

***N,N'-Bis(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)methylene-diamine***

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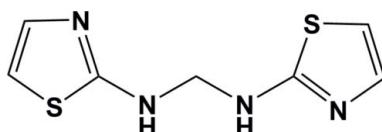
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 298\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.005\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.059;  $wR$  factor = 0.162; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.2.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{N}_4\text{S}_2$ , the dihedral angle between the thiazoline rings is  $71.25(13)^\circ$ . In the crystal, intermolecular  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bonds connect the molecules into zigzag chains parallel to the  $ab$  plane.

**Related literature**

For applications of thiazole compounds see: Raman *et al.* (2000); Karimian (2009); Shi *et al.* (1996). For related structures containing an aminothiazole moiety, see: Odabaşoğlu & Büyükgüngör, (2006); Zhao *et al.* (2006).

**Experimental***Crystal data*

$\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{N}_4\text{S}_2$	$c = 13.672(3)\text{ \AA}$
$M_r = 212.31$	$\beta = 96.39(3)^\circ$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	$V = 953.6(3)\text{ \AA}^3$
$a = 7.8598(16)\text{ \AA}$	$Z = 4$
$b = 8.9291(18)\text{ \AA}$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 0.52\text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 298\text{ K}$

$0.45 \times 0.35 \times 0.3\text{ mm}$

*Data collection*

Stoe IPDS 2T diffractometer  
7352 measured reflections  
2551 independent reflections

1544 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$

*Refinement*

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.162$   
 $S = 1.10$   
2551 reflections  
126 parameters  
2 restraints

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.35\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.33\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N}2-\text{H}2\text{A}\cdots\text{N}1^{\text{i}}$	0.85 (2)	2.07 (2)	2.918 (4)	171 (4)
$\text{N}3-\text{H}3\text{A}\cdots\text{N}4^{\text{ii}}$	0.85 (2)	2.07 (2)	2.919 (3)	179 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x + 1, -y + 2, -z + 1$ ; (ii)  $-x, -y + 1, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2005); cell refinement: *X-AREA*; data reduction: *X-RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *ORTEP-3 for Windows* (Farrugia, 1997); software used to prepare material for publication: *WinGX* (Farrugia, 1999).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: BT5707).

**References**

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o3320 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536811047659]

## N,N'-Bis(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)methylenediamine

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### S1. Comment

The thiazole ring and its derivatives are of great importance in biological systems due to their vast range of biological activities such as anti-inflammatory, analgesic and antipyretic (Raman *et al.*, 2000; Karimian, 2009), especially against certain breast carcinoma cell lines (Shi *et al.* 1996).

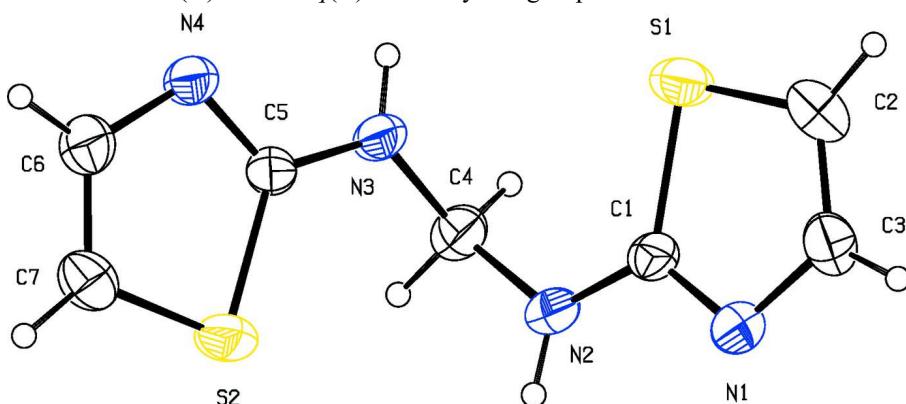
The asymmetric unit of the title compound (Fig. 1) is composed of one *N,N'*-bis(2-thiazol-yl)methylenediamine molecule. Bond lengths are in the normal range of thiazole compounds (Odabaşoğlu & Büyükgüngör, 2006; Zhao, *et al.* 2006). The crystal structure is stabilized by intermolecular N—H···N hydrogen bonds, which link the molecules into zigzag chains (Table 1 & Fig. 2).

### S2. Experimental

A mixture of formaldehyde (5 mmol) and 2-aminothiazole (10 mmol) and formic acid (0.88 mmol) was added with stirring at room temperature for 24 hrs. The resulting yellow solid was filtered and washed with cold acetonitrile. Single crystals of the title compound were obtained by recrystallization of the colorless solid from acetonitrile.

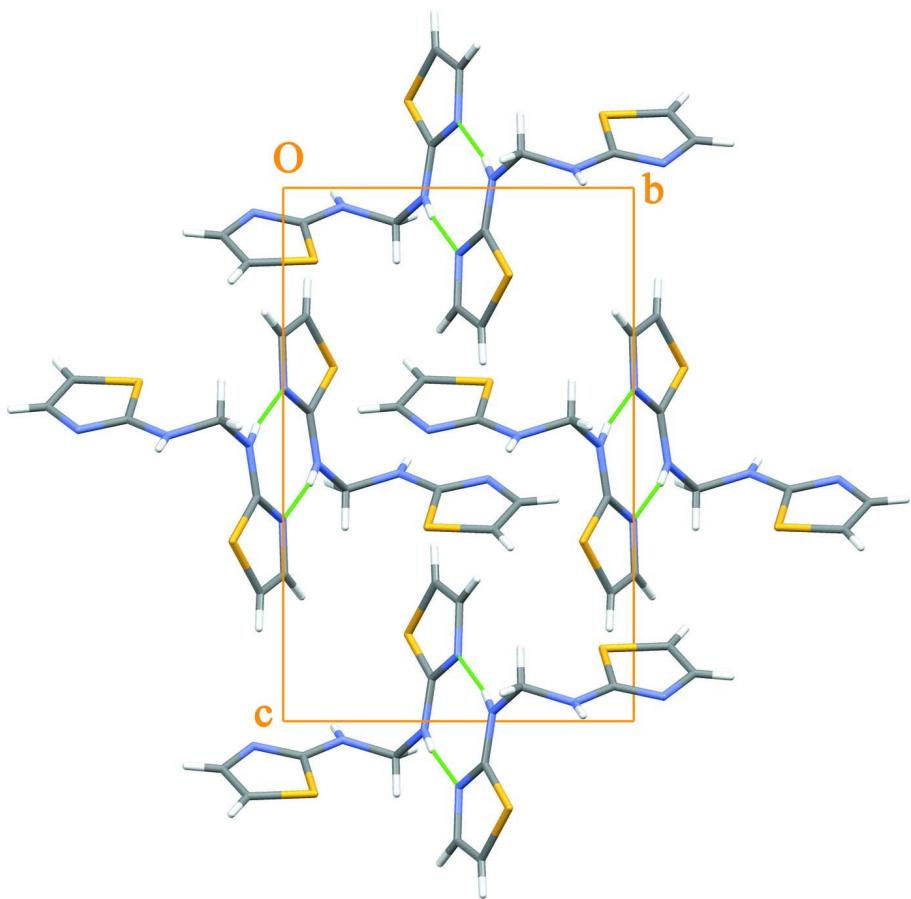
### S3. Refinement

The hydrogen atoms of the N—H groups were found in difference Fourier map and refined isotropically with a distance restraint of N—H 0.850 (19) and 0.850 (18) Å for H2A and H3A, respectively. Hydrogen atoms attached to carbon atoms were positioned geometrically and refined as riding atoms with C—H = 0.93 Å and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for thiazole rings and C—H = 0.97 Å and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for methylene group.



**Figure 1**

The asymmetric unit of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level.

**Figure 2**

Packing diagram of the title compound. The intermolecular N—H···N hydrogen bonds are shown as green dashed lines.

### *N,N'-Bis(1,3-thiazol-2-yl)methylenediamine*

#### *Crystal data*

$C_7H_8N_4S_2$   
 $M_r = 212.31$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/n$   
Hall symbol: -P 2yn  
 $a = 7.8598 (16) \text{ \AA}$   
 $b = 8.9291 (18) \text{ \AA}$   
 $c = 13.672 (3) \text{ \AA}$   
 $\beta = 96.39 (3)^\circ$   
 $V = 953.6 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$   
 $Z = 4$

$F(000) = 440$   
 $D_x = 1.479 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$   
Cell parameters from 2551 reflections  
 $\theta = 2.9\text{--}29.2^\circ$   
 $\mu = 0.52 \text{ mm}^{-1}$   
 $T = 298 \text{ K}$   
Block, colorless  
 $0.45 \times 0.35 \times 0.3 \text{ mm}$

#### *Data collection*

Stoe IPDS 2T  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
Detector resolution:  $0.15 \text{ mm pixels mm}^{-1}$   
rotation method scans  
7352 measured reflections

2551 independent reflections  
1544 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.055$   
 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 29.2^\circ, \theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9^\circ$   
 $h = -10 \rightarrow 10$   
 $k = -10 \rightarrow 12$   
 $l = -18 \rightarrow 16$

*Refinement*Refinement on  $F^2$ 

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.059$  $wR(F^2) = 0.162$  $S = 1.10$ 

2551 reflections

126 parameters

2 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0781P)^2]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$  $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} < 0.001$  $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.35 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$  $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.33 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$ *Special details*

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.17187 (10)	0.85527 (11)	0.66273 (7)	0.0600 (3)
S2	0.38487 (10)	0.58898 (11)	0.36382 (7)	0.0638 (3)
N2	0.2786 (3)	0.9024 (3)	0.4824 (2)	0.0534 (7)
N3	0.1223 (3)	0.6689 (3)	0.4651 (2)	0.0517 (7)
N4	0.1924 (3)	0.4157 (3)	0.4539 (2)	0.0503 (6)
C1	0.3071 (4)	0.9249 (3)	0.5804 (2)	0.0458 (7)
C5	0.2187 (3)	0.5568 (3)	0.4343 (2)	0.0445 (6)
N1	0.4391 (3)	0.9984 (3)	0.6235 (2)	0.0540 (7)
C3	0.4335 (4)	1.0032 (4)	0.7244 (3)	0.0609 (9)
H3	0.5177	1.0521	0.7658	0.073*
C4	0.1332 (4)	0.8213 (4)	0.4347 (3)	0.0543 (8)
H4A	0.0294	0.8727	0.4476	0.065*
H4B	0.1386	0.8234	0.3642	0.065*
C6	0.3067 (4)	0.3273 (4)	0.4103 (3)	0.0596 (9)
H6	0.3066	0.2236	0.4161	0.072*
C2	0.3025 (4)	0.9349 (5)	0.7596 (3)	0.0663 (10)
H2	0.2841	0.9306	0.8255	0.080*
C7	0.4177 (4)	0.3987 (4)	0.3592 (3)	0.0637 (9)
H7	0.5004	0.3523	0.3261	0.076*
H3A	0.031 (3)	0.645 (4)	0.489 (2)	0.053 (9)*
H2A	0.358 (4)	0.924 (5)	0.447 (3)	0.084 (13)*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0549 (4)	0.0643 (6)	0.0650 (5)	-0.0030 (4)	0.0247 (4)	0.0069 (4)
S2	0.0533 (5)	0.0637 (6)	0.0801 (6)	-0.0071 (4)	0.0333 (4)	-0.0008 (5)
N2	0.0617 (15)	0.0475 (16)	0.0529 (16)	-0.0179 (12)	0.0145 (12)	0.0007 (12)
N3	0.0445 (13)	0.0392 (15)	0.0749 (18)	-0.0073 (10)	0.0228 (12)	-0.0046 (12)
N4	0.0464 (13)	0.0423 (15)	0.0648 (17)	-0.0020 (10)	0.0173 (11)	0.0001 (12)
C1	0.0502 (15)	0.0326 (15)	0.0568 (18)	0.0012 (11)	0.0156 (13)	0.0033 (13)
C5	0.0365 (12)	0.0482 (17)	0.0498 (16)	-0.0050 (11)	0.0098 (11)	-0.0066 (14)
N1	0.0539 (15)	0.0482 (16)	0.0615 (16)	-0.0081 (11)	0.0131 (12)	-0.0041 (13)
C3	0.0624 (19)	0.066 (2)	0.0543 (19)	0.0030 (16)	0.0080 (15)	-0.0124 (16)
C4	0.0527 (16)	0.0458 (18)	0.065 (2)	-0.0034 (13)	0.0072 (14)	0.0001 (15)
C6	0.0561 (16)	0.0466 (19)	0.078 (2)	0.0090 (14)	0.0169 (15)	-0.0049 (17)
C2	0.067 (2)	0.084 (3)	0.0508 (19)	0.0105 (18)	0.0172 (16)	-0.0026 (18)
C7	0.0522 (17)	0.067 (2)	0.075 (2)	0.0116 (15)	0.0218 (16)	-0.0061 (18)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

S1—C2	1.735 (4)	N4—C6	1.380 (4)
S1—C1	1.746 (3)	C1—N1	1.311 (4)
S2—C7	1.721 (4)	N1—C3	1.385 (5)
S2—C5	1.731 (3)	C3—C2	1.332 (5)
N2—C1	1.349 (4)	C3—H3	0.9300
N2—C4	1.446 (4)	C4—H4A	0.9700
N2—H2A	0.850 (19)	C4—H4B	0.9700
N3—C5	1.351 (4)	C6—C7	1.338 (5)
N3—C4	1.428 (4)	C6—H6	0.9300
N3—H3A	0.850 (18)	C2—H2	0.9300
N4—C5	1.309 (4)	C7—H7	0.9300
C2—S1—C1	89.70 (17)	C2—C3—H3	121.4
C7—S2—C5	88.96 (16)	N1—C3—H3	121.4
C1—N2—C4	123.9 (3)	N3—C4—N2	114.6 (3)
C1—N2—H2A	118 (3)	N3—C4—H4A	108.6
C4—N2—H2A	117 (3)	N2—C4—H4A	108.6
C5—N3—C4	124.1 (3)	N3—C4—H4B	108.6
C5—N3—H3A	117 (2)	N2—C4—H4B	108.6
C4—N3—H3A	116 (2)	H4A—C4—H4B	107.6
C5—N4—C6	109.7 (3)	C7—C6—N4	116.5 (3)
N1—C1—N2	123.8 (3)	C7—C6—H6	121.7
N1—C1—S1	113.4 (2)	N4—C6—H6	121.7
N2—C1—S1	122.8 (2)	C3—C2—S1	109.1 (3)
N4—C5—N3	122.8 (2)	C3—C2—H2	125.4
N4—C5—S2	114.8 (2)	S1—C2—H2	125.4
N3—C5—S2	122.3 (2)	C6—C7—S2	110.0 (2)
C1—N1—C3	110.6 (3)	C6—C7—H7	125.0
C2—C3—N1	117.2 (3)	S2—C7—H7	125.0

C4—N2—C1—N1	179.9 (3)	N2—C1—N1—C3	179.9 (3)
C4—N2—C1—S1	1.1 (4)	S1—C1—N1—C3	-1.1 (3)
C2—S1—C1—N1	1.1 (3)	C1—N1—C3—C2	0.5 (5)
C2—S1—C1—N2	-179.9 (3)	C5—N3—C4—N2	-77.4 (4)
C6—N4—C5—N3	178.0 (3)	C1—N2—C4—N3	-60.5 (4)
C6—N4—C5—S2	-0.9 (4)	C5—N4—C6—C7	0.3 (5)
C4—N3—C5—N4	-171.6 (3)	N1—C3—C2—S1	0.3 (4)
C4—N3—C5—S2	7.2 (5)	C1—S1—C2—C3	-0.8 (3)
C7—S2—C5—N4	1.0 (3)	N4—C6—C7—S2	0.4 (5)
C7—S2—C5—N3	-177.9 (3)	C5—S2—C7—C6	-0.8 (3)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N2—H2A···N1 <sup>i</sup>	0.85 (2)	2.07 (2)	2.918 (4)	171 (4)
N3—H3A···N4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.85 (2)	2.07 (2)	2.919 (3)	179 (4)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y+2, -z+1$ ; (ii)  $-x, -y+1, -z+1$ .