

# Diaquabis{5-carboxy-2-[(1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-4-carboxylato}zinc

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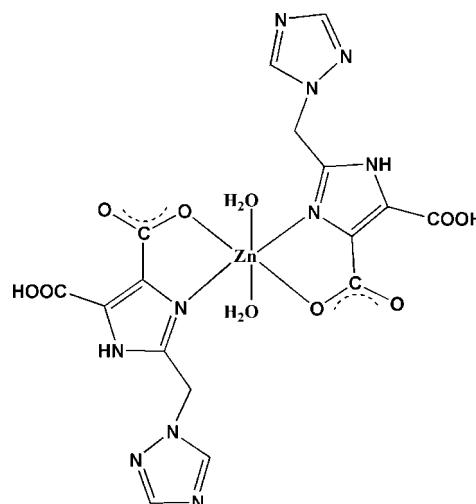
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293\text{ K}$ ; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004\text{ \AA}$ ;  $R$  factor = 0.045;  $wR$  factor = 0.095; data-to-parameter ratio = 11.6.

In the title compound,  $[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{N}_5\text{O}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$ , the six-coordinate  $\text{Zn}^{\text{II}}$  ion, which is located on an inversion center, has a distorted octahedral configuration. Each 5-carboxy-2-[(1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-4-carboxylate ligand chelates to the  $\text{Zn}^{\text{II}}$  ion through a triazole N atom and a carboxylate O atom in the equatorial plane. The coordination sphere is completed by two water molecules in axial positions. There is an intramolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$  hydrogen bond in the ligand. In the crystal, molecules are linked via intermolecular  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{O}$ ,  $\text{O}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  and  $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$  hydrogen bonds, forming a three-dimensional structure.

## Related literature

For the assembly of multi-functional ligands with metal ions in the construction of two- and three-dimensional structures with special properties such as electrical conductivity, magnetism, host-guest chemistry, and catalysis, see: Eddaoudi *et al.* (2001). For metal complexes with N-containing ligands, such as 4,4-bipyridine and triazoles, see: Chang *et al.* (2010). For triazole derivatives complexed to Ru to form antitumor metal complexes, see: Komeda *et al.* (2002). For a silver(I) complex with a ligand containing both a carboxylate and a triazole group, see: Xie *et al.* (2009). For the isostructural manganese(II) complex of the same ligand, see: Ding & Tong (2010).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

$[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_8\text{H}_6\text{N}_5\text{O}_4)_2(\text{H}_2\text{O})_2]$	$V = 1044.2(4)\text{ \AA}^3$
$M_r = 573.76$	$Z = 2$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/n$	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
$a = 7.7020(15)\text{ \AA}$	$\mu = 1.26\text{ mm}^{-1}$
$b = 14.678(3)\text{ \AA}$	$T = 293\text{ K}$
$c = 9.2912(19)\text{ \AA}$	$0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.10\text{ mm}$
$\beta = 96.22(3)^\circ$	

### Data collection

Rigaku Mercury CCD diffractometer	8121 measured reflections
Absorption correction: multi-scan ( <i>CrystalClear</i> ; Rigaku, 2000)	2048 independent reflections
$T_{\min} = 0.834$ , $T_{\max} = 0.884$	1783 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
	$R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$

### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.095$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.31\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
$S = 1.11$	$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.28\text{ e \AA}^{-3}$
2048 reflections	
177 parameters	

**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ ).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
N5—H5A $\cdots$ N3 <sup>i</sup>	0.86	1.95	2.801 (4)	170
O3—H3C $\cdots$ O2	0.85	1.65	2.493 (3)	173
O5—H5B $\cdots$ O4 <sup>ii</sup>	0.73 (5)	2.04 (5)	2.764 (4)	168 (5)
O5—H5C $\cdots$ N2 <sup>iii</sup>	0.78 (5)	2.23 (5)	2.896 (4)	143 (5)

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x - \frac{1}{2}, -y + \frac{3}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ ; (ii)  $x, y, z + 1$ ; (iii)  $-x + \frac{1}{2}, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{3}{2}$ .

Data collection: *CrystalClear* (Rigaku, 2000); cell refinement: *CrystalClear*; data reduction: *CrystalClear*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SU2331).

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# supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, m1645–m1646 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S160053681104387X]

## Diaquabis{5-carboxy-2-[(1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)methyl]-1*H*-imidazole-4-carboxylato}zinc

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### S1. Comment

The assembly of multifunctional ligands with metal ions is currently of great interest due to their use in constructing two- and three-dimensional compounds with special properties (Eddaoudi *et al.*, 2001). So far, most of these multi-dimensional coordination compounds are formed with N-containing ligands, such as, 4,4-bipyridine, polycarboxylic, and triazoles (Chang *et al.*, 2010). Triazole derivatives have been studied as anti-inflammatory drug candidates and have also been used as ligands for binding Pt and Ru to form antitumor metal complexes (Komeda *et al.*, 2002).

A system taking advantage of the presence of both a carboxylate and a triazol group for coordination to silver(I) has been reported on by (Xie *et al.*, 2009). The isostructural manganese(II) complex of the title ligand, 2-((1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)methyl)-1*H*-imidazole-4,5-dicarboxylic acid, has been reported on by (Ding & Tong, 2010). Herein, we report on the synthesis and crystal structure of the title zinc(II) complex.

In the title compound, the zinc<sup>II</sup> atom is located on an inversion center and is six-coordinated, by two imidazole nitrogen atoms (N4 and N4A) and two carboxylate oxygen atoms (O1 and O1A) of two deprotonated 2-((1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)methyl)-1*H*-imidazole-4,5-dicarboxylic acid ligands, in the equatorial plane, and by two water molecules in axial positions (Fig. 1). The coordination Zn–N bond lengths are 2.110 (2) Å, while the Zn—O bond lengths are 2.115 (2) Å in the equatorial plane and 2.154 (3) Å in axial positions. The coordination geometry around the Zn<sup>II</sup> ion can be described as distorted octahedral because the O–Zn–N and O–Zn–O coordination angles range from 79.48 (8) $^{\circ}$  to 100.52 (8) $^{\circ}$ . There is an intramolecular O—H···O hydrogen bond in each ligand (Table 1). This geometry is very similar to that in the isostructural manganese(II) complex mentioned above.

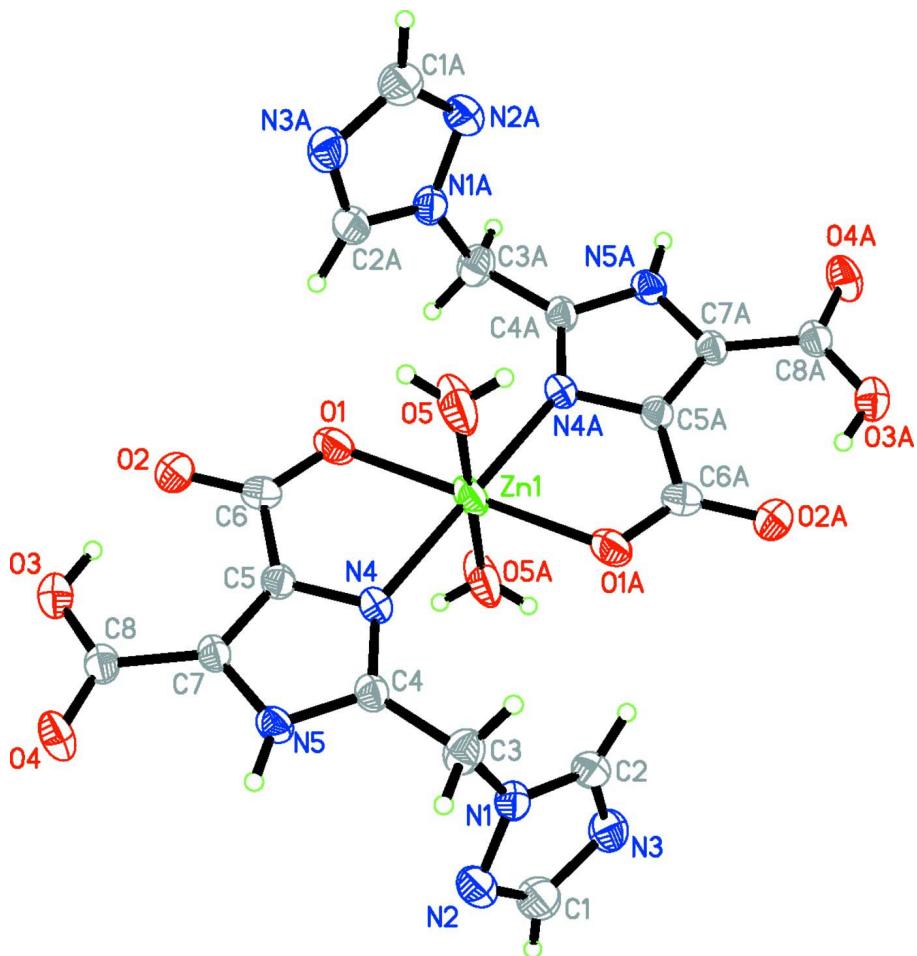
In the crystal, molecules are linked via intermolecular O—H···O, O—H···N and N—H···N hydrogen-bonds, to form a three-dimensional structure (Table 1).

### S2. Experimental

For the synthesis of title compound, a solution of [2-((1*H*-1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)methyl)-1*H*-imidazole-4,5-dicarboxylic acid] (1.0 mmol), Zn(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (0.5 mmol) and NaOH (0.1 mmol) in 10 ml water was stirred for 30 min and then filtered. The filtrate was left to evaporate slowly at room temperature. After two days colourless single crystals, suitable for X-ray analysis, were obtained. Anal. Calcd(%) for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>16</sub>ZnN<sub>10</sub>O<sub>10</sub>: C, 33.49; H, 2.81; N, 24.41. Found: C, 33.22; H, 2.60; N, 25.50.

### S3. Refinement

The water H atoms were located in difference Fourier maps and were freely refined. The remaining H atoms were fixed geometrically and treated as riding atoms: O—H = 0.85 Å, N—H = 0.86 Å, and C—H = 0.93 and 0.97 Å for CH and CH<sub>2</sub> atoms, respectively, with U<sub>iso</sub>(H) = 1.2U<sub>eq</sub>(parent O, N, or C atom).

**Figure 1**

The molecular structure of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the crystallographic numbering scheme [symmetry code: (A)  $1 - x, 2 - y, 2 - z$ ].

### Diaquabis{5-carboxy-2-[ $(1H$ -1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)methyl]- $1H$ -imidazole-4-carboxylato}zinc

#### Crystal data



$M_r = 573.76$

Monoclinic,  $P2_{1}/n$

Hall symbol: -P 2yn

$a = 7.7020 (15)$  Å

$b = 14.678 (3)$  Å

$c = 9.2912 (19)$  Å

$\beta = 96.22 (3)^\circ$

$V = 1044.2 (4)$  Å $^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 584$

$D_x = 1.825 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 2869 reflections

$\theta = 2.2\text{--}30.8^\circ$

$\mu = 1.26 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293$  K

Blocky, colourless

$0.15 \times 0.15 \times 0.10$  mm

#### Data collection

Rigaku Mercury CCD  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube  
Graphite monochromator

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*CrystalClear*; Rigaku, 2000)

$T_{\min} = 0.834$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.884$

8121 measured reflections  
 2048 independent reflections  
 1783 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.038$

$\theta_{\max} = 26.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\min} = 2.6^\circ$   
 $h = -9 \rightarrow 8$   
 $k = -18 \rightarrow 18$   
 $l = -11 \rightarrow 11$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.095$   
 $S = 1.11$   
 2048 reflections  
 177 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites  
 H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0395P)^2 + 0.6397P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} < 0.001$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.31 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.28 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
C1	0.4693 (4)	0.6509 (2)	0.7392 (3)	0.0374 (8)
H1	0.5221	0.6068	0.6867	0.045*
C2	0.4094 (4)	0.7314 (2)	0.9126 (3)	0.0335 (7)
H2	0.4072	0.7573	1.0037	0.040*
C3	0.1835 (4)	0.8324 (2)	0.7795 (3)	0.0324 (7)
H3A	0.1465	0.8456	0.8738	0.039*
H3B	0.0816	0.8131	0.7164	0.039*
C4	0.2560 (4)	0.91683 (19)	0.7197 (3)	0.0238 (6)
C5	0.4032 (4)	1.03992 (19)	0.6977 (3)	0.0227 (6)
C6	0.5302 (4)	1.1118 (2)	0.7490 (3)	0.0270 (6)
C7	0.3112 (4)	1.02311 (19)	0.5658 (3)	0.0223 (6)
C8	0.2953 (4)	1.0733 (2)	0.4267 (3)	0.0252 (6)
N1	0.3107 (3)	0.75838 (17)	0.7936 (3)	0.0283 (6)
N2	0.3478 (3)	0.70673 (18)	0.6789 (3)	0.0352 (6)
N3	0.5109 (3)	0.66274 (18)	0.8832 (3)	0.0348 (6)
N4	0.3662 (3)	0.97318 (16)	0.7941 (2)	0.0242 (5)
N5	0.2194 (3)	0.94454 (16)	0.5827 (2)	0.0250 (5)
H5A	0.1505	0.9178	0.5168	0.030*
O1	0.5950 (3)	1.10733 (15)	0.8783 (2)	0.0345 (5)
O2	0.5641 (3)	1.17290 (14)	0.6601 (2)	0.0338 (5)

O3	0.3923 (3)	1.14527 (14)	0.4209 (2)	0.0350 (5)
H3C	0.4537	1.1587	0.4996	0.042*
O4	0.1948 (3)	1.04696 (16)	0.3247 (2)	0.0363 (5)
O5	0.2866 (4)	1.0846 (2)	1.0514 (3)	0.0512 (8)
H5B	0.266 (6)	1.082 (3)	1.127 (5)	0.081 (18)*
H5C	0.272 (6)	1.133 (3)	1.017 (5)	0.080 (18)*
Zn1	0.5000	1.0000	1.0000	0.03113 (18)

Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
C1	0.0402 (19)	0.0351 (19)	0.0368 (19)	0.0051 (15)	0.0033 (15)	-0.0006 (14)
C2	0.0437 (19)	0.0294 (17)	0.0254 (16)	-0.0050 (14)	-0.0058 (13)	-0.0005 (13)
C3	0.0290 (16)	0.0310 (17)	0.0362 (18)	-0.0006 (13)	-0.0008 (13)	0.0056 (13)
C4	0.0250 (14)	0.0256 (15)	0.0203 (14)	0.0018 (12)	0.0004 (11)	0.0021 (11)
C5	0.0253 (15)	0.0226 (14)	0.0208 (14)	0.0033 (12)	0.0054 (11)	0.0002 (11)
C6	0.0279 (16)	0.0260 (16)	0.0273 (16)	0.0006 (12)	0.0040 (12)	-0.0058 (12)
C7	0.0236 (14)	0.0243 (15)	0.0189 (14)	0.0034 (11)	0.0020 (11)	0.0014 (11)
C8	0.0278 (15)	0.0261 (15)	0.0222 (15)	0.0066 (12)	0.0050 (12)	0.0020 (12)
N1	0.0325 (14)	0.0270 (14)	0.0250 (13)	-0.0020 (11)	0.0004 (10)	0.0035 (10)
N2	0.0417 (15)	0.0376 (16)	0.0256 (14)	0.0011 (13)	-0.0005 (11)	-0.0016 (11)
N3	0.0368 (15)	0.0339 (15)	0.0314 (14)	0.0013 (12)	-0.0060 (11)	0.0046 (11)
N4	0.0283 (13)	0.0260 (13)	0.0181 (12)	-0.0002 (10)	0.0013 (10)	0.0006 (9)
N5	0.0254 (12)	0.0279 (14)	0.0204 (12)	0.0009 (10)	-0.0038 (10)	-0.0012 (10)
O1	0.0425 (13)	0.0377 (13)	0.0225 (11)	-0.0097 (10)	0.0000 (9)	-0.0058 (9)
O2	0.0404 (12)	0.0284 (12)	0.0328 (12)	-0.0072 (10)	0.0050 (9)	0.0021 (9)
O3	0.0446 (13)	0.0335 (13)	0.0268 (11)	-0.0012 (10)	0.0026 (10)	0.0074 (9)
O4	0.0393 (13)	0.0472 (14)	0.0207 (11)	0.0009 (10)	-0.0044 (9)	0.0056 (10)
O5	0.0620 (18)	0.068 (2)	0.0239 (14)	0.0243 (15)	0.0062 (12)	0.0123 (13)
Zn1	0.0372 (3)	0.0384 (3)	0.0165 (3)	-0.0026 (2)	-0.0028 (2)	0.0000 (2)

Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

C1—N2	1.322 (4)	C6—O2	1.265 (3)
C1—N3	1.353 (4)	C7—N5	1.371 (4)
C1—H1	0.9300	C7—C8	1.482 (4)
C2—N3	1.322 (4)	C8—O4	1.220 (3)
C2—N1	1.332 (4)	C8—O3	1.298 (3)
C2—H2	0.9300	N1—N2	1.363 (3)
C3—N1	1.459 (4)	N4—Zn1	2.110 (2)
C3—C4	1.491 (4)	N5—H5A	0.8600
C3—H3A	0.9700	O1—Zn1	2.115 (2)
C3—H3B	0.9700	O3—H3C	0.8500
C4—N4	1.325 (4)	O5—Zn1	2.154 (3)
C4—N5	1.337 (3)	O5—H5B	0.73 (5)
C5—C7	1.370 (4)	O5—H5C	0.78 (5)
C5—N4	1.377 (3)	Zn1—N4 <sup>i</sup>	2.110 (2)
C5—C6	1.482 (4)	Zn1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	2.115 (2)

C6—O1	1.252 (3)	Zn1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	2.154 (3)
N2—C1—N3	114.9 (3)	N2—N1—C3	122.6 (2)
N2—C1—H1	122.6	C1—N2—N1	102.2 (2)
N3—C1—H1	122.6	C2—N3—C1	102.7 (3)
N3—C2—N1	110.6 (3)	C4—N4—C5	105.7 (2)
N3—C2—H2	124.7	C4—N4—Zn1	144.30 (19)
N1—C2—H2	124.7	C5—N4—Zn1	109.97 (18)
N1—C3—C4	112.2 (2)	C4—N5—C7	107.9 (2)
N1—C3—H3A	109.2	C4—N5—H5A	126.1
C4—C3—H3A	109.2	C7—N5—H5A	126.1
N1—C3—H3B	109.2	C6—O1—Zn1	115.28 (18)
C4—C3—H3B	109.2	C8—O3—H3C	115.0
H3A—C3—H3B	107.9	Zn1—O5—H5B	115 (4)
N4—C4—N5	111.3 (2)	Zn1—O5—H5C	121 (4)
N4—C4—C3	124.7 (2)	H5B—O5—H5C	114 (5)
N5—C4—C3	124.0 (3)	N4—Zn1—N4 <sup>i</sup>	180.000 (1)
C7—C5—N4	109.3 (2)	N4—Zn1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	100.52 (8)
C7—C5—C6	132.5 (3)	N4 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	79.48 (8)
N4—C5—C6	118.3 (2)	N4—Zn1—O1	79.48 (8)
O1—C6—O2	125.1 (3)	N4 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O1	100.52 (8)
O1—C6—C5	116.8 (3)	O1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O1	180.00 (8)
O2—C6—C5	118.1 (3)	N4—Zn1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	90.04 (10)
C5—C7—N5	105.8 (2)	N4 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	89.96 (10)
C5—C7—C8	132.6 (3)	O1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	90.32 (11)
N5—C7—C8	121.6 (2)	O1—Zn1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	89.68 (11)
O4—C8—O3	123.1 (3)	N4—Zn1—O5	89.96 (10)
O4—C8—C7	120.4 (3)	N4 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O5	90.04 (10)
O3—C8—C7	116.6 (3)	O1 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O5	89.68 (11)
C2—N1—N2	109.5 (3)	O1—Zn1—O5	90.32 (11)
C2—N1—C3	127.8 (3)	O5 <sup>i</sup> —Zn1—O5	180.000 (1)
N1—C3—C4—N4	-76.1 (4)	C3—C4—N4—Zn1	-3.2 (5)
N1—C3—C4—N5	102.9 (3)	C7—C5—N4—C4	1.0 (3)
C7—C5—C6—O1	-178.8 (3)	C6—C5—N4—C4	-177.7 (2)
N4—C5—C6—O1	-0.6 (4)	C7—C5—N4—Zn1	-178.12 (17)
C7—C5—C6—O2	1.6 (5)	C6—C5—N4—Zn1	3.2 (3)
N4—C5—C6—O2	179.9 (2)	N4—C4—N5—C7	0.3 (3)
N4—C5—C7—N5	-0.8 (3)	C3—C4—N5—C7	-178.8 (3)
C6—C5—C7—N5	177.6 (3)	C5—C7—N5—C4	0.3 (3)
N4—C5—C7—C8	177.3 (3)	C8—C7—N5—C4	-178.0 (2)
C6—C5—C7—C8	-4.3 (5)	O2—C6—O1—Zn1	177.0 (2)
C5—C7—C8—O4	-175.5 (3)	C5—C6—O1—Zn1	-2.5 (3)
N5—C7—C8—O4	2.3 (4)	C4—N4—Zn1—N4 <sup>i</sup>	-159 (100)
C5—C7—C8—O3	4.4 (5)	C5—N4—Zn1—N4 <sup>i</sup>	20 (100)
N5—C7—C8—O3	-177.8 (2)	C4—N4—Zn1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	-1.8 (3)
N3—C2—N1—N2	-0.6 (3)	C5—N4—Zn1—O1 <sup>i</sup>	176.69 (17)
N3—C2—N1—C3	-179.2 (3)	C4—N4—Zn1—O1	178.2 (3)

C4—C3—N1—C2	99.6 (3)	C5—N4—Zn1—O1	−3.31 (17)
C4—C3—N1—N2	−78.8 (3)	C4—N4—Zn1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	88.5 (3)
N3—C1—N2—N1	0.5 (4)	C5—N4—Zn1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	−93.0 (2)
C2—N1—N2—C1	0.1 (3)	C4—N4—Zn1—O5	−91.5 (3)
C3—N1—N2—C1	178.8 (3)	C5—N4—Zn1—O5	87.0 (2)
N1—C2—N3—C1	0.9 (3)	C6—O1—Zn1—N4	3.3 (2)
N2—C1—N3—C2	−0.9 (4)	C6—O1—Zn1—N4 <sup>i</sup>	−176.7 (2)
N5—C4—N4—C5	−0.8 (3)	C6—O1—Zn1—O1 <sup>j</sup>	−136 (100)
C3—C4—N4—C5	178.3 (3)	C6—O1—Zn1—O5 <sup>i</sup>	93.4 (2)
N5—C4—N4—Zn1	177.7 (2)	C6—O1—Zn1—O5	−86.6 (2)

Symmetry code: (i)  $-x+1, -y+2, -z+2$ .

#### Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ , °)

$D\text{—H}\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D\text{—H}\cdots A$
N5—H5A <sup>ii</sup> —N3 <sup>ii</sup>	0.86	1.95	2.801 (4)	170
O3—H3C <sup>iii</sup> —O2	0.85	1.65	2.493 (3)	173
O5—H5B <sup>iii</sup> —O4 <sup>iii</sup>	0.73 (5)	2.04 (5)	2.764 (4)	168 (5)
O5—H5C <sup>iv</sup> —N2 <sup>iv</sup>	0.78 (5)	2.23 (5)	2.896 (4)	143 (5)

Symmetry codes: (ii)  $x-1/2, -y+3/2, z-1/2$ ; (iii)  $x, y, z+1$ ; (iv)  $-x+1/2, y+1/2, -z+3/2$ .