Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online
ISSN 1600-5368

# 2-Methyl-5,6-dinitrobenzimidazolium chloride 

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Received 2 March 2011; accepted 3 March 2011
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=100 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.002 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.024 ; w R$ factor $=0.062 ;$ data-to-parameter ratio $=15.7$.

In the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{7} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}^{+} \cdot \mathrm{Cl}^{-}$, the cation possesses twofold symmetry, with the twofold axis bisecting the 2-methyl-5,6-dinitrobenzimidazolium cation. The methyl H atoms are disordered about this twofold axis and were assigned equal half-occupancies. The chloride anion also lies on a twofold axis. In the crystal, $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Cl}$ and $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds link the ions to form a three-dimensional network.

## Related literature

For literature on the antitumour, anthelmintic, antibacterial, virucidal and fungicidal properties of benzimidazole derivatives, see: Refaat (2010); Laryea et al. (2010); Horton et al. (2003); Spasov et al. (1999); Soula \& Luu-Duc (1986). For literature on the coordination and corrosion inhibitor abilities of the benzimidazoles, see: Kuznetsov \& Kazansky (2008); Subramanyam \& Mayanna (1985). For literature on the use of benzimidazole derivatives as photographic materials and dyes, see: Hoffmann et al. (2011); Alamgir et al. (2007). For a related structure, see: Hökelek et al. (2002).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{7} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}{ }^{+} \cdot \mathrm{Cl}^{-}$
Orthorhombic, ${ }_{C} 222_{1}$
$M_{r}=258.63$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& b=20.4691(4) \AA \\
& c=10.4543(3) \AA \\
& V=1058.25(4) \AA^{3} \\
& Z=4
\end{aligned}
$$

## Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2001)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.848, T_{\text {max }}=0.929$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.37 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=100 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.46 \times 0.40 \times 0.20 \mathrm{~mm}$

3043 measured reflections
1302 independent reflections
1264 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.016$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.024$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.062$
$S=1.11$
1302 reflections
83 parameters
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.27 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.16 \mathrm{e}^{\AA^{-3}}$
Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 517 Friedel pairs
Flack parameter: 0.10 (6)

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry $\left(\AA{ }^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}\right)$.

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 A \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 11$ | $0.86(2)$ | $2.15(2)$ | $3.008(1)$ | $172.5(18)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{O} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.93 | 2.51 | $3.339(2)$ | 150 |

Symmetry code: (i) $x-\frac{1}{2},-y+\frac{1}{2},-z+1$.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: SAINT (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: SAINT; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: ORTEP-3 for Windows (Farrugia, 1997) and Mercury (Macrae et al., 2006); software used to prepare material for publication: WinGX (Farrugia, 1999).

The authors are indebted to Anadolu University and the Medicinal Plants and Medicine Research Centre of Anadolu University, Eskişehir, Turkey, for the use of the X-ray diffractometer.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2261).

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## supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o806-o807 [doi:10.1107/S1600536811008105]

## 2-Methyl-5,6-dinitrobenzimidazolium chloride

Sebla Dinçer, Gonca Gönülalan, Barış Tercan and Tuncer Hökelek

## S1. Comment

Benzimidazole derivatives are privileged structures in pharmaceutical chemistry because of their biological activities and clinical applications. They exhibit antitumor, anthelmintic, antibacterial, virucidal and fungucidal properties (Refaat, 2010; Laryea et al., 2010; Horton et al., 2003; Spasov et al., 1999; Soula \& Luu-Duc, 1986). In addition to their biological activities, a review of the literature reveals that there are numerous studies including the coordination and corrosion inhibitor abilities of benzimidazoles (Kuznetsov \& Kazansky, 2008; Subramanyam \& Mayanna, 1985). Some of these derivatives, particularly nitro derivatives, are used as photographic materials in photography and on the other hand, the development of the chemistry of the benzimidazole dyes has been remarkable (Hoffmann et al., 2011; Alamgir et al., 2007). As a part of our ongoing investigations of benzimidazole derivatives, the title compound was synthesized and its crystal structure is reported herein.
The asymmetric unit of the title compound, (Fig. 1), contains one half of each component. It consists of an imidazole ring with the one $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ and two $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ groups bonded at positions 2 , 5 and 6 , respectively, and one chloride anion. Both the 2-methyl-5,6-dinitrobenzimidazolium moiety and the chloride anion lie on twofold axes. The methyl H atoms are disordered about the twofold axis with equal half occupancies.
In the crystal of the title compound $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Cl}$ hydrogen bonds link the cations to form zigzag chains propagating in [001]. There are also $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{O}$ hydrogen bonds linking these chains to form a three-dimensional network (Table 1 and Fig. 2).

The crystal structure of a similar benzimidazole derivative, $\left(\mathrm{C}_{7} \mathrm{H}_{4} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right) \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$, has been reported (Hökelek et al., 2002).

## S2. Experimental

For the preparation of the title compound a solution of 2-methyl-5-nitro- benzimidazole ( 3.0 g ) in sulphuric acid ( 3.0 ml ) was treated with nitric acid $(6.0 \mathrm{ml})$ and refluxed for 3 h , then poured onto ice. The precipitate was filtered off and washed with cold water. Hydrogen chloride was passed into a suspension of the crude dinitro product in warm water. After cooling, the precipitate was filtered and crystallized from ethanol to give yellow block-like crystals of the the title compound (m.p. 507-512 K).

## S3. Refinement

Atom H2A (for the NH group) was located in a difference Fourier map and was freely refined. The C-bound H -atoms were positioned geometrically with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.93$ and $0.96 \AA$, for aromatic and methyl H -atoms, respectively, and constrained to ride on their parent atoms, with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=\mathrm{k} \times U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C})$, where $\mathrm{k}=1.5$ for methyl H -atoms and $\mathrm{k}=1.2$ for all other H -atoms.


## Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound with the displacement ellipsoids drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level. The $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{Cl}$ hydrogen bond is shown as a dashed line.


## Figure 2

A view along the a-axis of the crystal packing of the title compound. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines [Hatoms not involved in hydrogen bonding have been omitted for clarity].

## 2-Methyl-5,6-dinitrobenzimidazolium chloride

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{7} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{4}{ }^{+} \cdot \mathrm{Cl}^{-}$
Orthorhombic, C222
$M_{r}=258.63$
Hall symbol: C 2c 2
$a=4.9453$ (1) $\AA$
$b=20.4691$ (4) $\AA$
$c=10.4543$ (3) $\AA$
$V=1058.25$ (4) $\AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
$F(000)=528$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.623 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$

## Data collection

Bruker Kappa APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
Graphite monochromator
$\varphi$ and $\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(SADABS; Bruker, 2001)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.848, T_{\text {max }}=0.929$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.024$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.062$
$S=1.11$
1302 reflections
83 parameters
0 restraints
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 2425 reflections
$\theta=2.8-28.2^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.37 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=100 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, yellow
$0.46 \times 0.40 \times 0.20 \mathrm{~mm}$

3043 measured reflections
1302 independent reflections
1264 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.016$
$\theta_{\text {max }}=28.3^{\circ}, \theta_{\text {min }}=2.0^{\circ}$
$h=-6 \rightarrow 6$
$k=-20 \rightarrow 26$
$l=-13 \rightarrow 13$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from
neighbouring sites
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{0}{ }^{2}\right)+(0.0335 P)^{2}+0.4282 P\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.27 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.16 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 517 Friedel pairs
Absolute structure parameter: 0.10 (6)

## Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving 1.s. planes.
Refinement. Refinement of $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>2 \operatorname{sigma}\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on $\mathrm{F}^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\hat{A}^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ | Occ. $(<1)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C11 | $0.38240(8)$ | 0.0000 | 0.5000 | $0.02165(12)$ |  |
| O1 | $0.9799(2)$ | $0.31462(5)$ | $0.62135(10)$ | $0.0235(2)$ |  |
| O2 | $0.5726(2)$ | $0.27552(5)$ | $0.60594(10)$ | $0.0234(2)$ |  |
| N1 | $0.8093(2)$ | $0.27227(6)$ | $0.64031(11)$ | $0.0174(2)$ |  |
| N2 | $0.8329(2)$ | $0.03251(5)$ | $0.68250(10)$ | $0.0133(2)$ |  |
| H2A | $0.712(4)$ | $0.0200(10)$ | $0.628(2)$ | $0.035(6)^{*}$ |  |
| C1 | $0.8975(3)$ | $0.21173(6)$ | $0.70323(11)$ | $0.0143(2)$ |  |
| C2 | $0.7865(3)$ | $0.15455(7)$ | $0.65679(12)$ | $0.0146(3)$ |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| H2 | 0.6486 | 0.1545 | 0.5963 | $0.018^{*}$ |  |
| C3 | $0.8933(3)$ | $0.09724(6)$ | $0.70596(11)$ | $0.0124(2)$ |  |
| C4 | 1.0000 | $-0.00475(10)$ | 0.7500 | $0.0143(3)$ |  |
| C5 | 1.0000 | $-0.07722(10)$ | 0.7500 | $0.0207(4)$ | 0.50 |
| H5A | 0.8609 | -0.0929 | 0.6937 | $0.031^{*}$ | 0.50 |
| H5B | 0.9666 | -0.0929 | 0.8351 | $0.031^{*}$ | 0.50 |
| H5C | 1.1726 | -0.0929 | 0.7211 | $0.031^{*}$ |  |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| C11 | $0.01317(19)$ | $0.0379(3)$ | $0.01385(18)$ | 0.000 | 0.000 | $-0.00422(19)$ |
| O1 | $0.0284(5)$ | $0.0159(5)$ | $0.0261(5)$ | $-0.0007(4)$ | $0.0058(4)$ | $0.0042(4)$ |
| O2 | $0.0231(5)$ | $0.0213(5)$ | $0.0259(5)$ | $0.0069(4)$ | $-0.0046(4)$ | $0.0017(4)$ |
| N1 | $0.0222(6)$ | $0.0145(5)$ | $0.0156(5)$ | $0.0036(5)$ | $0.0015(4)$ | $0.0010(4)$ |
| N2 | $0.0137(5)$ | $0.0129(5)$ | $0.0133(5)$ | $-0.0011(4)$ | $0.0006(4)$ | $-0.0010(4)$ |
| C1 | $0.0145(6)$ | $0.0127(6)$ | $0.0157(5)$ | $0.0026(5)$ | $0.0030(5)$ | $0.0019(4)$ |
| C2 | $0.0133(5)$ | $0.0169(6)$ | $0.0137(5)$ | $0.0015(5)$ | $0.0000(4)$ | $0.0009(5)$ |
| C3 | $0.0129(5)$ | $0.0125(6)$ | $0.0117(5)$ | $-0.0009(5)$ | $0.0026(5)$ | $-0.0007(4)$ |
| C4 | $0.0145(7)$ | $0.0154(9)$ | $0.0131(7)$ | 0.000 | $0.0035(6)$ | 0.000 |
| C5 | $0.0250(10)$ | $0.0110(9)$ | $0.0261(10)$ | 0.000 | $0.0025(8)$ | 0.000 |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| N1-O1 | 1.2259 (16) | C2-H2 | 0.9300 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 1.2260 (16) | C3-C3 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.401 (3) |
| N1-C1 | 1.4692 (17) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 1.3275 (16) |
| N2-C3 | 1.3801 (16) | $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.3275 (16) |
| N2-H2A | 0.86 (2) | C4-C5 | 1.483 (3) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{Cl}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 1.409 (3) | C5-H5A | 0.9600 |
| C2-C1 | 1.3808 (18) | C5-H5B | 0.9600 |
| C2-C3 | 1.3855 (18) | C5-H5C | 0.9600 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{O} 2$ | 124.84 (12) | N2-C3-C2 | 131.66 (12) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 117.67 (11) | $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 3^{\text {i }}$ | 106.24 (7) |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | 117.41 (11) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 3{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 122.08 (8) |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 123.5 (14) | $\mathrm{N} 2{ }^{\text {i }}$ - $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2$ | 109.87 (17) |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | 108.82 (12) | N 2 - $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | 125.07 (9) |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 127.6 (14) | N2-C4-C5 | 125.07 (9) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 121.63 (7) | C4-C5-H5A | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 116.07 (11) | C4-C5-H5B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{\text {i }}$ | 122.02 (8) | C4-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| C1-C2-C3 | 115.83 (12) | H5A-C5-H5B | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 122.1 | H5A-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 122.1 | H5B-C5-H5C | 109.5 |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{Cl}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 33.8 (2) | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 172.73 (11) |
| $\mathrm{O} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | -140.30 (13) | $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{\text {i }}$ | -1.3 (2) |

# supporting information 

| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 1^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $-149.18(15)$ | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $179.82(13)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $36.76(17)$ | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 3^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $-2.1(2)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 2$ | $177.52(13)$ | $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $0.32(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{C} 3^{\mathrm{i}}$ | $-0.81(16)$ | $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{C} 4-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $-179.68(6)$ |

Symmetry code: (i) $-x+2, y,-z+3 / 2$.

Hydrogen-bond geometry (A, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D — \mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 A \cdots \mathrm{Cl} 1$ | $0.86(2)$ | $2.15(2)$ | $3.008(1)$ | $172.5(18)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 2 — \mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{O}^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.93 | 2.51 | $3.339(2)$ | 150 |

Symmetry code: (ii) $x-1 / 2,-y+1 / 2,-z+1$.

