	176 (2)

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C3—H3···O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.41	3.327 (2)	162
C3—H3···O5 <sup>ii</sup>	0.95	2.57	2.958 (3)	105
C10—H10A···O4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.98	2.52	3.221 (3)	128
C10—H10B···O5 <sup>i</sup>	0.98	2.47	3.407 (3)	161
C11—H11C···O3 <sup>iv</sup>	0.98	2.52	3.280 (3)	134

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Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, -y, -z$ ; (ii)  $x+1, y, z$ ; (iii)  $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$ ; (iv)  $-x, -y, -z+1$ .