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# 3-Acetyl-6-chloro-2-methyl-4-phenylquinolinium perchlorate

#### Tara Shahani,<sup>a</sup> Hoong-Kun Fun,<sup>a</sup>\*‡ S. Sarveswari,<sup>b</sup> V. Vijayakumar<sup>b</sup> and B. Palakshi Reddy<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>X-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia, and <sup>b</sup>Organic Chemistry Division, School of Advanced Sciences, VIT University, Vellore 632 014, India Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.001 Å; *R* factor = 0.031; *wR* factor = 0.108; data-to-parameter ratio = 25.4.

In the title molecular salt,  $C_{18}H_{15}CINO^+ \cdot CIO_4^-$ , the quinolinium ring system is approximately planar, with a maximum deviation of 0.027 (1) Å. The dihedral angle formed between the mean planes of the quinolinium ring system and the benzene ring is 78.46 (3)°. In the crystal structure, intermolecular N-H···O and C-H···O hydrogen bonds link the cations and anions into a three-dimensional network. The crystal structure is further consolidated by C-H··· $\pi$  interactions.

#### **Related literature**

For natural products containing quinolines, see: Michael (1997); Morimoto *et al.* (1991). For the biological activities of quinolines, see: Campbell *et al.* (1988); Markees *et al.* (1970). For the physiological activities of quinolines, see: Katritzky & Arend (1998); Jiang & Si (2002). For related structures, see: Shahani *et al.* (2010); Fun *et al.* (2009); Loh *et al.* (2010). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For the stability of the temperature controller used for the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986).



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## Experimental

#### Crystal data

 $C_{18}H_{15}CINO^+ \cdot CIO_4^ \gamma = 99.550 (1)^\circ$ 
 $M_r = 396.21$   $V = 858.44 (3) Å^3$  

 Triclinic,  $P\overline{1}$  Z = 2 

 a = 7.3862 (1) Å Mo K $\alpha$  radiation

 b = 8.8519 (2) Å  $\mu = 0.41 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  

 c = 13.3378 (3) Å T = 100 K 

  $\alpha = 92.477 (1)^\circ$   $0.58 \times 0.54 \times 0.27 \text{ mm}$ 

#### Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009)  $T_{min} = 0.797, T_{max} = 0.898$ 

#### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$  $wR(F^2) = 0.108$ S = 1.097482 reflections

#### Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg1 is the centroid of the C10–C15 ring.

$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$ \frac{1}{N1 - H1N1 \cdots O3^{i}} \\ C3 - H3A \cdots O2^{ii} \\ C15 - H15A \cdots O5 \\ C18 - H18B \cdots O5^{iii} \\ C12 - H12A \cdots Cg1^{iv} $	0.832 (18)	1.896 (18)	2.7177 (10)	169 (2)
	0.955 (16)	2.583 (16)	3.3010 (11)	132.2 (12)
	0.951 (16)	2.512 (16)	3.3716 (12)	150.4 (13)
	0.97 (2)	2.53 (2)	3.3266 (13)	139.5 (14)
	0.981 (17)	2.694 (17)	3.5810 (10)	150.6 (13)

27967 measured reflections 7482 independent reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.019$ 

295 parameters

 $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.69 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$  $\Delta \rho_{\text{min}} = -1.00 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ 

6933 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

All H-atom parameters refined

Symmetry codes: (i) -x, -y, -z + 1; (ii) x, y - 1, z; (iii) x - 1, y, z; (iv) -x, -y, -z.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5397).

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# supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o1192–o1193 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810012900] 3-Acetyl-6-chloro-2-methyl-4-phenylquinolinium perchlorate

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### S1. Comment

Quinolines and their derivatives are very important compounds because of their wide occurrence in natural products (Morimoto *et al.*, 1991; Michael, 1997), and biologically active compounds (Markees *et al.*, 1970; Campbell *et al.*, 1988). A large variety of quinolines have interesting physiological activities and found attractive applications as pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals and as synthetic building blocks, due to their great importance, the synthesis of new derivatives of quinoline remains an active research area (Katritzky & Arend, 1998; Jiang & Si, 2002).

In the title compound (Fig. 1), the asymmetric unit consists one perchlorate anion and one 3-acetyl-6-chloro-2methyl-4-phenlquineline-1-ium cation. The quinolinium ring system (C1/N1/C2–C9) is approximately planar, with a maximum deviation of 0.027 (1) Å at atom C1. The dihedral angle formed between quinolinium ring system and benzene ring (C10–C15) is 78.46 (3)°. Bond lengths (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and angles are normal and comparable to those related structures (Shahani *et al.*, 2010; Fun *et al.*, 2009; Loh *et al.*, 2010).

In the crystal packing (Fig. 2), intermolecular N1—H1N1···O3, C3—H3A···O2, C15—H15A···O5 and C18—H18B···O5 hydrogen bonds (Table 1) link the molecules into three-dimensional network. This crystal structure is further consolidated by C—H·· $\pi$  interactions involving C10–C15 benzene ring (centroid *Cg*1).

## **S2. Experimental**

A mixture of 3-acetyl-6-chloro-2-methyl-4-phenylquinoline and a catalytic amount of nickel chloride in acid medium was refluxed for about an hour and resultant compound was recrystallized from 3:1 ethanol water to yield colourless blocks of (I).

## S3. Refinement

All H atoms were located in a difference map and was refined freely. [N—H = 0.829 (19) Å, C—H = 0.76 (2)–1.025 (17) Å].



# Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.



## Figure 2

The crystal packing of (I), viewed along *a* axis. H atoms not involved in intermolecular interactions (dashed lines) are omitted for clarity.

3-Acetyl-6-chloro-2-methyl-4-phenylquinolinium perchlorate

Crystal data

$C_{18}H_{15}CINO^+ \cdot ClO_4^-$	Z = 2
$M_r = 396.21$	F(000) = 408
Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$	$D_{\rm x} = 1.533 {\rm ~Mg} {\rm ~m}^{-3}$
Hall symbol: -P 1	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 7.3862 (1)  Å	Cell parameters from 9929 reflections
b = 8.8519 (2) Å	$\theta = 2.7 - 35.1^{\circ}$
c = 13.3378 (3)  Å	$\mu = 0.41 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\alpha = 92.477 (1)^{\circ}$	T = 100  K
$\beta = 91.903 (1)^{\circ}$	Block, colourless
$\gamma = 99.550 \ (1)^{\circ}$	$0.58 \times 0.54 \times 0.27 \text{ mm}$
V = 858.44 (3) Å <sup>3</sup>	
Data collection	
Bruker SMART APEXII CCD	27967 measured reflections
diffractometer	7482 independent reflections
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube	6933 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.019$
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans	$\theta_{\rm max} = 35.0^{\circ},  \theta_{\rm min} = 1.5^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)	$k = -13 \rightarrow 14$
$T_{\min} = 0.797, \ T_{\max} = 0.898$	$l = -21 \rightarrow 21$

Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.031$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.108$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.09	All H-atom parameters refined
7482 reflections	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0636P)^2 + 0.2949P]$
295 parameters	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
0 restraints	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.69 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
direct methods	$\Delta \rho_{\min} = -1.00 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

#### Special details

**Experimental**. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cyrosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor wR and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	x	у	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$
Cl1	0.57962 (3)	-0.15711 (3)	0.127788 (19)	0.01984 (6)
O1	-0.34868 (10)	0.25202 (9)	0.18488 (6)	0.02125 (14)
N1	-0.06256 (10)	-0.06546 (8)	0.35547 (5)	0.01256 (12)
C1	-0.15762 (11)	0.04733 (9)	0.34086 (6)	0.01226 (13)
C2	0.08539 (11)	-0.08886 (9)	0.30060 (6)	0.01178 (13)
C3	0.17738 (12)	-0.21217 (10)	0.32169 (6)	0.01442 (14)
C4	0.32724 (13)	-0.23218 (10)	0.26722 (7)	0.01553 (14)
C5	0.38693 (12)	-0.12954 (10)	0.19231 (7)	0.01427 (14)
C6	0.29771 (11)	-0.01015 (9)	0.16974 (6)	0.01300 (13)
C7	0.14195 (11)	0.01160 (9)	0.22419 (6)	0.01113 (12)
C8	0.03934 (11)	0.13153 (9)	0.20510 (6)	0.01083 (12)
С9	-0.10849 (11)	0.14720 (9)	0.26283 (6)	0.01146 (12)
C10	0.09383 (11)	0.23714 (9)	0.12361 (6)	0.01128 (12)
C11	-0.00355 (12)	0.21724 (10)	0.03113 (6)	0.01471 (14)
C12	0.05201 (13)	0.31380 (11)	-0.04601 (7)	0.01646 (15)
C13	0.20163 (13)	0.43138 (10)	-0.03026 (7)	0.01619 (15)
C14	0.29697 (13)	0.45204 (10)	0.06228 (7)	0.01649 (15)
C15	0.24533 (12)	0.35437 (10)	0.13932 (6)	0.01454 (14)
C16	-0.21861 (12)	0.27461 (10)	0.24424 (6)	0.01340 (13)
C17	-0.15358 (17)	0.42459 (12)	0.30030 (8)	0.02276 (18)
C18	-0.31035 (13)	0.06418 (11)	0.40871 (7)	0.01699 (15)
H3A	0.137 (2)	-0.2799 (18)	0.3733 (12)	0.017 (3)*
H4A	0.394 (3)	-0.310 (2)	0.2795 (13)	0.029 (4)*

# supporting information

H6A	0.343 (2)	0.0569 (18)	0.1200 (11)	0.016 (3)*
H11A	-0.117 (2)	0.1334 (19)	0.0189 (12)	0.022 (4)*
H12A	-0.013 (2)	0.2955 (19)	-0.1119 (13)	0.023 (4)*
H13A	0.239 (2)	0.5034 (19)	-0.0772 (12)	0.021 (4)*
H14A	0.394 (2)	0.5305 (19)	0.0737 (12)	0.021 (4)*
H15A	0.306 (2)	0.3656 (18)	0.2039 (12)	0.020 (4)*
H17A	-0.033 (3)	0.460 (2)	0.2780 (14)	0.031 (4)*
H17B	-0.242 (3)	0.488 (2)	0.2843 (15)	0.037 (5)*
H17C	-0.153 (3)	0.418 (3)	0.3570 (18)	0.045 (6)*
H18A	-0.281 (3)	0.154 (3)	0.4486 (16)	0.042 (5)*
H18B	-0.424 (3)	0.078 (2)	0.3754 (14)	0.031 (4)*
H18C	-0.334 (3)	-0.026 (2)	0.4431 (15)	0.037 (5)*
H1N1	-0.089 (3)	-0.121 (2)	0.4034 (14)	0.030 (4)*
Cl2	0.28102 (3)	0.33444 (2)	0.461521 (15)	0.01541 (5)
O2	0.27428 (10)	0.49972 (8)	0.45103 (6)	0.02070 (14)
03	0.10191 (10)	0.25407 (9)	0.48844 (6)	0.01977 (14)
O4	0.40805 (10)	0.32400 (9)	0.55505 (5)	0.01960 (13)
05	0.35420 (12)	0.26779 (11)	0.37509 (6)	0.02648 (16)

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	<i>U</i> <sup>22</sup>	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	<i>U</i> <sup>13</sup>	<i>U</i> <sup>23</sup>
Cl1	0.01521 (10)	0.01761 (10)	0.02749 (11)	0.00551 (7)	0.00402 (7)	-0.00306 (8)
01	0.0153 (3)	0.0210 (3)	0.0279 (4)	0.0044 (2)	-0.0042 (2)	0.0044 (3)
N1	0.0142 (3)	0.0112 (3)	0.0124 (3)	0.0017 (2)	0.0016 (2)	0.0031 (2)
C1	0.0126 (3)	0.0116 (3)	0.0126 (3)	0.0015 (2)	0.0012 (2)	0.0020 (2)
C2	0.0132 (3)	0.0103 (3)	0.0118 (3)	0.0020 (2)	-0.0002 (2)	0.0013 (2)
C3	0.0180 (3)	0.0117 (3)	0.0140 (3)	0.0042 (3)	-0.0018 (3)	0.0020 (2)
C4	0.0176 (4)	0.0132 (3)	0.0166 (3)	0.0058 (3)	-0.0025 (3)	0.0003 (3)
C5	0.0129 (3)	0.0133 (3)	0.0170 (3)	0.0039 (2)	-0.0002 (3)	-0.0016 (3)
C6	0.0128 (3)	0.0118 (3)	0.0146 (3)	0.0025 (2)	0.0011 (2)	0.0005 (2)
C7	0.0116 (3)	0.0100 (3)	0.0119 (3)	0.0021 (2)	0.0001 (2)	0.0011 (2)
C8	0.0113 (3)	0.0095 (3)	0.0116 (3)	0.0012 (2)	0.0002 (2)	0.0018 (2)
C9	0.0116 (3)	0.0108 (3)	0.0122 (3)	0.0020 (2)	0.0011 (2)	0.0024 (2)
C10	0.0122 (3)	0.0104 (3)	0.0116 (3)	0.0023 (2)	0.0016 (2)	0.0025 (2)
C11	0.0155 (3)	0.0150 (3)	0.0133 (3)	0.0014 (3)	-0.0009(2)	0.0024 (3)
C12	0.0191 (4)	0.0187 (4)	0.0126 (3)	0.0050 (3)	0.0013 (3)	0.0038 (3)
C13	0.0195 (4)	0.0149 (3)	0.0159 (3)	0.0057 (3)	0.0063 (3)	0.0054 (3)
C14	0.0170 (4)	0.0140 (3)	0.0180 (3)	-0.0002 (3)	0.0045 (3)	0.0033 (3)
C15	0.0143 (3)	0.0141 (3)	0.0144 (3)	-0.0002(3)	0.0010(2)	0.0022 (2)
C16	0.0132 (3)	0.0136 (3)	0.0146 (3)	0.0042 (2)	0.0033 (2)	0.0042 (2)
C17	0.0308 (5)	0.0161 (4)	0.0229 (4)	0.0101 (3)	-0.0037 (4)	-0.0030 (3)
C18	0.0164 (4)	0.0185 (4)	0.0171 (3)	0.0039 (3)	0.0060 (3)	0.0045 (3)
C12	0.01584 (9)	0.01583 (9)	0.01397 (9)	0.00038 (6)	-0.00013 (6)	0.00351 (6)
O2	0.0187 (3)	0.0142 (3)	0.0297 (4)	0.0028 (2)	-0.0018 (3)	0.0094 (2)
O3	0.0148 (3)	0.0220 (3)	0.0209 (3)	-0.0037 (2)	-0.0018 (2)	0.0106 (2)
O4	0.0200 (3)	0.0196 (3)	0.0181 (3)	0.0001 (2)	-0.0077 (2)	0.0070 (2)
05	0.0264 (4)	0.0343 (4)	0.0192 (3)	0.0083 (3)	0.0016 (3)	-0.0065 (3)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Cl1—C5	1.7332 (9)	C10—C15	1.3976 (12)	
O1-C16	1.2090 (11)	C11—C12	1.3946 (12)	
N1—C1	1.3296 (11)	C11—H11A	1.025 (17)	
N1—C2	1.3740 (11)	C12—C13	1.3903 (14)	
N1—H1N1	0.829 (19)	C12—H12A	0.981 (17)	
C1—C9	1.4123 (11)	C13—C14	1.3903 (13)	
C1—C18	1.4919 (12)	C13—H13A	0.929 (16)	
C2—C7	1.4097 (11)	C14—C15	1.3936 (12)	
C2—C3	1.4115 (12)	C14—H14A	0.917 (17)	
C3—C4	1.3754 (13)	C15—H15A	0.952 (16)	
С3—НЗА	0.954 (16)	C16—C17	1.4937 (14)	
C4—C5	1.4117 (13)	C17—H17A	0.956 (19)	
C4—H4A	0.926 (19)	C17—H17B	0.95 (2)	
С5—С6	1.3738 (12)	C17—H17C	0.76 (2)	
C6—C7	1.4159 (11)	C18—H18A	0.93 (2)	
С6—Н6А	0.942 (15)	C18—H18B	0.963 (19)	
C7—C8	1.4295 (11)	C18—H18C	0.93 (2)	
C8—C9	1.3788 (11)	Cl2—O5	1.4344 (8)	
C8—C10	1.4864 (11)	Cl2—O3	1.4583 (7)	
C9—C16	1.5200 (12)	Cl2—O2	1.4846 (7)	
C10—C11	1.3965 (11)	Cl2—O4	1.5512 (7)	
C1—N1—C2	123.82 (7)	C10—C11—H11A	121.2 (9)	
C1-N1-H1N1	118.1 (13)	C13-C12-C11	120.12 (8)	
C2-N1-H1N1	117.9 (13)	C13—C12—H12A	120.6 (10)	
N1-C1-C9	118.77 (7)	C11—C12—H12A	119.3 (10)	
N1-C1-C18	118.45 (7)	C12—C13—C14	119.96 (8)	
C9—C1—C18	122.77 (8)	C12—C13—H13A	123.8 (10)	
N1—C2—C7	118.94 (7)	C14—C13—H13A	116.1 (10)	
N1—C2—C3	119.61 (7)	C13—C14—C15	120.52 (8)	
C7—C2—C3	121.45 (8)	C13—C14—H14A	120.5 (10)	
C4—C3—C2	118.80 (8)	C15—C14—H14A	119.0 (10)	
С4—С3—НЗА	120.4 (10)	C14—C15—C10	119.40 (8)	
С2—С3—НЗА	120.8 (10)	C14—C15—H15A	123.0 (10)	
C3—C4—C5	119.88 (8)	C10-C15-H15A	117.5 (10)	
C3—C4—H4A	121.9 (11)	O1—C16—C17	123.74 (8)	
С5—С4—Н4А	118.2 (11)	O1—C16—C9	119.76 (8)	
C6—C5—C4	122.16 (8)	C17—C16—C9	116.48 (8)	
C6—C5—Cl1	119.75 (7)	C16—C17—H17A	106.1 (11)	
C4—C5—Cl1	118.09 (7)	C16—C17—H17B	105.6 (12)	
С5—С6—С7	118.88 (8)	H17A—C17—H17B	114.6 (16)	
С5—С6—Н6А	119.5 (10)	C16—C17—H17C	112.6 (17)	
С7—С6—Н6А	121.6 (10)	H17A—C17—H17C	111 (2)	
С2—С7—С6	118.79 (7)	H17B—C17—H17C	107 (2)	
С2—С7—С8	118.43 (7)	C1C18H18A	110.3 (13)	
C6—C7—C8	122.77 (7)	C1C18H18B	115.2 (11)	

C9—C8—C7	119.31 (7)	H18A—C18—H18B	101.8 (17)
C9—C8—C10	121.17 (7)	C1—C18—H18C	106.8 (13)
C7—C8—C10	119.52 (7)	H18A—C18—H18C	115.6 (17)
C8—C9—C1	120.67 (7)	H18B—C18—H18C	107.4 (16)
C8—C9—C16	120.14 (7)	O5—Cl2—O3	114.23 (5)
C1—C9—C16	119.18 (7)	O5—Cl2—O2	111.92 (5)
C11—C10—C15	120.21 (7)	O3—Cl2—O2	110.06 (5)
C11—C10—C8	120.13 (7)	O5—Cl2—O4	109.31 (5)
C15—C10—C8	119.65 (7)	O3—Cl2—O4	104.17 (4)
C12—C11—C10	119.78 (8)	O2—Cl2—O4	106.60 (4)
C12—C11—H11A	119.0 (9)		
C2 N1 C1 C0	1.05 (12)		170 59 (7)
$C_2 = N_1 = C_1 = C_1$	1.85 (12)	$C_{}C_{-$	1/9.58 (/)
$C_2$ —NI— $C_1$ — $C_18$	-1/(.33(8))	10 - 10 - 10	-0.34(12)
CI = NI = C2 = C7	0.14 (12)	NI - CI - C9 - C8	-2.26(12)
CI = NI = C2 = C3	-1/9.90(8)	C18 - C1 - C9 - C8	170.88 (8)
N1 - C2 - C3 - C4	-1/8.83(8)	NI = CI = C9 = C16	1/8.84 (/)
$C/-C_2-C_3-C_4$	1.12 (13)	C18 - C1 - C9 - C16	-2.01 (12)
$C_2 = C_3 = C_4 = C_5$	0.44 (13)		-/8.54 (10)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-1.37(13)	C/C8C10C11	101.54 (10)
C3—C4—C5—C11	178.54 (7)	C9—C8—C10—C15	102.80 (10)
C4—C5—C6—C7	0.70 (13)	C7—C8—C10—C15	-77.12 (10)
Cl1—C5—C6—C7	-179.20 (6)	C15—C10—C11—C12	0.67 (13)
N1—C2—C7—C6	178.19 (7)	C8—C10—C11—C12	-177.97 (8)
C3—C2—C7—C6	-1.77 (12)	C10-C11-C12-C13	-1.27 (14)
N1—C2—C7—C8	-1.72 (11)	C11—C12—C13—C14	0.51 (14)
C3—C2—C7—C8	178.32 (7)	C12—C13—C14—C15	0.86 (14)
C5—C6—C7—C2	0.84 (12)	C13—C14—C15—C10	-1.44 (14)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-179.25 (8)	C11—C10—C15—C14	0.67 (13)
C2—C7—C8—C9	1.28 (11)	C8—C10—C15—C14	179.32 (8)
C6—C7—C8—C9	-178.63 (7)	C8—C9—C16—O1	89.51 (11)
C2-C7-C8-C10	-178.80 (7)	C1C9C16O1	-91.59 (10)
C6—C7—C8—C10	1.30 (12)	C8—C9—C16—C17	-88.92 (10)
C7—C8—C9—C1	0.70 (12)	C1-C9-C16-C17	89.98 (10)
C10—C8—C9—C1	-179.22 (7)		

# Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N1—H1 <i>N</i> 1···O3 <sup>i</sup>	0.832 (18)	1.896 (18)	2.7177 (10)	169 (2)
C3—H3A···O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.955 (16)	2.583 (16)	3.3010 (11)	132.2 (12)
C15—H15A····O5	0.951 (16)	2.512 (16)	3.3716 (12)	150.4 (13)
C18—H18 <i>B</i> ····O5 <sup>iii</sup>	0.97 (2)	2.53 (2)	3.3266 (13)	139.5 (14)
C12—H12 $A$ ···Cg1 <sup>iv</sup>	0.981 (17)	2.694 (17)	3.5810 (10)	150.6 (13)

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*, -*y*, -*z*+1; (ii) *x*, *y*-1, *z*; (iii) *x*-1, *y*, *z*; (iv) -*x*, -*y*, -*z*.