## Structure Reports

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## 10-Methylisoalloxazine 5-oxide from synchrotron powder diffraction data

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Received 16 November 2010; accepted 23 November 2010
Key indicators: powder synchrotron study; $T=293 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.013 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.042 ; w R$ factor $=0.056$; data-to-parameter ratio $=44.5$.

The title compound [systematic name: 10-methylbenzo[g]-pteridine-2, $4(3 \mathrm{H}, 10 \mathrm{H})$-dione 5-oxide], $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}$, consists of a large rigid isoalloxazine group which is approximately planar (r.m.s. deviation $=0.037 \AA$ ). In the crystal, intermolecular $\mathrm{N}-$ $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds link the molecules into centrosymmetric dimers. Dimers related by translation along the $c$ axis form stacks through $\pi-\pi$ interactions [centroid-centroid distances $=3.560$ (5) and 3.542 (5) Å]. Weak intermolecular $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ interactions further consolidate the crystal packing.

## Related literature

For the preparation of the title compound, see: Yoneda et al. (1976). For background to flavins, see: Massey (2000), Palfey \& Massey (1998); Müller (1991). For a description of the Cambridge Structural Database, see: Allen (2002). For the crystal structures of similar compounds, see: Wang \& Fritchie (1973); Farrán et al. (2007).


## Experimental

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
$c=4.9305(2) \AA$
$M_{r}=244.21$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / a$
$a=13.8774$ (6) $\AA$
$b=14.5321$ (4) A
$\beta=90.830(3)^{\circ}$
$V=994.22(5) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
Synchrotron radiation
$\lambda=0.8856 \AA$
$\mu=0.20 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=293 \mathrm{~K}$
cylinder, $20 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

ESRF Grenoble, BM20
Scan method: step
diffractometer
Specimen mounting: capilary
Data collection mode: transmission

## Refinement

$R_{\mathrm{p}}=0.042$
$R_{\mathrm{wp}}=0.056$
$R_{\exp }=0.021$
$R_{\mathrm{Bragg}}=0.06$
$R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.060$
$\chi^{2}=7.129$
3251 data points
73 parameters
57 restraints
H -atom parameters not refined

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( ${ }^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| N3-H1N3 $\cdots$ O11 | i | 0.86 | 1.92 | $2.764(14)$ |
| C14-H2C14 $\cdots$ O12 $2^{\text {ii }}$ | 0.95 | 2.63 | $3.097(16)$ | 166 |
| C14-H1C14 $\cdots$ O13 $3^{\text {iii }}$ | 0.95 | 2.33 | $3.194(17)$ | 151 |
| Symmetry codes: | (i) | $-x,-y,-z+3 ;$ | (ii) | $-x+\frac{1}{2}, y+\frac{1}{2},-z+2 ;$ |
| $-x+\frac{1}{2}, y+\frac{1}{2},-z+1$. |  |  |  |  |

Data collection: ESRF SPEC (Certified Scientific Software, 2003); cell refinement: GSAS (Larson \& Von Dreele, 1994); data reduction: CRYSFIRE (Shirley, 2000); program(s) used to solve structure: FOX (Favre-Nicolin \& Černý, 2002); program(s) used to refine structure: GSAS; molecular graphics: Mercury (Macrae et al., 2006) and PLATON (Spek, 2009); software used to prepare material for publication: publCIF (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: CV5002).

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## supporting information

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# 10-Methylisoalloxazine 5-oxide from synchrotron powder diffraction data 

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## S1. Comment

The titled compound, 10-methylbenzo[g]pteridine-2,4(3H,10H)-dione-5-oxide belongs to a group of isoalloxazine-5oxides which are important intermediates in synthesis of flavin derivatives (Yoneda et al., 1976). Flavins are important natural compounds which act as cofactors in redox enzymes (Massey, 2000; Palfey \& Massey, 1998; Müller, 1991). Synthetic procedure utilizing isoalloxazine-5-oxides allows synthesis of non-natural flavin derivatives which are used in flavoenzyme models. To our knowledge, no crystal structure of any isoalloxazine-5-oxide has so far been published.
The asymmetric unit contains one molecule of the title compound, which is almost planar. The molecule consists of a isoalloxazine group which is formed by three connected rings - benzene, pyrazine and uracil ring. The most significant deviation from planarity occurs at the uracil ring, where the oxygen atom O12 is found to be out of the plane (torsion angle $\mathrm{C} 10 a-\mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{O} 12$ is app. $6.5^{\circ}$ ). The deviation of O 12 atom is in accordance with the C 4 carbon atom position which is slightly out of the plane and form the planar $s p^{2}$ hybridization. The next deviation from planarity is on the pyrazine ring where the nitrogen atom N10 leaves out of the plane and the connected methyl group follow direction of $s p^{2}$ hybridization (torsion angle $\mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{C} 10 a-\mathrm{N} 10-\mathrm{C} 14$ is app. $5.5^{\circ}$ ). Molecules of titled compound are connected together by several hydrogen bonds (Table 2) and by $\pi-\pi$ interactions (Table 1). The strongest hydrogen bond N3H1N3 $\cdots \mathrm{O} 11$ connects always two molecules together into dimers, see Fig. 2. On the other hand, the other two hydrogen bonds C14-H1C14 $\cdots \mathrm{O} 13$ and $\mathrm{C} 14-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{C} 14 \cdots \mathrm{O} 12$ together with $\pi-\pi$ interactions form molecules to the infinity layers which are parallel to (100). These layers are connected by the above mentioned $\mathrm{N} 3-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~N} 3 \cdots \mathrm{O} 11$ hydrogen bonds.

The survey in the CSD (Allen, 2002) found several crystal structures of similar molecules which are derived from isoalloxazine, but no crystal structure of isoalloxazine-5-oxide which we present here was found. The similar crystal structures of 10-Methylisoalloxazine (Wang \& Fritchie, 1973) and 7,10-Dimethylisoalloxazine (Farrán et al., 2007) can be used for comparison. In both structures the isoalloxazine part is approximately planar and both structures form dimers which are connected by $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds. The occurrence of the $\pi-\pi$ stacking is also evident.

## S2. Experimental

The title compound was prepared according to Yoneda et al. (1976). The 6-( $N$-Methylanilino) uracil ( 15.6 g ; 65 mmol ) was dissolved in acetic acid $(130 \mathrm{ml})$ and sodium nitrite $(22.8 \mathrm{~g}, 0.325 \mathrm{~mol})$ was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h , diluted with water ( 325 ml ), and allowed to stand overnight. The crystals were collected by filtration, washed with water several times, and dried. Recrystallization from aqueous acetic acid gave orange needles ( 17.4 g ; $98 \%$ ). M.p. $>300^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (DMSO-d $\left.{ }_{6}, 300 \mathrm{MHz}\right) \delta 3,89\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 7,57(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 7.95(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}-\mathrm{H}), 8,30(\mathrm{~d}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{J}=8.2, \mathrm{Ar}$ $-\mathrm{H}), 11.11(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H)$.
For $\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}(244.21)$ calculated: $54.10 \% \mathrm{C}, 3.30 \% \mathrm{H}, 22.94 \% \mathrm{~N}$; found: $54.18 \% \mathrm{C}, 3.41 \% \mathrm{H}, 23.05 \% \mathrm{~N}$.

The X-Ray diffraction data were collected on the Rossendorf Beamline BM20 at the ESRF in Grenoble. The energy was fixed at 14 keV which is equal to $\lambda=0.8856 \AA$ wavelength (the precise wavelength value was confirmed by the $\mathrm{LaB}_{6}$ standard measurement). The beamline was equipped with double-crystal $\operatorname{Si}(111)$ monochromator and with two collimating/focusing mirrors ( Si and Pt-coating). The sample was placed in the $1-\mathrm{mm}$-borosilicate glass capillary rotated during the measurement. The diffraction pattern was measured at room temperature from $4^{\circ} 2 \theta$ to $36.5^{\circ} 2 \theta$ with the $0.01^{\circ}$ $2 \theta$ step size.

## S3. Refinement

The indexation was performed by the CRYSFIRE package (Shirley, 2000). The final cell $a=13.8774$ (6) $\AA, b=14.5321$ (4) $\AA, c=4.9305$ (2) $\AA, \beta=90.830(3)^{\circ}$ and $\mathrm{V}=993.48$ (7) $\AA^{3}$ was found from 20 peaks by several embedded indexation programs. If the volume of the molecule is compared with the volume of the found unit, it is clear that there are four molecules in the unit cell. The space group $P 2_{1} / a(Z=4)$ was selected according to the peak extinction and the agreement of the Le-bail fit. The crystal structure was solved by parallel tempering algorithm implemented in the program FOX (Favre-Nicolin \& Černý, 2002). We decided to test the structure solution run for other space groups which had similar peak extinction to validate the selection of the $\mathrm{P} 21 /$ a space group. These two space groups $\mathrm{P} 2 / \mathrm{m}$ and $\mathrm{P} 21 / \mathrm{m}$ were selected, but the solution was not found.

The final refinement was performed with GSAS (Larson \& Von Dreele, 1994). The structure was restrained by soft bonds and angles restraints. Four planar groups restraints were added - one for the benzene ring (C5a-C9a) and remaining three for the $s p^{2}$ hybridization ( $\mathrm{C} 2 / \mathrm{N} 1 / \mathrm{N} 3 / \mathrm{O} 11, \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{C} 4 / \mathrm{N} 3 / \mathrm{O} 12$ and $\left.\mathrm{C} 10 a / \mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{a} / \mathrm{C} 4 / \mathrm{N} 5\right)$. At the final stage, positions and isotropic thermal parameters of all non-hydrogen atoms were refined to the low agreement $R$-factors ( $R_{p}=$ $\left.4.2 \%, R_{w p}=5.6 \%\right)$. During the refinement all hydrogen atoms were kept in their theoretical positions and were not refined. The final Rietveld plot is shown on the Fig. 3.


Figure 1
ORTEP plot of the title molecule with the displacement ellipsoids drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level. The H atoms are shown as spheres of arbitrary radius.


Figure 2
View of $\mathrm{N} — \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonded (dotted lines) centrosymmetric dimers in the title crystal structure.


Figure 3
The final Rietveld plot showing the measured data (black thin-cross), calculated data (red line) and difference curve (blue line). Calculated positions of the reflection are shown by vertical bars.

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{11} \mathrm{H}_{8} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3}$
$M_{r}=244.21$
Monoclinic, $P 2_{1} / a$
Hall symbol: -P 2yab
$a=13.8774$ (6) $\AA$
$b=14.5321$ (4) $\AA$
$c=4.9305(2) \AA$
$\beta=90.830(3)^{\circ}$
$V=994.22(5) \AA^{3}$

## Data collection

ESRF Grenoble, BM20
diffractometer
Radiation source: synchrotron
Specimen mounting: capilary

## Refinement

Least-squares matrix: full
$R_{\mathrm{p}}=0.042$
$R_{\text {wp }}=0.056$
$R_{\text {exp }}=0.021$
$R_{\text {Bragg }}=0.06$
$R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.06000$
3251 data points
Excluded region(s): none

$$
\begin{aligned}
& Z=4 \\
& F(000)=504 \\
& D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.633 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3} \\
& \text { Synchrotron radiation, } \lambda=0.8856 \AA \\
& \mu=0.20 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1} \\
& T=293 \mathrm{~K} \\
& \text { yellow } \\
& \text { cylinder, } 20 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm} \\
& \\
& \text { Data collection mode: transmission } \\
& \text { Scan method: step } \\
& 2 \theta_{\min }=4.0^{\circ}, 2 \theta_{\max }=36.5^{\circ}, 2 \theta_{\text {step }}=0.01^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

Profile function: CW Profile function number 4 with 21 terms Pseudovoigt profile coefficients as parameterized in P. Thompson, D.E. Cox \& J.B. Hastings (1987). J. Appl. Cryst.,20,79-83. Asymmetry correction of L.W. Finger, D.E. Cox \& A. P. Jephcoat (1994). J. Appl.
Cryst.,27,892-900. Microstrain broadening by
P.W. Stephens, (1999). J. Appl.

Cryst.,32,281-289. \#1(GU) $=118.875$ \#2(GV) $=$
$80.014 \# 3(\mathrm{GW})=0.010 \# 4(\mathrm{GP})=0.000 \# 5(\mathrm{LX})$
$=1.385 \# 6(\mathrm{ptec})=0.00 \# 7($ trns $)=0.00 \# 8(\mathrm{shft})$
$=0.0000 \# 9(\mathrm{sfec})=0.00 \# 10(\mathrm{~S} / \mathrm{L})=0.0005$
$\# 11(\mathrm{H} / \mathrm{L})=0.0142 \# 12(\mathrm{eta})=0.0000 \# 13(\mathrm{~S} 400$
$)=1.7 \mathrm{E}-01 \# 14(\mathrm{~S} 040)=1.8 \mathrm{E}-02 \# 15(\mathrm{~S} 004)=$
$6.2 \mathrm{E}-01 \# 16(\mathrm{~S} 220)=-4.6 \mathrm{E}-02 \# 17(\mathrm{~S} 202)=$
$3.4 \mathrm{E}-01 \# 18(\mathrm{~S} 022)=1.6 \mathrm{E}-01 \# 19(\mathrm{~S} 301)=$
$-5.6 \mathrm{E}-01 \# 20(\mathrm{~S} 103)=7.9 \mathrm{E}-01 \# 21(\mathrm{~S} 121)=$
7.0E-02 Peak tails are ignored where the intensity is below 0.0001 times the peak Aniso. broadening axis 0.00 .01 .0
73 parameters
57 restraints
0 constraints
Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters not refined
Weighting scheme based on measured s.u.'s
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\max }=0.02$
Background function: GSAS Background function number 1 with 20 terms. Shifted Chebyshev function of 1st kind 1: 1199.79 2: -234.522 3: -315.536 4: 152.956 5: 123.5326 : -246.657 7: 116.810 8: 83.9272 9: -107.809 10: -12.4938 11: 79.2500 12: -25.2804 13: -27.8174 14: 13.6120 15: 6.03858 16: -3.86487 17: 2.09281 18: 9.92947 19:-18.6000 20: 1.36657

Preferred orientation correction: March-Dollase

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\mathrm{iso}} * / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.0773(7)$ | $0.1443(5)$ | $1.0053(18)$ | $0.036(6)^{*}$ |
| C2 | $0.0483(8)$ | $0.0827(7)$ | $1.194(3)$ | $0.075(8)^{*}$ |
| N3 | $0.0977(7)$ | $-0.0028(6)$ | $1.2303(19)$ | $0.068(6)^{*}$ |
| C4 | $0.1784(5)$ | $-0.0297(5)$ | $1.0946(14)$ | $0.028(8)^{*}$ |
| C4a | $0.2075(5)$ | $0.0367(5)$ | $0.8768(14)$ | $0.049(7)^{*}$ |
| N5 | $0.2843(7)$ | $0.0175(6)$ | $0.725(2)$ | $0.120(8)^{*}$ |
| C5a | $0.3110(6)$ | $0.0833(6)$ | $0.5319(18)$ | $0.077(9)^{*}$ |
| C6 | $0.3917(7)$ | $0.0645(6)$ | $0.365(2)$ | $0.037(7)^{*}$ |
| C7 | $0.4210(6)$ | $0.1290(8)$ | $0.180(2)$ | $0.052(7)^{*}$ |
| C8 | $0.3703(8)$ | $0.2112(7)$ | $0.1520(18)$ | $0.059(8)^{*}$ |
| C9 | $0.2917(7)$ | $0.2332(6)$ | $0.311(2)$ | $0.054(8)^{*}$ |
| C9a | $0.2610(6)$ | $0.1684(6)$ | $0.5019(18)$ | $0.045(9)^{*}$ |
| N10 | $0.1787(7)$ | $0.1824(7)$ | $0.6664(19)$ | $0.078(7)^{*}$ |
| C10a | $0.1522(5)$ | $0.1216(5)$ | $0.8572(14)$ | $0.046(8)^{*}$ |
| O11 | $-0.0238(7)$ | $0.1000(7)$ | $1.338(2)$ | $0.063(5)^{*}$ |
| O12 | $0.2230(7)$ | $-0.1014(5)$ | $1.1524(17)$ | $0.037(4)^{*}$ |
| O13 | $0.3291(8)$ | $-0.0597(7)$ | $0.748(2)$ | $0.100(5)^{*}$ |
| C14 | $0.1211(10)$ | $0.2660(9)$ | $0.619(3)$ | $0.095(9)^{*}$ |
| H1N3 | 0.0746 | -0.0405 | 1.3466 | $0.0804^{*}$ |
| H1C6 | 0.425 | 0.0076 | 0.3816 | $0.0456^{*}$ |
| H1C7 | 0.4758 | 0.1173 | 0.0718 | $0.0612^{*}$ |
| H1C8 | 0.3906 | 0.254 | 0.0188 | $0.0708^{*}$ |
| H1C9 | 0.2597 | 0.2905 | $0.0636^{*}$ |  |
| H1C14 | 0.1488 | 0.3013 | $0.114^{*}$ |  |
| H2C14 | 0.119 | 0.3013 | $0.114^{*}$ |  |
| H3C14 | 0.057 | 0.249 | $0.114^{*}$ |  |
|  |  |  | 0.567 |  |

Geometric parameters $\left(\AA,{ }^{\circ}\right)$

| $\mathrm{O} 11-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.261(16)$ | $\mathrm{N} 10-\mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{a}$ | $1.425(13)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{a}$ | $1.503(10)$ | $\mathrm{N} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.429(14)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 12-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $1.243(11)$ | $\mathrm{N} 3-\mathrm{C} 4$ | $1.370(12)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{a}$ | $1.425(12)$ | $\mathrm{N} 5-\mathrm{C} 5 \mathrm{a}$ | $1.403(13)$ |
| $\mathrm{O} 13-\mathrm{N} 5$ | $1.287(14)$ | $\mathrm{N} 5-\mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{a}$ | $1.341(12)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{C} 6$ | $1.426(13)$ | $\mathrm{C} 10 \mathrm{a}-\mathrm{C} 4 \mathrm{a}$ | $1.455(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 10 \mathrm{a}$ | $1.321(12)$ | $\mathrm{C} 14-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C} 14$ | 0.9500 |
| $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{C} 7$ | $1.374(14)$ | $\mathrm{C} 14-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{C} 14$ | 0.9500 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $1.356(15)$ | $\mathrm{C} 14-\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{C} 14$ | 0.9500 |
| $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{C} 8$ | $1.392(15)$ | $\mathrm{C} 6-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C} 6$ | 0.9500 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 10-\mathrm{C} 10 \mathrm{a}$ | $1.346(12)$ | $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C} 7$ | 0.9500 |
| $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{C} 9$ | $1.390(14)$ | $\mathrm{N} 3-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{~N} 3$ | 0.8600 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 10-\mathrm{C} 14$ | $1.471(17)$ | $\mathrm{C} 8-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C} 8$ | 0.9500 |
| $\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{C} 9 \mathrm{a}$ | $1.402(13)$ | $\mathrm{C} 9-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C} 9$ | 0.9500 |
| $\mathrm{Cg} 1 \cdots \mathrm{Cg} 2^{\mathrm{i}}$ |  | $\mathrm{Cg} 1 \cdots \mathrm{Cg} 3{ }^{\mathrm{i}}$ |  |


| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 10 \mathrm{~A}$ | 117.3 (8) | C8-C9-C9A | 118.2 (8) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C2-N3-C4 | 125.5 (9) | N10-C9A-C5A | 117.3 (8) |
| O13-N5-C4A | 121.3 (9) | N10-C9A-C9 | 122.7 (8) |
| O13-N5-C5A | 121.5 (9) | C5A-C9A-C9 | 120.0 (8) |
| C4A-N5-C5A | 117.2 (8) | N1-C10A-N10 | 116.6 (8) |
| C9A-N10-C10A | 122.3 (9) | N1-C10A-C4A | 126.4 (7) |
| C9A-N10-C14 | 117.8 (9) | N10-C10A-C4A | 117.0 (7) |
| C10A-N10-C14 | 120.0 (9) | C2-N3-H1N3 | 117 |
| O11-C2-N1 | 120.0 (10) | C4-N3-H1N3 | 117 |
| $\mathrm{O} 11-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 3$ | 119.1 (11) | C5A-C6-H1C6 | 120 |
| N1-C2-N3 | 120.9 (10) | C7-C6-H1C6 | 120 |
| O12-C4-N3 | 122.4 (8) | C6-C7- H 1 C 7 | 120 |
| O12-C4-C4A | 124.3 (7) | C8- $\mathrm{C} 7-\mathrm{H} 1 \mathrm{C} 7$ | 120 |
| N3-C4-C4A | 113.3 (7) | C7-C8-H1C8 | 118 |
| N5-C4A-C4 | 119.3 (7) | C9-C8-H1C8 | 119 |
| N5-C4A-C10A | 124.2 (7) | C8-C9-H1C9 | 121 |
| C4-C4A-C10A | 116.4 (6) | C9A-C9-H1C9 | 121 |
| N5-C5A-C6 | 118.6 (8) | N10-C14-H1C14 | 110 |
| N5-C5A-C9A | 121.9 (8) | N10-C14-H2C14 | 110 |
| C6-C5A-C9A | 119.5 (8) | N10-C14-H3C14 | 109 |
| C5A-C6-C7 | 119.7 (8) | H1C14-C14-H2C14 | 110 |
| C6-C7-C8 | 119.8 (9) | H1C14-C14-H3C14 | 109 |
| C7-C8-C9 | 122.8 (9) |  |  |

Symmetry code: (i) $x, y, z+1$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 3 — \mathrm{H} 1 N 3 \cdots \mathrm{O} 11^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.86 | 1.92 | $2.764(14)$ | 166 |
| $\mathrm{C} 14 — \mathrm{H} 2 C 14 \cdots \mathrm{O} 12^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | 0.95 | 2.63 | $3.097(16)$ | 111 |
| $\mathrm{C} 14 — \mathrm{H} 1 C 14 \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{iv}}$ | 0.95 | 2.33 | $3.194(17)$ | 151 |

Symmetry codes: (ii) $-x,-y,-z+3$; (iii) $-x+1 / 2, y+1 / 2,-z+2$; (iv) $-x+1 / 2, y+1 / 2,-z+1$.

