organic compounds

Acta Crystallographica Section E Structure Reports Online

ISSN 1600-5368

(*E*)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-[1-(2-meth-oxyphenyl)ethylidene]hydrazine

Hoong-Kun Fun,^a*‡Boonlerd Nilwanna,^b Patcharaporn Jansrisewangwong,^b Thawanrat Kobkeatthawin^b and Suchada Chantrapromma^b§

^aX-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia, and ^bCrystal Materials Research Unit, Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Prince of Songkla University, Hat-Yai, Songkhla 90112, Thailand

Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

Received 26 October 2011; accepted 29 October 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 297 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.042; wR factor = 0.124; data-to-parameter ratio = 18.0.

The molecule of the title compound, $C_{15}H_{14}N_4O_5$, is in an *E* conformation with respect to the C=N double bond and the dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 37.83 (7)°. The ethylidenehydrazine plane makes dihedral angles of 4.93 (9) and 42.38 (9)° with the two benzene rings. An intramolecular N-H···O hydrogen bond generates an *S*(6) ring motif. In the crystal, molecules are linked by weak C-H···O interactions into chains along the *c* axis which are stacked along the *b* axis by aromatic π - π interactions with a centroid–centroid distance of 3.5927 (10) Å.

Related literature

For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For hydrogenbond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For related structures see: Fun *et al.* (2011); Jansrisewangwong *et al.* (2010); Nilwanna *et al.* (2011). For background to the biological activity of hydrozones, see: Bendre *et al.* (1998); Cui *et al.* (2010); Gokce *et al.* (2009); Khan *et al.* (2007); Loncle *et al.* (2004); Wang *et al.* (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data

$C_{15}H_{14}N_4O_5$	Monoclinic, C2/a
$M_r = 330.30$	a = 33.105 (5) Å

[‡] Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

§ Additional correspondence author, e-mail: suchada.c@psu.ac.th. Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-5085-2009.

b = 7.1288 (10) A	
c = 13.4964 (19) Å	
$\beta = 107.170 \ (2)^{\circ}$	
V = 3043.2 (8) Å ³	
7 - 8	

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD	11675 measured reflections
diffractometer	4013 independent reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan	2945 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$R_{\rm int} = 0.019$
$T_{\min} = 0.962, \ T_{\max} = 0.977$	
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	H atoms treated by a mixture of
$wR(F^2) = 0.124$	independent and constrained
S = 1.04	refinement

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

 $0.35 \times 0.33 \times 0.21 \text{ mm}$

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.19 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

 $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$

T = 297 K

Table 1

4013 reflections

223 parameters

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N1 - H1N1 \cdots O1$	0.87 (2)	1.952 (18) 2.48	2.6086(17) 3.218(2)	131.1 (15) 136
0-110/1-005	0.95	2.40	5.210 (2)	150

Symmetry code: (i) $x, -y, z - \frac{1}{2}$.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2005); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

BN, PJ and TK thank the Crystal Materials Research Unit, Prince of Songkla University, for financial support. The authors thank the Prince of Songkla University and Universiti Sains Malaysia for the Research University Grant No. 1001/ PFIZIK/811160. Mr Teerasak Anantapong, Department of Biotechnology, Faculty of Agro-Industry, Prince of Songkla University, is acknowledged for the bacterial assay.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6478).

References

Allen, F. H., Kennard, O., Watson, D. G., Brammer, L., Orpen, A. G. & Taylor, R. (1987). J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2, pp. S1–19.

Bendre, R., Murugkar, A., Padhye, S., Kulkarni, P. & Karve, M. (1998). *Met. Based Drugs*, **5**, 59–66.

Bernstein, J., Davis, R. E., Shimoni, L. & Chang, N.-L. (1995). Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl. 34, 1555–1573.

Bruker (2005). APEX2, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

Cui, Z., Li, Y., Ling, Y., Huang, J., Cui, J., Wang, R. & Yang, X. (2010). Eur. J. Med. Chem. 45, 5576–5584.

Fun, H.-K., Jansrisewangwong, P. & Chantrapromma, S. (2011). Acta Cryst. E67, o1034–o1035.

Gokce, M., Utku, S. & Kupeli, E. (2009). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **44**, 3760–3764. Jansrisewangwong, P., Chantrapromma, S. & Fun, H.-K. (2010). *Acta Cryst.* E**66**, o2170.

Khan, S. A., Saleem, K. & Khan, Z. (2007). Eur. J. Med. Chem. 42, 103-108.

- Loncle, C., Brunel, J. M., Vidal, N., Dherbomez, M. & Letourneux, Y. (2004). *Eur. J. Med. Chem.* **39**, 1067–1071.
- Nilwanna, B., Chantrapromma, S., Jansrisewangwong, P. & Fun, H.-K. (2011). Acta Cryst. E67, 03084-03085.
- Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.
- Spek, A. L. (2009). Acta Cryst. D65, 148–155.
 Wang, Q., Yang, Z. Y., Qi, G.-F. & Qin, D.-D. (2009). Eur. J. Med. Chem. 44, 2425–2433.

supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2011). E67, o3202–o3203 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S1600536811045417]

(E)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-[1-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene]hydrazine

Hoong-Kun Fun, Boonlerd Nilwanna, Patcharaporn Jansrisewangwong, Thawanrat Kobkeatthawin and Suchada Chantrapromma

S1. Comment

For a long time, hydrazone derivatives have been studied for their biological properties such as antibacterial, antioxidant, antitumor, antifungal, analgesic and anti-inflammatory (Cui *et al.*, 2010; Gokce *et al.*, 2009; Khan *et al.*, 2007; Loncle *et al.*, 2004; Wang *et al.*, 2009) and tyrosinase inhibitory activities (Bendre *et al.*, 1998). In our previous studies, we reported the syntheses and crystal structures of some hydrazone derivatives (Fun *et al.*, 2011; Jansrisewangwong *et al.*, 2010); Nilwanna *et al.*, 2011). The title compound (I) was designed and synthesized in order to study its bioactivity properties. It has been screened for antibacterial activity but found to be inactive.

The molecule of (I) (Fig. 1), $C_{15}H_{14}N_4O_5$, is twisted and exists in an *E* configuration with respect to the ethylidene C=N double bond [1.2845 (17) Å] with the torsion angle N1–N2–C7–C8 = 176.97 (11)°. The dihedral angle between the two benzene rings is 37.83 (7)°. The ethylidenehydrazine fragment is planar with the *r.m.s* deviation of 0.0027 (1) Å and the torsion angle N1–N2–C7–C14 = 0.9 (2)°. This middle C/C/N/N plane makes the dihedral angles of 4.93 (9) and 42.38 (9)° with the 2,4-dinitrophenyl and 2-methoxyphenyl rings, respectively. The two nitro groups of 2,4-dinitrophenyl are co-planar with the *r.m.s*. deviation of 0.0124 (1) Å for the twelve non H-atoms. In addition the methoxy group is almost co-planar with its attached benzene ring with the torsion angle C15–O5–C9–C10 = -6.2 (2)°. Intramolecular N1–H1…O1 hydrogen bond (Fig. 1 and Table 1) generates an S(6) ring motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995). The bond distances are within the normal range (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and are comparable with the related structures (Fun *et al.*, 2011; Jansrisewangwong *et al.*, 2010; Nilwanna *et al.*, 2011).

In the crystal structure (Fig. 2), the molecules are linked by C—H···O weak interactions (Table 1) into chains along the *c* axis. These chains are stacked along the *b* axis by π - π interaction with the Cg_1 ··· Cg_2 distance = 3.5927 (10) Å (symmetry code: x, -y, 1/2+z); Cg_1 and Cg_2 are the centroids of C1–C6 and C8–C13 benzene rings, respectively.

S2. Experimental

The title compound (I) was synthesized by dissolving 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine (0.40 g, 2 mmol) in ethanol (10.00 ml) and H_2SO_4 (conc.) (98 %, 0.50 ml) was slowly added with stirring. 2-methoxyacetophenone (0.30 ml, 2 mmol) was then added to the solution with continuous stirring. The solution was refluxed for 1 hr yielding an orange solid, which was filtered off and washed with methanol. Orange blocks were recrystalized from ethanol by slow evaporation of the solvent at room temperature over several days, Mp. 462-463 K.

S3. Refinement

Amide H atom was located in a Fourier difference map and refined isotropically. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with d(C-H) = 0.93 Å for aromatic and 0.96 Å for CH₃ atoms. The U_{iso} values were constrained to be $1.5U_{eq}$ of the carrier atom for methyl H atoms and $1.2U_{eq}$ for the



remaining H atoms. A rotating group model was used for the methyl groups.

Figure 1

The molecular structure of (I), showing 40% probability displacement ellipsoids. Hydrogen bond is shown as a dashed line.



Figure 2

The crystal packing of (I) viewed approximately along the a axis, showing chains stacked along the b axis. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

(E)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-[1-(2-methoxyphenyl)ethylidene]hydrazine

Crystal data	
$C_{15}H_{14}N_4O_5$	<i>b</i> = 7.1288 (10) Å
$M_r = 330.30$	<i>c</i> = 13.4964 (19) Å
Monoclinic, $C2/c$	$\beta = 107.170 \ (2)^{\circ}$
Hall symbol: -C 2yc	V = 3043.2 (8) Å ³
a = 33.105 (5) Å	Z = 8

F(000) = 1376 $D_x = 1.442 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$ Melting point = 462–463 K Mo Ka radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ Å}$ Cell parameters from 4013 reflections

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD	11675 measured reflections
diffractometer	4013 independent reflections
Radiation source: sealed tube	2945 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
Graphite monochromator	$R_{\rm int} = 0.019$
φ and ω scans	$\theta_{\rm max} = 29.0^\circ, \ \theta_{\rm min} = 2.6^\circ$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -44 \rightarrow 43$
(SADABS; Bruker, 2005)	$k = -7 \rightarrow 9$
$T_{\min} = 0.962, \ T_{\max} = 0.977$	$l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

 $\theta = 2.6 - 29.0^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 0.11 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 297 K

Block, orange

 $0.35 \times 0.33 \times 0.21 \text{ mm}$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
Least-squares matrix: full	map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.042$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from
$wR(F^2) = 0.124$	neighbouring sites
S = 1.04	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
4013 reflections	and constrained refinement
223 parameters	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0564P)^2 + 1.0718P]$
0 restraints	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.001$
direct methods	$\Delta ho_{ m max} = 0.19 \ { m e} \ { m \AA}^{-3}$
	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2$ sigma(F^2) is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
01	0.07338 (3)	0.25310 (17)	0.98816 (8)	0.0590 (3)	
O2	0.10350 (4)	0.20839 (19)	1.15077 (8)	0.0675 (3)	
03	0.24539 (4)	-0.0059 (3)	1.28175 (9)	0.0877 (5)	
O4	0.28280 (4)	-0.0482 (2)	1.17821 (10)	0.0851 (4)	
05	0.03857 (3)	0.18362 (17)	0.48812 (7)	0.0560 (3)	
N1	0.11540 (4)	0.21520 (17)	0.85348 (8)	0.0444 (3)	
H1N1	0.0924 (6)	0.258 (2)	0.8644 (13)	0.057 (5)*	
N2	0.12306 (4)	0.22293 (16)	0.75869 (8)	0.0433 (3)	
N3	0.10449 (4)	0.20867 (17)	1.06074 (8)	0.0455 (3)	
N4	0.24971 (4)	-0.0049 (2)	1.19497 (10)	0.0585 (3)	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

C1	0.14719 (4)	0.16224 (18)	0.93741 (9)	0.0385 (3)
C2	0.14337 (4)	0.15613 (19)	1.03938 (9)	0.0390 (3)
C3	0.17682 (4)	0.10245 (19)	1.12370 (9)	0.0429 (3)
H3A	0.1738	0.1001	1.1900	0.052*
C4	0.21432 (4)	0.0530(2)	1.10768 (10)	0.0446 (3)
C5	0.21945 (4)	0.0566 (2)	1.00856 (10)	0.0489 (3)
H5A	0.2451	0.0222	0.9991	0.059*
C6	0.18673 (4)	0.1105 (2)	0.92606 (10)	0.0469 (3)
H6A	0.1905	0.1134	0.8605	0.056*
C7	0.09330 (4)	0.28669 (19)	0.68182 (9)	0.0412 (3)
C8	0.10499 (4)	0.29961 (18)	0.58364 (9)	0.0399 (3)
C9	0.07723 (4)	0.24861 (19)	0.48709 (9)	0.0415 (3)
C10	0.09020 (5)	0.2587 (2)	0.39813 (10)	0.0482 (3)
H10A	0.0718	0.2241	0.3343	0.058*
C11	0.13047 (5)	0.3199 (2)	0.40454 (11)	0.0545 (4)
H11A	0.1390	0.3269	0.3449	0.065*
C12	0.15792 (5)	0.3706 (2)	0.49859 (12)	0.0546 (4)
H12A	0.1850	0.4119	0.5026	0.066*
C13	0.14525 (4)	0.3602 (2)	0.58725 (11)	0.0474 (3)
H13A	0.1641	0.3945	0.6506	0.057*
C14	0.05141 (5)	0.3552 (3)	0.68823 (11)	0.0571 (4)
H14A	0.0558	0.4461	0.7429	0.086*
H14B	0.0355	0.2515	0.7024	0.086*
H14C	0.0361	0.4121	0.6235	0.086*
C15	0.00827 (5)	0.1403 (3)	0.39214 (12)	0.0672 (5)
H15A	-0.0176	0.1009	0.4043	0.101*
H15B	0.0189	0.0410	0.3586	0.101*
H15C	0.0031	0.2495	0.3486	0.101*

Atomic displacement parameters $(Å^2)$

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
01	0.0455 (5)	0.0817 (8)	0.0507 (6)	0.0075 (5)	0.0154 (5)	0.0039 (5)
O2	0.0637 (7)	0.1012 (9)	0.0455 (6)	0.0124 (6)	0.0285 (5)	0.0024 (6)
O3	0.0624 (7)	0.1543 (14)	0.0456 (6)	0.0142 (8)	0.0147 (5)	0.0277 (7)
O4	0.0485 (6)	0.1397 (13)	0.0658 (8)	0.0201 (7)	0.0149 (6)	0.0156 (8)
O5	0.0498 (6)	0.0784 (8)	0.0372 (5)	-0.0142 (5)	0.0087 (4)	-0.0049 (5)
N1	0.0461 (6)	0.0533 (7)	0.0342 (5)	0.0014 (5)	0.0127 (5)	-0.0016 (5)
N2	0.0496 (6)	0.0477 (6)	0.0325 (5)	-0.0008(5)	0.0121 (4)	-0.0010 (4)
N3	0.0464 (6)	0.0521 (7)	0.0414 (6)	-0.0002 (5)	0.0183 (5)	-0.0005 (5)
N4	0.0457 (7)	0.0816 (10)	0.0463 (6)	0.0003 (6)	0.0106 (5)	0.0125 (6)
C1	0.0426 (6)	0.0387 (7)	0.0342 (6)	-0.0055 (5)	0.0112 (5)	-0.0019 (5)
C2	0.0415 (6)	0.0413 (7)	0.0365 (6)	-0.0044 (5)	0.0153 (5)	-0.0021 (5)
C3	0.0465 (7)	0.0486 (8)	0.0352 (6)	-0.0058 (6)	0.0143 (5)	0.0012 (5)
C4	0.0415 (7)	0.0525 (8)	0.0386 (6)	-0.0056 (6)	0.0098 (5)	0.0038 (5)
C5	0.0421 (7)	0.0627 (9)	0.0449 (7)	-0.0013 (6)	0.0172 (6)	0.0012 (6)
C6	0.0470 (7)	0.0595 (9)	0.0374 (6)	-0.0027 (6)	0.0173 (5)	-0.0012 (6)
C7	0.0452 (7)	0.0411 (7)	0.0361 (6)	-0.0033 (5)	0.0101 (5)	-0.0048 (5)

supporting information

C8	0.0442 (7)	0.0388 (7)	0.0357 (6)	0.0040 (5)	0.0104 (5)	0.0025 (5)
C9	0.0458 (7)	0.0414 (7)	0.0356 (6)	0.0027 (6)	0.0094 (5)	0.0033 (5)
C10	0.0583 (8)	0.0498 (8)	0.0353 (6)	0.0055 (6)	0.0120 (6)	0.0043 (5)
C11	0.0655 (9)	0.0573 (9)	0.0475 (7)	0.0078 (7)	0.0272 (7)	0.0096 (6)
C12	0.0481 (8)	0.0565 (9)	0.0630 (9)	0.0004 (7)	0.0225 (7)	0.0094 (7)
C13	0.0448 (7)	0.0478 (8)	0.0465 (7)	-0.0003 (6)	0.0088 (6)	0.0031 (6)
C14	0.0512 (8)	0.0737 (11)	0.0454 (7)	0.0067 (7)	0.0128 (6)	-0.0095 (7)
C15	0.0522 (9)	0.0965 (14)	0.0443 (8)	-0.0065 (9)	0.0012 (7)	-0.0053 (8)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

O1—N3	1.2347 (15)	C6—H6A	0.9300
O2—N3	1.2251 (14)	C7—C8	1.4889 (16)
O3—N4	1.2212 (16)	C7—C14	1.497 (2)
O4—N4	1.2215 (17)	C8—C13	1.3880 (19)
O5—C9	1.3649 (17)	C8—C9	1.4029 (17)
O5—C15	1.4186 (17)	C9—C10	1.3914 (17)
N1—C1	1.3526 (17)	C10-C11	1.381 (2)
N1—N2	1.3768 (14)	C10—H10A	0.9300
N1—H1N1	0.871 (18)	C11—C12	1.373 (2)
N2—C7	1.2845 (17)	C11—H11A	0.9300
N3—C2	1.4490 (16)	C12—C13	1.3819 (19)
N4—C4	1.4546 (18)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C1—C6	1.4110 (18)	C13—H13A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.4193 (15)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C2—C3	1.3869 (18)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C3—C4	1.3678 (18)	C14—H14C	0.9600
С3—НЗА	0.9300	C15—H15A	0.9600
C4—C5	1.3976 (18)	C15—H15B	0.9600
C5—C6	1.3597 (19)	C15—H15C	0.9600
С5—Н5А	0.9300		
C9—O5—C15	118.48 (11)	C8—C7—C14	121.33 (12)
C1—N1—N2	118.56 (11)	C13—C8—C9	118.18 (12)
C1—N1—H1N1	117.2 (11)	C13—C8—C7	119.15 (11)
N2—N1—H1N1	123.6 (11)	C9—C8—C7	122.65 (12)
C7—N2—N1	117.18 (11)	O5—C9—C10	123.75 (12)
O2—N3—O1	121.81 (11)	O5—C9—C8	115.96 (11)
O2—N3—C2	118.84 (11)	C10—C9—C8	120.24 (12)
O1—N3—C2	119.35 (10)	C11—C10—C9	120.03 (13)
O3—N4—O4	122.78 (13)	C11-C10-H10A	120.0
O3—N4—C4	118.94 (13)	C9—C10—H10A	120.0
O4—N4—C4	118.27 (12)	C12-C11-C10	120.27 (13)
N1—C1—C6	119.96 (11)	C12—C11—H11A	119.9
N1—C1—C2	123.41 (11)	C10-C11-H11A	119.9
C6—C1—C2	116.63 (11)	C11—C12—C13	119.94 (13)
C3—C2—C1	121.74 (11)	C11—C12—H12A	120.0
C3—C2—N3	116.67 (10)	C13—C12—H12A	120.0

C1—C2—N3	121.58 (11)	C12—C13—C8	121.33 (13)
C4—C3—C2	118.91 (11)	С12—С13—Н13А	119.3
С4—С3—НЗА	120.5	C8—C13—H13A	119.3
С2—С3—НЗА	120.5	C7—C14—H14A	109.5
C3—C4—C5	121.27 (12)	C7—C14—H14B	109.5
C3—C4—N4	119.79 (11)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
C5—C4—N4	118.94 (12)	C7—C14—H14C	109.5
C6—C5—C4	119.77 (12)	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
С6—С5—Н5А	120.1	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C4—C5—H5A	120.1	O5—C15—H15A	109.5
C5—C6—C1	121.68 (11)	O5—C15—H15B	109.5
С5—С6—Н6А	119.2	H15A—C15—H15B	109.5
С1—С6—Н6А	119.2	O5—C15—H15C	109.5
N2—C7—C8	113.69 (11)	H15A—C15—H15C	109.5
N2—C7—C14	124.87 (12)	H15B—C15—H15C	109.5
C1—N1—N2—C7	-175.05 (13)	N1—C1—C6—C5	179.97 (13)
N2—N1—C1—C6	-2.06 (19)	C2-C1-C6-C5	0.3 (2)
N2—N1—C1—C2	177.53 (12)	N1—N2—C7—C8	176.97 (11)
N1—C1—C2—C3	-179.48 (13)	N1—N2—C7—C14	0.9 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.13 (19)	N2—C7—C8—C13	-39.91 (17)
N1—C1—C2—N3	-0.5 (2)	C14—C7—C8—C13	136.32 (15)
C6—C1—C2—N3	179.12 (12)	N2—C7—C8—C9	138.53 (14)
O2—N3—C2—C3	2.10 (19)	C14—C7—C8—C9	-45.24 (19)
O1—N3—C2—C3	-178.19 (13)	C15—O5—C9—C10	-6.2 (2)
O2—N3—C2—C1	-176.94 (13)	C15—O5—C9—C8	176.37 (14)
O1—N3—C2—C1	2.8 (2)	C13—C8—C9—O5	177.73 (12)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.4 (2)	C7—C8—C9—O5	-0.73 (19)
N3—C2—C3—C4	-179.47 (12)	C13—C8—C9—C10	0.2 (2)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.3 (2)	C7—C8—C9—C10	-178.24 (12)
C2—C3—C4—N4	-179.60 (13)	O5—C9—C10—C11	-177.64 (13)
O3—N4—C4—C3	-1.0 (2)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.3 (2)
O4—N4—C4—C3	179.99 (15)	C9—C10—C11—C12	0.2 (2)
O3—N4—C4—C5	179.15 (16)	C10-C11-C12-C13	0.1 (2)
O4—N4—C4—C5	0.1 (2)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.2 (2)
C3—C4—C5—C6	0.2 (2)	C9—C8—C13—C12	0.0 (2)
N4—C4—C5—C6	-179.93 (14)	C7—C8—C13—C12	178.55 (13)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.5 (2)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

D—H···A	D—H	H···A	D····A	D—H···A
N1—H1 <i>N</i> 1…O1	0.87 (2)	1.952 (18)	2.6086 (17)	131.1 (15)
C6—H6A····O3 ⁱ	0.93	2.48	3.218 (2)	136

Symmetry code: (i) x, -y, z-1/2.