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## 4-Ethylanilinium 2-carboxyacetate

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 291 K; mean  $\sigma$ (C–C) = 0.004 Å; R factor = 0.060; wR factor = 0.161; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.1.

In the crystal structure of the title compound,  $C_8H_{12}N^+$ .- $C_3H_3O_4^-$ , the hydrogen malonate anions are linked into infinite chains parallel to the *b* axis by intermolecular O–  $H \cdots O$  hydrogen bonds of the type  $COO^- \cdots HO_2C$  in a headto-tail fashion. The 4-ethylanilinium cations link adjacent anion chains by intermolecular N $-H \cdots O$  hydrogen bonds into a two-dimensional network parallel to the *b* and *c* axes.

#### **Related literature**

For background to molecular-ionic compounds, see: Czupiński *et al.* (2002); Katrusiak & Szafrański (2006); Chen (2009); Wang (2010).



a = 13.439 (3) Å

b = 9.2914 (19) Å

c = 8.8827 (18) Å

#### **Experimental**

Crystal data  $C_8H_{12}N^+ \cdot C_3H_3O_4^ M_r = 225.24$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ 

$\beta = 99.177 \ (10)^{\circ}$
$V = 1095.0 (4) \text{ Å}^3$
Z = 4
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

#### Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)  $T_{min} = 0.963, T_{max} = 0.971$ 

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$ 147 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.161$ H-atom parameters constrainedS = 1.05 $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.42$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>2510 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.43$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

 Table 1

 Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	$D-{\rm H}$	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdots A$
$N1 - H1A \cdots O1$	0.89	2.08	2.777 (2)	134
$N1 - H1B \cdot \cdot \cdot O1^{i}$	0.89	2.57	3.200 (3)	129
$N1 - H1B \cdot \cdot \cdot O2^{ii}$	0.89	2.27	2.930 (2)	131
$N1 - H1C \cdot \cdot \cdot O3^{iii}$	0.89	2.31	2.815 (2)	116
$N1-H1A\cdots O4^{ii}$	0.89	2.28	2.885 (2)	125
$O4-H4\cdots O2^{iv}$	0.91	1.64	2.532 (2)	167

 $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 291 K

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.042$ 

 $0.36 \times 0.32 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$ 

11013 measured reflections

2510 independent reflections

1995 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $-x + 2, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii) x, y + 1, z; (iv)  $-x + 2, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: KJ2151).

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# supporting information

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## 4-Ethylanilinium 2-carboxyacetate

## De-Hong Wu and Qi-Qi Wu

### S1. Comment

Recently much attention has been devoted to simple molecular–ionic crystals containing organic cations and anions due to the tunability of their special structural features and their interesting physical properties (Czupiński *et al.*, 2002; Katrusiak & Szafrański, 2006). For similar structures, see: Chen, 2009; Wang, 2010. The title compound has been synthesized in our laboratory and its crystal structure is reported here.

The asymmetric unit of the title compound consists of one 4-ethylanilinium cation and one hydrogen malonate anion (Fig 1), in which complete transfer of a single H atom from the acid component to the basic component has occurred. In the crystal structure, the hydrogen malonate anions are linked into one-dimensional infinite chains parallel to *b*-axis by intermolecular O—H···O hydrogen bonds of the type COO<sup>-</sup>···HO<sub>2</sub>C in a "head-to-tail" fashion. The 4-ethylanilinium cations link adjacent anion chains by intermolecular N—H···O hydrogen bonds into a two-dimensional network running parallel to the *b* and *c*-axes .(Fig 2). Hydrogen bonds of intermolecular N—H···O and O—H···O make great contribution to the stability of the crystal structure (Table 1).

#### **S2. Experimental**

1.04 g (10 mmol) malonic acid hydrate was dissolved in 50 ml ethanol, to which 1.21 g (10 mmol) 4-ethybenzenamine was added to afford a solution without any precipitation under stirring at ambient temperature. Single crystals suitable for X-ray structure analysis were obtained by the slow evaporation of the above solution after 3 days in air.

The dielectric constant of the compound as a function of temperature indicates that the permittivity is basically temperature-independent ( $\varepsilon = C/(T-T_0)$ ), suggesting that this compound is not ferroelectric or there may be no distinct phase transition occurring within the measured temperature range between 93 K and 362 K (m.p. 99 °C).

#### S3. Refinement

H atoms except for H4 were placed in calculated positions (N—H = 0.89 Å; C—H = 0.93Å for  $Csp^2$  atoms and C—H = 0.96Å and 0.97Å for  $Csp^3$  atoms), assigned fixed  $U_{iso}$  values [ $U_{iso} = 1.2Ueq(Csp^2)$  and  $1.5Ueq(Csp^3,N)$ ] and allowed to ride. The H4 atom bonding with O4 was found with O—H bond distance of 0.9084Åin the difference electron density map.



## Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing the atomic numbering scheme with 30% probability displacement ellipsoids.



#### Figure 2

A view of the packing of the title compound, stacking along the *b* axis. Dashed lines indicate hydrogen bonds.

#### 4-Ethylanilinium 2-carboxyacetate

Crystal data

C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sup>+.</sup>C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub><sup>-</sup>  $M_r = 225.24$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol: -P 2ybc a = 13.439 (3) Å b = 9.2914 (19) Å c = 8.8827 (18) Å  $\beta = 99.177$  (10)° V = 1095.0 (4) Å<sup>3</sup> Z = 4

#### Data collection

Rigaku SCXmini diffractometer Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube Graphite monochromator Detector resolution: 13.6612 pixels mm<sup>-1</sup>  $\omega$  scans Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2005)  $T_{\min} = 0.963, T_{\max} = 0.971$  F(000) = 480  $D_x = 1.366 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo K\alpha radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 9421 reflections  $\theta = 3.1-27.6^{\circ}$   $\mu = 0.10 \text{ mm}^{-1}$  T = 291 KBlock, colorless  $0.36 \times 0.32 \times 0.28 \text{ mm}$ 

11013 measured reflections 2510 independent reflections 1995 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{int} = 0.042$  $\theta_{max} = 27.5^{\circ}, \theta_{min} = 3.1^{\circ}$  $h = -17 \rightarrow 17$  $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$  $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$  Refinement

Refinement on $F^2$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
Least-squares matrix: full	neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.060$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.161$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0682P)^2 + 0.8364P]$
S = 1.05	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
2510 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
147 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.42 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.43 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	Extinction correction: <i>SHELXTL</i> (Sheldrick, 2008), $Fc^*=kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map	Extinction coefficient: 0.038 (5)

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement**. Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on  $F^2$ , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
C1	0.90859 (14)	0.4455 (2)	0.0928 (2)	0.0260 (4)	
C2	0.89084 (16)	0.3160 (2)	-0.0141 (2)	0.0290 (5)	
H2A	0.8213	0.3177	-0.0645	0.035*	
H2B	0.9332	0.3261	-0.0923	0.035*	
C3	0.91163 (15)	0.1717 (2)	0.0613 (2)	0.0265 (4)	
C4	0.3837 (2)	0.7987 (4)	0.3598 (4)	0.0718 (10)	
H4A	0.3281	0.7797	0.4124	0.108*	
H4B	0.3704	0.7573	0.2595	0.108*	
H4C	0.3926	0.9008	0.3517	0.108*	
C5	0.4769 (2)	0.7341 (4)	0.4458 (3)	0.0605 (8)	
H5A	0.4657	0.6316	0.4555	0.073*	
H5B	0.4877	0.7745	0.5478	0.073*	
C6	0.57213 (18)	0.7548 (3)	0.3778 (3)	0.0405 (6)	
C7	0.63668 (19)	0.6409 (3)	0.3677 (3)	0.0442 (6)	
H7A	0.6205	0.5508	0.4025	0.053*	
C8	0.72484 (18)	0.6569 (2)	0.3073 (3)	0.0388 (5)	
H8A	0.7669	0.5785	0.3006	0.047*	
C9	0.74915 (15)	0.7901 (2)	0.2574 (2)	0.0300 (5)	
C10	0.68750 (17)	0.9066 (2)	0.2664 (3)	0.0388 (5)	
H10A	0.7046	0.9967	0.2328	0.047*	
C11	0.59904 (19)	0.8877 (3)	0.3267 (3)	0.0453 (6)	
H11A	0.5570	0.9662	0.3327	0.054*	
N1	0.84388 (13)	0.80909 (19)	0.1986 (2)	0.0347 (5)	

# supporting information

H1A	0.8755	0.7249	0.1992	0.052*	
H1B	0.8828	0.8714	0.2571	0.052*	
H1C	0.8311	0.8426	0.1036	0.052*	
01	0.88090 (13)	0.56380 (16)	0.03767 (19)	0.0412 (4)	
02	0.95091 (12)	0.42353 (15)	0.22859 (17)	0.0352 (4)	
03	0.84347 (12)	0.08947 (16)	0.0783 (2)	0.0413 (4)	
O4	1.00669 (11)	0.14348 (15)	0.10516 (18)	0.0337 (4)	
H4	1.0153	0.0579	0.1549	0.105 (14)*	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0251 (9)	0.0210 (9)	0.0323 (10)	-0.0010 (7)	0.0058 (8)	0.0015 (7)
C2	0.0335 (11)	0.0246 (10)	0.0277 (10)	-0.0018 (8)	0.0011 (8)	0.0019 (8)
C3	0.0333 (11)	0.0210 (9)	0.0261 (10)	-0.0025 (8)	0.0072 (8)	-0.0048 (7)
C4	0.0498 (17)	0.083 (2)	0.088 (2)	-0.0032 (16)	0.0301 (17)	0.0124 (19)
C5	0.0609 (18)	0.071 (2)	0.0559 (17)	0.0003 (15)	0.0279 (14)	0.0118 (15)
C6	0.0422 (13)	0.0461 (14)	0.0340 (11)	-0.0037 (10)	0.0088 (10)	0.0026 (10)
C7	0.0531 (15)	0.0344 (12)	0.0463 (14)	-0.0079 (11)	0.0117 (11)	0.0074 (10)
C8	0.0417 (13)	0.0267 (11)	0.0481 (13)	-0.0004 (9)	0.0074 (10)	0.0040 (9)
С9	0.0277 (10)	0.0285 (10)	0.0316 (10)	-0.0039 (8)	-0.0019 (8)	-0.0002 (8)
C10	0.0370 (12)	0.0269 (11)	0.0514 (14)	-0.0021 (9)	0.0037 (10)	0.0037 (9)
C11	0.0422 (13)	0.0398 (13)	0.0543 (15)	0.0065 (10)	0.0091 (11)	0.0003 (11)
N1	0.0280 (9)	0.0244 (9)	0.0497 (11)	-0.0017 (7)	0.0003 (8)	0.0051 (8)
01	0.0511 (10)	0.0242 (8)	0.0454 (9)	0.0081 (7)	-0.0010 (7)	0.0041 (7)
02	0.0499 (9)	0.0225 (7)	0.0305 (8)	0.0008 (6)	-0.0021 (7)	-0.0014 (6)
O3	0.0363 (9)	0.0264 (8)	0.0626 (11)	-0.0054 (6)	0.0118 (8)	0.0058 (7)
O4	0.0328 (8)	0.0222 (7)	0.0445 (9)	-0.0023 (6)	0.0010 (6)	0.0024 (6)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

C1-01	1.237 (2)	C6—C7	1.381 (4)
C1—O2	1.265 (2)	C6—C11	1.383 (3)
C1—C2	1.528 (3)	C7—C8	1.384 (3)
C2—C3	1.505 (3)	С7—Н7А	0.9300
C2—H2A	0.9700	C8—C9	1.372 (3)
C2—H2B	0.9700	C8—H8A	0.9300
C3—O3	1.220 (2)	C9—C10	1.373 (3)
C3—O4	1.301 (2)	C9—N1	1.462 (3)
C4—C5	1.485 (5)	C10—C11	1.390 (3)
C4—H4A	0.9600	C10—H10A	0.9300
C4—H4B	0.9600	C11—H11A	0.9300
C4—H4C	0.9600	N1—H1A	0.8900
C5—C6	1.512 (4)	N1—H1B	0.8900
С5—Н5А	0.9700	N1—H1C	0.8900
С5—Н5В	0.9700	O4—H4	0.9084
O1—C1—O2	125.59 (19)	C7—C6—C5	120.6 (2)

O1—C1—C2	116.51 (18)	C11—C6—C5	121.8 (2)
O2—C1—C2	117.89 (17)	C6—C7—C8	121.9 (2)
C3—C2—C1	115.15 (16)	С6—С7—Н7А	119.1
C3—C2—H2A	108.5	С8—С7—Н7А	119.1
C1—C2—H2A	108.5	C9—C8—C7	119.0 (2)
C3—C2—H2B	108.5	C9—C8—H8A	120.5
C1—C2—H2B	108.5	С7—С8—Н8А	120.5
H2A—C2—H2B	107.5	C8—C9—C10	121.0 (2)
O3—C3—O4	123.86 (19)	C8—C9—N1	119.35 (19)
O3—C3—C2	121.53 (19)	C10—C9—N1	119.61 (19)
O4—C3—C2	114.60 (17)	C9—C10—C11	119.0 (2)
C5—C4—H4A	109.5	C9—C10—H10A	120.5
C5—C4—H4B	109.5	C11-C10-H10A	120.5
H4A—C4—H4B	109.5	C6—C11—C10	121.6 (2)
C5—C4—H4C	109.5	C6—C11—H11A	119.2
H4A—C4—H4C	109.5	C10-C11-H11A	119.2
H4B—C4—H4C	109.5	C9—N1—H1A	109.5
C4—C5—C6	116.2 (2)	C9—N1—H1B	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	108.2	H1A—N1—H1B	109.5
С6—С5—Н5А	108.2	C9—N1—H1C	109.5
C4—C5—H5B	108.2	H1A—N1—H1C	109.5
C6—C5—H5B	108.2	H1B—N1—H1C	109.5
H5A—C5—H5B	107.4	C3—O4—H4	111.3
C7—C6—C11	117.6 (2)		
O1—C1—C2—C3	-171.71 (18)	C6—C7—C8—C9	0.6 (4)
O2—C1—C2—C3	9.0 (3)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-0.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—O3	108.1 (2)	C7—C8—C9—N1	177.8 (2)
C1—C2—C3—O4	-72.1 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.3 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-134.2 (3)	N1-C9-C10-C11	-178.2 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C11	47.1 (4)	C7—C6—C11—C10	0.3 (4)
C11—C6—C7—C8	-0.7 (4)	C5-C6-C11-C10	179.0 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	-179.4 (3)	C9—C10—C11—C6	0.2 (4)

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	D—H···A	
N1—H1A…O1	0.89	2.08	2.777 (2)	134	
N1—H1 <i>B</i> ···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.89	2.57	3.200 (3)	129	
N1—H1 <i>B</i> ···O2 <sup>ii</sup>	0.89	2.27	2.930 (2)	131	
N1—H1 <i>C</i> ···O3 <sup>iii</sup>	0.89	2.31	2.815 (2)	116	
N1—H1A····O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.89	2.28	2.885 (2)	125	
O4—H4…O2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.91	1.64	2.532 (2)	167	

Symmetry codes: (i) x, -y+3/2, z+1/2; (ii) -x+2, y+1/2, -z+1/2; (iii) x, y+1, z; (iv) -x+2, y-1/2, -z+1/2.