

## 1,1-Diethyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)thiourea

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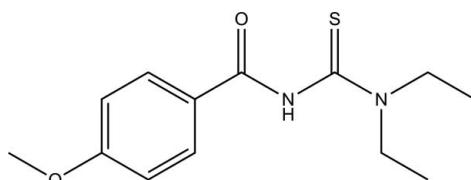
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 150 \text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.003 \text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.042;  $wR$  factor = 0.132; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.6.

In the title compound,  $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$ , the 4-methoxybenzoyl fragment is approximately planar [maximum deviation = 0.057 (2)  $\text{\AA}$ ] and twisted relative to the thioamide fragment, forming a dihedral angle of 86.62 (6) $^\circ$ . The two  $\text{Csp}^2-\text{Nsp}^2$  bonds in the thiourea unit differ significantly in length [1.327 (2) and 1.431 (2)  $\text{\AA}$ ]. In the crystal, N—H $\cdots$ O hydrogen bonds link the molecules into chains parallel to [010].

### Related literature

For structural parameters and chemical properties of 1,1-disubstituted 3-benzoylthioureas, see: Al-abbas<sup>i</sup> *et al.* (2010, 2011); Al-abbas<sup>i</sup> & Kassim (2011); Mohamadou *et al.* (1994).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{18}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2\text{S}$   
 $M_r = 266.35$

Orthorhombic,  $Pbca$   
 $a = 12.9024 (5) \text{ \AA}$

#### Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Gemini diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan (*CrysAlis RED*; Oxford Diffraction, 2006)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.810$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.900$

12046 measured reflections  
2548 independent reflections  
2214 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.132$   
 $S = 1.12$   
2548 reflections

163 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.43 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.32 \text{ e \AA}^{-3}$

**Table 1**  
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N1—H1A $\cdots$ O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.05	2.847 (2)	154
Symmetry code: (i) $-x + \frac{3}{2}, y - \frac{1}{2}, z$ .				

Data collection: *CrysAlis CCD* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); cell refinement: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2006); data reduction: *CrysAlis RED*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*, *PLATON* (Spek, 2009) and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: GK2435).

### References

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, o3414 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536811049208]

## 1,1-Diethyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)thiourea

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### S1. Comment

The title compound (I) has been used as a ligand to form stable complexes with Ni and Co (Mohamadou *et al.*, 1994). Compound I and other similar derivatives act as a bidentate (*O,S*) chelate forming square planar and tetrahedral complexes with Ni<sup>II</sup> and Co<sup>III</sup>, respectively.

In the structure of I, the 4-methoxybenzamide moiety [O2/N1/C1/C2/C3/C4/C5/C6/C7/C8/C13] (A) and the thiourea fragment [S1/N1/N2/C8] (B) are essentially planar with maximum deviations from the mean planes 0.057 (2) Å for C13 and -0.031 (2) Å N1. The dihedral angle between the A and B planes is 86.62 (6) $^{\circ}$ , which is slightly smaller than the analogous dihedral angle [87.99 (11) $^{\circ}$ ] in 1-benzoyl-3-ethyl-3-phenylthiourea (II) (Al-abbas & Kassim, 2011).

The C=O [1.237 (2) Å] and C=S [1.658 (3) Å] bond lengths are slightly longer than those in II [1.207 (3) and 1.666 (2) Å, respectively].

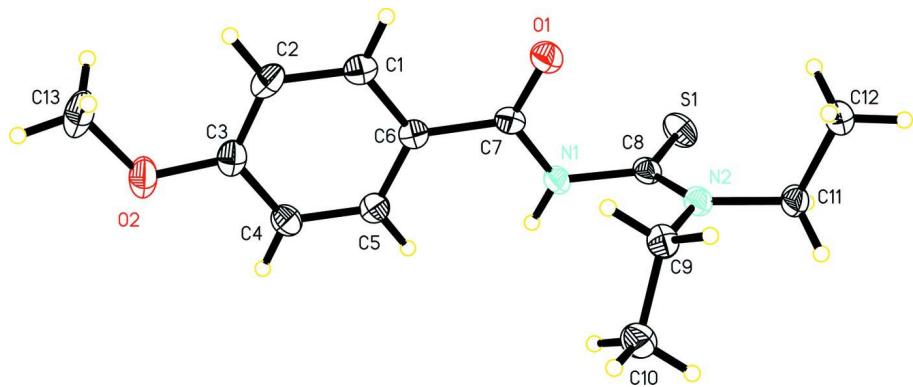
In the crystal, the molecules are stabilized by intermolecular N1—H1A $\cdots$ O1 hydrogen bonds forming a one-dimensional polymeric network along the *b* axis (Figure 2).

### S2. Experimental

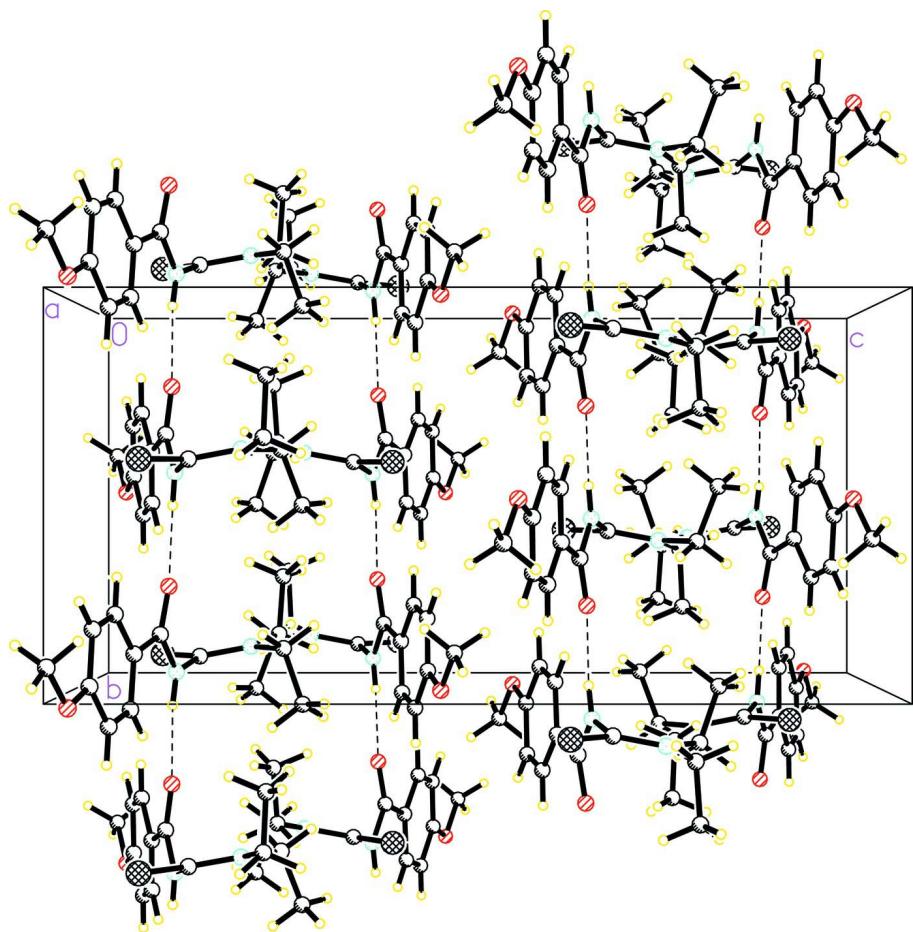
A solution of benzoyl chloride (10 mmol) in acetone was added slowly to an equimolar solution of ammonium thiocyanate in acetone. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature before adding diethylamine (10 mmol) slowly and the mixture was left stirring at room temperature for 2–3 h. The mixture was poured onto a water-ice, filtered and the residue was recrystallized from ethaaol/acetone solution to give colourless crystals, suitable for X-ray crystallography (yield 85%).

### S3. Refinement

The hydrogen atom positions were calculated geometrically and refined in a riding model approximation with C–H bond lengths in the range 0.93–0.97 Å and N–H= 0.86 Å with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C}, \text{N})$  for N–H, aromatic C–H and CH<sub>2</sub> groups, and  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.5U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$  for methyl group.

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of 1,1-diethyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)thiourea with displacement ellipsoids drawn at the 50% probability level.

**Figure 2**

The crystal packing of 1,1-diethyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)thiourea with intermolecular hydrogen bonds shown as dashed lines.

**1,1-Diethyl-3-(4-methoxybenzoyl)thiourea***Crystal data*

$C_{13}H_{18}N_2O_2S$   
 $M_r = 266.35$   
Orthorhombic,  $Pbca$   
Hall symbol: -P 2ac 2ab  
 $a = 12.9024 (5)$  Å  
 $b = 10.0095 (4)$  Å  
 $c = 20.8585 (11)$  Å  
 $V = 2693.8 (2)$  Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 8$   
 $F(000) = 1136$

$D_x = 1.314$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>  
Melting point = 407.15–408.15 K  
Cu  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 1.54178$  Å  
Cell parameters from 5648 reflections  
 $\theta = 4.2\text{--}71.1^\circ$   
 $\mu = 2.11$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 150$  K  
Plate, colourless  
0.24 × 0.10 × 0.05 mm

*Data collection*

Oxford Diffraction Gemini  
diffractometer  
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator  
 $\omega/2\theta$  scans  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(CrysAlis RED; Oxford Diffraction, 2006)  
 $T_{\min} = 0.810$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.900$

12046 measured reflections  
2548 independent reflections  
2214 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.030$   
 $\theta_{\max} = 71.1^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 4.2^\circ$   
 $h = -13 \rightarrow 15$   
 $k = -12 \rightarrow 12$   
 $l = -23 \rightarrow 25$

*Refinement*

Refinement on  $F^2$   
Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.132$   
 $S = 1.12$   
2548 reflections  
163 parameters  
0 restraints  
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
map  
Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
neighbouring sites  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0835P)^2 + 0.6035P]$   
where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.43$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.32$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

*Special details*

**Experimental.** The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) with a nominal stability of 0.1 K.

Cosier, J. & Glazer, A.M., 1986. J. Appl. Cryst. 10, 105–107.

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^* / U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	0.96773 (4)	0.08865 (5)	0.60731 (2)	0.0302 (2)
O1	0.72174 (10)	0.27396 (13)	0.63046 (7)	0.0282 (3)

O2	0.29590 (10)	0.00839 (15)	0.54492 (7)	0.0327 (4)
N1	0.76759 (11)	0.05775 (15)	0.63691 (7)	0.0210 (3)
H1A	0.7495	-0.0246	0.6332	0.025*
N2	0.87609 (11)	0.11414 (15)	0.72156 (7)	0.0215 (3)
C1	0.52575 (14)	0.21406 (19)	0.58056 (9)	0.0242 (4)
H1B	0.5472	0.3028	0.5811	0.029*
C2	0.42448 (15)	0.1834 (2)	0.56253 (9)	0.0271 (4)
H2A	0.3785	0.2510	0.5513	0.033*
C3	0.39293 (14)	0.0509 (2)	0.56149 (8)	0.0246 (4)
C4	0.46228 (14)	-0.05050 (19)	0.57806 (9)	0.0236 (4)
H4A	0.4410	-0.1393	0.5771	0.028*
C5	0.56228 (14)	-0.01898 (19)	0.59584 (8)	0.0220 (4)
H5A	0.6082	-0.0870	0.6067	0.026*
C6	0.59545 (14)	0.11370 (18)	0.59775 (8)	0.0201 (4)
C7	0.69945 (13)	0.15522 (17)	0.62164 (8)	0.0202 (4)
C8	0.86948 (13)	0.08980 (16)	0.65915 (9)	0.0213 (4)
C9	0.78567 (13)	0.11498 (19)	0.76513 (9)	0.0236 (4)
H9A	0.7265	0.1524	0.7427	0.028*
H9B	0.8007	0.1721	0.8015	0.028*
C10	0.75793 (15)	-0.0231 (2)	0.78918 (10)	0.0298 (4)
H10A	0.6989	-0.0174	0.8171	0.045*
H10B	0.8156	-0.0599	0.8123	0.045*
H10C	0.7417	-0.0798	0.7534	0.045*
C11	0.97664 (13)	0.14064 (18)	0.75210 (9)	0.0246 (4)
H11A	1.0310	0.0973	0.7277	0.029*
H11B	0.9768	0.1028	0.7949	0.029*
C12	0.99913 (15)	0.28917 (19)	0.75623 (10)	0.0296 (5)
H12A	1.0650	0.3028	0.7766	0.044*
H12B	0.9459	0.3322	0.7808	0.044*
H12C	1.0008	0.3265	0.7138	0.044*
C13	0.22137 (16)	0.1077 (3)	0.52797 (11)	0.0401 (5)
H13A	0.1567	0.0654	0.5177	0.060*
H13B	0.2457	0.1569	0.4914	0.060*
H13C	0.2116	0.1676	0.5634	0.060*

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
S1	0.0251 (3)	0.0307 (3)	0.0347 (3)	-0.00535 (18)	0.00843 (18)	-0.00309 (18)
O1	0.0258 (7)	0.0211 (7)	0.0378 (8)	-0.0015 (5)	-0.0037 (6)	0.0012 (5)
O2	0.0193 (7)	0.0438 (9)	0.0351 (8)	-0.0006 (6)	-0.0042 (5)	0.0002 (6)
N1	0.0196 (7)	0.0170 (8)	0.0265 (8)	-0.0021 (5)	-0.0025 (6)	-0.0007 (6)
N2	0.0188 (7)	0.0181 (7)	0.0275 (8)	-0.0002 (5)	-0.0016 (6)	0.0003 (6)
C1	0.0273 (10)	0.0215 (10)	0.0238 (10)	0.0017 (7)	0.0004 (7)	0.0011 (7)
C2	0.0255 (9)	0.0315 (11)	0.0244 (9)	0.0085 (8)	-0.0015 (7)	0.0035 (7)
C3	0.0207 (9)	0.0348 (11)	0.0184 (9)	0.0003 (7)	0.0004 (6)	-0.0014 (7)
C4	0.0242 (9)	0.0227 (9)	0.0239 (10)	-0.0025 (7)	0.0016 (7)	-0.0026 (7)
C5	0.0209 (9)	0.0240 (9)	0.0212 (9)	0.0018 (7)	0.0021 (6)	0.0005 (7)

C6	0.0210 (9)	0.0206 (9)	0.0187 (8)	0.0009 (7)	0.0016 (6)	-0.0006 (6)
C7	0.0226 (9)	0.0184 (9)	0.0197 (8)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0022 (6)	0.0008 (6)
C8	0.0194 (9)	0.0149 (9)	0.0295 (10)	0.0000 (6)	-0.0012 (7)	0.0010 (6)
C9	0.0220 (9)	0.0222 (9)	0.0265 (10)	0.0007 (7)	0.0001 (7)	-0.0027 (7)
C10	0.0261 (10)	0.0314 (11)	0.0318 (10)	-0.0026 (8)	0.0028 (8)	0.0030 (8)
C11	0.0204 (9)	0.0211 (10)	0.0323 (10)	0.0008 (7)	-0.0066 (7)	0.0002 (7)
C12	0.0252 (9)	0.0268 (11)	0.0367 (11)	-0.0050 (7)	-0.0082 (8)	0.0024 (8)
C13	0.0229 (10)	0.0591 (15)	0.0384 (12)	0.0080 (9)	-0.0058 (8)	0.0033 (10)

*Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )*

S1—C8	1.6663 (18)	C5—C6	1.396 (3)
O1—C7	1.237 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9300
O2—C3	1.367 (2)	C6—C7	1.490 (2)
O2—C13	1.428 (3)	C9—C10	1.514 (3)
N1—C7	1.351 (2)	C9—H9A	0.9700
N1—C8	1.431 (2)	C9—H9B	0.9700
N1—H1A	0.8600	C10—H10A	0.9600
N2—C8	1.327 (2)	C10—H10B	0.9600
N2—C11	1.470 (2)	C10—H10C	0.9600
N2—C9	1.479 (2)	C11—C12	1.517 (3)
C1—C2	1.394 (3)	C11—H11A	0.9700
C1—C6	1.395 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9700
C1—H1B	0.9300	C12—H12A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.387 (3)	C12—H12B	0.9600
C2—H2A	0.9300	C12—H12C	0.9600
C3—C4	1.397 (3)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.379 (3)	C13—H13B	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9300	C13—H13C	0.9600
C3—O2—C13	117.56 (17)	N2—C9—C10	112.64 (15)
C7—N1—C8	120.83 (15)	N2—C9—H9A	109.1
C7—N1—H1A	119.6	C10—C9—H9A	109.1
C8—N1—H1A	119.6	N2—C9—H9B	109.1
C8—N2—C11	121.01 (15)	C10—C9—H9B	109.1
C8—N2—C9	123.58 (14)	H9A—C9—H9B	107.8
C11—N2—C9	115.40 (14)	C9—C10—H10A	109.5
C2—C1—C6	121.00 (17)	C9—C10—H10B	109.5
C2—C1—H1B	119.5	H10A—C10—H10B	109.5
C6—C1—H1B	119.5	C9—C10—H10C	109.5
C3—C2—C1	119.34 (17)	H10A—C10—H10C	109.5
C3—C2—H2A	120.3	H10B—C10—H10C	109.5
C1—C2—H2A	120.3	N2—C11—C12	111.73 (14)
O2—C3—C2	124.80 (17)	N2—C11—H11A	109.3
O2—C3—C4	115.01 (17)	C12—C11—H11A	109.3
C2—C3—C4	120.19 (17)	N2—C11—H11B	109.3
C5—C4—C3	119.97 (18)	C12—C11—H11B	109.3
C5—C4—H4A	120.0	H11A—C11—H11B	107.9

C3—C4—H4A	120.0	C11—C12—H12A	109.5
C4—C5—C6	120.81 (17)	C11—C12—H12B	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	119.6	H12A—C12—H12B	109.5
C6—C5—H5A	119.6	C11—C12—H12C	109.5
C1—C6—C5	118.69 (17)	H12A—C12—H12C	109.5
C1—C6—C7	117.74 (16)	H12B—C12—H12C	109.5
C5—C6—C7	123.43 (16)	O2—C13—H13A	109.5
O1—C7—N1	120.50 (16)	O2—C13—H13B	109.5
O1—C7—C6	121.81 (16)	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
N1—C7—C6	117.60 (15)	O2—C13—H13C	109.5
N2—C8—N1	114.73 (15)	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
N2—C8—S1	126.08 (14)	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
N1—C8—S1	119.16 (13)		
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.2 (3)	C1—C6—C7—O1	5.0 (3)
C13—O2—C3—C2	-0.6 (3)	C5—C6—C7—O1	-170.57 (16)
C13—O2—C3—C4	179.54 (17)	C1—C6—C7—N1	-178.57 (16)
C1—C2—C3—O2	179.78 (17)	C5—C6—C7—N1	5.9 (2)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.3 (3)	C11—N2—C8—N1	176.34 (14)
O2—C3—C4—C5	-179.75 (16)	C9—N2—C8—N1	-2.8 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.3 (3)	C11—N2—C8—S1	-1.5 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.2 (3)	C9—N2—C8—S1	179.41 (13)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.8 (3)	C7—N1—C8—N2	84.6 (2)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-175.01 (16)	C7—N1—C8—S1	-97.46 (17)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.8 (3)	C8—N2—C9—C10	84.7 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	174.78 (16)	C11—N2—C9—C10	-94.45 (18)
C8—N1—C7—O1	-4.6 (3)	C8—N2—C11—C12	94.1 (2)
C8—N1—C7—C6	178.96 (15)	C9—N2—C11—C12	-86.69 (19)

*Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)*

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D···A	D—H···A
N1—H1A···O1 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	2.05	2.847 (2)	154

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+3/2, y-1/2, z$ .