

2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-5-iodo-3-methyl-sulfinyl-1-benzofuran

Hong Dae Choi,^a Pil Ja Seo,^a Byeng Wha Son^b and Uk Lee^{b*}

^aDepartment of Chemistry, Dongeui University, San 24 Kaya-dong Busanjin-gu, Busan 614-714, Republic of Korea, and ^bDepartment of Chemistry, Pukyong National University, 599-1 Daeyeon 3-dong, Nam-gu, Busan 608-737, Republic of Korea
Correspondence e-mail: uklee@pknu.ac.kr

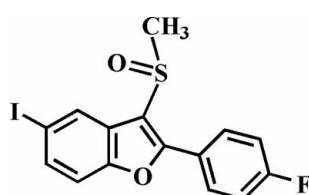
Received 30 November 2009; accepted 1 December 2009

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 173\text{ K}$; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002\text{ \AA}$; R factor = 0.018; wR factor = 0.047; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.5.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{FIO}_2\text{S}$, the O atom and the methyl group of the methylsulfinyl substituent are located on opposite sides of the plane through the benzofuran fragment. The 4-fluorophenyl ring is rotated out of the benzofuran plane by a dihedral angle of $28.33(5)^\circ$. The crystal structure is stabilized by a weak non-classical intermolecular $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ hydrogen bond and an $\text{I}\cdots\text{O}$ halogen interaction [$3.211(1)\text{ \AA}$].

Related literature

For the crystal structures of similar 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran derivatives, see: Choi *et al.* (2009*a,b*). For natural products with benzofuran ring systems, see: Akgul & Anil (2003); Soekamto *et al.* (2003). For the biological activity of benzofuran compounds, see: Aslam *et al.* (2006); Galal *et al.* (2009). For a review of halogen bonding, see: Politzer *et al.* (2007).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{10}\text{FIO}_2\text{S}$

$M_r = 400.19$

Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$	$V = 686.73(3)\text{ \AA}^3$
$a = 8.1045(2)\text{ \AA}$	$Z = 2$
$b = 8.2699(2)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$c = 11.0999(3)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 2.49\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 94.538(1)^\circ$	$T = 173\text{ K}$
$\beta = 91.118(1)^\circ$	$0.32 \times 0.31 \times 0.30\text{ mm}$
$\gamma = 111.982(1)^\circ$	

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer	12180 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>SADABS</i> ; Bruker, 2009)	3179 independent reflections
$R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$	3130 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
$T_{\min} = 0.504$, $T_{\max} = 0.526$	

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.018$	182 parameters
$wR(F^2) = 0.047$	H-atom parameters constrained
$S = 1.17$	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.32\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
3179 reflections	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.90\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$).

$D-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$	$D\cdots\text{A}$	$D-\text{H}\cdots\text{A}$
$\text{Cl}1-\text{H}10\cdots\text{O}2^i$	0.95	2.53	3.432(2)	158

Symmetry code: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3* (Farrugia, 1997) and *DIAMOND* (Brandenburg, 1998); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97*.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZQ2022).

References

- Akgul, Y. Y. & Anil, H. (2003). *Phytochemistry* **63**, 939–943.
- Aslam, S. N., Stevenson, P. C., Phythian, S. J., Veitch, N. C. & Hall, D. R. (2006). *Tetrahedron* **62**, 4214–4226.
- Brandenburg, K. (1998). *DIAMOND*. Crystal Impact GbR, Bonn, Germany.
- Bruker (2009). *SADABS*, *APEX2* and *SAINT*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
- Choi, H. D., Seo, P. J., Son, B. W. & Lee, U. (2009*a*). *Acta Cryst. E* **65**, o2608.
- Choi, H. D., Seo, P. J., Son, B. W. & Lee, U. (2009*b*). *Acta Cryst. E* **65**, o2649.
- Farrugia, L. J. (1997). *J. Appl. Cryst.* **30**, 565.
- Galal, S. A., Abd El-All, A. S., Abdallah, M. M. & El-Diwani, H. I. (2009). *Bioorg. Med. Chem. Lett.* **19**, 2420–2428.
- Politzer, P., Lane, P., Concha, M. C., Ma, Y. & Murray, J. S. (2007). *J. Mol. Model.* **13**, 305–311.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst. A* **64**, 112–122.
- Soekamto, N. H., Achmad, S. A., Ghisalberti, E. L., Hakim, E. H. & Syah, Y. M. (2003). *Phytochemistry* **64**, 831–834.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o44 [doi:10.1107/S1600536809051642]

2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-5-iodo-3-methylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran

Hong Dae Choi, Pil Ja Seo, Byeng Wha Son and Uk Lee

S1. Comment

Molecules involving benzofuran moiety have attracted widespread interest owing to their presence in natural products (Akgul & Anil, 2003; Soekamto *et al.*, 2003) and their biological activity (Aslam *et al.*, 2006; Galal *et al.*, 2009). As a part of our continuing studies of the effect of side chain substituents on the solid state structures of 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran analogues (Choi *et al.*, 2009*a,b*), we report the crystal structure of the title compound (Fig. 1).

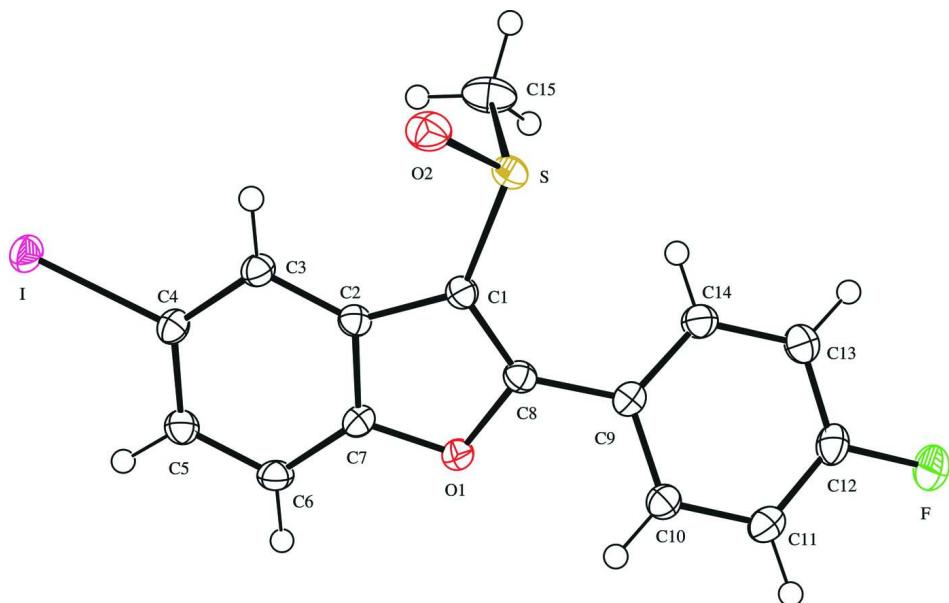
The benzofuran unit is essentially planar, with a mean deviation of 0.010 (1) Å from the least-squares plane defined by the nine constituent atoms. The dihedral angle formed by the plane of the benzofuran and the 4-fluorophenyl ring is 28.33 (5)°. The crystal packing (Fig. 2) is stabilized by a weak non-classical intermolecular C—H···O hydrogen bond between the 4-fluorophenyl H atom and the oxygen of the S=O unit, with a C10—H10···O2ⁱ (Table 1), and an I···O halogen bond between the iodine and the oxygen of the S=O unit [$I\cdots O2^{ii} = 3.211 (1)$ Å; $C—I\cdots O^{ii} = 170.98 (5)$ °] (Politzer *et al.*, 2007).

S2. Experimental

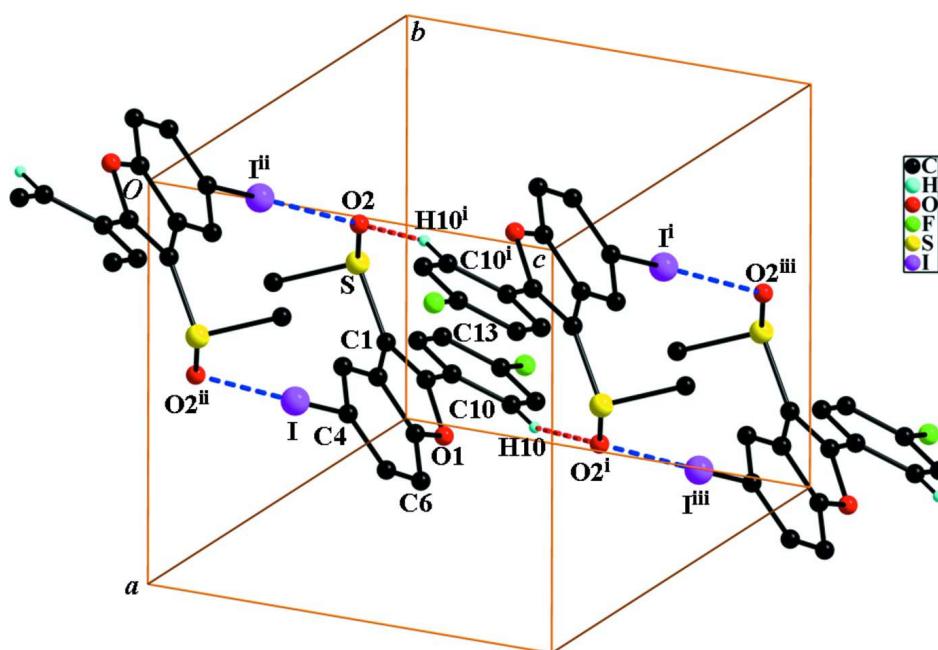
77% 3-Chloroperoxybenzoic acid (247 mg, 1.1 mmol) was added in small portions to a stirred solution of 2-(4-fluorophenyl)-5-iodo-3-methylsulfonyl-1-benzofuran (384 mg, 1.0 mmol) in dichloromethane (20 mL) at 273 K. After being stirred at room temperature for 3 h, the mixture was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution and the organic layer was separated, dried over magnesium sulfate, filtered and concentrated in vacuum. The residue was purified by column chromatography (hexane–ethyl acetate, 1:1 v/v) to afford the title compound as a colorless solid [yield 87%, m.p. 485–486 K; $R_f = 0.66$ (hexane–ethyl acetate, 1:1 v/v)]. Single crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were prepared by slow evaporation of a solution of the title compound in chloroform at room temperature.

S3. Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model, with C—H = 0.95 Å for aromatic H atoms and 0.98 Å for methyl H atoms, and with $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ for aromatic H atoms and $1.5U_{eq}(C)$ for methyl H atoms.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound with the atom numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms are presented as a small spheres of arbitrary radius.

**Figure 2**

C—H···O and C—I···O interactions (dotted lines) in the crystal structure of the title compound. [Symmetry codes: (i) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1$; (ii) $-x + 1, -y + 1, -z$; (iii) $x, y, z + 1$.]

2-(4-Fluorophenyl)-5-iodo-3-methylsulfinyl-1-benzofuran*Crystal data*

$C_{15}H_{10}FIO_2S$
 $M_r = 400.19$
Triclinic, $P\bar{1}$
Hall symbol: -P 1
 $a = 8.1045 (2)$ Å
 $b = 8.2699 (2)$ Å
 $c = 11.0999 (3)$ Å
 $\alpha = 94.538 (1)^\circ$
 $\beta = 91.118 (1)^\circ$
 $\gamma = 111.982 (1)^\circ$
 $V = 686.73 (3)$ Å³

$Z = 2$
 $F(000) = 388$
 $D_x = 1.935 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 9982 reflections
 $\theta = 2.7\text{--}27.7^\circ$
 $\mu = 2.49 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
 $T = 173$ K
Block, colourless
 $0.32 \times 0.31 \times 0.30$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD
diffractometer
Radiation source: Rotating Anode
HELIOS monochromator
Detector resolution: 10.0 pixels mm⁻¹
 φ and ω scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)
 $T_{\min} = 0.504$, $T_{\max} = 0.526$

12180 measured reflections
3179 independent reflections
3130 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.024$
 $\theta_{\max} = 27.7^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 1.8^\circ$
 $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$
 $k = -10 \rightarrow 10$
 $l = -13 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.018$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.047$
 $S = 1.17$
3179 reflections
182 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
map
Hydrogen site location: difference Fourier map
H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0241P)^2 + 0.2941P]$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.32 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.90 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2\text{sigma}(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å²)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
I	0.388646 (14)	0.197645 (13)	-0.026745 (9)	0.02319 (5)
S	0.80967 (5)	0.78626 (5)	0.39558 (4)	0.01979 (9)
F	1.07549 (17)	0.74121 (17)	0.98010 (11)	0.0369 (3)

O1	0.65247 (16)	0.31158 (15)	0.51009 (11)	0.0203 (2)
O2	0.67539 (17)	0.81288 (17)	0.31415 (13)	0.0269 (3)
C1	0.7317 (2)	0.5608 (2)	0.41682 (15)	0.0185 (3)
C2	0.6277 (2)	0.4171 (2)	0.33021 (15)	0.0176 (3)
C3	0.5720 (2)	0.3991 (2)	0.20821 (15)	0.0195 (3)
H3	0.6019	0.4976	0.1624	0.023*
C4	0.4713 (2)	0.2317 (2)	0.15682 (15)	0.0195 (3)
C5	0.4243 (2)	0.0842 (2)	0.22213 (16)	0.0218 (3)
H5	0.3537	-0.0280	0.1834	0.026*
C6	0.4802 (2)	0.1007 (2)	0.34311 (16)	0.0217 (3)
H6	0.4509	0.0024	0.3889	0.026*
C7	0.5807 (2)	0.2682 (2)	0.39309 (15)	0.0189 (3)
C8	0.7428 (2)	0.4910 (2)	0.52316 (15)	0.0185 (3)
C9	0.8296 (2)	0.5608 (2)	0.64234 (16)	0.0189 (3)
C10	0.7577 (2)	0.4728 (2)	0.74357 (16)	0.0210 (3)
H10	0.6515	0.3708	0.7340	0.025*
C11	0.8411 (2)	0.5344 (2)	0.85731 (17)	0.0240 (3)
H11	0.7935	0.4752	0.9262	0.029*
C12	0.9944 (2)	0.6832 (2)	0.86850 (17)	0.0247 (4)
C13	1.0692 (2)	0.7737 (2)	0.77148 (18)	0.0258 (4)
H13	1.1747	0.8763	0.7823	0.031*
C14	0.9860 (2)	0.7105 (2)	0.65755 (17)	0.0230 (3)
H14	1.0360	0.7697	0.5891	0.028*
C15	0.9920 (3)	0.7971 (3)	0.3035 (2)	0.0335 (4)
H15A	0.9474	0.7159	0.2304	0.050*
H15B	1.0779	0.7646	0.3491	0.050*
H15C	1.0506	0.9166	0.2806	0.050*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
I	0.03081 (8)	0.02065 (7)	0.01672 (7)	0.00884 (5)	-0.00240 (5)	-0.00103 (4)
S	0.02125 (19)	0.01521 (18)	0.0224 (2)	0.00624 (15)	0.00127 (15)	0.00201 (15)
F	0.0418 (7)	0.0385 (7)	0.0225 (6)	0.0071 (5)	-0.0113 (5)	0.0010 (5)
O1	0.0245 (6)	0.0177 (6)	0.0171 (6)	0.0059 (5)	0.0003 (5)	0.0025 (4)
O2	0.0258 (6)	0.0245 (6)	0.0324 (7)	0.0108 (5)	-0.0005 (5)	0.0085 (5)
C1	0.0200 (7)	0.0166 (7)	0.0185 (8)	0.0067 (6)	0.0011 (6)	0.0009 (6)
C2	0.0188 (7)	0.0157 (7)	0.0188 (8)	0.0070 (6)	0.0021 (6)	0.0012 (6)
C3	0.0235 (8)	0.0182 (7)	0.0175 (8)	0.0086 (6)	0.0009 (6)	0.0026 (6)
C4	0.0225 (8)	0.0210 (8)	0.0159 (8)	0.0095 (6)	0.0008 (6)	0.0001 (6)
C5	0.0238 (8)	0.0190 (8)	0.0210 (9)	0.0067 (6)	0.0021 (6)	-0.0005 (6)
C6	0.0256 (8)	0.0175 (8)	0.0214 (9)	0.0067 (6)	0.0039 (6)	0.0049 (6)
C7	0.0212 (7)	0.0208 (8)	0.0154 (8)	0.0087 (6)	0.0022 (6)	0.0023 (6)
C8	0.0187 (7)	0.0168 (7)	0.0201 (8)	0.0066 (6)	0.0021 (6)	0.0015 (6)
C9	0.0200 (7)	0.0210 (8)	0.0177 (8)	0.0102 (6)	0.0014 (6)	0.0017 (6)
C10	0.0217 (8)	0.0217 (8)	0.0203 (8)	0.0091 (6)	0.0017 (6)	0.0020 (6)
C11	0.0280 (9)	0.0263 (9)	0.0196 (9)	0.0118 (7)	0.0022 (7)	0.0045 (7)
C12	0.0276 (9)	0.0273 (9)	0.0200 (9)	0.0122 (7)	-0.0057 (7)	-0.0004 (7)

C13	0.0220 (8)	0.0261 (9)	0.0257 (9)	0.0058 (7)	-0.0025 (7)	0.0006 (7)
C14	0.0212 (8)	0.0247 (8)	0.0220 (9)	0.0068 (7)	0.0014 (6)	0.0047 (7)
C15	0.0265 (9)	0.0312 (10)	0.0470 (13)	0.0128 (8)	0.0145 (9)	0.0157 (9)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^{\circ}$)

I—C4	2.096 (2)	C6—C7	1.380 (2)
I—O2 ⁱ	3.211 (1)	C6—H6	0.9500
S—O2	1.491 (1)	C8—C9	1.455 (2)
S—C1	1.768 (2)	C9—C14	1.397 (2)
S—C15	1.792 (2)	C9—C10	1.403 (2)
F—C12	1.354 (2)	C10—C11	1.385 (3)
O1—C7	1.376 (2)	C10—H10	0.9500
O1—C8	1.381 (2)	C11—C12	1.378 (3)
C1—C8	1.370 (2)	C11—H11	0.9500
C1—C2	1.444 (2)	C12—C13	1.379 (3)
C2—C7	1.394 (2)	C13—C14	1.388 (3)
C2—C3	1.398 (2)	C13—H13	0.9500
C3—C4	1.385 (2)	C14—H14	0.9500
C3—H3	0.9500	C15—H15A	0.9800
C4—C5	1.401 (2)	C15—H15B	0.9800
C5—C6	1.388 (3)	C15—H15C	0.9800
C5—H5	0.9500		
C4—I—O2 ⁱ	170.98 (5)	C1—C8—C9	135.10 (16)
O2—S—C1	107.38 (8)	O1—C8—C9	114.45 (14)
O2—S—C15	105.67 (9)	C14—C9—C10	119.35 (16)
C1—S—C15	98.36 (9)	C14—C9—C8	121.35 (16)
C7—O1—C8	106.78 (13)	C10—C9—C8	119.27 (15)
C8—C1—C2	107.00 (14)	C11—C10—C9	120.17 (17)
C8—C1—S	125.99 (13)	C11—C10—H10	119.9
C2—C1—S	126.68 (13)	C9—C10—H10	119.9
C7—C2—C3	119.08 (15)	C12—C11—C10	118.64 (17)
C7—C2—C1	105.32 (14)	C12—C11—H11	120.7
C3—C2—C1	135.60 (15)	C10—C11—H11	120.7
C4—C3—C2	117.23 (15)	F—C12—C11	118.06 (17)
C4—C3—H3	121.4	F—C12—C13	118.91 (17)
C2—C3—H3	121.4	C11—C12—C13	123.02 (17)
C3—C4—C5	122.69 (16)	C12—C13—C14	118.09 (17)
C3—C4—I	118.60 (12)	C12—C13—H13	121.0
C5—C4—I	118.71 (13)	C14—C13—H13	121.0
C6—C5—C4	120.44 (16)	C13—C14—C9	120.72 (17)
C6—C5—H5	119.8	C13—C14—H14	119.6
C4—C5—H5	119.8	C9—C14—H14	119.6
C7—C6—C5	116.26 (16)	S—C15—H15A	109.5
C7—C6—H6	121.9	S—C15—H15B	109.5
C5—C6—H6	121.9	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
O1—C7—C6	125.22 (15)	S—C15—H15C	109.5

O1—C7—C2	110.46 (14)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
C6—C7—C2	124.30 (16)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—C8—O1	110.43 (14)		
O2—S—C1—C8	−140.15 (15)	C1—C2—C7—C6	−179.85 (16)
C15—S—C1—C8	110.45 (17)	C2—C1—C8—O1	0.04 (18)
O2—S—C1—C2	32.41 (17)	S—C1—C8—O1	173.80 (12)
C15—S—C1—C2	−76.99 (16)	C2—C1—C8—C9	178.16 (17)
C8—C1—C2—C7	0.84 (18)	S—C1—C8—C9	−8.1 (3)
S—C1—C2—C7	−172.87 (13)	C7—O1—C8—C1	−0.91 (18)
C8—C1—C2—C3	−178.44 (18)	C7—O1—C8—C9	−179.46 (13)
S—C1—C2—C3	7.8 (3)	C1—C8—C9—C14	−28.7 (3)
C7—C2—C3—C4	0.3 (2)	O1—C8—C9—C14	149.37 (16)
C1—C2—C3—C4	179.47 (17)	C1—C8—C9—C10	153.29 (19)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.3 (2)	O1—C8—C9—C10	−28.6 (2)
C2—C3—C4—I	−178.89 (11)	C14—C9—C10—C11	0.1 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	−0.8 (3)	C8—C9—C10—C11	178.20 (15)
I—C4—C5—C6	178.41 (13)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.3 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.6 (2)	C10—C11—C12—F	−179.46 (16)
C8—O1—C7—C6	179.87 (16)	C10—C11—C12—C13	−0.2 (3)
C8—O1—C7—C2	1.47 (18)	F—C12—C13—C14	178.88 (16)
C5—C6—C7—O1	−178.21 (15)	C11—C12—C13—C14	−0.4 (3)
C5—C6—C7—C2	0.0 (3)	C12—C13—C14—C9	0.8 (3)
C3—C2—C7—O1	177.99 (14)	C10—C9—C14—C13	−0.7 (3)
C1—C2—C7—O1	−1.44 (18)	C8—C9—C14—C13	−178.75 (16)
C3—C2—C7—C6	−0.4 (3)		

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+1, -y+1, -z$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
C10—H10 \cdots O2 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.53	3.432 (2)	158

Symmetry code: (ii) $-x+1, -y+1, -z+1$.