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catena-Poly[[dichloridozinc(II)]- μ -1,4-bis(1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)benzene]Yi Nan,^a Ling Yuan,^b Cheng-Bi Xu,^c Shan-Ji Nan^c and Yang Niu^{a*}

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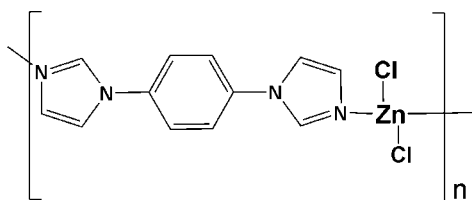
Received 28 October 2010; accepted 30 October 2010

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$ Å; R factor = 0.028; wR factor = 0.058; data-to-parameter ratio = 13.9.

In the title one-dimensional coordination polymer, $[\text{ZnCl}_2(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4)]_n$, the Zn^{II} atom (site symmetry 2) is coordinated by two chloride ions and two 1,4-bis(imidazol-1-yl)benzene ligands, generating a distorted tetrahedral ZnCl_2N_2 geometry for the metal ion. The bridging ligand, which is completed by crystallographic inversion symmetry, links the Zn^{II} atoms into zigzag chains propagating in $[101]$. Within the ligand, the dihedral angle between the central benzene ring and terminal imidazole ring is $27.82(13)^\circ$.

Related literature

For background to coordination polymers containing imidazole-derived ligands, see: Jin *et al.* (2006); Li *et al.* (2010); Lin *et al.* (2008).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{ZnCl}_2(\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{10}\text{N}_4)]$
 $M_r = 346.51$
Monoclinic, $C2/c$
 $a = 13.196(3)$ Å
 $b = 6.3780(13)$ Å
 $c = 16.431(3)$ Å
 $\beta = 93.75(3)^\circ$

$V = 1379.9(5)$ Å³
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 2.16$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 293$ K
 $0.25 \times 0.22 \times 0.20$ mm

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrystalClear*; Rigaku/MS, 2005)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.589$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.650$

5725 measured reflections
1209 independent reflections
1136 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.058$
 $S = 1.18$
1209 reflections

87 parameters
H-atom parameters constrained
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.26$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.33$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Zn1—N1	2.0248 (19)	Zn1—Cl1	2.2643 (8)
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Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku/MS, 2005); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB5712).

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- Jin, C. M., Lu, H., Wu, L. Y. & Huang, J. (2006). *Chem. Commun.* pp. 5039–5041.
Li, Z. X., Hu, T. L., Ma, H., Zeng, Y. F., Li, C. J., Tong, M. L. & Bu, X. H. (2010). *Cryst. Growth Des.* **10**, 1138–1144.
Lin, J. D., Cheng, J. W. & Du, S. W. (2008). *Cryst. Growth Des.* **8**, 3345–3353.
Rigaku/MS (2005). *CrystalClear*. Rigaku/MS Inc., The Woodlands, Texas, USA.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.

supporting information

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catena-Poly[[dichloridozinc(II)]- μ -1,4-bis(1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)benzene]

Yi Nan, Ling Yuan, Cheng-Bi Xu, Shan-Ji Nan and Yang Niu

S1. Comment

Imidazole derivatives have been well used in crystal engineering, and a large number of imidazole-containing flexible ligands have been extensively studied (Jin *et al.*, 2006; Lin *et al.*, 2008). However, to our knowledge, the research on imidazole ligands bearing rigid spacers is still less developed (Li *et al.*, 2010).

Single-crystal X-ray diffraction analysis reveals that the title compound (I) crystallizes in the monoclinic space group $C2/c$. The geometry of the Zn(II) ion is surrounded by two imidazole rings of distinct *L* ligands and two chlorine anions, which illustrates a slightly distorted tetrahedral coordination environment (Fig 1). Notably, as shown in Fig 2, the four-coordinated Zn(II) center is connected by the linear ligand *L* into an infinite one-dimensional zigzag chain.

S2. Experimental

A mixture of C_2H_5OH and H_2O (1:1, 8 ml), as a buffer layer, was carefully layered over a solution of $ZnCl_2$ (0.02 mmol) in H_2O (6 ml). Then a solution of 1,4-Bis(imidazol-1-yl)phenyl (**L**, 0.06 mmol) in C_2H_5OH (6 ml) was layered over the buffer layer, and the resultant reaction was left to stand at room temperature. After *ca* three weeks, colorless blocks of (I) appeared at the boundary. Yield: ~30% (based on **L**).

S3. Refinement

C-bound H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined in the riding-model approximation, with $C-H = 0.93 \text{ \AA}$ and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 U_{eq}$.

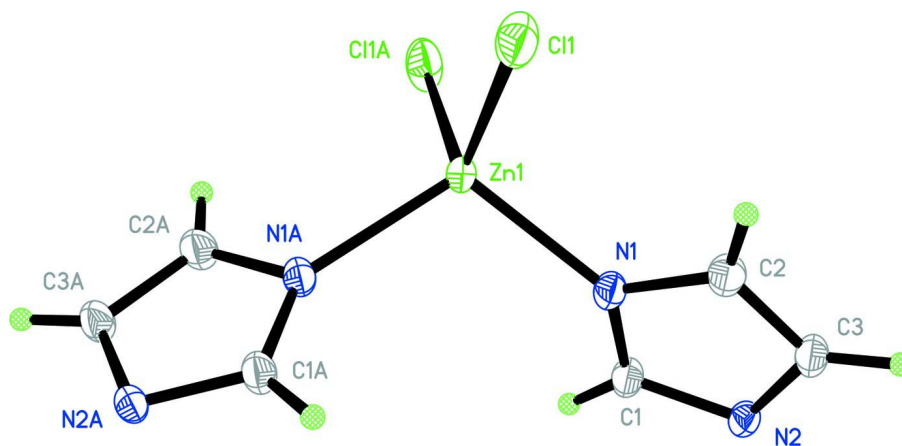


Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I). Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level and H atoms are shown as small spheres of arbitrary radius.

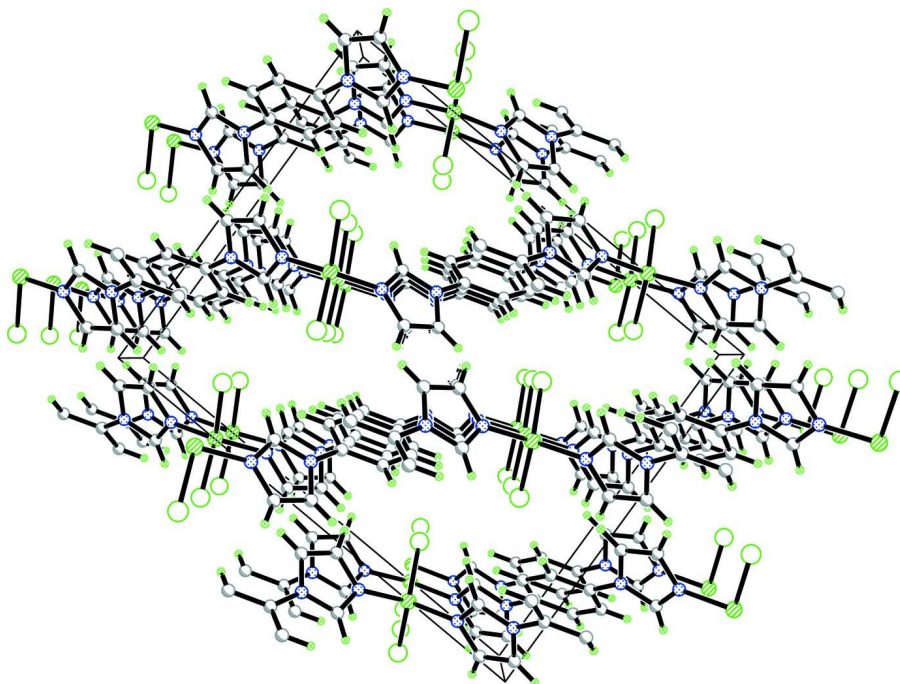


Figure 2

The crystal packing for (I).

catena-Poly[[dichloridozinc(II)]- μ -1,4-bis(1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)benzene]

Crystal data

[ZnCl₂(C₁₂H₁₀N₄)]

$M_r = 346.51$

Monoclinic, *C*2/*c*

Hall symbol: -C 2yc

$a = 13.196 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 6.3780 (13) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 16.431 (3) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 93.75 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1379.9 (5) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 696$

$D_x = 1.668 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 6568 reflections

$\theta = 6.2\text{--}54.8^\circ$

$\mu = 2.16 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$

Block, colorless

$0.25 \times 0.22 \times 0.20 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Rigaku Mercury

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

Detector resolution: 9 pixels mm^{-1}

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku/MSC, 2005)

$T_{\min} = 0.589$, $T_{\max} = 0.650$

5725 measured reflections

1209 independent reflections

1136 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.028$

$\theta_{\max} = 25.0^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 3.1^\circ$

$h = -15 \rightarrow 15$

$k = -7 \rightarrow 7$

$l = -19 \rightarrow 19$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.028$	H-atom parameters constrained
$wR(F^2) = 0.058$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.022P)^2 + 1.5504P]$
$S = 1.18$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
1209 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$
87 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.26 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Zn1	0.5000	0.47523 (6)	0.2500	0.02629 (14)
Cl1	0.62428 (6)	0.67534 (12)	0.20142 (4)	0.0488 (2)
N1	0.45231 (15)	0.2933 (3)	0.15401 (11)	0.0288 (5)
N2	0.37084 (14)	0.0812 (3)	0.06614 (11)	0.0275 (5)
C1	0.38454 (18)	0.1419 (4)	0.14535 (14)	0.0296 (6)
H1A	0.3506	0.0842	0.1878	0.036*
C2	0.4850 (2)	0.3299 (4)	0.07706 (15)	0.0363 (6)
H2A	0.5341	0.4274	0.0648	0.044*
C3	0.4350 (2)	0.2028 (4)	0.02255 (15)	0.0362 (6)
H3A	0.4422	0.1978	-0.0333	0.043*
C4	0.30781 (18)	-0.0863 (4)	0.03321 (14)	0.0269 (5)
C5	0.2728 (2)	-0.0807 (4)	-0.04871 (15)	0.0350 (6)
H5A	0.2882	0.0330	-0.0811	0.042*
C6	0.28494 (19)	-0.2555 (4)	0.08161 (15)	0.0334 (6)
H6A	0.3084	-0.2588	0.1362	0.040*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Zn1	0.0337 (2)	0.0263 (2)	0.0182 (2)	0.000	-0.00328 (15)	0.000
Cl1	0.0571 (5)	0.0594 (5)	0.0295 (4)	-0.0279 (4)	0.0008 (3)	-0.0005 (3)
N1	0.0349 (12)	0.0296 (11)	0.0214 (11)	-0.0060 (9)	-0.0017 (8)	-0.0011 (8)
N2	0.0336 (11)	0.0267 (11)	0.0216 (10)	-0.0062 (9)	-0.0020 (8)	-0.0024 (8)
C1	0.0340 (13)	0.0334 (14)	0.0214 (13)	-0.0070 (11)	0.0014 (10)	-0.0014 (10)
C2	0.0478 (16)	0.0338 (15)	0.0276 (14)	-0.0150 (12)	0.0031 (11)	-0.0001 (11)

C3	0.0529 (17)	0.0344 (14)	0.0213 (13)	-0.0146 (13)	0.0032 (11)	-0.0013 (10)
C4	0.0299 (13)	0.0270 (12)	0.0235 (12)	-0.0032 (10)	-0.0016 (10)	-0.0034 (10)
C5	0.0477 (16)	0.0306 (14)	0.0258 (13)	-0.0086 (12)	-0.0033 (11)	0.0055 (10)
C6	0.0431 (15)	0.0351 (14)	0.0205 (12)	-0.0067 (12)	-0.0080 (10)	0.0004 (10)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

Zn1—N1	2.0248 (19)	C2—C3	1.348 (3)
Zn1—N1 ⁱ	2.0248 (19)	C2—H2A	0.9300
Zn1—C11 ⁱ	2.2643 (8)	C3—H3A	0.9300
Zn1—C11	2.2643 (8)	C4—C6	1.385 (3)
N1—C1	1.317 (3)	C4—C5	1.395 (3)
N1—C2	1.382 (3)	C5—C6 ⁱⁱ	1.382 (3)
N2—C1	1.359 (3)	C5—H5A	0.9300
N2—C3	1.382 (3)	C6—C5 ⁱⁱ	1.382 (3)
N2—C4	1.438 (3)	C6—H6A	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9300		
N1—Zn1—N1 ⁱ	110.08 (11)	C3—C2—N1	109.7 (2)
N1—Zn1—C11 ⁱ	113.71 (6)	C3—C2—H2A	125.1
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—C11 ⁱ	104.11 (6)	N1—C2—H2A	125.1
N1—Zn1—C11	104.11 (6)	C2—C3—N2	106.4 (2)
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—C11	113.71 (6)	C2—C3—H3A	126.8
C11 ⁱ —Zn1—C11	111.38 (5)	N2—C3—H3A	126.8
C1—N1—C2	105.98 (19)	C6—C4—C5	120.2 (2)
C1—N1—Zn1	132.71 (16)	C6—C4—N2	120.3 (2)
C2—N1—Zn1	121.06 (16)	C5—C4—N2	119.4 (2)
C1—N2—C3	106.79 (19)	C6 ⁱⁱ —C5—C4	119.8 (2)
C1—N2—C4	127.6 (2)	C6 ⁱⁱ —C5—H5A	120.1
C3—N2—C4	125.50 (19)	C4—C5—H5A	120.1
N1—C1—N2	111.1 (2)	C5 ⁱⁱ —C6—C4	120.0 (2)
N1—C1—H1A	124.5	C5 ⁱⁱ —C6—H6A	120.0
N2—C1—H1A	124.5	C4—C6—H6A	120.0
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1—C1	55.1 (2)	N1—C2—C3—N2	-1.0 (3)
C11 ⁱ —Zn1—N1—C1	-61.2 (2)	C1—N2—C3—C2	0.5 (3)
C11—Zn1—N1—C1	177.4 (2)	C4—N2—C3—C2	-175.6 (2)
N1 ⁱ —Zn1—N1—C2	-131.4 (2)	C1—N2—C4—C6	-25.8 (4)
C11 ⁱ —Zn1—N1—C2	112.23 (19)	C3—N2—C4—C6	149.4 (3)
C11—Zn1—N1—C2	-9.2 (2)	C1—N2—C4—C5	156.4 (2)
C2—N1—C1—N2	-0.9 (3)	C3—N2—C4—C5	-28.4 (4)
Zn1—N1—C1—N2	173.23 (16)	C6—C4—C5—C6 ⁱⁱ	0.0 (4)
C3—N2—C1—N1	0.3 (3)	N2—C4—C5—C6 ⁱⁱ	177.8 (2)
C4—N2—C1—N1	176.3 (2)	C5—C4—C6—C5 ⁱⁱ	0.0 (4)
C1—N1—C2—C3	1.2 (3)	N2—C4—C6—C5 ⁱⁱ	-177.8 (2)
Zn1—N1—C2—C3	-173.77 (17)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+1, y, -z+1/2$; (ii) $-x+1/2, -y-1/2, -z$.