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# Bis(2-methylquinolin-8-olato- $\kappa^2 N$ ,O)-lead(II)

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 223 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.007 Å; R factor = 0.027; wR factor = 0.063; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.4.

The Pb<sup>II</sup> atom in the title compound,  $[Pb(C_{10}H_8NO)_2]$ , is chelated by two oxine (2-methylquinolin-8-olate) anions in a  $\Psi$ -trigonal-bipyramidal geometry; the N atoms occupy the axial sites. The molecule lies about a twofold rotation axis.

### **Related literature**

For the crystal structure of bis(quinolin-8-olato)lead(II), see: Zhu *et al.* (2005).



### **Experimental**

Crystal data  $[Pb(C_{10}H_8NO)_2]$  $M_r = 523.54$ 

Monoclinic, C2/ca = 22.439 (2) Å



Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  $\mu = 10.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ 

 $0.30 \times 0.06 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$ 

T = 223 K

b = 4.7636 (5) Å c = 15.7139 (15) Å  $\beta = 101.167 (1)^{\circ}$   $V = 1647.9 (3) \text{ Å}^{3}$ Z = 4

### Data collection

Refinement

1890 reflections

Bruker SMART APEX	7405 measured reflections
diffractometer	1890 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	1765 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.053$
$T_{\min} = 0.149, T_{\max} = 0.685$	

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$ wR(F<sup>2</sup>) = 0.063

115 parameters H-atom parameters constrained  $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 1.69$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -1.50$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

#### Table 1

S = 1.02

Selected geometric parameters (Å, °).

Pb1-O1	2.262 (3)	Pb1-N1	2.507 (3)	
O1-Pb1-O1 <sup>i</sup>	93.6 (2)	N1-Pb1-N1 <sup>i</sup>	135.6 (1)	
Symmetry code: (i) $-x$	$+1, y, -z + \frac{3}{2}$			

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5241).

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### Bis(2-methylquinolin-8-olato- $\kappa^2 N$ , O)lead(II)

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### S1. Comment

Bis(quinolin-8-olato)lead(II) exists as a centrosymmetric dinuclear entity in which one of the two oxygen atoms also functions as a bridge. As adjacent molecules are linked by a weaker Pb…O interaction to generate a chain motif, the metal atom is regarded as being six-coordinate in a  $\Psi$ -pentagonal bipyramidal geometry, the lone pair electrons occupying an axial site (Zhu *et al.*, 2005). In the present methyl-substituted analogue, the substituent is able to block the approach of neighboring potentially coordinating atoms so that the compound is only four-coordinate (Scheme I, Fig. 1). The coordination polyhedron is a  $\Psi$ -trigonal bipyramid and the lone pair electrons occupy an equatorial site. The axial sites are occupied by the nitrogen atoms and the oxygen atoms occupy the other equatorial sites. The lone pair compresses the O–Pb–O angle (Table 1).

### **S2. Experimental**

Lead (II) acetate trihydrate (1 mmol, 0.38 g), 2-methyl-8-hydroxyquinoline (1 mmol, 0.16 g) and sodium azide (1 mmol, 0.13 g) were loaded in to a convection tube; the tube was filled with 2:1 methanol/water and kept at 333 K. Crystals were collected after 1 week (m.p. > 543 K).

### S3. Refinement

H-atoms were placed in calculated positions (C—H 0.94 Å) and were included in the refinement in the riding model approximation, with U(H) set to 1.2U(C). The final difference Fourier map had a large peak/deep hole in the vicinity of the lead atom.



### Figure 1

Anisotropic displacement ellipsoid plot (Barbour, 2001) of the title compound; ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level and H atoms are of arbitrary radius.

Bis(2-methylquinolin-8-olato- $\kappa^2 N$ , O)lead(II)

Crystal data

[Pb(C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>8</sub>NO)<sub>2</sub>]  $M_r = 523.54$ Monoclinic, C2/c Hall symbol: -C 2yc a = 22.439 (2) Å b = 4.7636 (5) Å c = 15.7139 (15) Å  $\beta = 101.167$  (1)° V = 1647.9 (3) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 1996)  $T_{\min} = 0.149, T_{\max} = 0.685$ 

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ Least-squares matrix: full  $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.027$  $wR(F^2) = 0.063$ S = 1.021890 reflections 115 parameters F(000) = 992  $D_x = 2.110 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 2952 reflections  $\theta = 2.6-25.2^{\circ}$   $\mu = 10.25 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 223 KPrism, yellow  $0.30 \times 0.06 \times 0.04 \text{ mm}$ 

7405 measured reflections 1890 independent reflections 1765 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.053$  $\theta_{max} = 27.5^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{min} = 1.9^\circ$  $h = -28 \rightarrow 28$  $k = -6 \rightarrow 6$  $l = -20 \rightarrow 18$ 

0 restraints Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.030P)^2]$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 1.69 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -1.50 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Fractional atomic	coordinates and	isotropic or	eauivalent isotroi	pic dis	placement	parameters (	$(Å^2)$
						r	/

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Pb1	0.5000	0.67661 (5)	0.7500	0.02578 (9)
01	0.55706 (16)	0.3516 (7)	0.6978 (2)	0.0336 (8)
N1	0.57862 (15)	0.4778 (8)	0.8701 (2)	0.0226 (7)
C1	0.6024 (2)	0.2268 (10)	0.7500 (3)	0.0278 (10)
C2	0.6392 (2)	0.0290 (11)	0.7206 (3)	0.0344 (11)
H2	0.6321	-0.0169	0.6613	0.041*
C3	0.6864 (2)	-0.1029 (11)	0.7771 (4)	0.0393 (13)
H3	0.7104	-0.2351	0.7547	0.047*
C4	0.6991 (2)	-0.0466 (10)	0.8640 (4)	0.0355 (11)
H4	0.7312	-0.1388	0.9008	0.043*
C5	0.6632 (2)	0.1522 (9)	0.8974 (3)	0.0286 (10)
C6	0.6149 (2)	0.2861 (9)	0.8407 (3)	0.0237 (9)
C7	0.6717 (2)	0.2286 (11)	0.9859 (3)	0.0333 (11)
H7	0.7027	0.1435	1.0266	0.040*
C8	0.6349 (2)	0.4264 (11)	1.0127 (3)	0.0326 (11)
H8	0.6414	0.4803	1.0713	0.039*
C9	0.5878 (2)	0.5476 (10)	0.9526 (3)	0.0263 (9)
C10	0.5462 (2)	0.7635 (10)	0.9794 (3)	0.0317 (11)
H10A	0.5048	0.7267	0.9501	0.048*
H10B	0.5583	0.9490	0.9637	0.048*
H10C	0.5487	0.7542	1.0417	0.048*

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Pb1	0.02798 (15)	0.02687 (14)	0.02138 (14)	0.000	0.00204 (10)	0.000
01	0.0356 (19)	0.0411 (19)	0.0233 (18)	0.0073 (15)	0.0033 (15)	-0.0031 (14)
N1	0.0225 (18)	0.0247 (18)	0.0207 (18)	-0.0014 (15)	0.0039 (14)	-0.0012 (15)
C1	0.030 (3)	0.030 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.0004 (19)	0.008 (2)	-0.0019 (19)
C2	0.034 (3)	0.037 (3)	0.034 (3)	-0.002 (2)	0.012 (2)	-0.006 (2)
C3	0.032 (3)	0.034 (3)	0.056 (4)	0.004 (2)	0.019 (3)	-0.006 (2)
C4	0.025 (2)	0.031 (2)	0.050 (3)	0.004 (2)	0.007 (2)	0.004 (2)
C5	0.021 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.035 (3)	-0.0044 (18)	0.003 (2)	0.0039 (19)
C6	0.020 (2)	0.027 (2)	0.025 (2)	-0.0052 (17)	0.0053 (18)	-0.0028 (18)
C7	0.028 (3)	0.039 (3)	0.030 (3)	-0.004 (2)	-0.003 (2)	0.010 (2)
C8	0.036 (3)	0.040 (3)	0.021 (2)	-0.005 (2)	0.004 (2)	0.000 (2)
C9	0.027 (2)	0.028 (2)	0.024 (2)	-0.0103 (19)	0.0062 (18)	-0.0040 (19)
C10	0.036 (3)	0.036 (2)	0.026 (3)	-0.007 (2)	0.012 (2)	-0.008 (2)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Pb1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	2.262 (3)	C4—C5	1.409 (7)
Pb1—O1	2.262 (3)	C4—H4	0.9400
Pb1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	2.507 (3)	С5—С7	1.414 (8)
Pb1—N1	2.507 (3)	C5—C6	1.416 (7)
O1—C1	1.318 (6)	С7—С8	1.371 (8)
N1—C9	1.316 (5)	С7—Н7	0.9400
N1—C6	1.363 (6)	C8—C9	1.399 (7)
C1—C2	1.390 (7)	C8—H8	0.9400
C1—C6	1.426 (7)	C9—C10	1.501 (7)
C2—C3	1.393 (8)	C10—H10A	0.9700
C2—H2	0.9400	C10—H10B	0.9700
C3—C4	1.366 (8)	C10—H10C	0.9700
С3—Н3	0.9400		
$O1$ —Pb1— $O1^i$	93.6 (2)	C4—C5—C7	124.2 (5)
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Pb1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	69.46 (12)	C4—C5—C6	119.4 (5)
O1—Pb1—N1 <sup>i</sup>	80.42 (12)	C7—C5—C6	116.4 (4)
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Pb1—N1	80.42 (12)	N1—C6—C5	121.5 (4)
O1—Pb1—N1	69.46 (12)	N1—C6—C1	117.2 (4)
$N1$ — $Pb1$ — $N1^{i}$	135.6 (1)	C5—C6—C1	121.3 (4)
C1—O1—Pb1	120.4 (3)	C8—C7—C5	120.3 (5)
C9—N1—C6	121.0 (4)	C8—C7—H7	119.9
C9—N1—Pb1	126.8 (3)	С5—С7—Н7	119.9
C6—N1—Pb1	112.1 (3)	С7—С8—С9	119.9 (4)
O1—C1—C2	122.4 (5)	С7—С8—Н8	120.1
O1—C1—C6	120.8 (4)	С9—С8—Н8	120.1
C2—C1—C6	116.8 (5)	N1—C9—C8	120.9 (4)
C1—C2—C3	121.5 (5)	N1—C9—C10	117.5 (4)
C1—C2—H2	119.3	C8—C9—C10	121.6 (4)
С3—С2—Н2	119.3	C9—C10—H10A	109.5
C4—C3—C2	122.3 (5)	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
С4—С3—Н3	118.9	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
С2—С3—Н3	118.9	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C3—C4—C5	118.8 (5)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C3—C4—H4	120.6	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	120.6		
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Pb1—O1—C1	-80.4(3)	C9—N1—C6—C1	-178.9 (4)
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Pb1—O1—C1	-148.9(4)	Pb1—N1—C6—C1	-1.1 (5)
N1—Pb1—O1—C1	-2.0(3)	C4—C5—C6—N1	179.4 (4)
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Pb1—N1—C9	-83.2 (4)	C7—C5—C6—N1	-0.1 (6)
O1—Pb1—N1—C9	179.2 (4)	C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.9 (7)
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Pb1—N1—C9	-130.3 (4)	C7—C5—C6—C1	179.6 (4)
O1 <sup>i</sup> —Pb1—N1—C6	99.1 (3)	O1—C1—C6—N1	-0.7 (6)
O1—Pb1—N1—C6	1.6 (3)	C2—C1—C6—N1	-179.4 (4)
N1 <sup>i</sup> —Pb1—N1—C6	52.0 (3)	O1—C1—C6—C5	179.6 (4)

Pb1—O1—C1—C2	-179.0 (4)	C2-C1-C6-C5	0.9 (7)	
Pb1—O1—C1—C6	2.4 (6)	C4—C5—C7—C8	179.4 (5)	
O1—C1—C2—C3	-179.2 (5)	C6—C5—C7—C8	-1.1 (7)	
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.6 (7)	C5—C7—C8—C9	1.7 (7)	
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (8)	C6—N1—C9—C8	-0.2 (6)	
C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.2 (8)	Pb1—N1—C9—C8	-177.7 (3)	
C3—C4—C5—C7	180.0 (5)	C6—N1—C9—C10	179.2 (4)	
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.5 (7)	Pb1—N1—C9—C10	1.7 (6)	
C9—N1—C6—C5	0.8 (6)	C7—C8—C9—N1	-1.0 (7)	
Pb1—N1—C6—C5	178.6 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	179.6 (5)	

Symmetry code: (i) -x+1, y, -z+3/2.