

Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

# Dichlorido{2-[(2,6-dimethylphenyl)iminomethyl]pyridine- $\kappa^2$ N,N'}zinc

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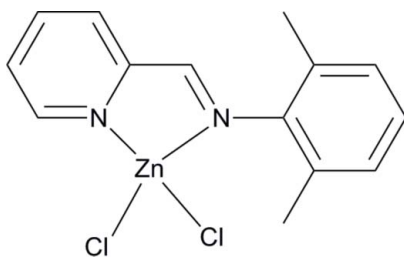
Received 17 January 2012; accepted 12 February 2012

 Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 296$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.030;  $wR$  factor = 0.071; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.1.

In the asymmetric unit of the title compound,  $[\text{ZnCl}_2(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)]$ , the central  $\text{Zn}^{\text{II}}$  ion is four-coordinated in a distorted tetrahedral environment by two N atoms of the ligand 2-[(2,6-dimethylphenyl)iminomethyl]pyridine and two chloride anions. In the crystal, adjacent molecules are connected through  $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\text{Cl}$  hydrogen bonds between a C—H group of the ligand and a  $\text{Cl}^-$  anion, leading to a chain-like structure along the  $b$  direction.

## Related literature

For related structures, see: Roy *et al.* (2011); Shi *et al.* (2010); Talei Bavil Olyai *et al.* (2008); Schulz *et al.* (2009); Hathwar *et al.* (2010).



## Experimental

### Crystal data

 $[\text{ZnCl}_2(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_2)]$   
 $M_r = 346.54$   
 Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$ 
 $a = 14.360$  (4) Å  
 $b = 8.222$  (2) Å  
 $c = 13.176$  (4) Å

 $\beta = 105.770$  (3)°  
 $V = 1497.0$  (7) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 4$   
 Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation

 $\mu = 1.98$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 296$  K  
 $0.80 \times 0.60 \times 0.60$  mm

### Data collection

 Bruker APEXII CCD diffractometer  
 Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2001)  
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.300$ ,  $T_{\text{max}} = 0.382$ 

 7309 measured reflections  
 2620 independent reflections  
 2099 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$ 

### Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.071$   
 $S = 1.01$   
 2620 reflections

 174 parameters  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>
**Table 1**

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{C4}-\text{H4}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.95	3.762 (3)	147
$\text{C6}-\text{H6}\cdots\text{Cl1}^{\text{i}}$	0.93	2.85	3.675 (3)	148
$\text{Cl1}-\text{H1}\cdots\text{Cl2}^{\text{ii}}$	0.93	2.93	3.684 (3)	139

 Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y + 1, z$ ; (ii)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$ .

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2001); cell refinement: SAINT-Plus (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: SAINT-Plus; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL.

The authors acknowledge the National Natural Science Foundation of China (grant No. 21004014) for financial support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: ZJ2055).

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## supporting information

*Acta Cryst.* (2012). E68, m311 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812006204]

**Dichlorido{2-[(2,6-dimethylphenyl)iminomethyl]pyridine- $\kappa^2N,N'$ }zinc**

Xue-hong Liu, Li-min Zhao and Feng-shou Liu

**S1. Comment**

Recently, the bidentate [N, N] ligand such as pyridineimine have drawn much attention owing to their valuable applications in the fields of catalysis, conjugated organic devices. These bidentate ligands can be modified by tuning the substituents. Therefore, different steric and electronic properties are achieved easily. Various zinc metal complexes (Roy *et al.* 2011; Shi *et al.* 2010; Talei Bavi Olyai *et al.* 2008; Schulz *et al.* 2009) have been developed. In order to enrich this family type of compounds, we report the single-crystal growth and structure investigation of title compound [Zn(C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub>)Cl<sub>2</sub>].

The molecular structure of the compound is shown in Fig. 1. The solid-state structure showed a distorted tetrahedral coordinate geometry formed by two N atoms from the ligand 2,6-dimethyl-*N*-(pyridine-2-ylmethylene)aniline and two chloride atoms, with the Zn—N distances of 2.071 (2) and 2.078 (2) Å and the Zn—Cl distances of 2.1972 (10) and 2.2135 (11) Å. On an over view (Fig. 2), the adjacent molecules were connected through the C—H···Cl inter-molecule hydrogen bonds between the C—H group of the ligand and the Cl atom, leading to a one-dimensional chain-like structure.

**S2. Experimental**

A mixture of picolinaldehyde (0.0535 g, 0.5 mmol) and 2,6-dimethylaniline (0.0606 g, 0.5 mmol) was refluxed in CH<sub>3</sub>OH (20 ml) for 2 h, ZnCl<sub>2</sub> (0.0682 g, 0.5 mmol) was added and refluxed for another 30 min, then cooled to the room temperature gradually, yellow precipitates were obtained at this time, which were dissolved in the solution of DMSO (5 ml) and CH<sub>3</sub>OH (3 ml). After the evaporation process at room temperature for about 12 d, yellow crystals were got.

**S3. Refinement**

X-ray data were collected on a *APEX2* (Bruker, 2001). Semi-empirical absorption corrections were made using *SADABS*. The structures were solved using direct methods, followed by full matrix least-squares refinement against  $F^2$  (all data) using *SHELXTL*. Anisotropic refinement for all ordered non-H atoms; organic H atoms were placed in calculated positions.

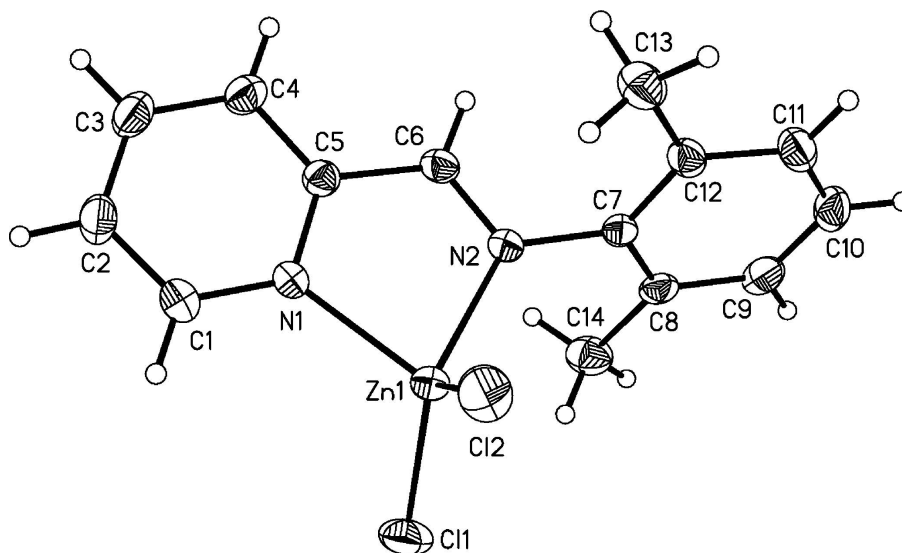


Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound drawn with 50% ellipsoidal probability.

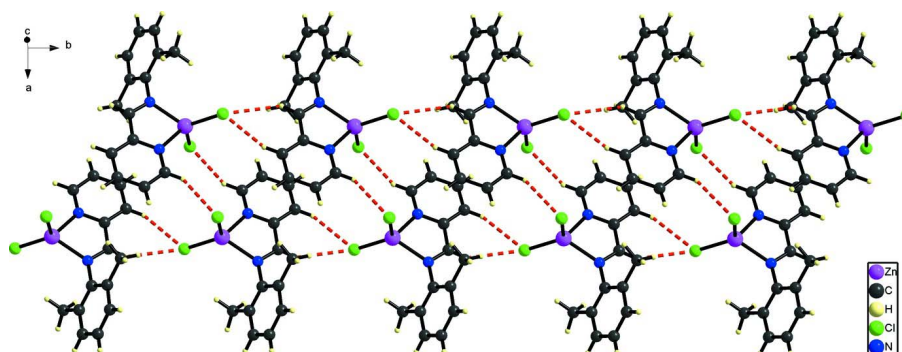


Figure 2

The one-dimensional chain-like structure connected through the C—H...Cl inter-molecule hydrogen bonds.

### Dichlorido{2-[(2,6-dimethylphenyl)iminomethyl]pyridine- $\kappa^2N,N'$ }zinc

#### Crystal data

[ZnCl<sub>2</sub>(C<sub>14</sub>H<sub>14</sub>N<sub>2</sub>)]

$M_r = 346.54$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

$a = 14.360(4) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 8.222(2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 13.176(4) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 105.770(3)^\circ$

$V = 1497.0(7) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F(000) = 704$

$D_x = 1.538 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 2535 reflections

$\theta = 2.9\text{--}25.3^\circ$

$\mu = 1.98 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 296 \text{ K}$

Block, yellow

$0.80 \times 0.60 \times 0.60 \text{ mm}$

#### Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

$\varphi$  and  $\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Bruker, 2001)

$T_{\min} = 0.300$ ,  $T_{\max} = 0.382$

7309 measured reflections  
 2620 independent reflections  
 2099 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 25.0^\circ$ ,  $\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.9^\circ$   
 $h = -16 \rightarrow 17$   
 $k = -8 \rightarrow 9$   
 $l = -15 \rightarrow 15$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$   
 Least-squares matrix: full  
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.030$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.071$   
 $S = 1.01$   
 2620 reflections  
 174 parameters  
 0 restraints  
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant  
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier  
 map  
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from  
 neighbouring sites  
 H-atom parameters constrained  
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0267P)^2 + 0.7932P]$   
 where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$   
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.002$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$   
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.34 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

### Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )

	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Zn1	0.30152 (2)	0.11718 (4)	0.46883 (3)	0.03949 (12)
C1	0.50567 (19)	0.2130 (4)	0.6054 (2)	0.0479 (7)
H1	0.5253	0.1072	0.5970	0.058*
C2	0.5729 (2)	0.3225 (4)	0.6611 (3)	0.0543 (8)
H2	0.6364	0.2901	0.6916	0.065*
C3	0.5449 (2)	0.4803 (4)	0.6712 (2)	0.0526 (8)
H3	0.5897	0.5568	0.7066	0.063*
C4	0.4498 (2)	0.5235 (4)	0.6283 (2)	0.0458 (7)
H4	0.4291	0.6294	0.6344	0.055*
C5	0.38552 (19)	0.4066 (3)	0.5760 (2)	0.0354 (6)
C6	0.28131 (19)	0.4390 (3)	0.5312 (2)	0.0365 (6)
H6	0.2565	0.5420	0.5373	0.044*
C7	0.12475 (18)	0.3613 (3)	0.4352 (2)	0.0347 (6)
C8	0.05578 (19)	0.2822 (3)	0.4741 (2)	0.0384 (7)
C9	-0.0408 (2)	0.3138 (4)	0.4244 (3)	0.0489 (8)
H9	-0.0886	0.2641	0.4490	0.059*
C10	-0.0669 (2)	0.4178 (4)	0.3393 (3)	0.0545 (9)
H10	-0.1320	0.4373	0.3069	0.065*
C11	0.0025 (2)	0.4922 (4)	0.3023 (2)	0.0490 (8)
H11	-0.0163	0.5613	0.2445	0.059*
C12	0.10028 (19)	0.4669 (3)	0.3492 (2)	0.0394 (7)

C13	0.1757 (2)	0.5507 (4)	0.3071 (2)	0.0546 (8)
H13A	0.2012	0.6425	0.3508	0.082*
H13B	0.1466	0.5870	0.2363	0.082*
H13C	0.2270	0.4759	0.3073	0.082*
C14	0.0848 (2)	0.1719 (4)	0.5686 (3)	0.0541 (8)
H14A	0.1171	0.0778	0.5514	0.081*
H14B	0.0282	0.1386	0.5885	0.081*
H14C	0.1278	0.2290	0.6261	0.081*
Cl1	0.28638 (6)	-0.11449 (9)	0.54595 (8)	0.0664 (3)
Cl2	0.31417 (6)	0.11215 (10)	0.30514 (6)	0.0610 (2)
N1	0.41315 (14)	0.2537 (3)	0.56299 (17)	0.0372 (5)
N2	0.22550 (14)	0.3265 (2)	0.48443 (16)	0.0319 (5)

*Atomic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>)*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Zn1	0.03867 (19)	0.02821 (18)	0.0486 (2)	0.00313 (14)	0.00686 (15)	-0.00420 (15)
C1	0.0391 (16)	0.0441 (18)	0.058 (2)	0.0072 (14)	0.0085 (14)	0.0018 (15)
C2	0.0352 (16)	0.062 (2)	0.060 (2)	-0.0025 (15)	0.0026 (15)	0.0056 (17)
C3	0.0437 (18)	0.055 (2)	0.054 (2)	-0.0138 (15)	0.0047 (15)	-0.0060 (16)
C4	0.0460 (17)	0.0403 (17)	0.0492 (19)	-0.0061 (14)	0.0099 (14)	-0.0073 (14)
C5	0.0373 (14)	0.0338 (15)	0.0341 (15)	-0.0008 (12)	0.0080 (12)	0.0007 (12)
C6	0.0402 (15)	0.0283 (14)	0.0409 (16)	0.0049 (12)	0.0106 (13)	-0.0023 (12)
C7	0.0337 (14)	0.0268 (14)	0.0408 (16)	0.0025 (11)	0.0055 (12)	-0.0067 (12)
C8	0.0415 (16)	0.0264 (14)	0.0473 (17)	-0.0014 (12)	0.0121 (13)	-0.0112 (12)
C9	0.0374 (16)	0.0419 (17)	0.069 (2)	-0.0048 (14)	0.0172 (15)	-0.0166 (16)
C10	0.0353 (16)	0.053 (2)	0.066 (2)	0.0099 (15)	-0.0012 (15)	-0.0161 (17)
C11	0.0480 (18)	0.0470 (18)	0.0459 (19)	0.0127 (15)	0.0023 (15)	-0.0020 (14)
C12	0.0409 (15)	0.0358 (15)	0.0393 (17)	0.0070 (13)	0.0072 (13)	-0.0034 (13)
C13	0.0586 (19)	0.0528 (19)	0.052 (2)	0.0047 (16)	0.0135 (16)	0.0106 (16)
C14	0.0572 (19)	0.0446 (17)	0.066 (2)	-0.0003 (15)	0.0270 (17)	0.0063 (16)
Cl1	0.0729 (6)	0.0314 (4)	0.0953 (7)	0.0023 (4)	0.0236 (5)	0.0090 (4)
Cl2	0.0668 (5)	0.0669 (5)	0.0487 (5)	0.0093 (4)	0.0148 (4)	-0.0096 (4)
N1	0.0327 (12)	0.0325 (12)	0.0436 (14)	0.0044 (10)	0.0057 (10)	0.0014 (10)
N2	0.0330 (11)	0.0275 (11)	0.0346 (12)	0.0026 (10)	0.0082 (10)	-0.0005 (10)

*Geometric parameters (Å, °)*

Zn1—N1	2.071 (2)	C7—C12	1.394 (4)
Zn1—N2	2.078 (2)	C7—N2	1.444 (3)
Zn1—Cl1	2.1972 (10)	C8—C9	1.387 (4)
Zn1—Cl2	2.2135 (11)	C8—C14	1.504 (4)
C1—N1	1.336 (3)	C9—C10	1.379 (4)
C1—C2	1.377 (4)	C9—H9	0.9300
C1—H1	0.9300	C10—C11	1.367 (4)
C2—C3	1.375 (4)	C10—H10	0.9300
C2—H2	0.9300	C11—C12	1.388 (4)
C3—C4	1.376 (4)	C11—H11	0.9300

C3—H3	0.9300	C12—C13	1.511 (4)
C4—C5	1.379 (4)	C13—H13A	0.9600
C4—H4	0.9300	C13—H13B	0.9600
C5—N1	1.343 (3)	C13—H13C	0.9600
C5—C6	1.476 (4)	C14—H14A	0.9600
C6—N2	1.269 (3)	C14—H14B	0.9600
C6—H6	0.9300	C14—H14C	0.9600
C7—C8	1.394 (4)		
N1—Zn1—N2	80.43 (8)	C10—C9—C8	121.1 (3)
N1—Zn1—C11	110.53 (7)	C10—C9—H9	119.5
N2—Zn1—C11	123.47 (7)	C8—C9—H9	119.5
N1—Zn1—C12	109.80 (7)	C11—C10—C9	120.2 (3)
N2—Zn1—C12	107.24 (6)	C11—C10—H10	119.9
C11—Zn1—C12	118.63 (4)	C9—C10—H10	119.9
N1—C1—C2	122.1 (3)	C10—C11—C12	121.4 (3)
N1—C1—H1	118.9	C10—C11—H11	119.3
C2—C1—H1	118.9	C12—C11—H11	119.3
C3—C2—C1	119.2 (3)	C11—C12—C7	117.1 (3)
C3—C2—H2	120.4	C11—C12—C13	120.5 (3)
C1—C2—H2	120.4	C7—C12—C13	122.4 (2)
C2—C3—C4	119.2 (3)	C12—C13—H13A	109.5
C2—C3—H3	120.4	C12—C13—H13B	109.5
C4—C3—H3	120.4	H13A—C13—H13B	109.5
C3—C4—C5	118.7 (3)	C12—C13—H13C	109.5
C3—C4—H4	120.7	H13A—C13—H13C	109.5
C5—C4—H4	120.7	H13B—C13—H13C	109.5
N1—C5—C4	122.3 (2)	C8—C14—H14A	109.5
N1—C5—C6	114.9 (2)	C8—C14—H14B	109.5
C4—C5—C6	122.8 (2)	H14A—C14—H14B	109.5
N2—C6—C5	120.0 (2)	C8—C14—H14C	109.5
N2—C6—H6	120.0	H14A—C14—H14C	109.5
C5—C6—H6	120.0	H14B—C14—H14C	109.5
C8—C7—C12	122.8 (2)	C1—N1—C5	118.4 (2)
C8—C7—N2	117.9 (2)	C1—N1—Zn1	129.37 (19)
C12—C7—N2	119.3 (2)	C5—N1—Zn1	112.12 (16)
C9—C8—C7	117.3 (3)	C6—N2—C7	119.8 (2)
C9—C8—C14	121.3 (3)	C6—N2—Zn1	111.88 (17)
C7—C8—C14	121.4 (2)	C7—N2—Zn1	127.51 (16)

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\text{\AA}$ ,  $^\circ$ )

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
C4—H4 $\cdots$ C11 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.95	3.762 (3)	147
C6—H6 $\cdots$ C11 <sup>i</sup>	0.93	2.85	3.675 (3)	148
C1—H1 $\cdots$ C12 <sup>ii</sup>	0.93	2.93	3.684 (3)	139

Symmetry codes: (i)  $x, y+1, z$ ; (ii)  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ .