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## Structure Reports

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 Poly[dimethylammonium [aquadi- $\mu_2$ -oxalato-dysprosate(III)] trihydrate]

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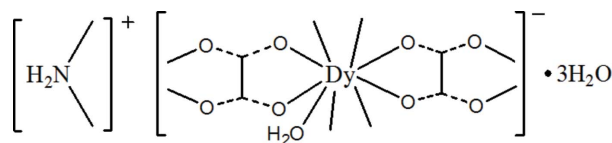
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 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.019;  $wR$  factor = 0.047; data-to-parameter ratio = 14.7.

The title compound,  $\{(\text{C}_2\text{H}_8\text{N})[\text{Dy}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}\}_n$ , was obtained as an unexpected product under hydrothermal conditions. The  $\text{Dy}^{\text{III}}$  atom is chelated by four oxalate anions, two of which are situated on two different centres of inversion. The distorted tricapped trigonal-prismatic coordination sphere of the  $\text{Dy}^{\text{III}}$  atom is completed by a water molecule. The bridging mode of the anions results in the formation of a three-dimensional network with cavities where the ammonium cations and the uncoordinated water molecules reside. The structure is stabilized by numerous  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  and  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen-bonding interactions.

## Related literature

For decomposition mechanisms of organic ligands resulting in the formation of oxalates, see: Ghosh *et al.* (2004); Zhong *et al.*, (2008). For other  $\text{Dy}^{\text{III}}$  oxalate compounds, see: Hansson (1973); Kahwa *et al.* (1984); Ollendorff *et al.* (1969). The structure of the isotypic  $\text{Eu}^{\text{III}}$  compound was reported by Yang *et al.* (2005).



## Experimental

## Crystal data

 $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_8\text{N})[\text{Dy}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})]\cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$ 
 $M_r = 456.70$ 

 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ 
 $a = 9.6239$  (2) Å

 $b = 11.6030$  (2) Å

 $c = 14.3050$  (2) Å

 $\beta = 122.463$  (1)°

 $V = 1347.77$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>
 $Z = 4$ 

 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 5.61$  mm<sup>-1</sup>
 $T = 296$  K

 $0.19 \times 0.15 \times 0.04$  mm

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII area-detector

diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1997)

 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.374$ ,  $T_{\text{max}} = 0.790$ 

20173 measured reflections

3108 independent reflections

 2810 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$ 
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$ 

## Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.019$ 
 $wR(F^2) = 0.047$ 
 $S = 1.06$ 

3108 reflections

211 parameters

12 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.84$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.91$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Dy1—O3 <sup>i</sup>	2.3846 (17)	Dy1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	2.4386 (19)
Dy1—O2	2.3883 (19)	Dy1—O8	2.445 (2)
Dy1—O5	2.390 (2)	Dy1—O1W	2.451 (2)
Dy1—O6	2.427 (2)	Dy1—O7	2.464 (2)
Dy1—O1	2.4335 (18)		

 Symmetry code: (i)  $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z - \frac{1}{2}$ .

Table 2

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1A <sup>i</sup> ⋯O8	0.89 (4)	2.00 (4)	2.866 (4)	163 (4)
N1—H1A <sup>i</sup> ⋯O1W	0.89 (4)	2.52 (4)	3.090 (4)	122 (3)
O1W—H1WA <sup>i</sup> ⋯O3W	0.84 (4)	2.03 (2)	2.857 (4)	173 (3)
O4W—H4WB <sup>i</sup> ⋯O2W	0.82 (4)	2.06 (3)	2.767 (4)	144 (5)
N1—H1B <sup>i</sup> ⋯O4W <sup>ii</sup>	0.87 (4)	1.91 (4)	2.759 (5)	165 (4)
O1W—H1WB <sup>i</sup> ⋯O3W <sup>iii</sup>	0.84 (4)	1.92 (2)	2.744 (3)	167 (3)
O2W—H2WB <sup>i</sup> ⋯O3 <sup>iv</sup>	0.85 (4)	2.06 (2)	2.876 (4)	161 (5)
O3W—H3WA <sup>i</sup> ⋯O7 <sup>v</sup>	0.85 (4)	2.24 (3)	2.959 (3)	145 (4)
O3W—H3WA <sup>i</sup> ⋯O6 <sup>vi</sup>	0.83 (4)	2.34 (2)	3.110 (3)	156 (4)
O3W—H3WB <sup>i</sup> ⋯O4W <sup>vii</sup>	0.80 (5)	2.42 (3)	2.959 (5)	125 (4)
O3W—H3WB <sup>i</sup> ⋯O2W <sup>vii</sup>	0.80 (5)	2.49 (2)	3.256 (5)	160 (4)
O4W—H4WA <sup>i</sup> ⋯O4 <sup>viii</sup>	0.84 (4)	2.10 (3)	2.837 (4)	147 (5)

 Symmetry codes: (ii)  $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (iii)  $-x, -y, -z - 1$ ; (iv)  $x + 1, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z + \frac{1}{2}$ ; (v)  $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (vi)  $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (vii)  $x - 1, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (viii)  $-x + 1, -y - 1, -z$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2006); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2006); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008) and DIAMOND (Crystal Impact, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: WM2367).

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## metal-organic compounds

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2010). E66, m901–m902 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536810026140]

**Poly[dimethylammonium [aquadi- $\mu_2$ -oxalato-dysprosate(III)] trihydrate]****Su-Fang Ye and Hong Lin****S1. Comment**

Multidentate organic ligands are usually engaged in the construction of complexes, among which oxalate is one of the simplest imaginable connectors potentially able to bridge metal ions in a bidentate chelating manner. Some dysprosium(III) oxalate compounds, such as  $K_8[Dy_2(C_2O_4)_7] \cdot 14H_2O$  (Kahwa *et al.*, 1984) and  $[Dy_2(C_2O_4)(H_2O)_6] \cdot 4H_2O$  (Ollendorff *et al.*, 1969; Hansson 1973) have been reported. Oxalates usually represent one of the main end-products of the degradation of some organic ligands, under both oxidative and nonoxidative conditions (Ghosh *et al.*, 2004). For example, decomposition of pyridine-2,4,6-tricarboxylic acid into oxalate has been observed in the presence of cadmium(II) compounds (Zhong *et al.*, 2008). Herein, we report a new three-dimensional oxalate structure,  $(C_2H_8N)[Dy(C_2O_4)_2(H_2O)] \cdot 3H_2O$ .

A view on the molecular structure of the title compound, (I), which is isotopic with its Eu(III) analogue (Yang *et al.*, 2005), is presented in Fig. 1. The central  $Dy^{III}$  atom displays a distorted tricapped trigonal-prismatic coordination by four oxalate anions and one water molecule. Each  $Dy^{III}$  atom is connected to four adjacent  $Dy^{III}$  centres through the oxalate bridges resulting in a three-dimensional polymeric network as depicted in Fig. 2. The Dy—Dy separations are 6.2135 (2), 6.2742 (2) and 6.3164 (3) Å, respectively. The cations and solvent water molecules occupy the cavities of the network and are involved in hydrogen-bonding with each other and with the network. This gives rise to a tightly held network structure.

**S2. Experimental**

A mixture of 2-carboxymethylsulfanyl nicotinic acid (0.086 g, 0.40 mmol),  $Dy_2O_3$  (0.093 g, 0.25 mmol) in DMF (5 ml)/ $H_2O$  (15 ml) was placed in a 25 ml Teflon-lined stainless steel reactor and heated at 433 K for 72 h, and then cooled to room temperature over 3 days. Colourless crystals were obtained in approximate 30% yield.

**S3. Refinement**

The C-bound and ammonium H-atoms were positioned geometrically and included in the refinement using a riding model [C—H 0.96 Å and N—H 0.87, 0.89  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(C)$ ]. The water H atoms were located from difference maps, and their positions were refined with O—H distances fixed at 0.85 (5) Å with  $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2U_{eq}(O)$ .

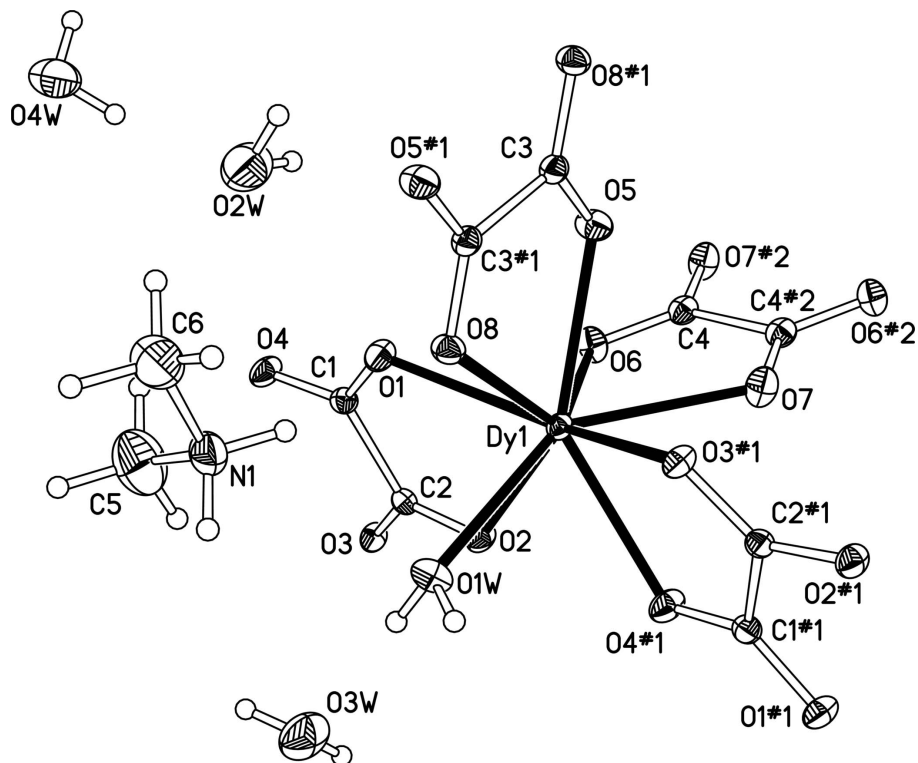


Figure 1

Perspective view of the title compound, showing the atom-numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. Symmetry codes: (1)  $-x, y+0.5, -z-0.5$ ; (2)  $-x, -y, -z$ .

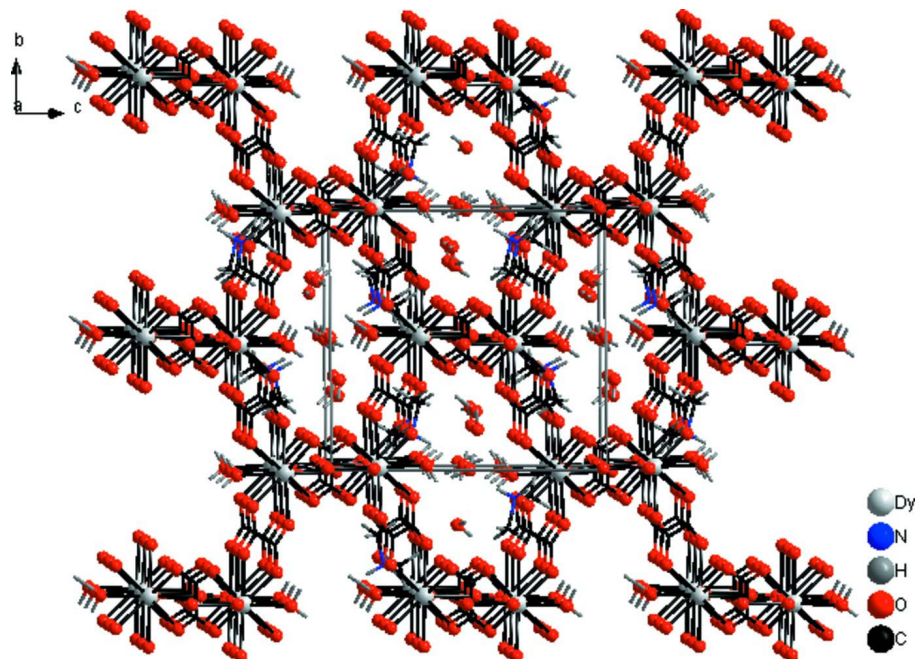


Figure 2

A view of the three-dimensional polymeric network of the title compound.

Poly[dimethylammonium [aquadi- $\mu_2$ -oxalato-dysprosate(III)] trihydrate]

## Crystal data

 $(\text{C}_2\text{H}_8\text{N})[\text{Dy}(\text{C}_2\text{O}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})] \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$  $M_r = 456.70$ Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ Hall symbol:  $-P\ 2ybc$  $a = 9.6239\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$  $b = 11.6030\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$  $c = 14.3050\ (2)\ \text{\AA}$  $\beta = 122.463\ (1)^\circ$  $V = 1347.77\ (4)\ \text{\AA}^3$  $Z = 4$  $F(000) = 884$  $D_x = 2.251\ \text{Mg m}^{-3}$ Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073\ \text{\AA}$ 

Cell parameters from 9337 reflections

 $\theta = 2.4\text{--}27.6^\circ$  $\mu = 5.61\ \text{mm}^{-1}$  $T = 296\ \text{K}$ 

Block, colourless

 $0.19 \times 0.15 \times 0.04\ \text{mm}$ 

## Data collection

Bruker APEXII area-detector

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Sheldrick, 1997)

 $T_{\min} = 0.374$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.790$ 

20173 measured reflections

3108 independent reflections

2810 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$  $R_{\text{int}} = 0.032$  $\theta_{\max} = 27.6^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.4^\circ$  $h = -12 \rightarrow 12$  $k = -15 \rightarrow 14$  $l = -18 \rightarrow 18$ 

## Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.019$  $wR(F^2) = 0.047$  $S = 1.06$ 

3108 reflections

211 parameters

12 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0236P)^2 + 1.0326P]$ where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.84\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.91\ \text{e \AA}^{-3}$ 

## Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Dy1	0.117659 (15)	-0.013113 (10)	-0.167676 (10)	0.01672 (5)
N1	0.4246 (4)	-0.1300 (3)	-0.3049 (3)	0.0407 (7)
H1A	0.393 (5)	-0.098 (3)	-0.263 (3)	0.049*

H1B	0.378 (5)	-0.095 (3)	-0.368 (3)	0.049*
O1	0.2048 (2)	-0.21224 (15)	-0.15624 (17)	0.0250 (4)
O1W	0.1053 (3)	-0.02065 (19)	-0.34320 (18)	0.0317 (5)
H1WA	0.036 (4)	-0.061 (2)	-0.396 (2)	0.038*
H1WB	0.106 (4)	0.0401 (18)	-0.375 (2)	0.038*
O2	-0.1030 (2)	-0.13712 (15)	-0.29291 (17)	0.0232 (4)
O2W	0.5505 (4)	-0.2809 (3)	-0.0349 (3)	0.0669 (9)
H2WA	0.489 (5)	-0.291 (5)	-0.009 (3)	0.080*
H2WB	0.624 (4)	-0.238 (4)	0.016 (3)	0.080*
O3	-0.1939 (2)	-0.31830 (15)	-0.32907 (16)	0.0219 (4)
O3W	-0.1188 (4)	-0.1547 (2)	-0.5332 (3)	0.0576 (8)
H3WA	-0.090 (5)	-0.222 (2)	-0.529 (4)	0.069*
H3WB	-0.209 (3)	-0.155 (3)	-0.543 (4)	0.069*
O4	0.1169 (2)	-0.39375 (16)	-0.20338 (18)	0.0278 (5)
O4W	0.6648 (5)	-0.5050 (3)	-0.0068 (3)	0.0701 (11)
H4WA	0.694 (6)	-0.530 (4)	0.056 (3)	0.084*
H4WB	0.596 (5)	-0.456 (4)	-0.020 (4)	0.084*
O5	0.3400 (3)	-0.01122 (16)	0.02214 (18)	0.0263 (5)
O6	0.0192 (3)	-0.11779 (16)	-0.06741 (17)	0.0276 (4)
O7	0.0381 (3)	0.11134 (17)	-0.06433 (18)	0.0300 (5)
O8	0.3894 (3)	-0.01101 (15)	-0.14319 (17)	0.0226 (4)
C1	0.0965 (3)	-0.2872 (2)	-0.2069 (2)	0.0197 (5)
C2	-0.0829 (3)	-0.2435 (2)	-0.2832 (2)	0.0180 (5)
C3	0.4856 (4)	-0.0001 (2)	0.0483 (2)	0.0198 (6)
C4	-0.0055 (3)	-0.0664 (2)	-0.0010 (2)	0.0220 (6)
C5	0.3567 (6)	-0.2468 (4)	-0.3333 (4)	0.0761 (15)
H5A	0.2387	-0.2431	-0.3721	0.091*
H5B	0.3984	-0.2910	-0.2667	0.091*
H5C	0.3882	-0.2827	-0.3796	0.091*
C6	0.6030 (5)	-0.1251 (5)	-0.2451 (4)	0.0710 (14)
H6A	0.6384	-0.0464	-0.2279	0.085*
H6B	0.6396	-0.1572	-0.2901	0.085*
H6C	0.6490	-0.1686	-0.1777	0.085*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Dy1	0.01578 (8)	0.01427 (7)	0.01843 (8)	-0.00014 (4)	0.00807 (6)	-0.00013 (4)
N1	0.0347 (18)	0.0526 (18)	0.0363 (17)	0.0048 (14)	0.0200 (15)	-0.0078 (14)
O1	0.0179 (11)	0.0192 (9)	0.0295 (11)	-0.0011 (8)	0.0073 (9)	-0.0039 (8)
O1W	0.0342 (14)	0.0367 (12)	0.0218 (11)	-0.0059 (10)	0.0133 (11)	-0.0019 (9)
O2	0.0213 (11)	0.0158 (9)	0.0259 (10)	0.0016 (7)	0.0082 (9)	0.0007 (8)
O2W	0.053 (2)	0.0513 (18)	0.066 (2)	0.0025 (14)	0.0119 (17)	-0.0131 (15)
O3	0.0172 (10)	0.0179 (9)	0.0272 (11)	-0.0014 (7)	0.0096 (9)	-0.0029 (7)
O3W	0.066 (2)	0.0331 (13)	0.0650 (19)	0.0039 (13)	0.0292 (19)	0.0093 (13)
O4	0.0228 (11)	0.0161 (9)	0.0319 (11)	0.0016 (8)	0.0063 (9)	-0.0012 (8)
O4W	0.074 (3)	0.068 (2)	0.0376 (18)	0.0164 (15)	0.0098 (18)	-0.0028 (14)
O5	0.0184 (11)	0.0392 (11)	0.0218 (11)	-0.0021 (8)	0.0111 (9)	-0.0007 (8)

O6	0.0340 (12)	0.0239 (10)	0.0308 (12)	-0.0039 (8)	0.0213 (10)	-0.0040 (8)
O7	0.0389 (13)	0.0241 (10)	0.0397 (13)	0.0032 (9)	0.0294 (11)	0.0059 (9)
O8	0.0177 (11)	0.0297 (10)	0.0187 (10)	-0.0005 (7)	0.0085 (9)	-0.0015 (7)
C1	0.0209 (15)	0.0194 (12)	0.0179 (13)	0.0005 (10)	0.0098 (12)	0.0006 (10)
C2	0.0197 (15)	0.0195 (12)	0.0165 (13)	-0.0014 (10)	0.0108 (12)	-0.0012 (10)
C3	0.0205 (15)	0.0161 (11)	0.0200 (14)	0.0015 (10)	0.0090 (12)	0.0005 (9)
C4	0.0157 (14)	0.0231 (14)	0.0252 (15)	-0.0009 (10)	0.0098 (12)	0.0000 (10)
C5	0.096 (4)	0.059 (3)	0.082 (4)	-0.017 (3)	0.054 (3)	-0.020 (2)
C6	0.035 (2)	0.121 (4)	0.052 (3)	0.007 (2)	0.020 (2)	-0.019 (3)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Dy1—O3 <sup>i</sup>	2.3846 (17)	O3W—H3WA	0.83 (3)
Dy1—O2	2.3883 (19)	O3W—H3WB	0.80 (4)
Dy1—O5	2.390 (2)	O4—C1	1.249 (3)
Dy1—O6	2.427 (2)	O4—Dy1 <sup>ii</sup>	2.4386 (19)
Dy1—O1	2.4335 (18)	O4W—H4WA	0.84 (3)
Dy1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	2.4386 (19)	O4W—H4WB	0.82 (4)
Dy1—O8	2.445 (2)	O5—C3	1.248 (4)
Dy1—O1W	2.451 (2)	O6—C4	1.248 (3)
Dy1—O7	2.464 (2)	O7—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	1.248 (3)
N1—C6	1.451 (5)	O8—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	1.246 (4)
N1—C5	1.463 (6)	C1—C2	1.551 (4)
N1—H1A	0.89 (4)	C3—O8 <sup>iv</sup>	1.246 (4)
N1—H1B	0.87 (4)	C3—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	1.549 (6)
O1—C1	1.248 (3)	C4—O7 <sup>iii</sup>	1.248 (3)
O1W—H1WA	0.84 (4)	C4—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	1.544 (5)
O1W—H1WB	0.84 (4)	C5—H5A	0.9600
O2—C2	1.245 (3)	C5—H5B	0.9600
O2W—H2WA	0.86 (5)	C5—H5C	0.9600
O2W—H2WB	0.85 (4)	C6—H6A	0.9600
O3—C2	1.254 (3)	C6—H6B	0.9600
O3—Dy1 <sup>ii</sup>	2.3846 (17)	C6—H6C	0.9600
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O2	135.67 (6)	C5—N1—H1B	104 (3)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O5	85.20 (6)	H1A—N1—H1B	110 (4)
O2—Dy1—O5	138.66 (7)	C1—O1—Dy1	118.16 (17)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O6	135.05 (6)	Dy1—O1W—H1WA	121 (2)
O2—Dy1—O6	70.73 (7)	Dy1—O1W—H1WB	121 (2)
O5—Dy1—O6	74.25 (7)	H1WA—O1W—H1WB	103 (2)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O1	143.39 (7)	C2—O2—Dy1	119.42 (17)
O2—Dy1—O1	67.30 (6)	H2WA—O2W—H2WB	99 (2)
O5—Dy1—O1	82.32 (7)	C2—O3—Dy1 <sup>ii</sup>	118.80 (17)
O6—Dy1—O1	73.44 (7)	H3WA—O3W—H3WB	107 (3)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	67.45 (6)	C1—O4—Dy1 <sup>ii</sup>	118.02 (17)
O2—Dy1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	71.67 (6)	H4WA—O4W—H4WB	105 (3)
O5—Dy1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	139.00 (7)	C3—O5—Dy1	121.19 (19)
O6—Dy1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	103.57 (7)	C4—O6—Dy1	120.35 (17)

O1—Dy1—O4 <sup>i</sup>	137.38 (6)	C4 <sup>iii</sup> —O7—Dy1	119.20 (17)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O8	71.14 (6)	C3 <sup>iv</sup> —O8—Dy1	119.36 (19)
O2—Dy1—O8	124.42 (7)	O1—C1—O4	127.0 (3)
O5—Dy1—O8	66.48 (7)	O1—C1—C2	116.6 (2)
O6—Dy1—O8	130.33 (7)	O4—C1—C2	116.4 (2)
O1—Dy1—O8	72.31 (6)	O2—C2—O3	126.2 (3)
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O8	125.97 (7)	O2—C2—C1	116.7 (2)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O1W	81.96 (7)	O3—C2—C1	117.1 (2)
O2—Dy1—O1W	71.05 (7)	O8 <sup>iv</sup> —C3—O5	127.6 (3)
O5—Dy1—O1W	133.30 (8)	O8 <sup>iv</sup> —C3—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	116.1 (3)
O6—Dy1—O1W	140.18 (7)	O5—C3—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	116.3 (3)
O1—Dy1—O1W	81.98 (7)	O7 <sup>iii</sup> —C4—O6	126.7 (3)
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O1W	74.28 (8)	O7 <sup>iii</sup> —C4—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	116.5 (3)
O8—Dy1—O1W	66.87 (7)	O6—C4—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	116.8 (3)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O7	69.77 (6)	N1—C5—H5A	109.5
O2—Dy1—O7	111.44 (7)	N1—C5—H5B	109.5
O5—Dy1—O7	71.94 (7)	H5A—C5—H5B	109.5
O6—Dy1—O7	65.99 (7)	N1—C5—H5C	109.5
O1—Dy1—O7	136.30 (7)	H5A—C5—H5C	109.5
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O7	70.20 (7)	H5B—C5—H5C	109.5
O8—Dy1—O7	124.13 (7)	N1—C6—H6A	109.5
O1W—Dy1—O7	140.87 (7)	N1—C6—H6B	109.5
C6—N1—C5	114.3 (4)	H6A—C6—H6B	109.5
C6—N1—H1A	108 (2)	N1—C6—H6C	109.5
C5—N1—H1A	108 (2)	H6A—C6—H6C	109.5
C6—N1—H1B	112 (3)	H6B—C6—H6C	109.5
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O1—C1	-146.82 (18)	O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O7—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	-163.0 (2)
O2—Dy1—O1—C1	-9.33 (19)	O2—Dy1—O7—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	64.6 (2)
O5—Dy1—O1—C1	142.0 (2)	O5—Dy1—O7—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	-71.4 (2)
O6—Dy1—O1—C1	66.3 (2)	O6—Dy1—O7—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	8.9 (2)
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O1—C1	-25.9 (2)	O1—Dy1—O7—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	-14.4 (3)
O8—Dy1—O1—C1	-150.3 (2)	O4 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O7—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	124.6 (2)
O1W—Dy1—O1—C1	-82.1 (2)	O8—Dy1—O7—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	-114.7 (2)
O7—Dy1—O1—C1	88.5 (2)	O1W—Dy1—O7—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	150.63 (19)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O2—C2	156.75 (18)	O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O8—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	86.85 (17)
O5—Dy1—O2—C2	-34.0 (2)	O2—Dy1—O8—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	-140.12 (16)
O6—Dy1—O2—C2	-67.6 (2)	O5—Dy1—O8—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	-6.14 (16)
O1—Dy1—O2—C2	11.96 (19)	O6—Dy1—O8—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	-46.9 (2)
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O2—C2	-179.8 (2)	O1—Dy1—O8—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	-95.32 (18)
O8—Dy1—O2—C2	58.7 (2)	O4 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O8—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	128.38 (17)
O1W—Dy1—O2—C2	101.0 (2)	O1W—Dy1—O8—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	176.00 (19)
O7—Dy1—O2—C2	-120.7 (2)	O7—Dy1—O8—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	39.15 (19)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O5—C3	-65.25 (18)	Dy1—O1—C1—O4	-173.8 (2)
O2—Dy1—O5—C3	122.27 (18)	Dy1—O1—C1—C2	6.6 (3)
O6—Dy1—O5—C3	155.14 (19)	Dy1 <sup>ii</sup> —O4—C1—O1	-171.9 (2)
O1—Dy1—O5—C3	80.26 (19)	Dy1 <sup>ii</sup> —O4—C1—C2	7.7 (3)
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O5—C3	-112.15 (19)	Dy1—O2—C2—O3	166.6 (2)



O8—Dy1—O5—C3	6.26 (17)	Dy1—O2—C2—C1	-13.2 (3)
O1W—Dy1—O5—C3	9.0 (2)	Dy1 <sup>ii</sup> —O3—C2—O2	165.2 (2)
O7—Dy1—O5—C3	-135.52 (19)	Dy1 <sup>ii</sup> —O3—C2—C1	-15.0 (3)
O3 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O6—C4	1.9 (3)	O1—C1—C2—O2	4.2 (4)
O2—Dy1—O6—C4	-134.4 (2)	O4—C1—C2—O2	-175.4 (2)
O5—Dy1—O6—C4	68.0 (2)	O1—C1—C2—O3	-175.6 (2)
O1—Dy1—O6—C4	154.5 (2)	O4—C1—C2—O3	4.7 (4)
O4 <sup>i</sup> —Dy1—O6—C4	-69.7 (2)	Dy1—O5—C3—O8 <sup>iv</sup>	174.11 (19)
O8—Dy1—O6—C4	106.4 (2)	Dy1—O5—C3—C3 <sup>iv</sup>	-5.9 (3)
O1W—Dy1—O6—C4	-151.28 (19)	Dy1—O6—C4—O7 <sup>iii</sup>	-171.5 (2)
O7—Dy1—O6—C4	-8.9 (2)	Dy1—O6—C4—C4 <sup>iii</sup>	8.4 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x, y+1/2, -z-1/2$ ; (ii)  $-x, y-1/2, -z-1/2$ ; (iii)  $-x, -y, -z$ ; (iv)  $-x+1, -y, -z$ .

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}, ^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N1—H1A $\cdots$ O8	0.89 (4)	2.00 (4)	2.866 (4)	163 (4)
N1—H1A $\cdots$ O1W	0.89 (4)	2.52 (4)	3.090 (4)	122 (3)
O1W—H1WA $\cdots$ O3W	0.84 (4)	2.03 (2)	2.857 (4)	173 (3)
O4W—H4WB $\cdots$ O2W	0.82 (4)	2.06 (3)	2.767 (4)	144 (5)
N1—H1B $\cdots$ O4W <sup>v</sup>	0.87 (4)	1.91 (4)	2.759 (5)	165 (4)
O1W—H1WB $\cdots$ O3W <sup>vi</sup>	0.84 (4)	1.92 (2)	2.744 (3)	167 (3)
O2W—H2WB $\cdots$ O3 <sup>vii</sup>	0.85 (4)	2.06 (2)	2.876 (4)	161 (5)
O3W—H3WA $\cdots$ O7 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85 (4)	2.24 (3)	2.959 (3)	145 (4)
O3W—H3WA $\cdots$ O6 <sup>viii</sup>	0.83 (4)	2.34 (2)	3.110 (3)	156 (4)
O3W—H3WB $\cdots$ O4W <sup>ix</sup>	0.80 (5)	2.42 (3)	2.959 (5)	125 (4)
O3W—H3WB $\cdots$ O2W <sup>ix</sup>	0.80 (5)	2.49 (2)	3.256 (5)	160 (4)
O4W—H4WA $\cdots$ O4 <sup>x</sup>	0.84 (4)	2.10 (3)	2.837 (4)	147 (5)

Symmetry codes: (ii)  $-x, y-1/2, -z-1/2$ ; (v)  $-x+1, y+1/2, -z-1/2$ ; (vi)  $-x, -y, -z-1$ ; (vii)  $x+1, -y-1/2, z+1/2$ ; (viii)  $x, -y-1/2, z-1/2$ ; (ix)  $x-1, -y-1/2, z-1/2$ ; (x)  $-x+1, -y-1, -z$ .